Chapter 2

	Student:
1.	A stem-and-leaf display is a graphical portrayal of a data set that shows the data set's overall pattern of variation.
	True False
2.	The median is the measure of central tendency that divides a population or sample into four equal parts.
	True False
3.	The population mean is the average of the population measurements.
	True False
4.	The mode is the measurement in a sample or population that occurs most frequently.
	True False
5.	The population mean is a point estimate of the sample mean.
	True False
6.	The median is said to be resistant to extreme values.
	True False

7.	The ra	inge of set of measurements is the largest measurement plus the small measurement.
	True	False
8.		opulation variance is the average of the squared deviations of the individual population urements from the population mean.
	True	False
9.	In a sy	mmetric population, the median equals the mean.
	True	False
10.	It is ap	opropriate to use the Empirical Rule to describe a population that is extremely skewed.
	True	False
11.	The m	edian is the value below which approximately 50 percent of the measurements lie.
	True	False
12.		lependent variable is a variable that can be used to describe, predict, or control a dent variable.
	True	False
13.	The re	elative frequency is the frequency of a class divided by the total number of measurements.
	True	False

14.	The bo	ox-and-whiskers display is a graphical portrayal of data sets that depict both the central
	tender	ncy and variability of the data.
	True	False
15.	When	establishing the classes for a frequency table it is generally agreed that the more classes
		se the better your frequency table will be.
	True	False
40	16 (1	
16.	media:	e are 7 classes in a frequency distribution, then the fourth class will always contain the
	media	· · ·
	True	False
17.	A Pare	eto chart is a type of histogram.
	T	False
	True	False
18.	Range	is a better measure of variation than standard deviation.
	True	False

19.	A normal population has 99.73 percent of the population measurements within standard
	deviations of the mean.
	A. one
	B. two
	C. three
	D. four
	E. five
20.	A number calculated using the sample measurements that describes some aspect of the sample is a sample
	A. mean
	B. variance
	C. statistic
	D. parameter
	E. scale
21.	All of the following can be used to describe quantitative data with the exception of a
	A. histogram
	B. stem-and-leaf display
	C. dot plot
	D. pie chart
	E. scatter plot

22.	All of the following are measures of central tendency except the
	A. range
	B. mode
	C. mean
	D. median
23.	A measurement that is separated from most of the other measurements is a(n)
	A. absolute extreme
	B. outlier
	C. mode
	D. quartile
	E. median
24.	Which of the following graphs is used to summarize qualitative data?
	A. Histogram
	B. Bar Chart
	C. Time series plot
	D. Stem-and-leaf display
	E. Scatter plot

25.	Which percentile describes the first quartile, Q1?
	A. 25 th
	B. 50 th
	C. 75 th
	D. 100 th
	E. 125 th
26.	Which percentile describes the third quartile, Q3?
	A. 25 th
	B. 50 th
	C. 75 th
	D. 100 th
	E. 125 th
27.	A plot of the values of a dependent variable y versus the values of an independent variable x is a
	plot.
	A. runs
	B. scatter
	C. dot
	D. time series
	E. box

28.	A stem-and-leaf display is best used to
	A. provide a point estimate of the variability in the population.
	B. provide a point estimate of the central tendency in the population.
	C. display the shape of the distribution of measurements.
	D. reduce sampling bias.
	E. represent the distribution of qualitative data.
29.	When grouping a large sample of items into classes, the is a better tool than the
	A. histogram, stem-and-leaf display
	B. box-and-whiskers display, histogram
	C. stem-and-leaf display, histogram
	D. scatter plot, box-and-whiskers display
	E. box-and-whiskers display, scatter plot
30.	A displays the frequency of each group with qualitative data and a
	displays the frequency of each group with quantitative data.
	A. histogram, stem-and-leaf display
	B. bar chart, histogram
	C. scatter plot, bar chart
	D. stem-and-leaf display, pie chart
	E. scatter plot, pie chart

31.	A shows the relationship between two quantitative variables.
	A. box-and-whiskers display
	B. bar chart
	C. histogram
	D. scatter plot
	E. pie chart
32.	In a given data set, the 25 th percentile is equal to the lower hinge.
	A. always
	B. sometimes
	C. never
33.	An airline company is, on average, late 10 minutes for arrivals. If the variance for the lateness statistic is 9, then the coefficient of variation is
	A. 3
	B. 300
	C. 10
	D. 90
	E. 30

