Algebra and Trigonometry Enhanced with Graphing Utilities 6th Edition Sullivan Test Bank

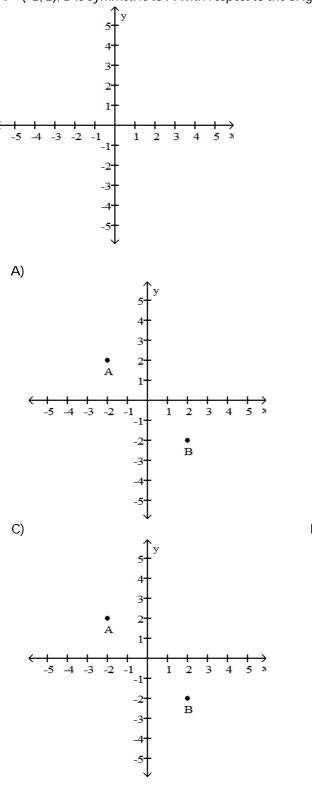
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

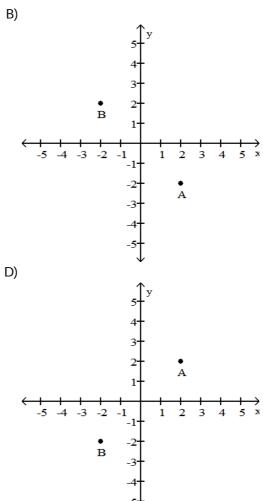
List the intercepts for the graph of the equation.					
1) y = <i>F</i>	x - 6 A) (-6, 0), (0, 6)	B) (-6, 0), (0, -6)	C) (6, 0), (0, 6)	D) (6, 0), (0, -6)	1)
2) y =	4x				2)
Ļ	A) (4, 0)	B) (0, 4)	C) (0, 0)	D) (4, 4)	
	= x + 16 A) (0, -4), (16, 0), (0, 4)		B) (-4, 0), (0, -16), (4, 0)		3)
	(0, -4), (-16, 0), (0, 4)		D) (4, 0), (0, 16), (0, -16)		
4) y =	6√x				4)
ŀ	A) (1, 1)	B) (0, 0)	C) (1, 0)	D) (0, 1)	
,	+ y - 49 = 0				5)
	A) (7, 0), (0, 49), (0, -49) C) (0, -7), (49, 0), (0, 7)		B) (-7, 0), (0, 49), (7, 0) D) (-7, 0), (0, -49), (7, 0)		
	$+9y^2 = 36$				6)
	A) (-4, 0), (-9, 0), (9, 0), (C) (-9, 0), (0, -4), (0, 4), (-	B) (-3, 0), (0, -2), (0, 2), (D) (-2, 0), (-3, 0), (3, 0), (
7) 16x	2 ₊ y ² = 16				7)
, A	A) (-1, 0), (0, -4), (0, 4), (C) (-4, 0), (0, -1), (0, 1), (4	-	B) (-16, 0), (0, -1), (0, 1), D) (-1, 0), (0, -16), (0, 16)		.,
		,			
	x ³ - 27 A) (0, -27), (3, 0)	B) (0, -3), (-3, 0)	C) (-27, 0), (0, 3)	D) (0, -3), (0, 3)	8)
9) y =	x ⁴ - 16				9)
	A) (0, 16), (-2, 0), (2, 0) C) (0, 16)		B) (0, -16), (-2, 0), (2, 0) D) (0, -16)		
10) v =	x ² + 16x + 63				10)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	A) (0, -7), (0, -9), (63, 0) C) (0, 7), (0, 9), (63, 0)		B) (-7, 0), (-9, 0), (0, 63) D) (7, 0), (9, 0), (0, 63)		
			D) (7, 0), (7, 0), (0, 03)		
	A) (4, 0)		B) (0, 4), (-2, 0), (2, 0)		11)
(C) (0, 4)		D) (4, 0), (0, -2), (0, 2)		
12) y =	$\frac{4x}{x^2 + 16}$				12)
	A) (-4, 0), (0, 0), (4, 0) C) (0, -4), (0, 0), (0, 4)		B) (0, 0) D) (-16, 0), (0, 0), (16, 0)		
(שין (ט, −דן, (ט, טן, (ט, 4)		$c_{j} = 10, 0j, (0, 0j, (10, 0))$		

13)
$$y = \frac{x^2 - 64}{8x^4}$$

A) (-64, 0), (0, 0), (64, 0)
C) (-8, 0), (8, 0)
B) (0, -8), (0, 8)
D) (0, 0)

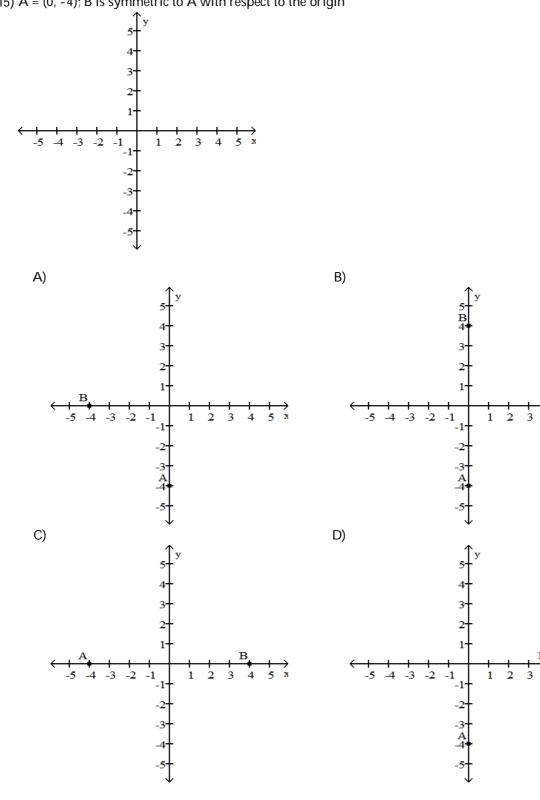
Plot the point A. Plot the point B that has the given symmetry with point A. 14) A = (-2, 2); B is symmetric to A with respect to the origin





14)

13)



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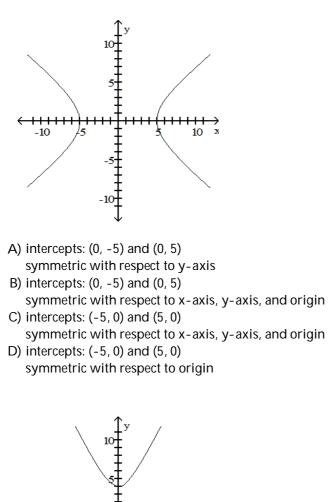
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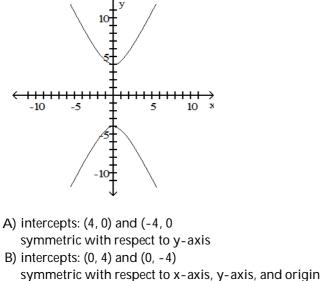
15) A = (0, -4); B is symmetric to A with respect to the origin

List the intercepts of the graph.Tell whether the graph is symmetric with respect to the x-axis, y-axis, origin, or none of these.

16)

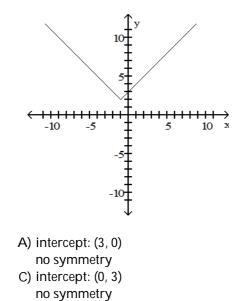


17)



- C) intercepts: (0, 4) and (0, -4) symmetric with respect to origin
- D) intercepts: (4, 0) and (-4, 0) symmetric with respect to x-axis, y-axis, and origin

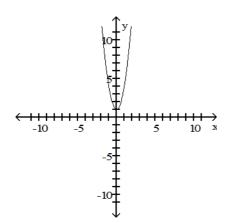
17)



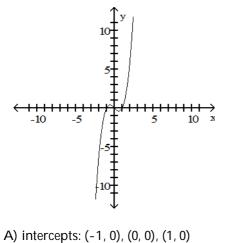
symmetric with respect to x-axis D) intercept: (3, 0) symmetric with respect to y-axis

B) intercept: (0, 3)

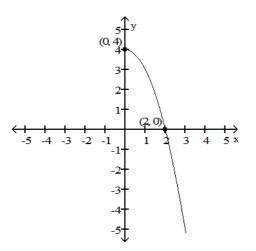


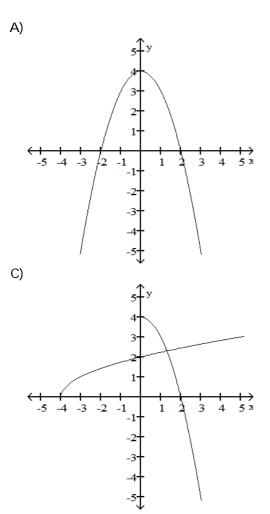


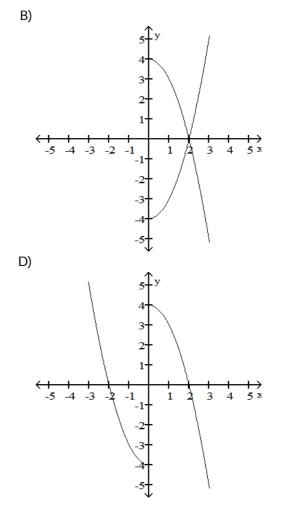
- A) intercept: (0, 1) symmetric with respect to y-axisC) intercept: (1, 0)
- symmetric with respect to x-axis
- B) intercept: (0, 1) symmetric with respect to originD) intercept: (1, 0)
- symmetric with respect to y-axis



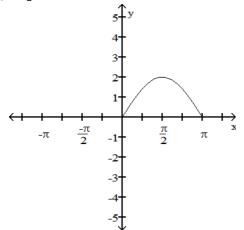
- A) Intercepts. (-1, 0), (0, 0), (1, 0)
 symmetric with respect to y-axis
 B) intercepts: (-1, 0), (0, 0), (1, 0)
- symmetric with respect to x-axis C) intercepts: (-1, 0), (0, 0), (1, 0)
- symmetric with respect to x-axis, y-axis, and origin
- D) intercepts: (-1, 0), (0, 0), (1, 0) symmetric with respect to origin
- Draw a complete graph so that it has the given type of symmetry. 21) Symmetric with respect to the y-axis

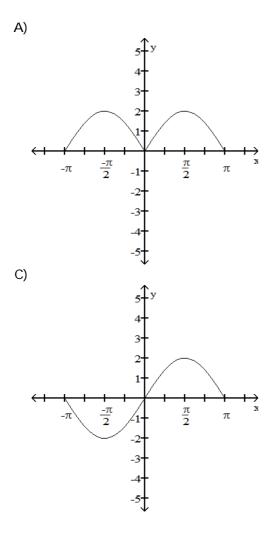


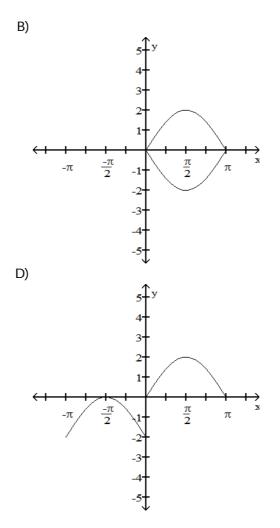




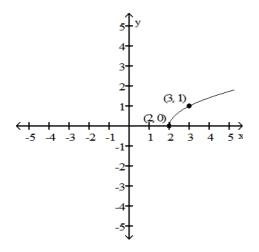
22) origin

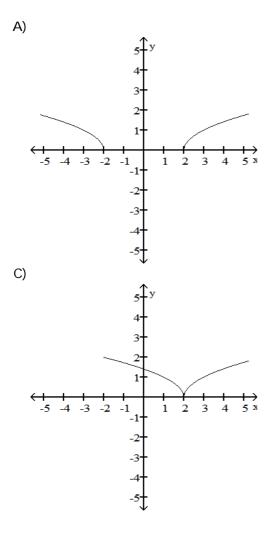


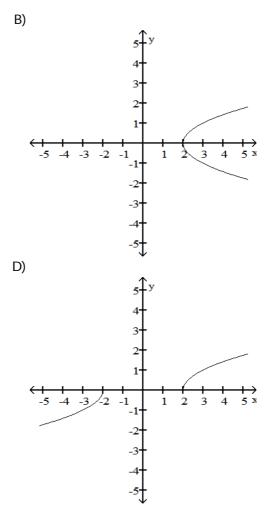




23) Symmetric with respect to the x-axis







List the intercepts and type(s) of symmetry, if any.

