Business Statistics in Practice 6th Edition Bowerman Test Bank

Chapter 02 - Descriptive Statistics: Tabular and Graphical Methods

Chapter 02 Descriptive Statistics: Tabular and Graphical Methods

True / False Questions

 A stem-and-leaf display is a graphical portrayal of a data set that shows the data set's overall pattern of variation.
 True False

2. The relative frequency is the frequency of a class divided by the total number of measurements. True False

3. A bar chart is a graphic that can be used to depict qualitative data. True False

4. Stem-and-leaf displays and dot plots are useful for detecting outliers. True False

5. A scatter plot can be used to identify outliers. True False

6. When looking at the shape of the distribution using a stem-and-leaf, a distribution is skewed to the right when the left tail is shorter than the right tail. True False

7. When we wish to summarize the proportion (or fraction) of items in a class we use the frequency distribution for each class. True False

8. When establishing the classes for a frequency table it is generally agreed that the more classes you use the better your frequency table will be. True False

9. The sample cumulative distribution function is non-decreasing. True False

10. A frequency table includes row and column percentages. True False

Multiple Choice Questions

- 11. A(n) _____ is a graph of a cumulative distribution.
- A. Histogram
- B. Scatter plot
- C. Ogive plot
- D. Pie Chart

12. _____ can be used to study the relationship between two variables.

- A. Crosstabulation tables
- B. Frequency tables
- C. Cumulative frequency distributions
- D. Dot plots

13. Row or column percentages can be found in:

- A. Frequency tables
- B. Relative frequency tables
- C. Crosstabulation tables
- D. Cumulative frequency tables

14. All of the following are used to describe quantitative data except the

A. Histogram

B. Stem and Leaf

- C. Dot Plot
- D. Pie Chart

15. An observation separated from the rest of the data is a(n)

- A. Absolute extreme
- B. Outlier
- C. Mode
- D. Quartile
- 16. Which of the following graphs is for qualitative data?
- A. Histogram
- B. Bar Chart
- C. Ogive plot
- D. Stem and leaf
- 17. A plot of the values of two variables is a _____ plot.
- A. Runs
- B. Scatter
- C. Dot
- D. Ogive plot
- 18. A Stem and Leaf display is best used to
- A. Provide a point estimate of the variability of the data set.
- B. Provide a point estimate of the central tendency of the data set.
- C. Display the shape of the distribution.
- D. None of the above.

19. When grouping a large sample of items into classes, the ______ is a better tool than the ______.

A. Histogram, stem and leaf display

B. Box plot, histogram

C. Stem and Leaf display, scatter plot

D. Scatter plot, box plot

20. A ______ displays the frequency of each group with qualitative data and a ______ displays the frequency of each group with quantitative data.

A. Histogram, stem and leaf display

B. Bar chart, histogram

C. Scatter plot, bar chart

D. Stem and leaf, pie chart

21. A ______ shows the relationship between two variables.

A. Stem-and-leaf

B. Bar chart

C. Histogram

D. Scatter Plot

E. Pie chart

22. A ______ can be used to differentiate the "vital few" causes of quality problems from the "trivial many" causes of quality problems.

A. Histogram

B. Scatter plot

C. Pareto chart

D. Ogive plot

E. Stem and leaf display

23. ______ and ______ are used to describe qualitative (categorical) data. A. Stem and leaf displays, scatter plots

B. Scatter plots, histograms

C. Box plots, bar charts

D. Bar charts, pie charts

E. Pie charts, histograms

24. Which one of the following statistical tools is used with quantitative data?

A. Bar chart

B. Histogram

C. Pie chart

D. Pareto chart

25. When developing a frequency distribution the class (group), intervals should be

A. large.

B. small.

C. integer.

D. mutually exclusive.

E. equal.

26. Which of the following graphical tools is not used to study the shapes of distributions? A. Stem-and-Leaf display

B. Scatter plot

C. Histogram

D. Dot plot

27. All of the following are used to describe qualitative data except the:

A. Bar chart

B. Pie chart

C. Histogram

D. Pareto Chart

28. If there are 130 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram?

- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 6
- D. 7
- E. 8

29. If there are 120 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram?

A. 4

B. 5

C. 6

D. 7

E. 8

30. If there are 62 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram?

A. 4

B. 5

C. 6

D. 7

E. 8

31. If there are 30 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram?

- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 6
- D. 7
- E. 8

32. A CFO is looking at how much of a company's resources are spent on computing. He samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf graph.

5	269
6	255568999
7	11224557789
8	001222458
9	02455679
10	1556
11	137
12	
13	255

What is the approximate shape of the distribution of the data?

- A. Normal
- B. Skewed to the right
- C. Skewed to the left
- D. Bimodal
- E. Uniform

33. A CFO is looking at how much of a company's resources are spent on computing. He samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf graph.

5	269
6	255568999
7	11224557789
8	001222458
9	02455679
10	1556
11	137
12	
13	255

What is the smallest percent spent on R&D?

- A. 5.9
- B. 5.6
- C. 5.2
- D. 5.02
- E. 50.2

34. A CFO is looking at how much of a company's resources are spent on computing. He samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf graph.

5	269
6	255568999
7	11224557789
8	001222458
9	02455679
10	1556
11	137
12	
13	255

If a frequency histogram were to be created using these data, how many classes would you create?

A. 4

B. 5

C. 6

D. 7

E. 8

35. A CFO is looking at how much of a company's resources are spent on computing. He samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf graph.

5	269
6	255568999
7	11224557789
8	001222458
9	02455679
10	1556
11	137
12	
13	255

What would be the class length that would be used in creating a frequency histogram?

A. 1.4

B. 8.3

C. 1.2

D. 1.7

E. 0.9

36. A CFO is looking at how much of a company's resources are spent on computing. He samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf graph.

5	269
6	255568999
7	11224557789
8	001222458
9	02455679
10	1556
11	137
12	
13	255

What would be the first class interval for the frequency histogram?

A. 5.2 - 6.5 B. 5.2 - 6.0 C. 5.0 - 6.0 D. 5.2 - 6.6 E. 5.2 - 6.4

37. The US local airport keeps track of the percentage of flights arriving within 15 minutes of their scheduled arrivals. The stem-and-leaf plot of the data for one year is below:

76	9
77	114
78	
79	07
80	88
81	2
82	1
83	88

How many flights were used in this plot?

- A. 7
- B. 9
- C. 10
- D. 11
- E. 12

38. The US local airport keeps track of the percentage of flights arriving within 15 minutes of their scheduled arrivals. The stem-and-leaf plot of the data for one year is below:

76	9
77	114
78	
79	07
80	88
81	2
82	1
83	88

In developing a histogram of these data, how many classes would be used?

- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 6
- D. 7
- E. 8

39. The US local airport keeps track of the percentage of flights arriving within 15 minutes of their scheduled arrivals. The stem-and-leaf plot of the data for one year is below:

76	9
77	114
78	
79	07
80	88
81	2
82	1
83	88

What would be the class length for creating the frequency histogram?

- A. 1.4
- B. 0.8
- C. 2.7
- D. 1.7
- E. 2.3

40. A company collected the ages from a random sample of its middle managers with the resulting frequency distribution shown below:

Class Interval	Frequency
20 to <25	8
25 to < 30	6
30 to <35	5
35 to <40	12
40 to < 45	15
45 to < 50	7

What would be the approximate shape of the relative frequency histogram?