34.	and are used to describe qualitative (categorical) data.
	A. Stem-and- leaf displays; scatter plots.
	B. Scatter plots; and box-and-whiskers displays
	C. Box-and-whiskers displays; bar charts
	D. Bar charts; pie charts
	E. Pie charts; histograms
35.	Which of the following is influenced the least by the occurrence of extreme values in a sample?
	A. Mean
	B. Median
	C. Mode
	D. Range
	E. Variance
36.	If a population distribution is positively skewed (i.e. skewed to the right), then, given a random
	sample from that population, one would expect that the
	A. median would be greater than the mean
	B. mode would be equal to the mean
	C. median would never equal the mode
	D. median would be equal to the mean
	E. median would be less than the mean

37.	If a statistics course is determined by three exams. Exam 1 is worth 25% of the course grade.
	Exam 2 is worth 35% of the course grade. Exam 3 is worth 40% of the course grade. Calculate
	the term grade for a student with a 52% for the first exam, 63% for the second exam, and 75% for
	the third exam.
	A. 45.75%
	B. 65.05%
	C. 55.25%
	D. 36.35%
	E. 63.00%
0.0	
38.	If the mean, median, and mode for a given population are all equal, then we know that its
	distribution is
	A. bimodal
	B. skewed to the right
	C. symmetric
	D. skewed to the left

39.	If one intends to compare the relative variation between two samples involving two different
	quantitative variables with different measurement scales, then the most appropriate way is to
	compare the from the two samples.
	A. standard deviations
	B. variances
	C. coefficients of variation
	D. ranges
	E. interquartile ranges
40.	A disadvantage of using grouping (a frequency table) with sample data is that
	A. calculations involving central tendency and variation are more complicated than central
	tendency and variation calculations based on ungrouped data.
	B. the descriptive statistics are less precise than the descriptive statistics obtained using
	ungrouped data.
	C. the interpretation of the grouped data descriptive statistics is meaningless.
	D. it is much more difficult to summarize the information than it is with the ungrouped data.
	E. it is more difficult to interpret a pie chart.
41	When developing a frequency distribution, the class intervals should be
	A. large.
	B. small.
	C. different lengths.
	D. mutually exclusive.
	E. of equal length.

42.	Which of the following graphical tools is not used to study the shapes of distributions?
	A. Stem-and-leaf display
	B. Scatter plot
	C. Histogram
	D. Dot plot
	E. Cumulative frequency distribution
43.	For a bell-shaped distribution, score <i>x</i> would be considered an outlier if:
	A. $x = 15$, mean = 20, standard deviation = 3
	B. $x = 15$, mean = 50, standard deviation = 30
	C. $x = 15$, mean = 25, standard deviation = 5
	D. $x = 15$, mean = 10, standard deviation = 100
	E. $x = 15$, mean = 50, standard deviation = 10
44.	A quantity that measures the variation of a population or a sample relative to its mean is called the
	A. range
	B. standard deviation
	C. coefficient of variation
	D. variance
	E. interquartile range

45.	Which of the following sample statistics is a measure of variation that is based only on the
	minimum and maximum values in a sample?
	A. Danasa
	A. Range
	B. Standard deviation
	C. Variance
	D. Interquartile range
	E. Coefficient of variation
46.	If there are 130 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency
	histogram?
	A. 4
	B. 5
	C. 6
	D. 7
	E. 8
47.	If there are 120 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency
	histogram?
	A. 4
	B. 5
	C. 6
	D. 7
	E. 8

48.	If there are 62	values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency
	histogram?	
	A. 4	
	B. 5	
	C. 6	
	D. 7	
	E. 8	
49.	If there are 30	values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency
	histogram?	
	A. 4	
	B. 5	
	C. 6	
	D. 7	
	E. 8	
	A 050 : 1 1	
		ing at what percentage of a company's resources are spent on computing. The
	CFO samples	companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stem-and-
	leaf display. T	he leaf unit is 0.1.
	5	269
	6	255568999
	7	11224557789
	8 9	001222458
	10	02455679 1556
	11	137
	12	
	13	255
	VEX.000497.1	