24) $y^2 = -x + 9$

- A) intercepts: (0, -9), (3, 0), (-3, 0) symmetric with respect to y-axis
- C) intercepts: (-9, 0), (0, 3), (0, -3) symmetric with respect to x-axis

25) $4x^2 + y^2 = 4$

- A) intercepts: (1, 0), (-1, 0), (0, 2), (0, -2) symmetric with respect to x-axis and y-axis
- B) intercepts: (1, 0), (-1, 0), (0, 2), (0, -2) symmetric with respect to x-axis, y-axis, and origin
- C) intercepts: (2, 0), (-2, 0), (0, 1), (0, -1) symmetric with respect to x-axis and y-axis
- D) intercepts: (2, 0), (-2, 0), (0, 1), (0, -1) symmetric with respect to the origin

24)

- B) intercepts: (0, 9), (3, 0), (-3, 0) symmetric with respect to y-axis
 D) intercepts: (9, 0), (0, 3), (0, -3)
- symmetric with respect to x-axis

26) $y = \frac{-x^3}{x^2 - 8}$ 26) A) intercepts: $(2\sqrt{2}, 0), (-2\sqrt{2}, 0), (0, 0)$ B) intercept: (0, 0) symmetric with respect to origin symmetric with respect to origin D) intercept: (0, 0) C) intercept: (0, 0) symmetric with respect to x-axis symmetric with respect to y-axis Determine whether the graph of the equation is symmetric with respect to the x-axis, the y-axis, and/or the origin. 27) _____ 27) y = x - 4A) x-axis B) origin C) y-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 28) y = -3x28) A) x-axis B) origin C) y-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 29) $x^2 + y - 25 = 0$ 29) A) x-axis B) y-axis C) origin D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 30) $y^2 - x - 4 = 0$ 30) A) x-axis B) origin C) y-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 31) $9x^2 + 16y^2 = 144$ 31) A) y-axis B) origin C) x-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 32) 32) $16x^2 + y^2 = 16$ A) origin B) y-axis C) x-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none

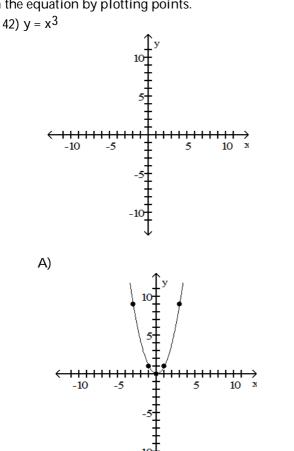
33) 33) $y = x^2 + 5x + 6$ A) y-axis B) x-axis C) origin D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 34) $y = \frac{9x}{x^2 + 81}$ 34) A) x-axis B) y-axis C) origin D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 35) $y = \frac{x^2 - 16}{4x^4}$ 35) A) origin B) y-axis C) x-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 36) _____ 36) $y = 4x^2 + 5$ A) origin B) x-axis C) y-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 37) 37) y = (x - 4)(x - 7)A) x-axis B) origin C) y-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none 38) _____ 38) $y = -6x^3 + 5x$ A) origin B) y-axis C) x-axis D) x-axis, y-axis, origin

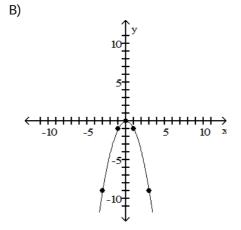
E) none

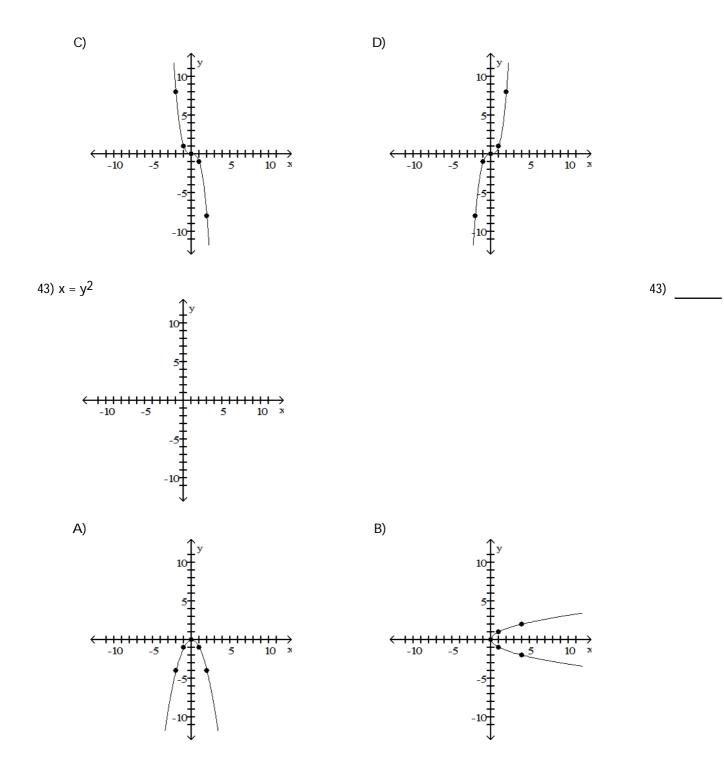
39) $y = -4x^4 + 3x - 6$ 39) A) x-axis B) y-axis C) origin D) x-axis, y-axis, origin E) none Solve the problem. 40) If a graph is symmetric with respect to the y-axis and it contains the point (5, -6), which of the 40) following points is also on the graph? A) (-6, 5) B) (-5, -6) C) (5, -6) D) (-5, 6) 41) If a graph is symmetric with respect to the origin and it contains the point (-4, 7), which of the 41)

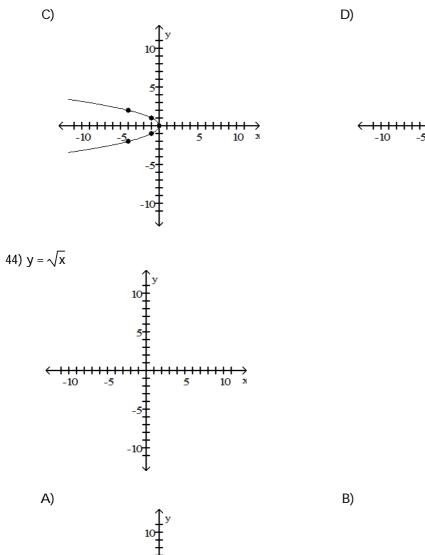
following points is also on the graph? D) (-4, -7) A) (4, -7) C) (4, 7) B) (7, -4)

Graph the equation by plotting points.









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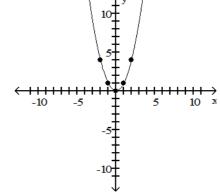
+++→ 10 ≭

-10

-5

-10

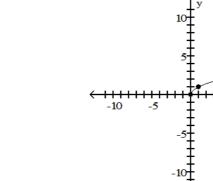
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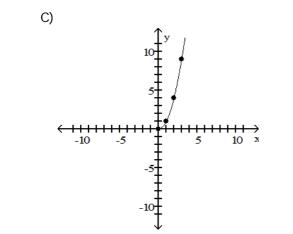


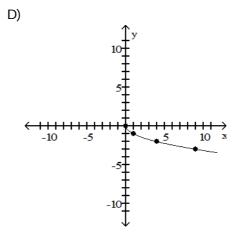
44)

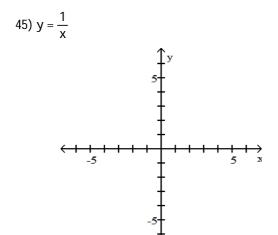
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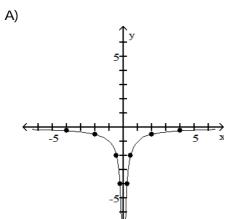


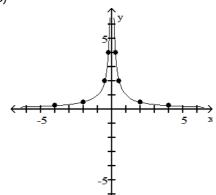


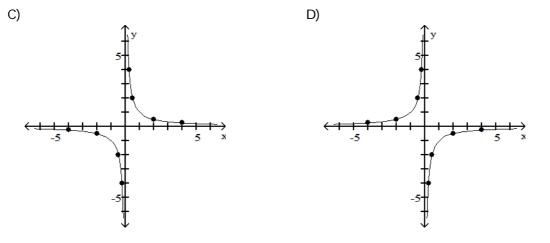




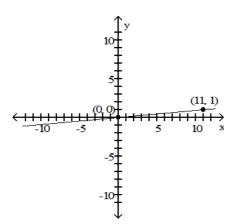
B)





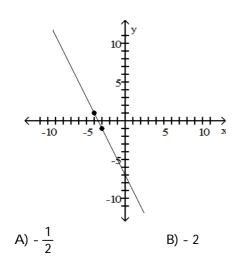


Find the slope of the line through the points and interpret the slope. 46)



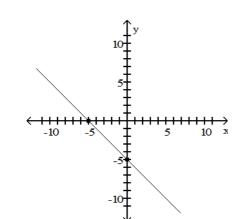
A) 11; for every 1-unit increase in x, y will increase by 11 units B) -11; for every 1-unit increase in x, y will decrease by 11 units C) $-\frac{1}{11}$; for every 11-unit increase in x, y will decrease by 1 unit D) $\frac{1}{11}$; for every 11-unit increase in x, y will increase by 1 unit

Find the slope of the line. 47)









B) -1

C) 5

D) -5

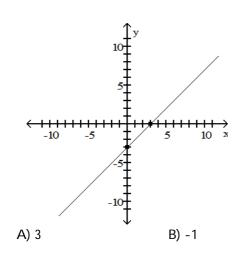
D) $\frac{1}{2}$





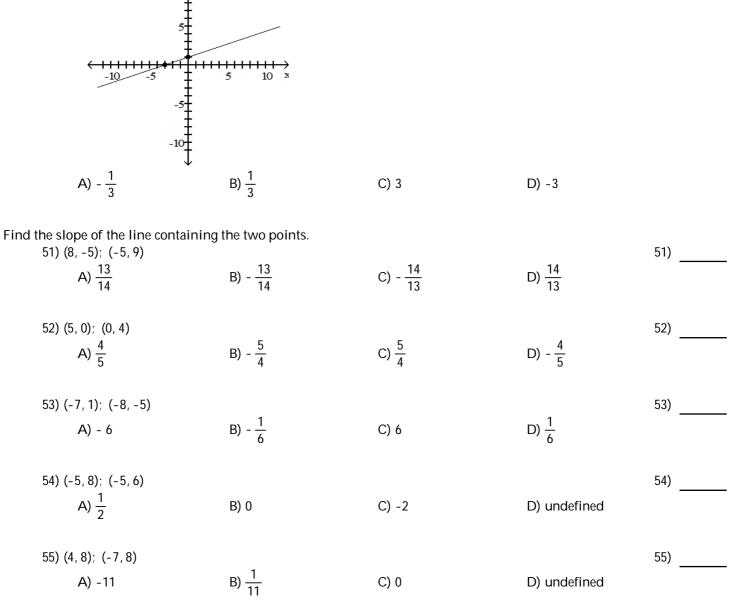
A) 1

48)



C) -3

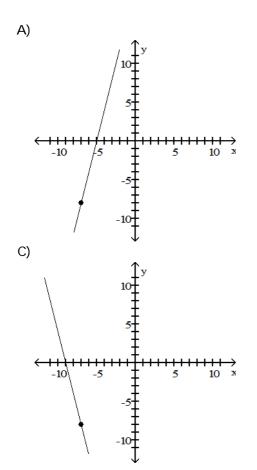
D) 1

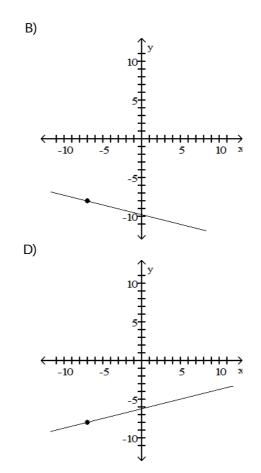


Graph the line containing the point P and having slope m.