- A. Symmetrical
- B. Uniform
- C. Multiple peak
- D. Skewed to the left
- E. Skewed to the right

41. A company collected the ages from a random sample of its middle managers with the resulting frequency distribution shown below:

Class Interval	Frequency
20 to <25	8
25 to < 30	6
30 to <35	5
35 to <40	12
40 to < 45	15
45 to < 50	7

What is the relative frequency for the largest interval?

- A. .132
- B. .226
- C. .231
- D. .283
- E. .288

42. A company collected the ages from a random sample of its middle managers with the resulting frequency distribution shown below:

• • •	
Class Interval	Frequency
20 to <25	8
25 to < 30	6
30 to <35	5
35 to <40	12
40 to < 45	15
45 to < 50	7

What is the midpoint of the third class interval?

A. 22.5

B. 27.5

C. 32.5

D. 37.5

E. 42.5

43. The 550 students answered an additional question with the following results based on their rating of their instructor:

	Very or Somewhat Effective	Very or Somewhat Ineffective
Final Grade		
А	190	85
В	75	120
С	20	17
D	9	18
F	1	15

What proportion of the students who rated their instructor as very or somewhat effective received a B or better in the class?

A. 0.345

B. 0.254

C. 0.482

D. 0.898

E. 0.644

44. The 550 students answered an additional question with the following results based on their rating of their instructor:

	Very or Somewhat Effective	Very or Somewhat Ineffective
Final Grade		
А	190	85
В	75	120
С	20	17
D	9	18
F	1	15

What proportion of all 550 students received less than a C?

A. 0.03

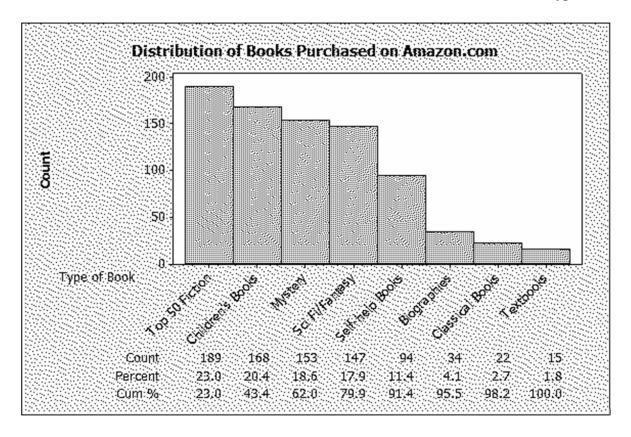
B. 0.06

C. 0.08

D. 0.13

E. 0.15

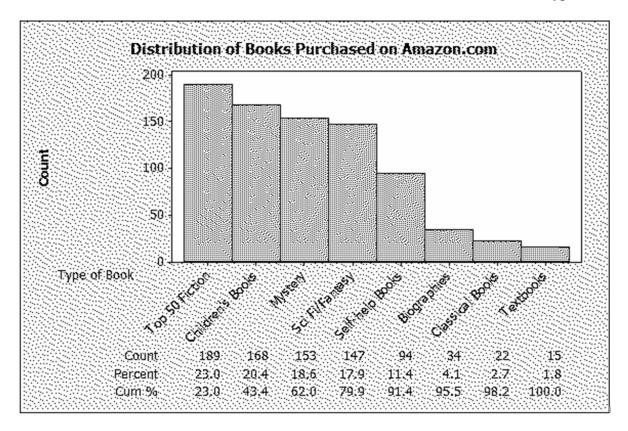
45. 822 customers were randomly selected from those who had recently bought a book over the internet. The chart below shows the breakdown of the classification of the book type:



What percentage of the books purchased were either mystery or science fiction/fantasy?

- A. 18.61
- B. 36.50
- C. 17.88
- D. 24.33
- E. 22.99

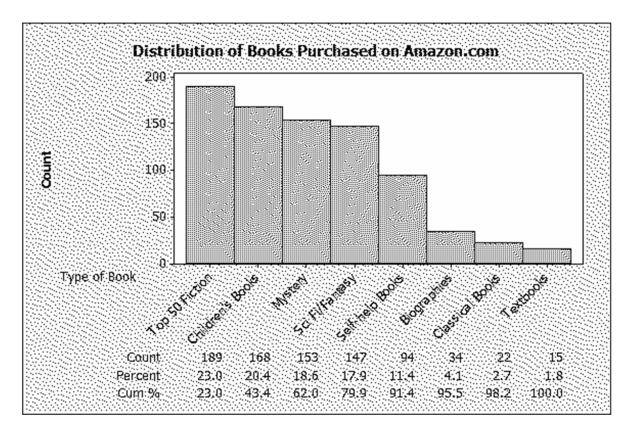
46. 822 customers were randomly selected from those who had recently bought a book over the internet. The chart below shows the breakdown of the classification of the book type:



What percentage of the books purchased were self-help books?

- A. 11.44%
- B. .1144%
- C. 1.82%
- D. 0.0182%
- E. 0.940%

47. 822 customers were randomly selected from those who had recently bought a book over the internet. The chart below shows the breakdown of the classification of the book type:



What percentages of books were in the top two categories?

- A. 22.99
- B. 20.44
- C. 4.50
- D. 43.43
- E. .4343

48. A graphical display of categorical data made up of vertical or horizontal bars is called a

A. Pie Chart

- B. Pareto Chart
- C. Bar Chart
- D. Ogive Plot

49. A flaw possessed by a population or sample unit is _____.

- A. always random
- B. a defect
- C. displayed by a dot plot
- D. the cause for extreme skewness to the right

50. A graphical portrayal of a data set that divides the data into classes and gives the frequency of each class is a(n) _____.

- A. Ogive Plot
- B. Dot Plot
- C. Histogram
- D. Pareto Chart
- E. Bar Chart
- 51. The number of measurements falling within a class interval is called the _____.
- A. Frequency
- B. Relative frequency
- C. Leaf
- D. Cumulative sum

52. A relative frequency curve having a long tail to the right is said to be _____.

- A. Skewed to the left
- B. Normal
- C. A scatterplot
- D. Skewed to the right

53. The percentage of measurements in a class is called the _____ of that class.

- A. Frequency
- B. Relative frequency
- C. Leaf
- D. Cumulative percentage

54. A histogram that tails out towards larger values is _____.

A. Skewed to the left

B. Normal

C. A scatterplot

D. Skewed to the right

55. A histogram that tails out towards smaller values is _____.

A. Skewed to the left

B. Normal

C. A scatterplot

D. Skewed to the right

56. A(n) ______ is a graphical display of categorical data made up of vertical or horizontal bars.

A. Pareto chart

B. Bar chart

C. Ogive plot

D. Histogram

57. A ______ can be used to differential the "vital few" causes of quality problems from the "trivial many" causes of quality problems.