50.	What is the approximate shape of the distribution of the data?
	A. Normal
	B. Skewed to the right
	C. Skewed to the left
	D. Bimodal
	E. Uniform
51.	What is the smallest percent spent on computing?
	A 50
	A. 5.9
	B. 5.6
	C. 5.2
	D. 5.02
	E. 50.2
52.	If a frequency histogram were to be created using these data, how many classes would you
	create?
	A. 4
	B. 5
	C. 6
	D. 7
	E. 8

53. What wou	ld be the class length that would be used in creating a frequency histogram?
A. 1.4	
B. 8.3	
C. 1.2	
D. 1.7	
E. 0.9	
54. What wou	lld be the first class interval for the frequency histogram?
A. 5.2 - 6.	5
B. 5.2 - 6.	0
C. 5.0 - 6.	0
D. 5.2 - 6.	6
E. 5.2 - 6.	4
	port keeps track of the percentage of flights arriving within 15 minutes of their darrivals. The stem-and-leaf plot of the data for one year is below. The leaf unit is 0.1.
Scrieduled	rainvais. The stem-and-lear plot of the data for one year is below. The lear drift is 0.1.
76	9
77 78	114
78 79	07
80	88
81	2
82	1
83	88

55.	What is the sample size?
	A. 7
	B. 9
	C. 10
	D. 11
	E. 12
56.	In developing a histogram of these data, how many classes would be used?
	A. 4
	B. 5
	C. 6
	D. 7
	E. 8
57.	What would be the class length for creating the frequency histogram?
	A. 1.4
	B. 0.8
	C. 2.7
	D. 1.7
	E. 2.3

A company collected the ages from a random sample of its middle managers with the resulting frequency distribution shown below:

Class Interval	Frequency
20 to <25	8
25 to < 30	6
30 to <35	5
35 to <40	12
40 to < 45	15
45 to < 50	7

58.	What would	be the a	pproximate	shape of	f the re	lative frec	quency h	istogram?

- A. Uniform
- B. Normal
- C. Bimodal
- D. Skewed to the left
- E. Skewed to the right

59. What is the relative frequency for the largest interval?

- A. 0.132
- B. 0.226
- C. 0.231
- D. 0.283
- E. 0.288

60.	What is the midpoint of the third class interval?
	A. 22.5
	B. 27.5
	C. 32.5
	D. 37.5
	E. 42.5
	In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained: 74, 73, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 67, 66
61.	What is the mean?
	A. 71.5
	B. 72.0
	C. 77.0
	D. 71.0
	E. 73.0
62.	What is the median?
	A. 71.5
	B. 72.0
	C. 77.0
	D. 71.0
	E. 73.0

63. What is the mode? A. 71.5 B. 72.0 C. 77.0 D. 71.0 E. 73.0 The numbers of rooms for 15 homes recently sold were:

64. What is the mean?

- A. 8.0
- B. 7.0
- C. 6.0
- D. 9.0
- E. 7.4

65. What is the median?

- A. 8.0
- B. 7.0
- C. 6.0
- D. 9.0
- E. 7.4

66.	what is the mode?
	A. 8.0
	B. 7.0
	C. 6.0
	D. 9.0
	E. 7.4
	The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations
	and water resources.
	19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16
67	What is the mean?
07.	What is the mean?
	A. 8
	B. 23.5
	C. 16
	D. 17
	E. 18
68.	What is the median?
	A. 8
	B. 23.5
	C. 16

D. 17

E. 18

69.	What is the mode?
	A. 8
	B. 23.5
	C. 16
	D. 17
	E. 18
	In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are: 68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68
70.	What is the mean?
	A. 70
	B. 75
	C. 68
	D. 71
	E. 80
71.	What is the median?
	A. 70
	B. 75
	C. 68
	D. 71
	E. 80