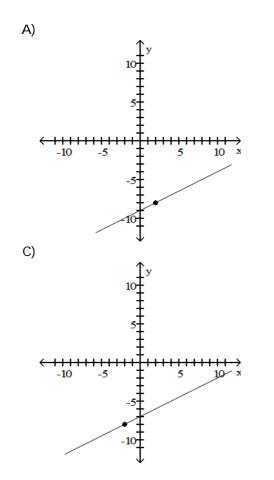
56) P = (-7, -8); m = 4 10 5 -10 -5 -10 56) _____

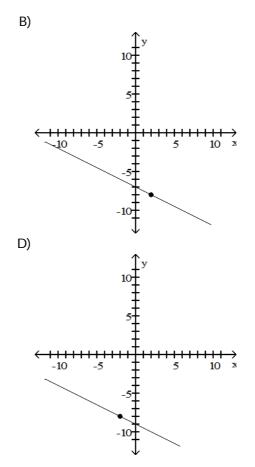
50)



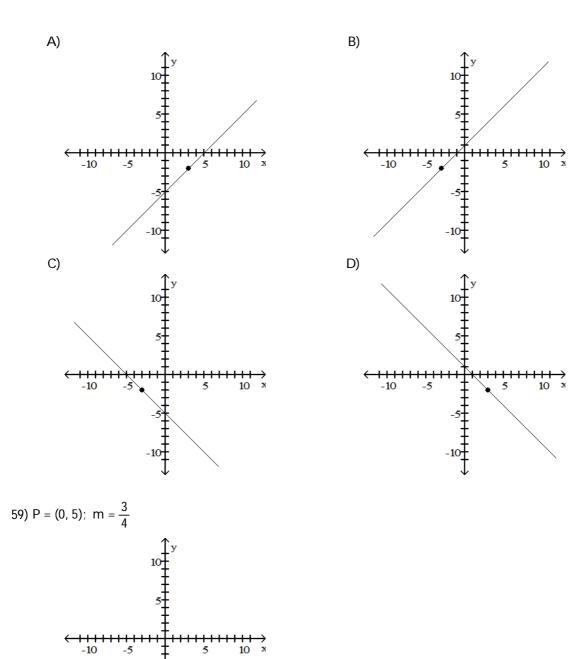


57) P = (-2, -8); m = $\frac{1}{2}$





58) P = (-3, -2); m = -1 10 y 5 -10 -5 -5 -10

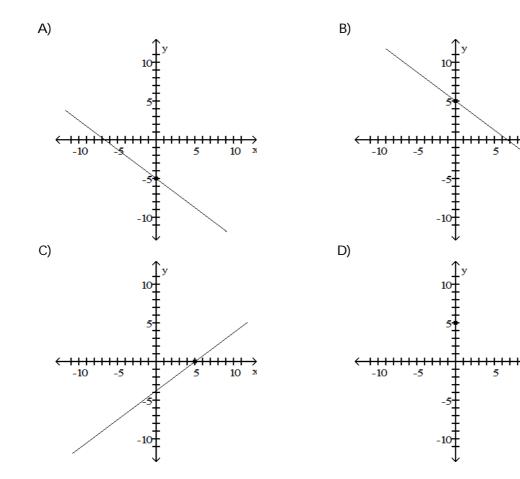


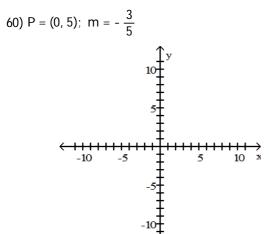
-10

-5

-10

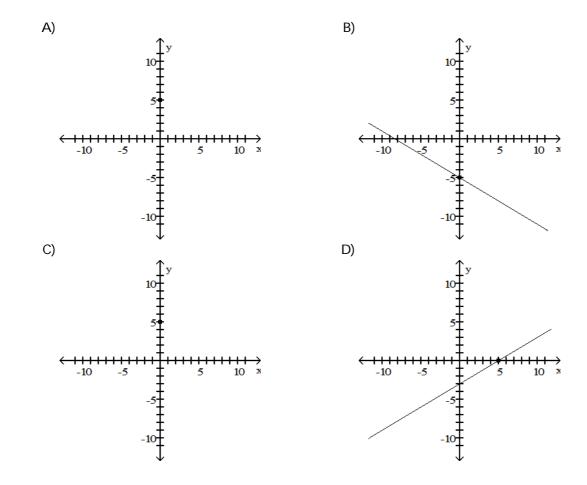
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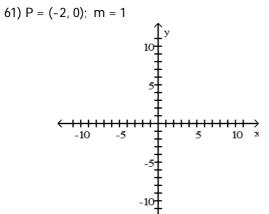


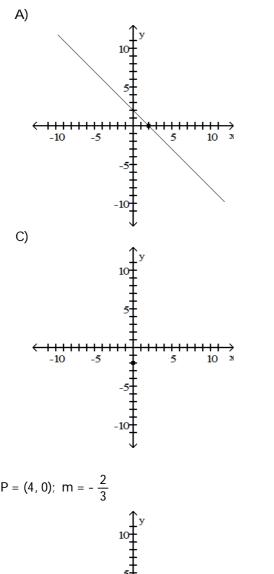


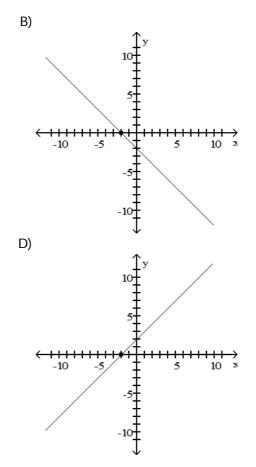
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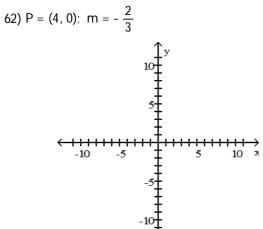
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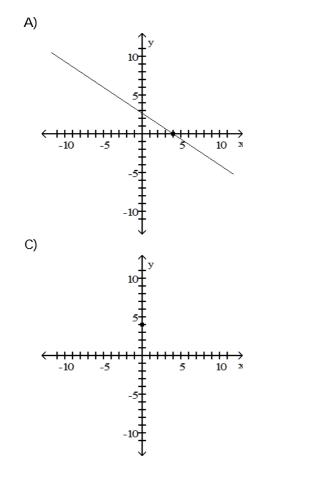


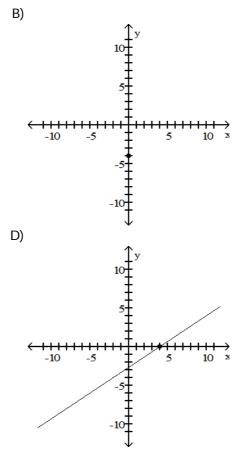




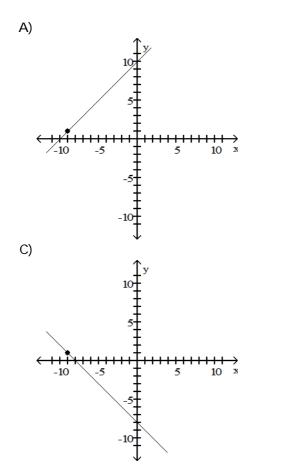


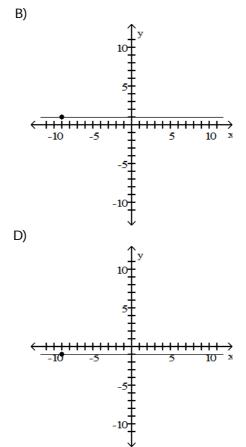




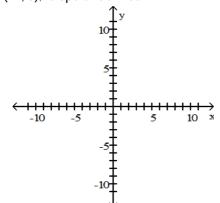


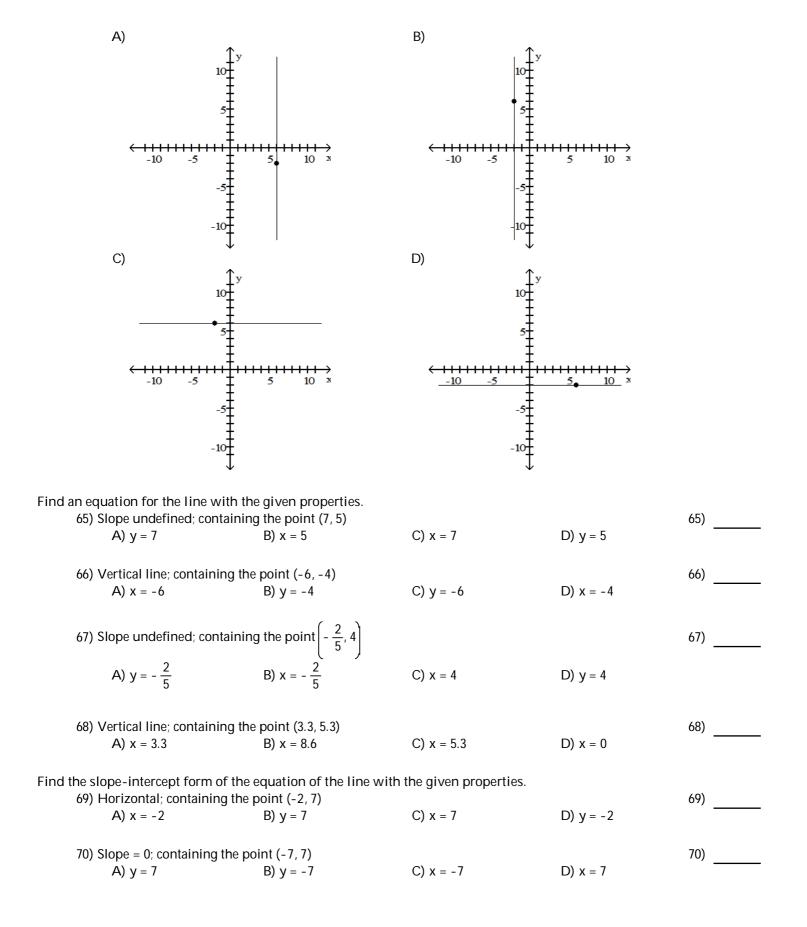
63) P = (-9, 1); m = 0 10^{4} 5^{5} -10^{5} -5^{5} -5^{5} -10^{5}





64) P = (-2, 6); slope undefined





71) Horizontal; containing the point $\left(-\frac{4}{5}, 2\right)$ 71) C) $y = -\frac{4}{5}$ A) y = 2 B) y = -2 D) y = 0

C) y = -1.5

72)

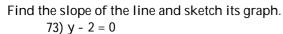
73)

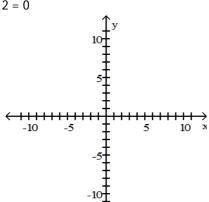
D) y = 6.6

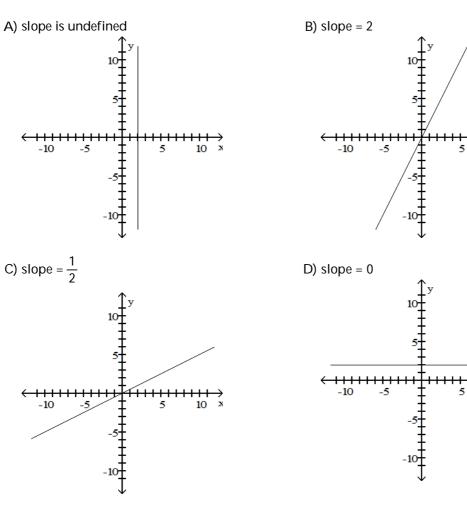
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72) Horizontal; containi	ng the point (-1.5, -5.1)
A) y = 0	B) y = -5.1







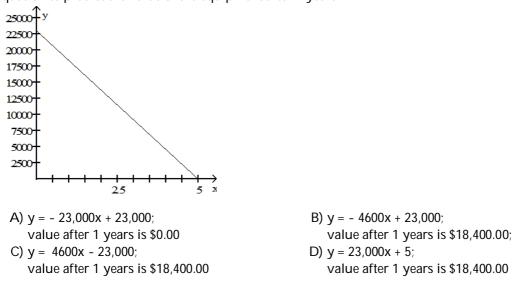
Find the equation of the line in slope-intercept form.