A. Pareto chart

B. Bar chart

C. Ogive plot

D. Cross tabulation table

58. A ______ is a graph of cumulative distribution.

A. Bar chart

B. Relative frequency histogram

- C. Frequency histogram
- D. Ogive plot

	0	U			-		
1.	11.5	6.	13.7	11.	11	16.	14.5
2.	13.5	7.	14	12.	13	17.	15.5
3.	12.5	8.	12	13.	16.7	18.	13
4.	15.2	9.	12.7	14.	12.5	19.	18.2
5.	14.7	10.	12.5	15.	11.5	20.	11.7
Δς	kewed to the	a left					

59. Using the following data, describe the shape of the data distribution.

A. Skewed to the left

B. Bi-model

C. Normal

D. Skewed to the right

60. Using the following data, what would be the range of the values of the stem in a stem and leaf display?

1.	11.5	6.	13.7	11.	11	16.	14.5
2.	13.5	7.	14	12.	13	17.	15.5
3.	12.5	8.	12	13.	16.7	18.	13
4.	15.2	9.	12.7	14.	12.5	19.	18.2
5.	14.7	10.	12.5	15.	11.5	20.	11.7
A. 1 B. 1 C. 1 D. 1 E. 12	0-18 2-17						

61. Using the following data, what would be the leaf unit in a stem and leaf display?

1.	11.5	6.	13.7	11.	11	16.	14.5
2.	13.5	7.	14	12.	13	17.	15.5
3.	12.5	8.	12	13.	16.7	18.	13
4.	15.2	9.	12.7	14.	12.5	19.	18.2
5.	14.7	10.	12.5	15.	11.5	20.	11.7

A. 1.0

B. 10

C. .10

D. .01

E. .20

62. Consider the following data on distances traveled by people to visit the local amusement park and calculate the relative frequency for the shortest distance.

Distance	Frequency
1-8 miles	15
9-16 miles	12
17-24 miles	7
25-32 miles	5
33-40 miles	1

A. .375

B. .150

C. .500

D. .300

E. .333

63. Consider the following data on distances traveled by people to visit the local amusement park and calculate the relative frequency for the distances over 24 miles.

Distance	Frequency
1-8 miles	15
9-16 miles	12
17-24 miles	7
25-32 miles	5
33-40 miles	1

A. .375

B. .150

C. .125

D. .025

E. .325

Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

64. The following is a partial relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

Find the relative frequency for B grade

A. .78

B. .27

C. .65

D. .37

E. .47

65. The following is a relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	.37
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

If this was the distribution of 200 students, find the frequency for the highest two grades:

A. 44

B. 118

C. 59

D. 74

E. 35

Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	.37
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

66. The following is a relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

If this was the distribution of 200 students, find the frequency of failures:

A. 12

B. 6

C. 23

D. 46

E. 3

67. The following is a relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	.37
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

If we wish to depict these data using a pie chart, find how many degrees should be assigned to the highest grade of A.

A. 61.1

B. 22.0

C. 79.2

D. 90.0

E. 212.40

68. Recently an advertising company called 200 people and asked to identify the company that was in an ad running nationwide. The following results were obtained:

	Female	Male	Total
Correctly recalled the company	66	50	116
Incorrectly recalled the company	44	40	84
Total	110	90	200

What percentage of those surveyed were female and could not recall the company? A. 40.0%

B. 22.0%

D. 22.0% C. 52.4%

D. 66.7%

E. 37.9%

69. Recently an advertising company called 200 people and asked to identify the company that was in an ad running nationwide. The following results were obtained:

	Female	Male	Total
Correctly recalled the company	66	50	116
Incorrectly recalled the company	44	40	84
Total	110	90	200

What percentage of those surveyed could not correctly recall the company?

A. 58.00%

B. 56.89%

C. 55.00%

D. 43.10%

E. 42.00%

70. The local electronics retailer has recently conducted a study on purchasers of large screen televisions. The study recorded the type of television and the credit account balance of the customer at the time of purchase. The following results were obtained:

	Standard TV	LCD	Plasma	Projection
Under \$200	10	16	40	5
\$200-\$800	8	12	24	15
Over \$800	16	12	16	30
Total	34	40	80	50

What percentage of purchases were Plasma televisions by customers with the smallest credit balances?

- A. 50.00%
- B. 39.20%
- C. 56.30%
- D. 34.80%

E. 19.6%

71. The local electronics retailer has recently conducted a study on purchasers of large screen televisions. The study recorded the type of television and the credit account balance of the customer at the time of purchase. The following results were obtained:

	Standard TV	LCD	Plasma	Projection
Under \$200	10	16	40	5
\$200-\$800	8	12	24	15
Over \$800	16	12	16	30
Total	34	40	80	50

What percentage of the customers with the highest credit balances purchased an LCD television?

A. 36.30%

- B. 5.90%
- C. 19.60%
- D. 56.30%

E. 16.20%

72. The number of weekly sales calls by a sample of 25 pharmaceutical salespersons is below: 24, 56, 43, 35, 37, 27, 29, 44, 34, 28, 33, 28, 46, 31, 38, 41, 48, 38, 27, 29, 37, 33, 31, 40, 50 How many classes should be used in the construction of a histogram?

A. 4

B. 6

C. 10

D. 5

E. 2

73. The number of weekly sales calls by a sample of 25 pharmaceutical salespersons is below: 24, 56, 43, 35, 37, 27, 29, 44, 34, 28, 33, 28, 46, 31, 38, 41, 48, 38, 27, 29, 37, 33, 31, 40, 50 What is the shape of the distribution of the data?

A. Skewed with tail to the right

B. Skewed with tail to the left

C. Normal

D. Bi-model

74. The number of items rejected daily by a manufacturer because of defects for the last 30 days are: 20, 21, 8, 17, 22, 19, 18, 19, 14, 17, 11, 6, 21, 25, 4, 19, 9, 12, 16, 16, 10, 28, 24, 6, 21, 20, 25, 5, 17, 8

How many classes should be used in the construction of a histogram?

A. 6

B. 5

C. 7

D. 4

E. 8

Essay Questions

75. The number of weekly sales calls by a sample of 25 pharmaceutical salespersons is below: 24, 56, 43, 35, 37, 27, 29, 44, 34, 28, 33, 28, 46, 31, 38, 41, 48, 38, 27, 29, 37, 33, 31, 40, 50 Construct an Ogive plot

76. The number of items rejected daily by a manufacturer because of defects for the last 30 days are: 20, 21, 8, 17, 22, 19, 18, 19, 14, 17, 11, 6, 21, 25, 4, 19, 9, 12, 16, 16, 10, 28, 24, 6, 21, 20, 25, 5, 17, 8

Complete this	s frequency	table for	these data

	Frequency	Rel Freq	Cum Freq
4 < 9			
9 < 14			
14 < 19			
19 < 24			
24 < 29			

77. The number of items rejected daily by a manufacturer because of defects for the last 30 days are: 20, 21, 8, 17, 22, 19, 18, 19, 14, 17, 11, 6, 21, 25, 4, 19, 9, 12, 16, 16, 10, 28, 24, 6, 21, 20, 25, 5, 17, 8

Construct a stem-and-leaf plot.

78. The number of items rejected daily by a manufacturer because of defects for the last 30 days are: 20, 21, 8, 17, 22, 19, 18, 19, 14, 17, 11, 6, 21, 25, 4, 19, 9, 12, 16, 16, 10, 28, 24, 6, 21, 20, 25, 5, 17, 8 Construct an Ogive plot

79. Consider the following data:

1.	11.5	6.	13.7	11.	11	16.	14.5
2.	13.5	7.	14	12.	13	17.	15.5
3.	12.5	8.	12	13.	16.7	18.	13
4.	15.2	9.	12.7	14.	12.5	19.	18.2
5.	14.7	10.	12.5	15.	11.5	20.	11.7

Create a stem and leaf display for the sample.