72. What is the mode?
A. 70
B. 75
C. 68
D. 71
E. 80
The reaction time in seconds to a stop light of a group of adult men were found to be
0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55
73. What is the mean?
A. 0.709
B. 0.710
C. 0.920
D. 0.725
E. 0.550
74. What is the median?
A 0 700
A. 0.709
B. 0.710
C. 0.920
D. 0.725
E. 0.550

75.	What is the mode?
	A. 0.709
	B. 0.710
	C. 0.920
	D. 0.725
	E. 0.550
	In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a
	scale of 1 to 5:
	3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3
76.	What is the mean?
	A. 3
	B. 5
	C. 2
	D. 4
	E. 3.25
77.	What is the median?
	A. 3
	B. 5
	C. 2

D. 4

E. 3.25

78. What is the mode? A. 3 B. 5 C. 2

D. 4

E. 3.25

The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results:

\$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000

79. What is the mean?

- A. 3447
- B. 3213
- C. 3250
- D. 6120
- E. 3445

80. What is the median?

- A. 3447
- B. 3213
- C. 3250
- D. 6120
- E. 3445

81. What is the mode?

- A. 3447
- B. 3213
- C. 3250
- D. 6120
- E. 3445

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes):

 $118,\,124,\,108,\,116,\,99,\,120,\,148,\,118,\,119,\,121,\,45,\,130,\,118$

82. What is the mean? A. 114.15

- B. 118
- C. 148
- D. 45
- E. 115.5

83. What is the median?

- A. 114.15
- B. 118
- C. 148
- D. 45
- E. 115.5

84. What is the mode?

- A. 114.15
- B. 118
- C. 148
- D. 45
- E. 115.5

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted.

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

85. What is the mean?

- A. 375
- B. 368
- C. 389.9
- D. 200
- E. 346.6

86. What is the median?

- A. 375
- B. 368
- C. 389.9
- D. 200
- E. 346.6

87. What is the mode?

- A. 375
- B. 368
- C. 389.9
- D. 200
- E. 346.6

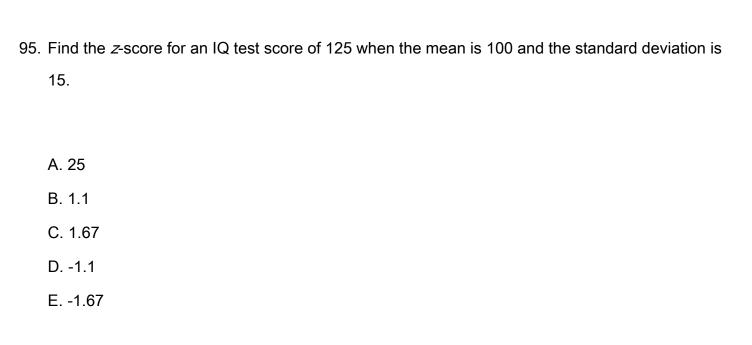
Twenty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to report the number of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are the values reported:

88. What is the mean?

- A. 8
- B. 9.6
- C. 9.5
- D. 10.5
- E. 9

89. What is the median? A. 8 B. 9.6 C. 9.5 D. 10.5 E. 9 90. What is the mode? A. 8 B. 9.6 C. 9.5 D. 10.5 E. 9 91. Find the coefficient of variation for an IQ test with a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15. A. 15.0 B. 6.7 C. 0.15 D. 1.5 E. 0.67

92.	Find the z-score for an IQ test score of 142 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is
	15.
	A. 42
	B. 2.8
	C. 18.78
	D. 1.27
	E2.8
93.	Find the <i>z</i> -score for an IQ test score of 92.2 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is
	15.
	A. 0.53
	B. 0.77
	C0.77
	D0.52
	E8.00
94.	Find the <i>z</i> -score for an IQ test score of 118 when the mean is 100 and the standard deviation is
	15.
	A. 1.2
	B. 1.0
	C. 18.0
	D1.03
	E1.2