Find the equation of the line in slope-intercept form. 74) $\begin{pmatrix} & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ &$					74)
	/ -6↓ A) y = 5x - 22	B) y = 5x + 22	C) y = 5x + 10	D) $y = \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{11}$	
	quation for the line, in the Containing the points (6, - A) y = mx + 14		cept form B) $y = -\frac{11}{3}x + 14$		75)
76)	C) $y + 8 = -\frac{11}{3}(x - 6)$ Containing the points (5, 0 A) $-5x + 10y = -10$) and (-6, 4); general forr B) -4x + 11y = 20		D) 5x - 10y = -10	76)
77)	Containing the points $(7, 0)$ A) 12x - 7y = 84		rm C) y = - <u>12</u> x - 12	D) 12x + 7y = 84	77)
	Containing the points (-5,	B) 12x - 7y = 27-7) and (0, 4); general for	C) -12x + 7y = 27 rm	-	78)
80)	A) $11x - 5y = -20$ Containing the points (-4, A) $4x + 2y = 6$			D) -2x + 4y = -16 D) 7x - 9y = -28	80)
81)	Containing the points (-5, A) -7x - 8y = -62		rm C) 7x + 8y = -62	D) 4x - 3y = -26	81)

Solve.

- 82) The relationship between Celsius (°C) and Fahrenheit (°F) degrees of measuring temperature is linear. Find an equation relating °C and °F if 10°C corresponds to 50°F and 30°C corresponds to 86°F. Use the equation to find the Celsius measure of 4° F.
 - A) $C = \frac{9}{5}F 80; -\frac{364}{5} \circ C$ B) $C = \frac{5}{9}F + \frac{160}{9}; 20 \circ C$ C) $C = \frac{5}{9}F - 10; -\frac{70}{9} \circ C$ D) $C = \frac{5}{9}F - \frac{160}{9}; -\frac{140}{9} \circ C$
- 83) A school has just purchased new computer equipment for \$23,000.00. The graph shows the depreciation of the equipment over 5 years. The point (0, 23,000) represents the purchase price and the point (5, 0) represents when the equipment will be replaced. Write a linear equation in slope-intercept form that relates the value of the equipment, y, to years after purchase x. Use the equation to predict the value of the equipment after 1 years.



84) The average value of a certain type of automobile was \$13,320 in 1993 and depreciated to \$4440 in
84) 1997. Let y be the average value of the automobile in the year x, where x = 0 represents 1993. Write a linear equation that relates the average value of the automobile, y, to the year x.

A) $y = -\frac{1}{2220}x - 4440$	B) $y = -2220x + 4440$
C) y = -2220x + 13,320	D) y = -2220x - 4440

85) An investment is worth \$3461 in 1995. By 1998 it has grown to \$4058. Let y be the value of the investment in the year x, where x = 0 represents 1995. Write a linear equation that relates the value of the investment, y, to the year x.

A)
$$y = -199x + 4655$$

B) $y = \frac{1}{199}x + 3461$
D) $y = -199x + 3461$
D) $y = -199x + 3461$

83)

- - •

86) A faucet is used to add water to a large bottle that already contained some water. After it has been filling for 3 seconds, the gauge on the bottle indicates that it contains 11 ounces of water. After it has been filling for 10 seconds, the gauge indicates the bottle contains 25 ounces of water. Let y be the amount of water in the bottle x seconds after the faucet was turned on. Write a linear equation that relates the amount of water in the bottle, y, to the time x.

A) y = 2x + 15 B) $y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{19}{2}$ C) y = 2x + 5 D) y = -2x + 17

87) When making a telephone call using a calling card, a call lasting 3 minutes cost \$1.00. A call lasting 87)
 12 minutes cost \$2.80. Let y be the cost of making a call lasting x minutes using a calling card.
 Write a linear equation that relates the cost of a making a call, y, to the time x.

A) y = 5x - 14 B) y = 0.2x - 9.2 C) y = -0.2x + 1.6 D) y = 0.2x + 0.4

88) A vendor has learned that, by pricing carmel apples at \$1.25, sales will reach 141 carmel apples per 88) day. Raising the price to \$2.25 will cause the sales to fall to 101 carmel apples per day. Let y be the number of carmel apples the vendor sells at x dollars each. Write a linear equation that relates the number of carmel apples sold per day, y, to the price x.

A)
$$y = -40x + 191$$

B) $y = 40x + 91$
C) $y = -\frac{1}{40}x + \frac{4511}{32}$
D) $y = -40x - 191$

89) A vendor has learned that, by pricing hot dogs at \$1.50, sales will reach 120 hot dogs per day. Raising the price to \$2.50 will cause the sales to fall to 68 hot dogs per day. Let y be the number of hot dogs the vendor sells at x dollars each. Write a linear equation that relates the number of hot dogs sold per day to the price x.

A)
$$y = -\frac{1}{52}x + \frac{12477}{104}$$

B) $y = -52x + 198$
C) $y = 52x + 42$
D) $y = -52x - 198$

Find the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line with the given properties.

90) Slope = 5; containing the po A) y = 5x - 4		C) y = 5x + 4	D) y = -5x - 4	90)
91) Slope = 0; containing the po A) x = -4	bint (-4, 8) B) y = 8	C) x = 8	D) y = -4	91)
92) Slope = -7; y-intercept = 12 A) y = 12x + 7	2 B) y = 12x - 7	C) y = -7x + 12	D) y = -7x - 12	92)
93) x-intercept = 6; y-intercept A) $y = -\frac{5}{6}x + 5$		C) $y = \frac{5}{6}x + 5$	D) $y = -\frac{5}{6}x + 6$	93)

Write the equation in slope-intercept form.

94) 17x + 3y = 10

A)
$$y = \frac{17}{3}x + \frac{10}{3}$$
 B) $y = -\frac{17}{3}x + \frac{10}{3}$ C) $y = \frac{17}{3}x - \frac{10}{3}$ D) $y = 17x - 10$

89)

86)

	95) $4x + 5y = 7$ A) $y = \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{7}{5}$	B) $y = \frac{12}{5}x + \frac{7}{5}$	C) $y = \frac{5}{4}x - \frac{7}{4}$	D) y = 4x + 12	95)
	96) 9x - 7y = 9 A) y = 9x - 9	B) $y = \frac{7}{9}x + \frac{9}{9}$	C) $y = \frac{9}{7}x + \frac{9}{7}$	D) $y = \frac{9}{7}x - \frac{9}{7}$	96)
	97) x = 5y + 4 A) y = $\frac{1}{5}x - \frac{4}{5}$	B) $y = x - \frac{4}{5}$	C) $y = \frac{1}{5}x - 4$	D) y = 5x - 4	97)
Solve					
Solve	 98) A truck rental company ren linear equation that relates driven. What is the cost of A) C = 0.11x - 27; \$3.90 C) C = 0.11x + 27; \$29.37 	the cost C, in dollars, of renting the truck if the tr	renting the truck to the nu	mber x of miles	98)
	 99) Each week a soft drink material soda machine for each soda \$25/week. Write an equation each week. Then use the each week. Then use the each A) P = 0.75x + 25; \$94.00 C) P = 0.65x + 25; \$84.80 	a is \$0.10. The weekly fix on that relates the weekly juation to find the weekly)	ed cost for maintaining th v profit, P, in dollars to the	e soda machine is number of cans sold oda are sold in a week. 00	99)
 100) Each day the commuter train transports x passengers to or from the city at \$1.75/passenger. The daily fixed cost for running the train is \$1200. Write an equation that relates the daily profit, P, in dollars to the number of passengers each day. Then use the equation to find the daily profit when the train has 920 passengers in a day. A) P = 1200 - 1.75x; \$410 B) P = 1.75x; \$1610 					100)
	C) P = 1.75x + 1200; \$28		D) P = 1.75x - 1200; \$4	10	
101) Each month a beauty salon gives x manicures for \$12.00/manicure. The cost to the owner of the beauty salon for each manicure is \$7.35. The monthly fixed cost to maintain a manicure station is \$120.00. Write an equation that relates the monthly profit, in dollars, to the number of manicures given each month. Then use the equation to find the monthly profit when 200 manicures are given in a month.					101)
	A) P =12x - 120; \$2280 C) P = 4.65x; \$930		B) P = 7.35x - 120; \$13 D) P = 4.65x - 120; \$81		
	 C) P = 4.65x, \$930 102) Each month a gas station se station for each gallon of gallon of gallon de gallon de	as is \$1.32. The monthly tes the monthly profit, in to find the monthly pro	.92/gallon. The cost to the fixed cost for running the fixed cost for running the fixed cost for running the fixed cost for he number of	owner of the gas gas station is \$37,000. gallons of gasoline gas are sold in a \$82,000	102)

Find the slope and y-intercept of the line.

103)
$$y = -\frac{9}{4}x - 8$$

A) slope = $-\frac{4}{9}$; y-intercept = 8
C) slope = -8 ; y-intercept = $-\frac{9}{4}$

104) x + y = 6 A) slope = -1; y-intercept = -6 C) slope = 1; y-intercept = 6

105)
$$3x + y = 7$$

A) slope = $-\frac{1}{3}$; y-intercept = $\frac{7}{3}$
C) slope = 3; y-intercept = 7

106)
$$-3x + 5y = 6$$

A) slope $= \frac{5}{3}$; y-intercept $= -\frac{6}{3}$
C) slope $= \frac{11}{5}$; y-intercept $= \frac{6}{5}$

107)
$$7x + 5y = 16$$

A) slope = $-\frac{7}{5}$; y-intercept = $\frac{16}{5}$
C) slope = $\frac{7}{5}$; y-intercept = $\frac{16}{5}$

108)
$$5x - 3y = 4$$

A) slope = 5; y-intercept = 4
C) slope = $\frac{3}{5}$; y-intercept = $\frac{4}{5}$

109) 2x - 7y = 14
A) slope =
$$-\frac{2}{7}$$
; y-intercept = 2
C) slope = $\frac{7}{2}$; y-intercept = 7

110) x + 10y = 1
A) slope = -10; y-intercept = 10
C) slope =
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
; y-intercept = $\frac{1}{10}$

B) slope =
$$\frac{9}{4}$$
; y-intercept = 8
D) slope = $-\frac{9}{4}$; y-intercept = -8

B) slope = 0; y-intercept = 6 D) slope = -1; y-intercept = 6

B) slope = -3; y-intercept = 7
D) slope =
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
; y-intercept = $\frac{1}{7}$

B) slope = 3; y-intercept = 11
D) slope =
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
; y-intercept = $\frac{6}{5}$

B) slope = 7; y-intercept = 16
D) slope =
$$\frac{7}{5}$$
; y-intercept = $-\frac{16}{5}$

B) slope =
$$\frac{5}{3}$$
; y-intercept = $\frac{4}{3}$
D) slope = $\frac{5}{3}$; y-intercept = $-\frac{4}{3}$

B) slope = 2; y-intercept = 14
D) slope =
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
; y-intercept = -2

B) slope = 1; y-intercept = 1
D) slope =
$$-\frac{1}{10}$$
; y-intercept = $\frac{1}{10}$

103)

104)

105)

106) _____

107)

108)

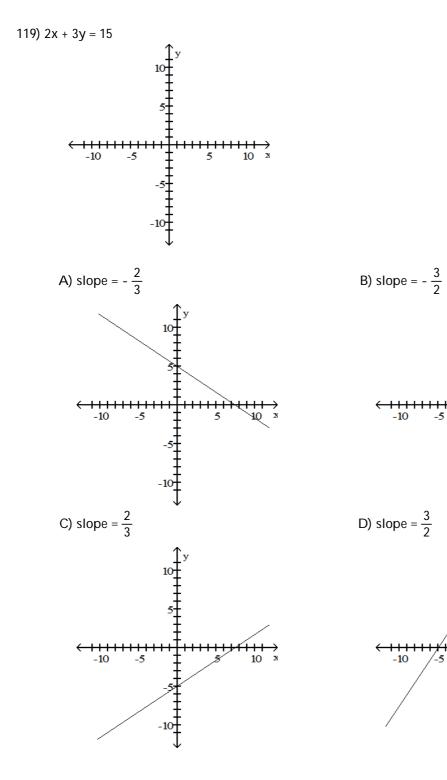
109)

111)
$$-x + 10y = 70$$
111)A) slope = $\frac{1}{10}$; y-intercept = 7B) slope = $-\frac{1}{10}$; y-intercept = 7C) slope = 10; y-intercept = -70D) slope = -1; y-intercept = 70112) y = 10112)A) slope = 0; no y-interceptB) slope = 10; y-intercept = 0C) slope = 1; y-intercept = 10D) slope = 0; y-intercept = 10113) x = 2A) slope = 2; y-intercept = 0C) slope = 0; y-intercept = 2B) slope undefined; no y-interceptD) slope = 0; y-intercept = 2D) slope undefined; y-intercept = 2114) y = -3x114)A) slope = 0; y-intercept = -3B) slope = 3; y-intercept = 0C) slope = -3; y-intercept = 0D) slope = $-\frac{1}{3}$; y-intercept = 0

Find the general form of the equation for the line with the given properties.