80. Consider the following data on distances traveled by people to visit the local amusement park.

Distance	Frequency
1-8 miles	15
9-16 miles	12
17-24 miles	7
25-32 miles	5
33-40 miles	1

Construct an Ogive plot that corresponds to the frequency table.

81. The following is a relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	.37
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

If this was the distribution of 200 students, give the frequency distribution for this data:

82. The following is a relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	.37
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

Construct a percent frequency bar chart for this data.

83. The following is a relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

Grade	Relative Frequency
Α	.22
В	.37
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

If we wish to depict these data using a pie chart, find how many degrees (out of 360 degrees) should be assigned to each grade.

Class	Frequency	Rel	Cum Rel Freq
		Frequency	
7.85 <			0.12
< 8.05			0.48
8.05 <		0.24	
<8.25		0.10	
8.25 <			

84. Fill in the missing components of the following frequency distribution constructed for a sample size of 50.

85. Recently an advertising company called 200 people and asked to identify the company that was in an ad running nationwide. The following results were obtained:

	Female	Male	Total
Correctly recalled the company	66	50	116
Incorrectly recalled the company	44	40	84
Total	110	90	200

Construct a table of row percentages

86. Recently an advertising company called 200 people and asked to identify the company that was in an ad running nationwide. The following results were obtained:

	Female	Male	Total
Correctly recalled the company	66	50	116
Incorrectly recalled the company	44	40	84
Total	110	90	200

Construct a table of column percentages

87. The local electronics retailer has recently conducted a study on purchasers of large screen televisions. The study recorded the type of television and the credit account balance of the customer at the time of purchase. The following results were obtained:

	Standard TV	LCD	Plasma	Projection
Under \$200	10	16	40	5
\$200-\$800	8	12	24	15
Over \$800	16	12	16	30
Total	34	40	80	50

Construct a table of row percentages.

88. The local electronics retailer has recently conducted a study on purchasers of large screen televisions. The study recorded the type of television and the credit account balance of the customer at the time of purchase. The following results were obtained:

	Standard TV	LCD	Plasma	Projection
Under \$200	10	16	40	5
\$200-\$800	8	12	24	15
Over \$800	16	12	16	30
Total	34	40	80	50

Construct a table of column percentages.

89. Math test anxiety can be found throughout the general population. A study of 116 seniors at a local high school was conducted. The following table was produced from the data. Complete the missing parts.

Score Range	Frequency	Rel Frequency	Cum Freq Dist
Very anxious 37-50		0.19	
Anxious/tense 33-36	8		0.26
Some mild anxiety 27-32			
Generally relaxed 20-26	24		0.67
Very relaxed 10-19		0.33	

90. The number of weekly sales calls by a sample of 25 pharmaceutical salespersons is below: 24, 56, 43, 35, 37, 27, 29, 44, 34, 28, 33, 28, 46, 31, 38, 41, 48, 38, 27, 29, 37, 33, 31, 40, 50 Construct a histogram

91. The number of weekly sales calls by a sample of 25 pharmaceutical salespersons is below: 24, 56, 43, 35, 37, 27, 29, 44, 34, 28, 33, 28, 46, 31, 38, 41, 48, 38, 27, 29, 37, 33, 31, 40, 50 Construct a stem-and-leaf plot.

Chapter 02 Descriptive Statistics: Tabular and Graphical Methods Answer Key

True / False Questions

1. A stem-and-leaf display is a graphical portrayal of a data set that shows the data set's overall pattern of variation. **TRUE**

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Stem And Leaf

2. The relative frequency is the frequency of a class divided by the total number of measurements. **TRUE**

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

3. A bar chart is a graphic that can be used to depict qualitative data. **TRUE**

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy Topic: Bar Chart

4. Stem-and-leaf displays and dot plots are useful for detecting outliers. \underline{TRUE}

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Stem And Leaf

5. A scatter plot can be used to identify outliers. **FALSE**

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Scatter Plot

6. When looking at the shape of the distribution using a stem-and-leaf, a distribution is skewed to the right when the left tail is shorter than the right tail. **TRUE**

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Stem And Leaf

7. When we wish to summarize the proportion (or fraction) of items in a class we use the frequency distribution for each class. **FALSE**

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

8. When establishing the classes for a frequency table it is generally agreed that the more classes you use the better your frequency table will be. **FALSE**

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy Topic: Histogram

9. The sample cumulative distribution function is non-decreasing. **TRUE**

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Quantitative Data

10. A frequency table includes row and column percentages. **FALSE**

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

Multiple Choice Questions

11. A(n) ______ is a graph of a cumulative distribution.
A. Histogram
B. Scatter plot
C. Ogive plot
D. Pie Chart

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Quantitative Data

12. _____ can be used to study the relationship between two variables.

<u>A.</u> Crosstabulation tables

B. Frequency tables

C. Cumulative frequency distributions

D. Dot plots

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy Topic: Crosstabulation

13. Row or column percentages can be found in:

A. Frequency tables

B. Relative frequency tables

<u>C.</u> Crosstabulation tables

D. Cumulative frequency tables

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Crosstabulation

14. All of the following are used to describe quantitative data except the A. Histogram
B. Stem and Leaf
C. Dot Plot
D. Pie Chart

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

15. An observation separated from the rest of the data is a(n)
A. Absolute extreme
B. Outlier
C. Mode
D. Quartile

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy Topic: Graphing Quantitative Data

16. Which of the following graphs is for qualitative data?

A. Histogram

<u>B.</u> Bar Chart

C. Ogive plot

D. Stem and leaf

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

17. A plot of the values of two variables is a _____ plot.
A. Runs
<u>B.</u> Scatter
C. Dot
D. Ogive plot

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Scatter Plot

18. A Stem and Leaf display is best used to

A. Provide a point estimate of the variability of the data set.

B. Provide a point estimate of the central tendency of the data set.

<u>C.</u> Display the shape of the distribution.

D. None of the above.

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Stem And Leaf

19. When grouping a large sample of items into classes, the ______ is a better tool than the _____

A. Histogram, stem and leaf display

B. Box plot, histogram

C. Stem and Leaf display, scatter plot

D. Scatter plot, box plot

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Comprehension Difficulty: Hard Topic: Graphing Quantitative Data

20. A ______ displays the frequency of each group with qualitative data and a displays the frequency of each group with quantitative data.

A. Histogram, stem and leaf display

B. Bar chart, histogram

C. Scatter plot, bar chart

D. Stem and leaf, pie chart

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graph

21. A ______ shows the relationship between two variables.

A. Stem-and-leaf

B. Bar chart

C. Histogram

D. Scatter Plot

E. Pie chart

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Scatter Plot

22. A ______ can be used to differentiate the "vital few" causes of quality problems from the "trivial many" causes of quality problems.

A. Histogram

B. Scatter plot

<u>C.</u> Pareto chart

- D. Ogive plot
- E. Stem and leaf display

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

23. ______ and _____ are used to describe qualitative (categorical) data.

A. Stem and leaf displays, scatter plots

B. Scatter plots, histograms

C. Box plots, bar charts

D. Bar charts, pie charts

E. Pie charts, histograms

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

24. Which one of the following statistical tools is used with quantitative data?

A. Bar chart

<u>B.</u> Histogram

C. Pie chart

D. Pareto chart

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Quantitative Data

25. When developing a frequency distribution the class (group), intervals should be

A. large.

B. small.

C. integer.

<u>D.</u> mutually exclusive. E. equal.