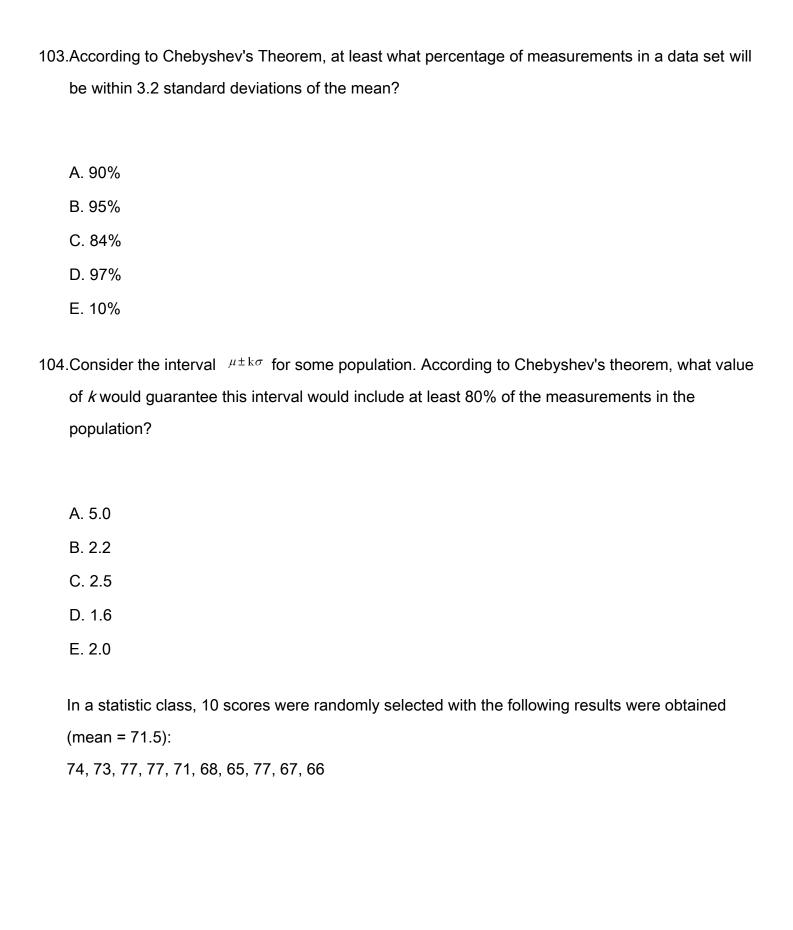


- 96. Using Chebyshev's Rule, find the interval that contains at least 93.75% of all measurements when mean = 2.549 and s = 1.828.
 - A. [-2.935, 8.033]
 - B. [-1.107, 6.205]
 - C. [-26.699, 31.797]
 - D. [2.435, 2.663]
 - E. [-4.763, 9.861]

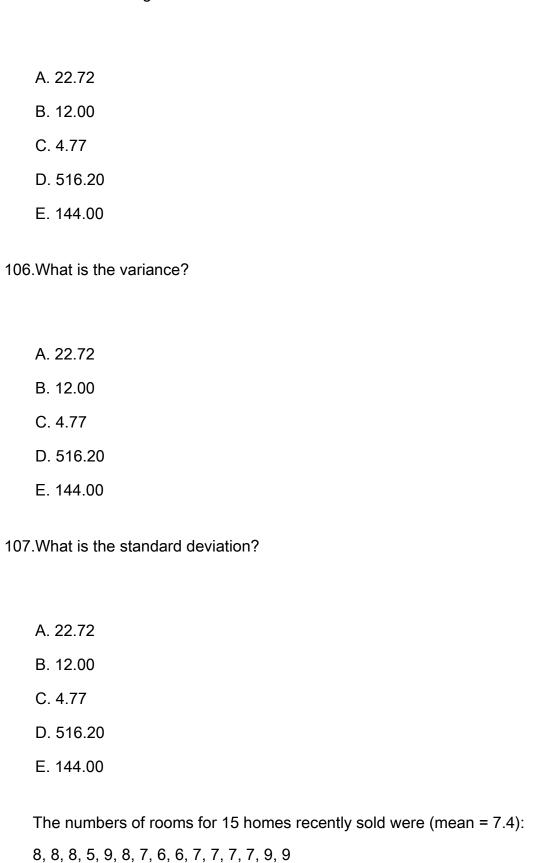
According to a survey of the top 10 employers in a major city, a worker spends an average of 413 minutes a day on the job. Suppose the standard deviation is 26.8 minutes and the time spent is approximately a normal distribution.