115) Slope = $\frac{4}{5}$; y-intercept = $\frac{12}{5}$				
A) 4x - 5y = -12	B) $y = \frac{4}{5}x - \frac{12}{5}$	C) $4x + 5y = -12$	D) $y = \frac{4}{5}x + \frac{12}{5}$	
116) Slope = $-\frac{3}{4}$; containing	the point (4, 3)			116)
A) 3x + 4y = -24	B) 3x + 4y = 24	C) 3x - 4y = 24	D) 4x + 3y = -24	
117) Slope = $-\frac{2}{3}$; containing the point (0, 4)				
A) 3x + 2y = -12	B) 2x + 3y = -12	C) 2x - 3y = 12	D) 2x + 3y = 12	
118) Slope = $\frac{2}{7}$; containing (0, 3)				
A) -2x - 7y = 21	B) 7x - 2y = -21	C) $-2x + 7y = -21$	D) -2x + 7y = 21	

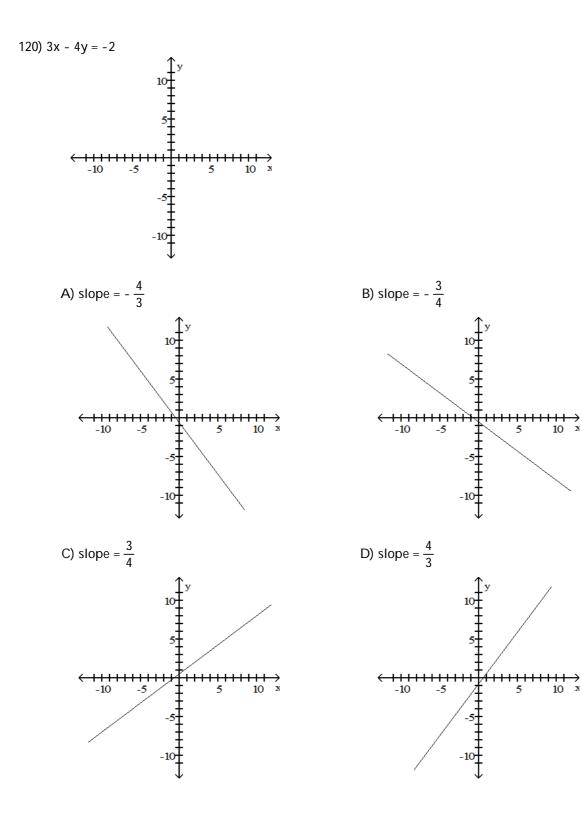
Find the slope of the line and sketch its graph.



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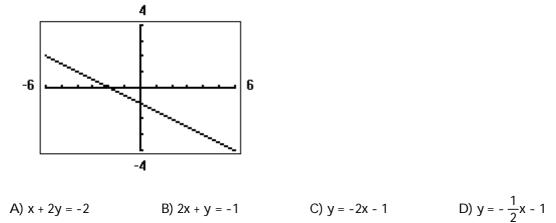
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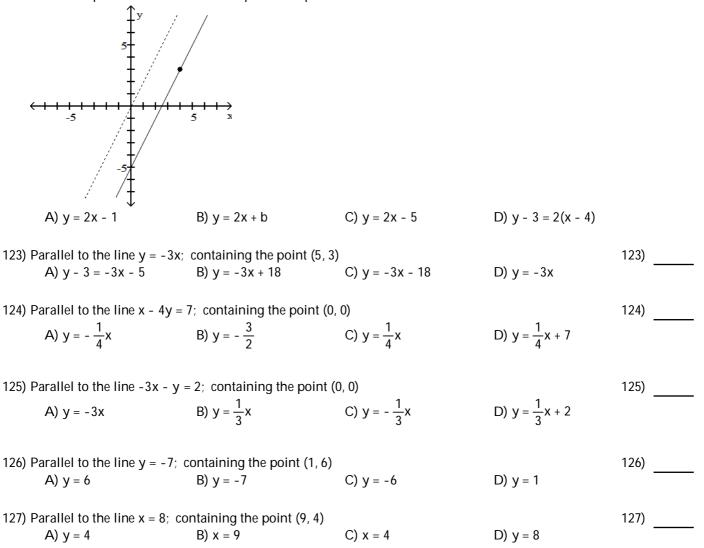
Solve the problem.

121) Find an equation in general form for the line graphed on a graphing utility.



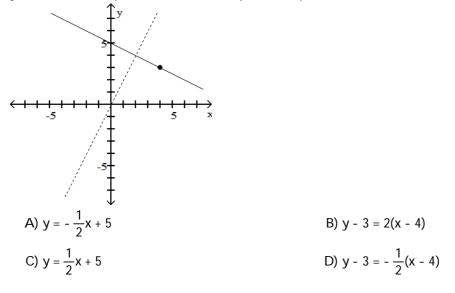
Find an equation for the line with the given properties.

122) The solid line L contains the point (4, 3) and is parallel to the dotted line whose equation is y = 2x. 122) Give the equation for the line L in slope-intercept form.



128) Parallel to the line $8x + 7y = 98$; containing the point (7, 0)				
A) 7x + 7y = 98	B) $7x + 8y = 0$	C) 8x + 7y = 56	D) 8x - 7y = 56	
129) Parallel to the line $5x + 3y = 4$; x-intercept = 5				
A) 5x + 3y = 15	B) 3x - 5y = 15	C) $5x + 3y = 25$	D) 3x - 5y = -25	

130) The solid line L contains the point (4, 3) and is perpendicular to the dotted line whose equation is y = 2x. Give the equation of line L in slope-intercept form.

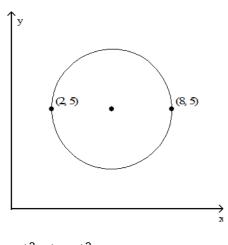


131) Perpendicular to the line y = -2x + 3; containing the point (-3, -1) 131) A) $y = -2x + \frac{1}{2}$ B) $y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}$ C) $y = 2x + \frac{1}{2}$ D) $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}$ 132) Perpendicular to the line $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 9$; containing the point (2, -2) 132) B) $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 1$ C) y = -2x - 2D) y = - 2x + 2 A) y = 2x - 2133) Perpendicular to the line 3x - y = 6; containing the point (0, 2) 133) B) $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 6$ C) $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 2$ D) $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 2$ A) $y = \frac{5}{2}$ 134) Perpendicular to the line x - 4y = 3; containing the point (5, 5) 134) A) y = -4x + 25 B) $y = -\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{25}{4}$ C) y = -4x - 25 D) y = 4x - 25135) Perpendicular to the line y = -4; containing the point (2, 6) 135) A) x = 6B) y = 2C) y = 6D) x = 2 136) Perpendicular to the line x = 3; containing the point (1, 9) 136) A) x = 9B) x = 1 C) y = 9D) y = 1

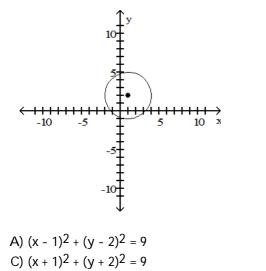
137) Perpendicular to the line $6x + 7y = 25$; containing the point (3, -1)				
A) 3x - 7y = 25	B) 6x - 7 = 6	C) -7x - 6y = -27	D) -7x + 6y = -27	
138) Perpendicular to the line	4x + 7v = 51; containing	the point (-3, 14)		138)
	B) $7x + 4y = -77$		D) 4x - 7y = -77	
139) Perpendicular to the line	4x + 3v = -3; v-intercept	:= 2		139)
•	B) $3x - 4y = 6$		D) 3x - 4y = -8	
Decide whether the pair of lines is	s parallel, perpendicular,	or neither.		
140) 3x - 4y = -10				140)
8x + 6y = -14				·
A) parallel	B) perpendic	cular (C) neither	
141) 3x - 6y = -5				141)
18x + 9y = -16				
A) parallel	B) perpendic	ular C	C) neither	
142) 12x + 4y = 16				142)
15x + 5y = 21				
A) parallel	B) perpendic	sular C	C) neither	

Write the standard form of the equation of the circle.

143)



A) $(x + 5)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 9$ C) $(x - 5)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 9$ B) $(x + 5)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 3$ D) $(x - 5)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 3$



Write the standard form of the equation of the circle with radius r and center (h, k).

145) $r = 2; (h, k) = (0, 0)$		145)
A) $x^2 + y^2 = 4$	B) $(x - 2)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 4$	
C) $x^2 + y^2 = 2$	D) $(x - 2)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 2$	
146) r = 7; (h, k) = (2, -1)		146)
A) $(x + 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 49$	B) $(x + 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 7$	
C) $(x - 2)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 7$	D) $(x - 2)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 49$	
147) r = 12; (h, k) = (9, 0)		147)
A) $(x + 9)^2 + y^2 = 144$	B) $x^2 + (y + 9)^2 = 12$	
C) $x^2 + (y - 9)^2 = 12$	D) $(x - 9)^2 + y^2 = 144$	
148) r = 1; (h, k) = (0, 6)		148)
A) $x^2 + (y - 6)^2 = 1$ B) $(x + 6)^2 + y^2 = 1$	C) $x^2 + (y + 6)^2 = 1$ D) $(x - 6)^2 + y^2 = 1$	
149) $r = \sqrt{11}; (h, k) = (-9, -4)$		149)
A) $(x - 9)^2 + (y - 4)^2 = 11$	B) $(x + 4)^2 + (y + 9)^2 = 121$	
C) $(x - 4)^2 + (y - 9)^2 = 121$	D) $(x + 9)^2 + (y + 4)^2 = 11$	
150) $r = \sqrt{7}; (h, k) = (0, 3)$		150)
A) $x^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 7$	B) $(x - 3)^2 + y^2 = 49$	·
C) $x^2 + (y + 3)^2 = 7$	D) $(x + 3)^2 + y^2 = 49$	

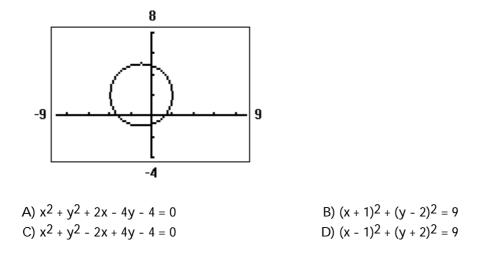
B) $(x + 2)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 9$ D) $(x - 2)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 9$

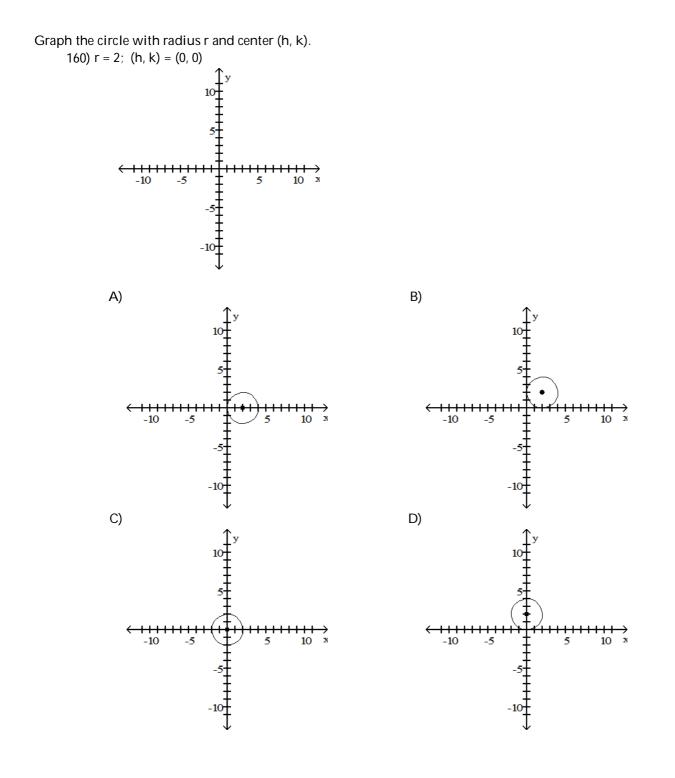
Solve the problem.