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Hard Topic: Histogram

26. Which of the following graphical tools is not used to study the shapes of distributions?

A. Stem-and-Leaf display

<u>B.</u> Scatter plot

C. Histogram

D. Dot plot

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Comprehension Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Quantitative Data

27. All of the following are used to describe qualitative data except the:

A. Bar chart

B. Pie chart

C. Histogram

D. Pareto Chart

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

28. If there are 130 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram?

A. 4

B. 5

C. 6

D. 7

<u>E.</u> 8

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

29. If there are 120 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram?

A. 4 B. 5

в. 5 С. 6

<u>D.</u> 7

E. 8

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

30. If there are 62 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram?

A. 4 B. 5 <u>C.</u> 6 D. 7

E. 8

L. 0

31. If there are 30 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency histogram?

- A. 4 <u>**B.**</u> 5
- <u>D.</u> 5 C. 6
- D. 7
- E. 8
- L. 0

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

32. A CFO is looking at how much of a company's resources are spent on computing. He samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf graph.

5	269
6	255568999
7	11224557789
8	001222458
9	02455679
10	1556
11	137
12	
13	255

What is the approximate shape of the distribution of the data?

- A. Normal
- **<u>B.</u>** Skewed to the right
- C. Skewed to the left
- D. Bimodal
- E. Uniform

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Analysis Difficulty: Medium Topic: Stem And Leaf

33. A CFO is looking at how much of a company's resources are spent on computing. He samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf graph.

5	269
6	255568999
7	11224557789
8	001222458
9	02455679
10	1556
11	137
12	
13	255

What is the smallest percent spent on R&D?

A. 5.9 B. 5.6 <u>C.</u> 5.2 D. 5.02 E. 50.2

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Stem And Leaf

34. A CFO is looking at how much of a company's resources are spent on computing. He samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf graph.

5	269
6	255568999
7	11224557789
8	001222458
9	02455679
10	1556
11	137
12	
13	255

If a frequency histogram were to be created using these data, how many classes would you create?

A. 4 B. 5

<u>C.</u>6

D. 7

E. 8

35. A CFO is looking at how much of a company's resources are spent on computing. He samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf graph.

5	269
6	255568999
7	11224557789
8	001222458
9	02455679
10	1556
11	137
12	
13	255

What would be the class length that would be used in creating a frequency histogram?

<u>A.</u> 1.4 B. 8.3 C. 1.2 D. 1.7 E. 0.9

36. A CFO is looking at how much of a company's resources are spent on computing. He samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-leaf graph.

5	269
6	255568999
7	11224557789
8	001222458
9	02455679
10	1556
11	137
12	
13	255

What would be the first class interval for the frequency histogram?

A. 5.2 - 6.5 B. 5.2 - 6.0 C. 5.0 - 6.0 D. 5.2 - 6.6 <u>E.</u> 5.2 - 6.4

37. The US local airport keeps track of the percentage of flights arriving within 15 minutes of their scheduled arrivals. The stem-and-leaf plot of the data for one year is below:

76	9
77	114
78	
79	07
80	88
81	2
82	1
83	88

How many flights were used in this plot?

A. 7

B. 9

C. 10

D. 11

<u>E.</u> 12

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Stem And Leaf 38. The US local airport keeps track of the percentage of flights arriving within 15 minutes of their scheduled arrivals. The stem-and-leaf plot of the data for one year is below:

76	9
77	114
78	
79	07
80	88
81	2
82	1
83	88

In developing a histogram of these data, how many classes would be used?

<u>**A.</u> 4</u> B. 5</u>**

С. б

D. 7

E. 8

39. The US local airport keeps track of the percentage of flights arriving within 15 minutes of their scheduled arrivals. The stem-and-leaf plot of the data for one year is below:

76	9
77	114
78	
79	07
80	88
81	2
82	1
83	88

What would be the class length for creating the frequency histogram?

A. 1.4 B. 0.8 C. 2.7

<u>**D.**</u> 1.7 Е. 2.3

40. A company collected the ages from a random sample of its middle managers with the resulting frequency distribution shown below:

Class Interval	Frequency
20 to <25	8
25 to < 30	6
30 to <35	5
35 to <40	12
40 to < 45	15
45 to < 50	7

What would be the approximate shape of the relative frequency histogram?

- A. Symmetrical
- B. Uniform
- C. Multiple peak
- **D.** Skewed to the left
- E. Skewed to the right

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Comprehension Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

41. A company collected the ages from a random sample of its middle managers with the resulting frequency distribution shown below:

Class Interval	Frequency
20 to <25	8
25 to < 30	6
30 to <35	5
35 to <40	12
40 to < 45	15
45 to < 50	7

What is the relative frequency for the largest interval?

- A. .132 B. .226 C. .231 <u>D.</u> .283
- E. .288

42. A company collected the ages from a random sample of its middle managers with the resulting frequency distribution shown below:

Class Interval	Frequency
20 to <25	8
25 to < 30	6
30 to <35	5
35 to <40	12
40 to < 45	15
45 to < 50	7

What is the midpoint of the third class interval?

A. 22.5 B. 27.5 <u>C.</u> 32.5 D. 37.5

E. 42.5

rating of their instructor.		
	Very or Somewhat Effective	Very or Somewhat Ineffective
Final Grade		
А	190	85
В	75	120
С	20	17
D	9	18
F	1	15

43. The 550 students answered an additional question with the following results based on their rating of their instructor:

What proportion of the students who rated their instructor as very or somewhat effective received a B or better in the class?

A. 0.345

B. 0.254 C. 0.482

<u>D.</u> 0.898

E. 0.644

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Hard Topic: Crosstabulation

44. The 550 students answered an additional question with the following results based on their rating of their instructor:

	Very or Somewhat Effective	Very or Somewhat Ineffective
Final Grade		
А	190	85
В	75	120
С	20	17
D	9	18
F	1	15

What proportion of all 550 students received less than a C?

A. 0.03

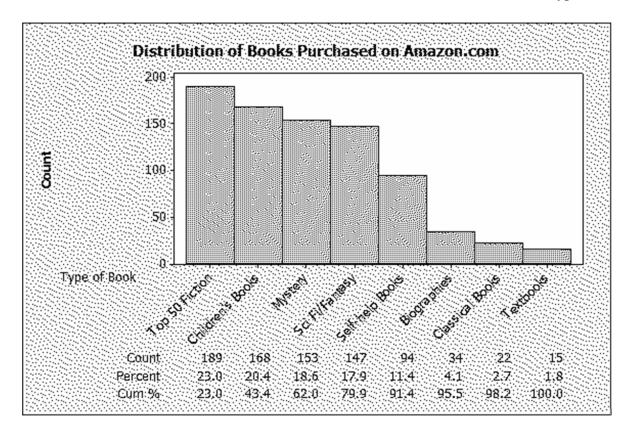
B. 0.06

<u>C.</u> 0.08 D. 0.13

E. 0.15

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Hard Topic: Crosstabulation

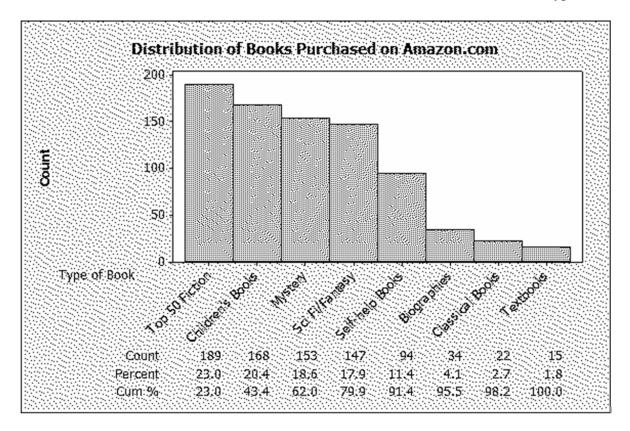
45. 822 customers were randomly selected from those who had recently bought a book over the internet. The chart below shows the breakdown of the classification of the book type:



What percentage of the books purchased were either mystery or science fiction/fantasy?