97. Within which interval will the times of approximately 68.26% of all workers fall?
A. [394.8, 431.2]
B. [386.2, 439.8]
C. [372.8, 453.2]
D. [359.4, 466.6]
E. [332.6, 493.4]
98. Within which interval will the times of approximately 95.44% of all workers fall?
A. [387.5, 438.5]
B. [386.2, 439.8]
C. [372.8, 453.2]
D. [359.4, 466.6]
E. [332.6, 493.4]
99. Within which interval will the times of approximately 99.73% of all workers fall?
A. [305.8, 520.2]
B. [386.2, 439.8]
C. [372.8, 453.2]
D. [359.4, 466.6]
E. [332.6, 493.4]

100.According to Chebyshev's Theorem, at least what percentage of measurements in a data set will
be within two standard deviations of the mean?
A. 68%
B. 50%
C. 25%
D. 75%
E. 34%
101.According to Chebyshev's Theorem, at least what percentage of measurements in a data set will
be within 2.5 standard deviations of the mean?
A. 16%
B. 40%
C. 68%
D. 60%
E. 84%
102.According to Chebyshev's Theorem, at least what percentage of measurements in a data set will
be within 1.6 standard deviations of the mean?
A. 39%
B. 58%
C. 68%
D. 61%
E. 92%



105. What is the range?



C. 4.00 D. 16.00 E. 1.96 109. What is the variance? A. 1.183 B. 1.400 C. 4.00 D. 16.00 E. 1.96 110. What is the standard deviation? A. 1.183 B. 1.400 C. 4.00 D. 16.00 E. 1.96 The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations and water resources (mean = 16).

108. What is the range?

A. 1.183

B. 1.400

19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16

111. What is the range? A. 39.14 B. 6.26 C. 17 D. 289 E. 18 112. What is the variance? A. 39.14 B. 6.26 C. 17 D. 289 E. 18 113. What is the standard deviation? A. 39.14 B. 6.26 C. 17 D. 289 E. 18 In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are (mean = 70):

68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68

A. 18 B. 4.73 C. 22.40 D. 324 E. 6.76 115.What is the variance? A. 18 B. 4.73 C. 22.40 D. 324 E. 6.76 116. What is the standard deviation? A. 18 B. 4.73 C. 22.40 D. 324 E. 6.76

The reaction time in seconds to a stop light for a group of adult men were found to be

0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55 (mean = .709)

114. What is the range?

117.What is the range? A. 0.026 B. 0.052 C. 0.580 D. 0.1613

118.What is the variance?

A. 0.026

E. 0.0007

- B. 0.052
- C. 0.580
- D. 0.1613
- E. 0.0007

119. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 0.026
- B. 0.052
- C. 0.580
- D. 0.1613
- E. 0.0007

In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of 1 to 5 (mean = 3):

120.What is the range?

- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 1.291
- D. 1.667
- E. 2.779

121. What is the variance?

- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 1.291
- D. 1.667
- E. 2.779

122. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 1.291
- D. 1.667
- E. 2.779

The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results (mean = \$3,213):

\$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000

123. What is the range?

- A. 1359
- B. 4993
- C. 1846575
- D. 3587
- E. 1976454

124. What is the variance?

- A. 1359
- B. 4993
- C. 1846575
- D. 3587
- E. 1976454

125. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 1359
- B. 4993
- C. 1846575
- D. 3587
- E. 1976454

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes) (mean = 114.15):

118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

126. What is the range?

- A. 103
- B. 23.62
- C. 557.97
- D. 128.8
- E. 115

127. What is the variance?

- A. 103
- B. 23.62
- C. 557.97
- D. 128.8
- E. 115

128. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 103
- B. 23.62
- C. 557.97
- D. 128.8
- E. 115

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted (mean = 346.6).

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

129. What is the range? A. 342.43 B. 3424.3 C. 58.5 D. 191 E. 10609 130. What is the variance? A. 342.43 B. 3424.3 C. 58.5 D. 191 E. 10609 131. What is the standard deviation? A. 342.43 B. 3424.3 C. 58.5 D. 191

Twenty students were randomly selected from the most recent graduating class at a Canadian university. The number of semesters they were enrolled was calculated (mean = 9.6)

7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12

E. 10609

132.What is the range?