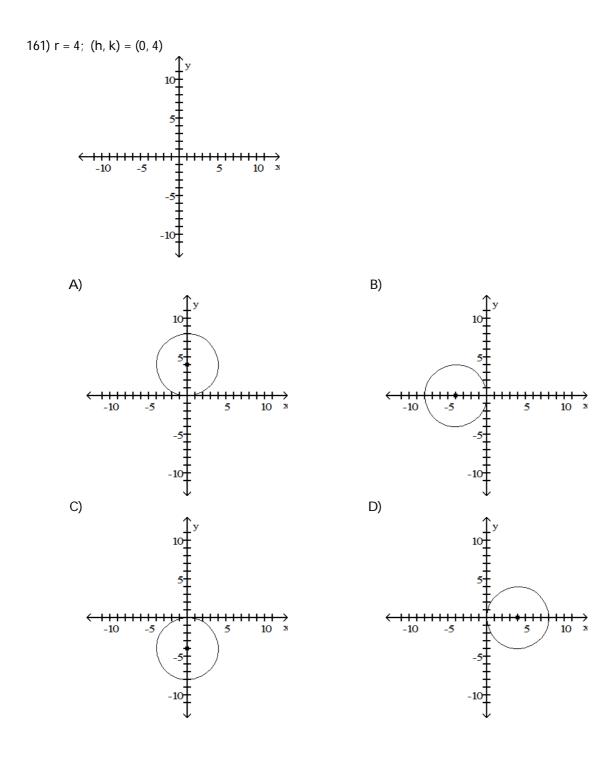
151) Find the equation of a circle in standard for	m where C(6, -2) and D(-4, 4) are endpoints of a	151)
diameter.		
A) $(x + 1)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 34$	B) $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 136$	
C) $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 34$	D) $(x + 1)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 136$	

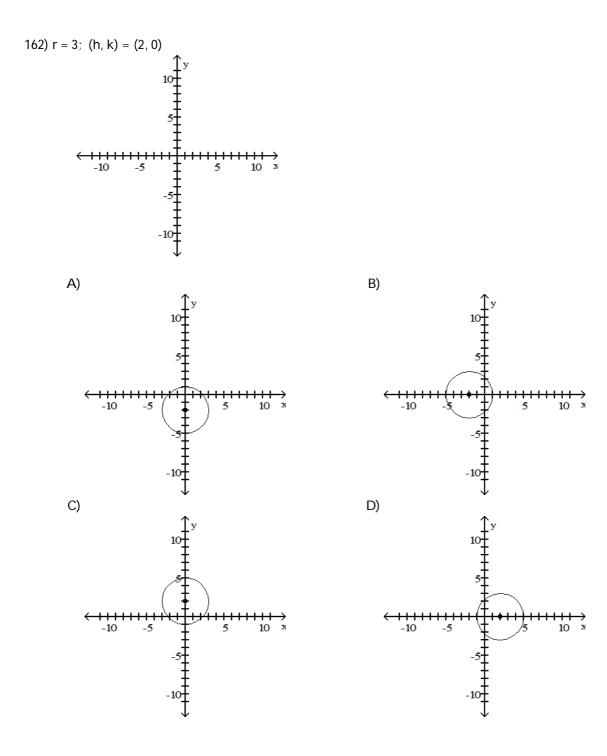
152) Find the equation of a circle in standard form with $y = 4$.	th center at the point (-3, 2) and tangent to the line	152)
A) $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 16$	B) $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 16$	
C) $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 4$	D) $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 4$	
153) Find the equation of a circle in standard form tha tangent to the line $x = 9$.	It is tangent to the line $x = -3$ at (-3, 5) and also	153)
A) $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 36$	B) $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 36$	
C) $(x - 3)^2 + (y - 5)^2 = 36$	D) $(x + 3)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = 36$	
Find the center (h, k) and radius r of the circle with the given \mathbf{x}	ven equation.	
154) $x^2 + y^2 = 4$		154)
A) $(h, k) = (0, 0); r = 4$ C) $(h, k) = (0, 0); r = 2$	B) (h, k) = (2, 2); r = 2 D) (h, k) = (2, 2); r = 4	
C) $(\Pi, K) = (0, 0); \ \Pi = 2$	D) $(\Pi, K) = (2, 2); I = 4$	
155) $(x - 6)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 16$		155)
A) (h, k) = (2, 6); r = 16	B) (h, k) = (2, 6); r = 4	
C) $(h, k) = (6, 2); r = 16$	D) $(h, k) = (6, 2); r = 4$	
156) $(x - 8)^2 + y^2 = 49$		156)
A) (h, k) = (8, 0); r = 49	B) (h, k) = (0, 8); r = 7	·
C) $(h, k) = (8, 0); r = 7$	D) (h, k) = (0, 8); r = 49	
157) $x^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 9$		157)
A) $(h, k) = (2, 0); r = 3$	B) (h, k) = (0, 2); r = 9	
C) $(h, k) = (0, 2); r = 3$	D) $(h, k) = (2, 0); r = 9$	
158) $5(x + 3)^2 + 5(y + 5)^2 = 70$		158)
(h, k) = (-3, -5); r = $\sqrt{14}$	B) (h, k) = (3, 5); $r = \sqrt{14}$	100/
A) (n, k) = (-3, -5); $r = \sqrt{14}$ C) (h, k) = (-3, -5); $r = 5\sqrt{14}$	B) (n, k) = (3, 5); r = $\sqrt{14}$ D) (h, k) = (3, 5); r = $5\sqrt{14}$	
C) (n, k) = (-3, -5); $f = 5\sqrt{14}$	D) (11, K) = (3, 5); $\Gamma = 5\sqrt{14}$	

Solve the problem.



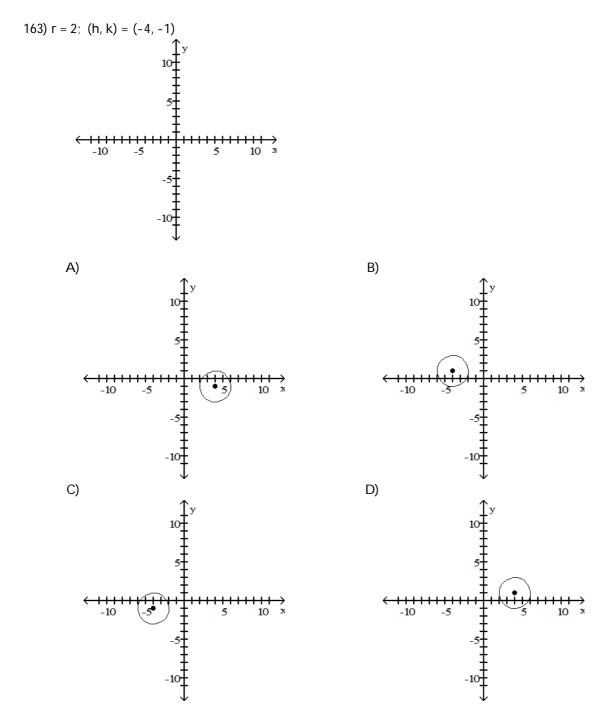




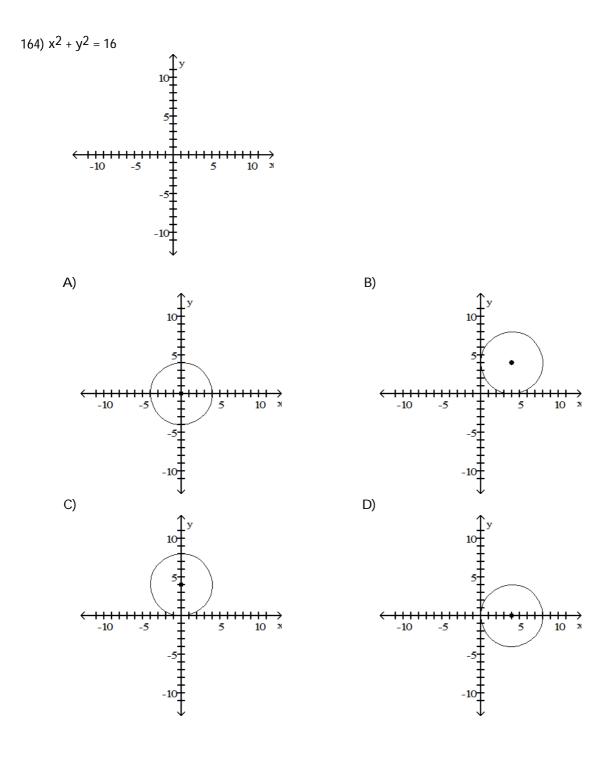


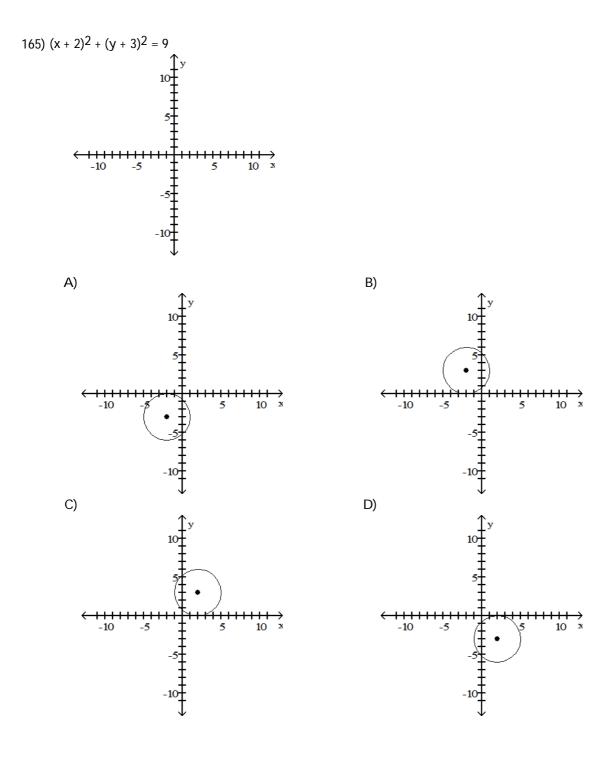
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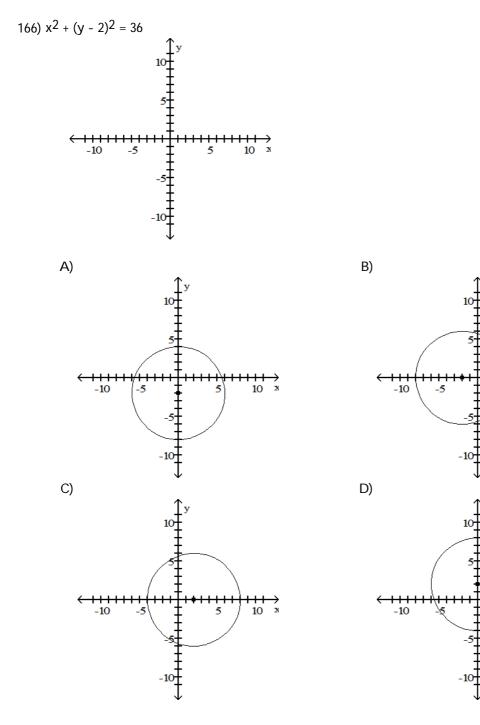


Graph the equation.