- A. 18.61
- <u>**B.</u> 36.50</u></u>**
- C. 17.88
- D. 24.33
- E. 22.99

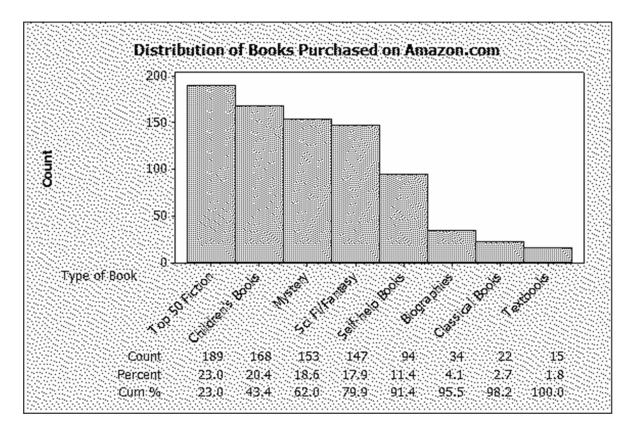
AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Easy Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data 46. 822 customers were randomly selected from those who had recently bought a book over the internet. The chart below shows the breakdown of the classification of the book type:



What percentage of the books purchased were self-help books?

- <u>**A.</u> 11.44%**</u>
- B. .1144%
- C. 1.82%
- D. 0.0182%
- E. 0.940%

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Easy Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data 47. 822 customers were randomly selected from those who had recently bought a book over the internet. The chart below shows the breakdown of the classification of the book type:



What percentages of books were in the top two categories?

- A. 22.99
- B. 20.44
- C. 4.50
- **D.** 43.43
- E. .4343

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

48. A graphical display of categorical data made up of vertical or horizontal bars is called a

A. Pie Chart B. Pareto Chart C. Bar Chart

D. Ogive Plot

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

49. A flaw possessed by a population or sample unit is _____.

- A. always random
- **<u>B.</u>** a defect
- C. displayed by a dot plot
- D. the cause for extreme skewness to the right

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

50. A graphical portrayal of a data set that divides the data into classes and gives the frequency of each class is a(n) _____.

- A. Ogive Plot
- B. Dot Plot
- C. Histogram
- D. Pareto Chart
- E. Bar Chart

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

51. The number of measurements falling within a class interval is called the _____.

<u>A.</u> Frequency

B. Relative frequency

C. Leaf

D. Cumulative sum

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

52. A relative frequency curve having a long tail to the right is said to be _____.

A. Skewed to the left

B. Normal

C. A scatterplot **D.** Skewed to the right

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Quantitative Data

53. The percentage of measurements in a class is called the _____ of that class.
A. Frequency
B. Relative frequency
C. Leaf
D. Cumulative percentage

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

54. A histogram that tails out towards larger values is _____.

A. Skewed to the left

B. Normal

C. A scatterplot

<u>D.</u> Skewed to the right

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

55. A histogram that tails out towards smaller values is _____.
<u>A.</u> Skewed to the left
B. Normal
C. A scatterplot
D. Skewed to the right

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

56. A(n) ______ is a graphical display of categorical data made up of vertical or horizontal bars.
A. Pareto chart
B. Bar chart
C. Ogive plot

D. Histogram

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

57. A ______ can be used to differential the "vital few" causes of quality problems from the "trivial many" causes of quality problems.

<u>A.</u> Pareto chart

B. Bar chart

- C. Ogive plot
- D. Cross tabulation table

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

58. A ______ is a graph of cumulative distribution.

A. Bar chart

- B. Relative frequency histogram
- C. Frequency histogram

<u>D.</u> Ogive plot

AACSB: Reflective Thinking Bloom's: Knowledge Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Quantitative Data

59. Using the following data, describe the shape of the data distribution.

1.	11.5	6.	13.7	11.	11	16.	14.5
2.	13.5	7.	14	12.	13	17.	15.5
3.	12.5	8.	12	13.	16.7	18.	13
4.	15.2	9.	12.7	14.	12.5	19.	18.2
5.	14.7	10.	12.5	15.	11.5	20.	11.7

A. Skewed to the left

B. Bi-model

C. Normal

D. Skewed to the right

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Summarizing Quantitative Data

leaf display?						
1. 11.5	6.	13.7	11.	11	16.	14.5
2. 13.5	7.	14	12.	13	17.	15.5
3. 12.5	8.	12	13.	16.7	18.	13
4. 15.2	9.	12.7	14.	12.5	19.	18.2
5. 14.7	10.	12.5	15.	11.5	20.	11.7
A. 11-17						
<u>B.</u> 11-18						
C. 10-18						
D. 12-17						
E. 12-18						

60. Using the following data, what would be the range of the values of the stem in a stem and leaf display?

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Stem And Leaf

61. Using the following data, what would be the leaf unit in a stem and leaf display?

1.	11.5	6.	13.7	11.	11	16.	14.5
2.	13.5	7.	14	12.	13	17.	15.5
3.	12.5	8.	12	13.	16.7	18.	13
4.	15.2	9.	12.7	14.	12.5	19.	18.2
5.	14.7	10.	12.5	15.	11.5	20.	11.7

A. 1.0 B. 10 <u>C.</u> .10 D. .01 E. .20

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Stem And Leaf

62. Consider the following data on distances traveled by people to visit the local amusement park and calculate the relative frequency for the shortest distance.

Distance	Frequency
1-8 miles	15
9-16 miles	12
17-24 miles	7
25-32 miles	5
33-40 miles	1

<u>A.</u> .375 B. .150

C. .500

D. .300

E. .333

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Easy Topic: Histogram

63. Consider the following data on distances traveled by people to visit the local amusement park and calculate the relative frequency for the distances over 24 miles.

Distance	Frequency
1-8 miles	15
9-16 miles	12
17-24 miles	7
25-32 miles	5
33-40 miles	1

A. .375

B. .150

C. .125

D. .025

E. .325

Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

64. The following is a partial relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

Find the relative frequency for B grade

A. .78

B. .27

C. .65

<u>D.</u> .37

E. .47

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Easy Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

65. The following is a relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	.37
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

If this was the distribution of 200 students, find the frequency for the highest two grades:

A. 44

<u>**B.**</u> 118

C. 59

D. 74

E. 35

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

66. The following is a relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	.37
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

If this was the distribution of 200 students, find the frequency of failures:

<u>A.</u> 12 B. 6

C. 23

D. 46

E. 3

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	.37
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

67. The following is a relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

If we wish to depict these data using a pie chart, find how many degrees should be assigned to the highest grade of A.