B. 2.162

C. 9.5

D. 4.674

E. 21.846

133. What is the variance?

- A. 8
- B. 2.162
- C. 9.5
- D. 4.674
- E. 21.846

134. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 8
- B. 2.162
- C. 9.5
- D. 4.674
- E. 21.846

In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained:

74, 73, 77, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 67, 66

135.What is the 90th percentile? A. 77 B. 73 C. 74

- C. 74
- D. 67
- E. 65.9

136. What is the third quartile?

- A. 65.9
- B. 67.3
- C. 66.75
- D. 73.85
- E. 77.0

137. What is the first quartile?

- A. 65.9
- B. 67.3
- C. 67.0
- D. 73.85
- E. 77.0

138. What is the 10th percentile? A. 65.5

- B. 67.3
- C. 66.75
- D. 73.85
- E. 77.0

139. What is the 65th percentile?

- A. 65.9
- B. 67.3
- C. 66.75
- D. 74.0
- E. 77.0

140.What is the IQR?

- A. 12.00
- B. 5.25
- C. 10.00
- D. 5.00
- E. 11.00

141. What are the inner fences?

- A. 15.375, 30.75
- B. 82.125, 92.375
- C. 97.50, 107.75
- D. 52.00, 92.00
- E. 35.95, 107.75

142. What are the outer fences?

- A. 15.375, 30.75
- B. 51.375, 92.375
- C. 37.00, 107.00
- D. 82.125, 92.375
- E. 97.50, 107.75

The numbers of rooms for 15 home recently sold were;

8, 8, 8, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9

143. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 9
- B. 8
- C. 7
- D. 6
- E. 5

144. What is the third quartile? A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5 145. What is the first quartile? A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5 146. What is the 10th percentile? A. 9 B. 8 C. 7 D. 6 E. 5

147.What is the 65th percentile? A. 9

- B. 8
- C. 7
- D. 6
- E. 5

148.What is the IQR?

- A. 15
- B. 1.5
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 1

149. What are the inner fences?

- A. 4, 11
- B. 8.5, 9.5
- C. 5.5, 9.5
- D. 10, 9.5
- E. 5.5, 10

150. What are the outer fences?

- A. 5.5, 9.5
- B. 4, 11
- C. 8.5, 9.5
- D. 10, 9.5
- E. 5.5, 10

The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations and water resources.

151. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 8
- B. 25
- C. 18.55
- D. 9
- E. 21.25

152. What is the third quartile?

- A. 8
- B. 22.9
- C. 18.55
- D. 9
- E. 20.5

153. What is the first quartile?

- A. 8 B. 22.9 C. 18.55 D. 10 E. 21.25 154.What is the 10th percentile?
 - A. 8
 - B. 22.9
 - C. 18.55
 - D. 9
 - E. 21.25

155. What is the 65th percentile?

- A. 8
- B. 22.9
- C. 19
- D. 9
- E. 21.25

156.What is the IQR?

- A. 10.5
- B. 18.375
- C. 36.75
- D. 21.25
- E. 30.25

157. What are the inner fences?

- A. 27.375, 39.625
- B. -5.75, 36.25
- C. -27.75, 58.00
- D. 45.75, 58.00
- E. 18.375, 36.75

158. What are the outer fences?

- A. -9.375, 39.625
- B. -21.5, 52.00
- C. 27.375, 39.625
- D. 45.75, 58.00
- E. 18.375, 36.75

In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are; 68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68

A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75 160. What is the third quartile? A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75 161. What is the first quartile? A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67

E. 75

159. What is the 90th percentile?

162.What is the 10th percentile? A. 73 B. 68 C. 70.5 D. 67 E. 75 163. What is the 65th percentile? A. 73 B. 68 C. 71 D. 67 E. 75 164.What is the IQR?

A. 18

B. 6

C. 5

D. 7.5

E. 15

165.What are the inner fences?