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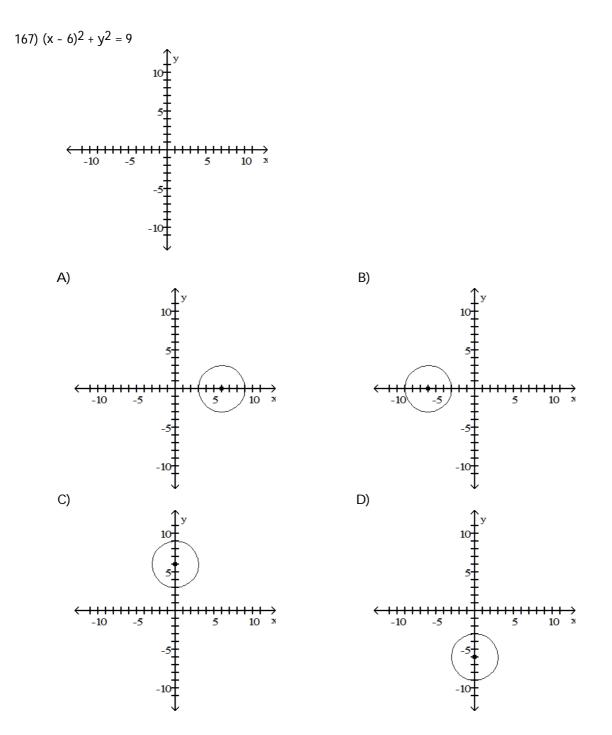


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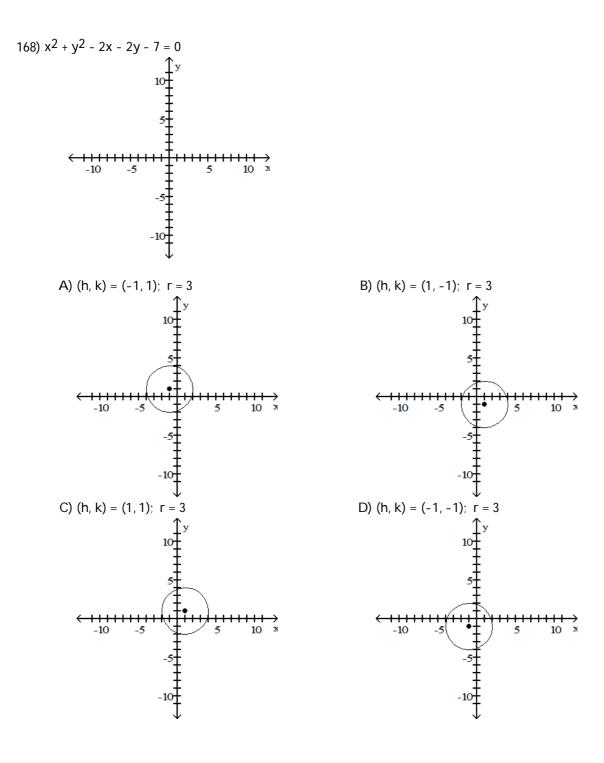
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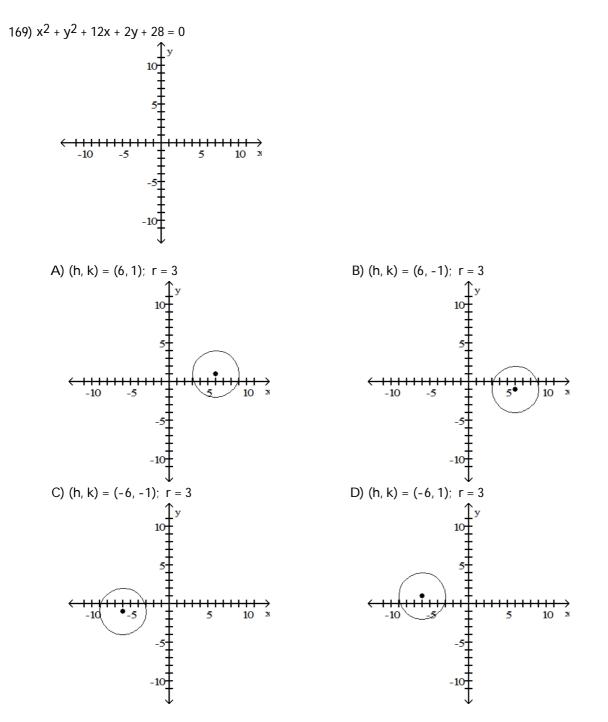
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Find the center (h, k) and radius r of the circle with the given equation.

170)
h, k) = (-8, 9); r = 36
h, k) = (-9, 8); r = 6
171)
h, k) = (-1, 4); r = 36
h, k) = (4, -1); r = 36
(

172) $x^2 + y^2 + 18x + 6y + 90 = 25$ A) (h, k) = (-3, -9); r = 5 C) (h, k) = (9, 3); r = 25		B) (h, k) = (-9, -3); r = D) (h, k) = (3, 9); r = 25	5	172)
173) $x^2 + y^2 + 10x - 14y = -25$ A) (h, k) = (-5, 7); r = 7 C) (h, k) = (-7, 5); r = 49		B) (h, k) = (7, -5); r = 7 D) (h, k) = (5, -7); r = 4		173)
174) $4x^2 + 4y^2 - 12x + 16y - 5 = 0$ A) $(h, k) = (-\frac{3}{2}, 2); r = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$ C) $(h, k) = (\frac{3}{2}, -2); r = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	_	B) (h, k) = $(-\frac{3}{2}, 2)$; r = D) (h, k) = $(\frac{3}{2}, -2)$; r = -	2	174)
Find the general form of the equation 175) Center at the point (-4, -3); (A) $x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 6y - 17 =$ C) $x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 6y - 12 =$	containing the point (-3 0	B) x ² + y ² + 8x + 6y - 1 D) x ² + y ² + 6x + 8y - 1		175)
176) Center at the point (2, -3); co A) $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 6y + 4 = 0$ C) $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 6y + 22 = 0$)	3) B) x ² + y ² + 4x - 6y + 2 D) x ² + y ² + 4x - 6y + 4		176)
177) Center at the point (-7, -5); f A) x ² + y ² + 14x + 10y + 25 C) x ² + y ² + 14x + 10y + 49 Solve the problem.	= 0	B) x ² + y ² - 14x - 10y + D) x ² + y ² + 14x + 10y +		177)
178) If a circle of radius 2 is made of the circle?	to roll along the x-axis B) y = 0	, what is the equation for t C) y = 2	the path of the center D) y = 4	178)
179) Earth is represented on a map $x^2 + y^2 + 8x + 6y - 3696 = 0.4$ its circular orbit at the center satellite on this map.	A weather satellite circle	es 0.8 units above the Eart	h with the center of	179)
A) x ² + y ² - 8x - 6y - 3794 C) x ² + y ² + 8x + 6y - 3794		B) x ² + y ² + 8x + 6y + 2 D) x ² + y ² + 8x + 6y - 3		
180) Find an equation of the line of $x^{2} + y^{2} - 8x - 6y + 24$ $x^{2} + y^{2} + 2x + 2y - 2$ A) $4x + 5y - 1 = 0$	t = 0 and = 0		D) 4x - 5y - 1 = 0	180)

181) A wildlife researcher is monitoring a black bear that has a radio telemetry collar with a transmitting 181) range of 23 miles. The researcher is in a research station with her receiver and tracking the bear's movements. If we put the origin of a coordinate system at the research station, what is the equation of all possible locations of the bear where the transmitter would be at its maximum range? 6

A)
$$x^2 + y^2 = 529$$
 B) $x^2 + y^2 = 23$ C) $x^2 - y^2 = 23$ D) $x^2 + y^2 = 4$

182) If a satellite is placed in a circular orbit of 200 kilometers above the Earth, what is the equation of the path of the satellite if the origin is placed at the center of the Earth (the diameter of the Earth is approximately 12,740 kilometers)?

A) x ² + y ² = 43,164,900	B) $x^2 + y^2 = 167,443,600$
C) $x^2 + y^2 = 40,576,900$	D) $x^2 + y^2 = 40,000$

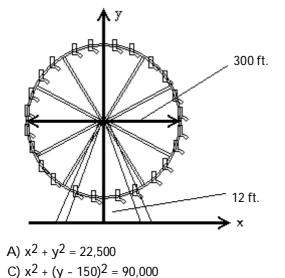
183) A power outage affected all homes and businesses within a 20 mi radius of the power station. If the 183) power station is located 8 mi north of the center of town, find an equation of the circle consisting of the furthest points from the station affected by the power outage.

A) $x^2 + (y - 8)^2 = 400$	B) $x^2 + (y - 8)^2 = 20$
C) $x^2 + y^2 = 400$	D) $x^2 + (y + 8)^2 = 400$

184) A power outage affected all homes and businesses within a 2 mi radius of the power station. If the 184) power station is located 1 mi west and 1 mi north of the center of town, find an equation of the circle consisting of the furthest points from the station affected by the power outage.

A) $(x + 1)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 4$	B) $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 4$
C) $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 4$	D) $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 4$

185) A Ferris wheel has a diameter of 300 feet and the bottom of the Ferris wheel is 12 feet above the ground. Find the equation of the wheel if the origin is placed on the ground directly below the center of the wheel, as illustrated.



B) $x^2 + (y - 150)^2 = 22,500$ D) $x^2 + (y - 162)^2 = 22,500$

Write a general formula to describe the variation.

186) v varies directly with t; v = 19 when t = 14

A)
$$v = \frac{14}{19}t$$
 B) $v = \frac{14}{19t}$

C) $V = \frac{19}{14t}$ D) $v = \frac{19}{14}t$ 186)

182)

187) A varies directly with t^2 ; A = 100 when t = 5 187) A) A = $\frac{20}{+2}$ D) A = $\frac{4}{+2}$ B) $A = 4t^2$ C) A = 20t² 188) z varies directly with the sum of the squares of x and y; z = 5 when x = 3 and y = 4188) B) $z = \frac{1}{25}(x^2 + y^2)$ C) $z = \frac{1}{5}(x^2 + y^2)$ D) $z = \frac{1}{10}(x^2 + y^2)$ A) $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$ If y varies directly as x, write a general formula to describe the variation. 189) y = 3 when x = 24189) B) $y = \frac{1}{2}x$ D) $y = \frac{1}{9}x$ C) y = 8x A) y = x + 21190) y = 21 when x = 18190) D) $y = \frac{6}{7}x$ B) y = $\frac{7}{4}$ x C) y = x + 3 A) y = 3x191) y = 7 when x = $\frac{1}{4}$ 191) A) $y = x + \frac{27}{4}$ B) $y = \frac{1}{28}x$ C) y = $\frac{1}{7}x$ D) y = 28x 192) 192) y = 0.8 when x = 0.2A) y = x + 0.6B) y = 0.25xC) y = 0.2xD) y = 4x193) y = 0.8 when x = 1.6193) A) y = x - 0.8B) y = 2xC) y = 0.8xD) y = 0.5xWrite a general formula to describe the variation. 194) The volume V of a right circular cone varies directly with the square of its base radius r and its 194) height h. The constant of proportionality is $\frac{1}{2}\pi$. A) $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ B) $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h^2$ C) $V = \frac{1}{3}r^2 h$ D) $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r h$ 195) The surface area S of a right circular cone varies directly as the radius r times the square root of the 195) sum of the squares of the base radius r and the height h. The constant of proportionality is π . A) S = $\pi \sqrt{r^2 + h^2}$ B) S = $\pi r \sqrt{r^2 h}$ C) S = $\pi r \sqrt{r^2 h^2}$ D) S = $\pi r \sqrt{r^2 + h^2}$ Solve the problem. 196) 196) In simplified form, the period of vibration P for a pendulum varies directly as the square root of its length L. If P is 3.5 sec. when L is 49 in., what is the period when the length is 100 in.? A) 200 sec B) 50 sec C) 20 sec D) 5 sec