A. 61.1 B. 22.0 <u>C.</u> 79.2

D. 90.0

E. 212.40

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Qualitative Data

68. Recently an advertising company called 200 people and asked to identify the company that was in an ad running nationwide. The following results were obtained:

	Female	Male	Total
Correctly recalled the company	66	50	116
Incorrectly recalled the company	44	40	84
Total	110	90	200

What percentage of those surveyed were female and could not recall the company? A. 40.0%

A. 40.070

<u>**B.</u></u> 22.0% C. 52.4%</u>**

D. 66.7%

E. 37.9%

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Crosstabulation 69. Recently an advertising company called 200 people and asked to identify the company that was in an ad running nationwide. The following results were obtained:

	Female	Male	Total
Correctly recalled the company	66	50	116
Incorrectly recalled the company	44	40	84
Total	110	90	200

What percentage of those surveyed could not correctly recall the company?

<u>A.</u> 58.00%

B. 56.89%

C. 55.00%

D. 43.10%

E. 42.00%

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Crosstabulation

70. The local electronics retailer has recently conducted a study on purchasers of large screen televisions. The study recorded the type of television and the credit account balance of the customer at the time of purchase. The following results were obtained:

	Standard TV	LCD	Plasma	Projection
Under \$200	10	16	40	5
\$200-\$800	8	12	24	15
Over \$800	16	12	16	30
Total	34	40	80	50

What percentage of purchases were Plasma televisions by customers with the smallest credit balances?

A. 50.00%

B. 39.20%

C. 56.30%

D. 34.80%

<u>E.</u> 19.6%

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Crosstabulation

71. The local electronics retailer has recently conducted a study on purchasers of large screen televisions. The study recorded the type of television and the credit account balance of the customer at the time of purchase. The following results were obtained:

	Standard TV	LCD	Plasma	Projection
Under \$200	10	16	40	5
\$200-\$800	8	12	24	15
Over \$800	16	12	16	30
Total	34	40	80	50

What percentage of the customers with the highest credit balances purchased an LCD television?

A. 36.30%

<u>**B.</u> 5.90%**</u>

C. 19.60%

D. 56.30%

E. 16.20%

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Crosstabulation

72. The number of weekly sales calls by a sample of 25 pharmaceutical salespersons is below: 24, 56, 43, 35, 37, 27, 29, 44, 34, 28, 33, 28, 46, 31, 38, 41, 48, 38, 27, 29, 37, 33, 31, 40, 50 How many classes should be used in the construction of a histogram?

A. 4

B. 6

C. 10

<u>D.</u> 5

E. 2

73. The number of weekly sales calls by a sample of 25 pharmaceutical salespersons is below: 24, 56, 43, 35, 37, 27, 29, 44, 34, 28, 33, 28, 46, 31, 38, 41, 48, 38, 27, 29, 37, 33, 31, 40, 50 What is the shape of the distribution of the data?

A. Skewed with tail to the right

B. Skewed with tail to the left

C. Normal

D. Bi-model

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Summarizing Quantitative Data

74. The number of items rejected daily by a manufacturer because of defects for the last 30 days are: 20, 21, 8, 17, 22, 19, 18, 19, 14, 17, 11, 6, 21, 25, 4, 19, 9, 12, 16, 16, 10, 28, 24, 6, 21, 20, 25, 5, 17, 8

How many classes should be used in the construction of a histogram?

A. 6

<u>B.</u> 5

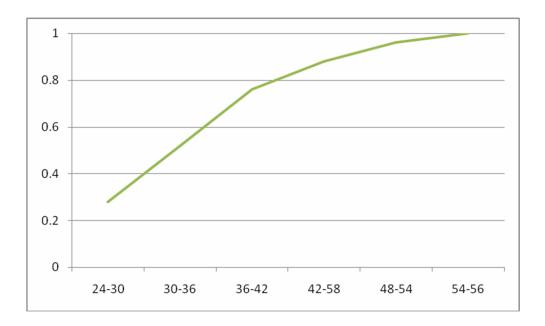
C. 7

D. 4

E. 8

Essay Questions

75. The number of weekly sales calls by a sample of 25 pharmaceutical salespersons is below: 24, 56, 43, 35, 37, 27, 29, 44, 34, 28, 33, 28, 46, 31, 38, 41, 48, 38, 27, 29, 37, 33, 31, 40, 50 Construct an Ogive plot



AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Hard Topic: Graphing Quantitative Data

76. The number of items rejected daily by a manufacturer because of defects for the last 30 days are: 20, 21, 8, 17, 22, 19, 18, 19, 14, 17, 11, 6, 21, 25, 4, 19, 9, 12, 16, 16, 10, 28, 24, 6, 21, 20, 25, 5, 17, 8

	Frequency	Rel Freq	Cum Freq
4 < 9			
9 < 14			
14 < 19			
19 < 24			
24 < 29			

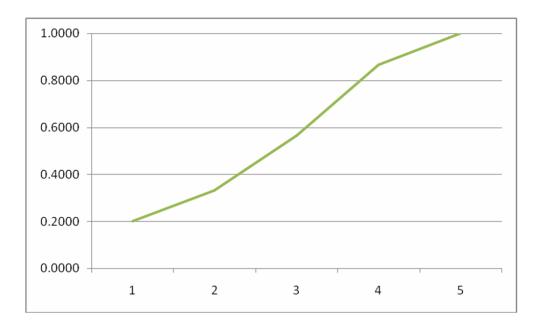
	Frequency	Rel Freq	Cum Freq
4 < 9	6	.2	.2
9 < 14	4	.133	.333
14 < 19	7	.233	.5607
19 < 24	9	.30	.8607
24 < 29	4	.133	1.00

77. The number of items rejected daily by a manufacturer because of defects for the last 30 days are: 20, 21, 8, 17, 22, 19, 18, 19, 14, 17, 11, 6, 21, 25, 4, 19, 9, 12, 16, 16, 10, 28, 24, 6, 21, 20, 25, 5, 17, 8 Construct a stem-and-leaf plot.

Stem-and-leaf of Rejected Items N = 30 Leaf Unit = 1.0 2 0 45 4 0 66 7 0 889 8 1 1 9 1 2 10 1 4 14 1 6777 1 8999 (4) 12 2 000111 6 2 2 5 2 455 2 26 1 29

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Stem And Leaf

78. The number of items rejected daily by a manufacturer because of defects for the last 30 days are: 20, 21, 8, 17, 22, 19, 18, 19, 14, 17, 11, 6, 21, 25, 4, 19, 9, 12, 16, 16, 10, 28, 24, 6, 21, 20, 25, 5, 17, 8 Construct an Ogive plot



AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Quantitative Data

79. Consider the following data:

1.	11.5	6.	13.7	11.	11	16.	14.5
2.	13.5	7.	14	12.	13	17.	15.5
3.	12.5	8.	12	13.	16.7	18.	13
4.	15.2	9.	12.7	14.	12.5	19.	18.2
5.	14.7	10.	12.5	15.	11.5	20.	11.7

Create a stem and leaf display for the sample.

Stem and leaf of C1, N = 20 Leaf Unit = 0.10

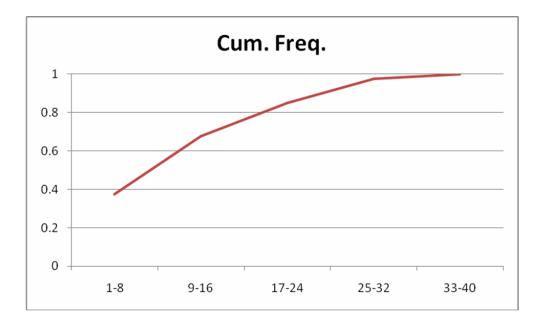
4	11	0557
9	12	05557
(4)	13	0057
7	14	057
4	15	25
2	16	7
1	17	
1	18	2

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Stem And Leaf

80. Consider the following data on distances traveled by people to visit the local amusement park.

Distance	Frequency
1-8 miles	15
9-16 miles	12
17-24 miles	7
25-32 miles	5
33-40 miles	1

Construct an Ogive plot that corresponds to the frequency table.



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Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	.37
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

81. The following is a relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

If this was the distribution of 200 students, give the frequency distribution for this data:

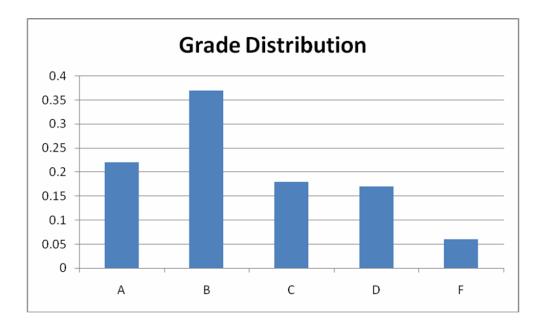
Grade	Frequency
А	44
В	74
С	36
D	34
F	12

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

82. The following is a relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	.37
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

Construct a percent frequency bar chart for this data.



AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Easy Topic: Graphing Qualitative Data

Grade	Relative Frequency
А	.22
В	.37
С	.18
D	.17
F	.06

83. The following is a relative frequency distribution of grades in an introductory statistics course.

If we wish to depict these data using a pie chart, find how many degrees (out of 360 degrees) should be assigned to each grade.

Grade	Circle degrees
А	.22*360=79.2
В	.37*360=133.2
С	.18*360=64.8
D	.17*360=61.2
F	.06*360=21.6

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Qualitative Data

Class	Frequency	Rel	Cum Rel Freq
		Frequency	
7.85 <			0.12
< 8.05			0.48
8.05 <		0.24	
<8.25		0.10	
8.25 <			

84. Fill in the missing components of the following frequency distribution constructed for a
sample size of 50.

Class	Frequency	Rel	Cum Rel Freq
		Frequency	_
7.85 < 7.95	6	0.12	0.12
7.95 < 8.05	18	0.36	0.48
8.05 < 8.15	12	0.24	0.72
8.15 < 8.25	5	0.10	0.82
8.25 < 8.35	9	0.18	1.00

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Hard Topic: Histogram

85. Recently an advertising company called 200 people and asked to identify the company that was in an ad running nationwide. The following results were obtained:

0	-		
	Female	Male	Total
Correctly recalled the company	66	50	116
Incorrectly recalled the company	44	40	84
Total	110	90	200

Construct a table of row percentages

	Female	Male
Correctly recalled	66/116=0.569	50/116=0.431
Incorrectly recalled	44/84=0.524	40/84=0.476

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Crosstabulation

86. Recently an advertising company called 200 people and asked to identify the company that was in an ad running nationwide. The following results were obtained:

	Female	Male	Total
Correctly recalled the company	66	50	116
Incorrectly recalled the company	44	40	84
Total	110	90	200

Construct a table of column percentages

	Female	Male
Correctly recalled	66/110=0.6	50/90=0.556
Incorrectly recalled	44/110=0.4	40/90=0.444

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Crosstabulation

87. The local electronics retailer has recently conducted a study on purchasers of large screen televisions. The study recorded the type of television and the credit account balance of the customer at the time of purchase. The following results were obtained:

	Standard TV	LCD	Plasma	Projection
Under \$200	10	16	40	5
\$200-\$800	8	12	24	15
Over \$800	16	12	16	30
Total	34	40	80	50

Construct a table of row percentages.

	Standard TV	LCD	Plasma	Projection
Under \$200	10/71 = 0.141	16/71=0.225	40/71=0.563	5/71=0.070
\$200-\$800	8/59=0.136	12/59=0.203	24/59=0.407	15/59=0.254
Over \$800	16/74=0.216	12/74=0.162	16/74=0.216	30/74=0.405

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Crosstabulation

88. The local electronics retailer has recently conducted a study on purchasers of large screen televisions. The study recorded the type of television and the credit account balance of the customer at the time of purchase. The following results were obtained:

	Standard TV	LCD	Plasma	Projection
Under \$200	10	16	40	5
\$200-\$800	8	12	24	15
Over \$800	16	12	16	30
Total	34	40	80	50

Construct a table of column percentages.

	Standard TV	LCD	Plasma	Projection
Under \$200	10/34=0.294	16/40=0.4	40/80=0.5	5.50=0.1
\$200-\$800	8/34=0.235	12/40=0.3	24/80=0.3	15/50=0.3
Over \$800	16/34=0.471	12/40=0.3	16/80=0.2	30/50=0.6

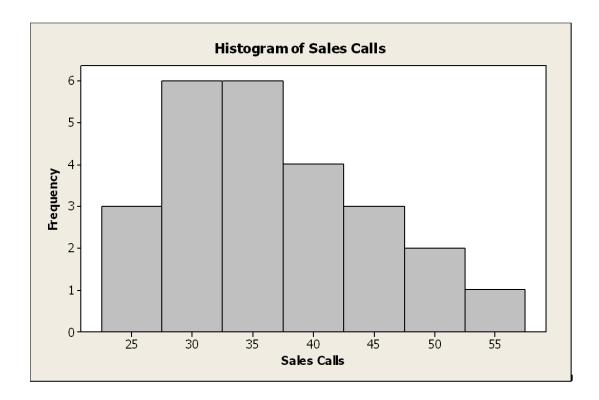
AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Crosstabulation 89. Math test anxiety can be found throughout the general population. A study of 116 seniors at a local high school was conducted. The following table was produced from the data. Complete the missing parts.

Score Range	Frequency	Rel Frequency	Cum Freq Dist
Very anxious 37-50		0.19	
Anxious/tense 33-36	8		0.26
Some mild anxiety 27-32			
Generally relaxed 20-26	24		0.67
Very relaxed 10-19		0.33	

Score Range	Frequency	Rel Frequency	Cum Freq Dist
Very anxious 37-50	22	0.19	0.19
Anxious/tense 33-36	8	0.07	0.26
Some mild anxiety 27-32	24	0.207	0.467
Generally relaxed 20-26	24	0.207	0.674
Very relaxed 10-19	38	0.33	1.00

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Hard Topic: Crosstabulation

90. The number of weekly sales calls by a sample of 25 pharmaceutical salespersons is below: 24, 56, 43, 35, 37, 27, 29, 44, 34, 28, 33, 28, 46, 31, 38, 41, 48, 38, 27, 29, 37, 33, 31, 40, 50 Construct a histogram



AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Histogram

91. The number of weekly sales calls by a sample of 25 pharmaceutical salespersons is below: 24, 56, 43, 35, 37, 27, 29, 44, 34, 28, 33, 28, 46, 31, 38, 41, 48, 38, 27, 29, 37, 33, 31, 40, 50 Construct a stem-and-leaf plot.

Stem-and-leaf of Sales Calls N = 25 Leaf Unit = 1.0 1 2 4 7 2 778899 12 3 11334 (5) 3 57788 8 4 0134 4 4 68 2 5 0 1 5 6

AACSB: Analytical Studies Bloom's: Application Difficulty: Medium Topic: Stem And Leaf