	shower is in use. A sh	nower lasting 23 minutes r	irectly proportional to the equires 9.2 gallons of wat		197)
	water used in a showe A) 12.5 gal	B) 42.32 gal	C) 1.84 gal	D) 2 gal	
198)	circuit is directly prop	oortional to the amount of milliamperes (mA) of cu	nstant, the amount of cur voltage applied to the cir rrent flow through the cir		198)
	A) 54 mA	B) 70 mA	C) 30 mA	D) 60 mA	
199)	flying. The helicopter	•	ctly proportional to the nu 24 gallons of fuel. Find th	•	199)
	A) 36 gal	B) 35 gal	C) 20 gal	D) 30 gal	
200)		it was dropped. An object	ped is directly proportion falls 288 feet in 3 seconds	•	200)
	A) 15 ft	B) 800 ft	C) 160 ft	D) 480 ft	
-	eneral formula to desc) A varies inversely wit	h x ² ; A = 10 when x = 2			201)
	A) A = 20x ²	B) A = $\frac{5}{2}x^2$	C) A = $\frac{20}{x^2}$	D) A = $\frac{40}{x^2}$	
				~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
	equation that expresse ) a varies inversely as n	-	as the constant of variation	on.	202)
		-	as the constant of variation C) a = km	on. D) ka = m	202)
202)	) a varies inversely as n A) a = $\frac{m}{k}$	n. B) a = <u>k</u> m			·
202)	) a varies inversely as n	n. B) a = <u>k</u> m			202) 203)
202) 203) [*] y varie	a varies inversely as n A) $a = \frac{m}{k}$ w varies inversely as n A) $w = \frac{\sqrt{t}}{k}$ is inversely as x, write a y = 7 when x = 3	h. B) $a = \frac{k}{m}$ the square of t. B) $w = \frac{k}{\sqrt{t}}$ a general formula to desc	C) a = km C) w = $\frac{t^2}{k}$	D) ka = m	·
202) 203) [*] y varie	) a varies inversely as n A) $a = \frac{m}{k}$ ) w varies inversely as n A) $w = \frac{\sqrt{t}}{k}$ is inversely as x, write a	h. B) $a = \frac{k}{m}$ the square of t. B) $w = \frac{k}{\sqrt{t}}$	C) a = km C) w = $\frac{t^2}{k}$	D) ka = m	203)
202) 203) f y varie 204)	a varies inversely as n A) $a = \frac{m}{k}$ w varies inversely as n A) $w = \frac{\sqrt{t}}{k}$ is inversely as x, write y = 7 when x = 3 A) $y = \frac{7}{3}x$ y = 30 when x = 5	h. B) $a = \frac{k}{m}$ the square of t. B) $w = \frac{k}{\sqrt{t}}$ a general formula to desc B) $y = \frac{21}{x}$	C) a = km C) w = $\frac{t^2}{k}$ write the variation. C) y = $\frac{x}{21}$	D) ka = m D) w = $\frac{k}{t^2}$ D) y = $\frac{1}{21x}$	203)
202) 203) y varie 204)	a varies inversely as n A) $a = \frac{m}{k}$ w varies inversely as n A) $w = \frac{\sqrt{t}}{k}$ is inversely as x, write a y = 7 when x = 3 A) $y = \frac{7}{3}x$	h. B) $a = \frac{k}{m}$ the square of t. B) $w = \frac{k}{\sqrt{t}}$ a general formula to desc	C) a = km C) w = $\frac{t^2}{k}$ cribe the variation.	D) ka = m D) w = $\frac{k}{t^2}$	203) 204)
202) 203) 7 y varie 204) 205)	a varies inversely as n A) $a = \frac{m}{k}$ w varies inversely as n A) $w = \frac{\sqrt{t}}{k}$ is inversely as x, write y = 7 when x = 3 A) $y = \frac{7}{3}x$ y = 30 when x = 5	h. B) $a = \frac{k}{m}$ the square of t. B) $w = \frac{k}{\sqrt{t}}$ a general formula to desc B) $y = \frac{21}{x}$	C) a = km C) w = $\frac{t^2}{k}$ write the variation. C) y = $\frac{x}{21}$	D) ka = m D) w = $\frac{k}{t^2}$ D) y = $\frac{1}{21x}$	203) 204)

20	7) $y = \frac{1}{4}$ when x = 20				207)
	A) $y = \frac{5}{x}$	B) $y = \frac{x}{5}$	C) $y = \frac{1}{80}x$	D) $y = \frac{1}{5x}$	
20	8) $y = 0.2$ when $x = 0.8$ A) $y = \frac{6.25}{x}$	B) y = 0.25x	C) $y = \frac{0.16}{x}$	D) y = 6.25x	208)
	ne problem. 9) x varies inversely as v, and A) x = 36	x = 28 when v = 6. Find x B) x = 4	when v = 24. C) x = 42	D) x = 7	209)
21	0) x varies inversely as y ² , and A) x = 32	d x = 4 when y = 8. Find x B) x = 16	when y = 4. C) x = 64	D) x = 2	210)
21	<ol> <li>When the temperature stay of the gas. If a balloon is fil inch, find the new pressure</li> </ol>	led with 320 cubic inches	of a gas at a pressure of 14	l pounds per square	211)
	A) 65 psi	B) <del>32</del> psi	C) 56 psi	D) 70 psi	
21	<ol> <li>The amount of time it takes speed of the swimmer. A sy per second. Find the average A) 5 ft/sec</li> </ol>	wimmer finishes a race in	100 seconds with an avera	age speed of 3 feet	212)
21	<ol> <li>If the force acting on an obj proportional to its mass. If per second per second (m/s 5 kilograms that is pulled b</li> </ol>	an object with a mass of 3 sec ² ) by a force, find the ra by the same force.	0 kilograms accelerates at ate of acceleration of an ob	a rate of 2 meters ject with a mass of	213)
	A) 6 m/sec ²	B) $\frac{1}{3}$ m/sec ²	C) 12 m/sec ²	D) 10 m/sec ²	
21	<ol> <li>If the voltage, V, in an elect resistance, R. If the current when the resistance is 8 ohi</li> </ol>	is 200 milliamperes (mA)			214)
	A) 50 mA	B) 800 mA	C) 100 mA	D) 796 mA	
21	<ol> <li>While traveling at a constant car is turning is inversely p acceleration of 20 feet per s acceleration the passengers</li> </ol>	roportional to the radius ( econd per second (ft/sec ² )	of the turn. If the passenge when the radius of the tu	ers feel an	215)
	A) 5 ft/sec ²	B) 8 ft/sec ²	C) 6 ft/sec ²	D) 7 ft/sec ²	

Write a general formula to describe the variation.

216) The square of G varies directly with the cube of x and inversely with the square of y; G = 4 when 216)

217)

218)

222)

223)

x = 4 and y = 3 A)  $G^2 = \frac{9}{4} \frac{x^3}{y^2}$ B)  $G^2 = \frac{1}{36} (x^3 + y^2)$ C)  $G^2 = \frac{1024}{9} \frac{y^3}{x^2}$ D)  $G^2 = 3 \frac{x^3}{y^2}$ 

217) R varies directly with g and inversely with the square of h; R = 3 when g = 3 and h = 5.

- A)  $R = 5\frac{g}{h^2}$  B)  $R = 5\frac{h^2}{g}$  C)  $R = 25gh^2$  D)  $R = 25\frac{g}{h^2}$
- 218) z varies jointly as the square root of x and the square of y; z = 125 when x = 4 and y = 5.

A) 
$$z = \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{x}y^2$$
 B)  $z = \frac{5}{2}\sqrt{x}y^2$  C)  $z = \frac{3125}{2}\sqrt{x}$  D)  $z = \frac{2}{3125}\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}}$ 

A) 
$$F = \frac{km^2v}{r}$$
 B)  $F = \frac{kmr}{v^2}$  C)  $F = \frac{kmv}{r}$  D)  $F = \frac{kmv^2}{r}$ 

- 220) The safety load  $\lambda$  of a beam with a rectangular cross section that is supported at each end varies 220) directly as the product of the width W and the square of the depth D and inversely as the length L of the beam between the supports.
  - A)  $\lambda = \frac{k(W + D^2)}{L}$  B)  $\lambda = \frac{kL}{WD^2}$  C)  $\lambda = \frac{kWD}{L}$  D)  $\lambda = \frac{kWD^2}{L}$

A) 
$$I = \frac{kd^2}{c}$$
 B)  $I = kcd^2$  C)  $I = \frac{kc^2}{d^2}$  D)  $I = \frac{kc}{d^2}$ 

Solve the problem.

- 222) The volume V of a given mass of gas varies directly as the temperature T and inversely as the pressure P. A measuring device is calibrated to give V = 318 in³ when T = 530° and P = 20 lb/in². What is the volume on this device when the temperature is 270° and the pressure is 25 lb/in²?
  A) V = 119.6 in³
  B) V = 139.6 in³
  C) V = 10.8 in³
  D) V = 129.6 in³
- 223) The time in hours it takes a satellite to complete an orbit around the earth varies directly as the radius of the orbit (from the center of the earth) and inversely as the orbital velocity. If a satellite completes an orbit 810 miles above the earth in 14 hours at a velocity of 33,000 mph, how long would it take a satellite to complete an orbit if it is at 1100 miles above the earth at a velocity of 25,000 mph? (Use 3960 miles as the radius of the earth.)
  - A) 25.1 hr B) 196.04 hr C) 4.26 hr D) 19.6 hr

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the number of moles is	sely as the volume of the 7, the temperature is 300	nt of the gas (measured in gas. If the pressure is 90 % Kelvin, and the volume nperature is 310° K, and th C) 1240 kPa	0 kiloPascals (kPa) when is 560 cc, find the	224)
inversely as the square 20 and 25. A person wi	ght or overweight. BMI v of one's height, in inches no weighs 171 pounds an	varies directly as one's we 5. In adults, normal values	ight, in pounds, and for the BMI are between VI of 26. What is the BMI,	225)
226) The amount of paint needed to cover the walls of a room varies jointly as the perimeter of the room and the height of the wall. If a room with a perimeter of 45 feet and 8-foot walls requires 3.6 quarts of paint, find the amount of paint needed to cover the walls of a room with a perimeter of 50 feet and 6-foot walls.				226)
A) 30 qt	B) 300 qt	C) 3 qt	D) 6 qt	
227) The power that a resistor must dissipate is jointly proportional to the square of the current flowing through the resistor and the resistance of the resistor. If a resistor needs to dissipate 150 watts of power when 5 amperes of current is flowing through the resistor whose resistance is 6 ohms, find the power that a resistor needs to dissipate when 6 amperes of current are flowing through a resistor whose resistance is 9 ohms.				227)
A) 54 watts	B) 270 watts	C) 324 watts	D) 486 watts	
<ul> <li>228) While traveling in a car, the centrifugal force a passenger experiences as the car drives in a circle varies jointly as the mass of the passenger and the square of the speed of the car. If a passenger experiences a force of 162 newtons (N) when the car is moving at a speed of 60 kilometers per hour and the passenger has a mass of 50 kilograms, find the force a passenger experiences when the car is moving at 70 kilometers per hour and the passenger has a mass of 50 kilograms.</li> <li>A) 539 N</li> <li>B) 441 N</li> <li>C) 490 N</li> <li>D) 392 N</li> </ul>				228)
229) The amount of simple interest earned on an investment over a fixed amount of time is jointly proportional to the principle invested and the interest rate. A principle investment of \$1100.00 with an interest rate of 4% earned \$176.00 in simple interest. Find the amount of simple interest earned if the principle is \$2600.00 and the interest rate is 1%.				229)
A) \$10,400.00	B) \$44.00	C) \$104.00	D) \$416.00	
230) The voltage across a resistor is jointly proportional to the resistance of the resistor and the current flowing through the resistor. If the voltage across a resistor is 32 volts (V) for a resistor whose resistance is 8 ohms and when the current flowing through the resistor is 4 amperes, find the voltage across a resistor whose resistance is 3 ohms and when the current flowing through the current flowing through the resistor is 7 amperes.				230)
A) 21 V	B) 28 V	C) 12 V	D) 56 V	