- A. 75.5, 80.5
- B. 83, 88
- C. 60.5, 80.5
- D. 53, 88
- E. 7.5, 15

166. What are the outer fences?

- A. 60.5, 80.5
- B. 75.5, 80.5
- C. 53, 88
- D. 83, 88
- E. 7.5, 15

The reaction time (in seconds) to a stop at a red light for a group of adult men was found to be 0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55

167. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 0.752
- B. 0.552
- C. 0.85
- D. 0.8425
- E. 0.57

168.What is the third quartile?

- A. 0.752
- B. 0.552
- C. 0.85
- D. 0.835
- E. 0.57

169.What is the first quartile?

- A. 0.752
- B. 0.552
- C. 0.85
- D. 0.8425
- E. 0.57

170. What is the 10th percentile?

- A. 0.752
- B. 0.55
- C. 0.85
- D. 0.8425
- E. 0.57

171. What is the 65th percentile?

- A. 0.74
- B. 0.552
- C. 0.85
- D. 0.8425
- E. 0.57

172.What is the IQR?

- A. 265
- B. 8175
- C. 40875
- D. 57
- E. 8425

173. What are the inner fences?

- A. 97875, 1.25125
- B. 3875, 1.66
- C. -.2475, 1.66
- D. 40875, .8175
- E. 1725, 1.2325

174. What are the outer fences?

- A. -.225, 1.63
- B. 16125, 1.25125
- C. 97875, 1.25125
- D. 1.3875, 1.66
- E. 40875, .8175

In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of 1 to 5;

3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3

175. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 1.2
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 5

176. What is the third quartile?

- A. 1.2
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 4.8

177. What is the first quartile? A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8 178. What is the 10th percentile? A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8 179. What is the 65th percentile? A. 1.2 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4 E. 4.8

180.What is the IQR?

- A. 2
- B. 6
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 1

181. What are the inner fences?

- A. -1, 7
- B. -4, 10
- C. 5, 7
- D. 8, 10
- E. 3, 6

182. What are the outer fences?

- A. -1, 7
- B. -4, 10
- C. 5, 7
- D. 8, 10
- E. 3, 6

The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results;

\$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000

183. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. \$1,446.5
- B. \$2,617
- C. \$3,415.75
- D. \$3,587
- E. \$5,060

184. What is the third quartile?

- A. \$1,446.5
- B. \$2,617
- C. \$3,415.75
- D. \$3,449
- E. \$4,212

185. What is the first quartile?

- A. \$1,446.5
- B. \$2,995
- C. \$3,415.75
- D. \$3,587
- E. \$4,212

186. What is the 10th percentile?

- A. \$1,304.50
- B. \$2,617
- C. \$3,415.75
- D. \$3,587
- E. \$4,212

187. What is the 65th percentile?

- A. \$1,446.5
- B. \$2,617
- C. \$3,445
- D. \$3,587
- E. \$4,212

188.What is the IQR?

- A. 1455
- B. 454
- C. 2910
- D. 4993
- E. 6204

189. What are the inner fences?

- A. 1455, 2910
- B. 4072, 5042
- C. 5527, 6497
- D. 2314, 4130
- E. -293, 6497

190. What are the outer fences?

- A. 1455, 2910
- B. 4072, 5042
- C. 5527, 6497
- D. 1162, 5042
- E. 1633, 4811

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes)

118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

191. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 100.8
- B. 119.8
- C. 130
- D. 112
- E. 122.5

192. What is the third quartile?

- A. 100.8
- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- D. 112
- E. 121

193.What is the first quartile? A. 100.8

- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- D. 116
- E. 122.5

194. What is the 10th percentile?

- A. 99
- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- D. 112
- E. 122.5

195. What is the 65th percentile?

- A. 100.8
- B. 120
- C. 128.8
- D. 112
- E. 122.5

196.What is the IQR?

- A. 21.00
- B. 5
- C. 15.75
- D. 31.50
- E. 11.50

197. What are the inner fences?

- A. 108.50, 128.50
- B. 80.50, 154.00
- C. 127.75, 138.25
- D. 143.50, 154.00
- E. 15.75, 31.50

198. What are the outer fences?

- A. 96.25, 138.25
- B. 101.00, 136.00
- C. 127.75, 138.25
- D. 143.50, 154.00
- E. 15.75, 31.50

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted.

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

199. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 335.5
- B. 370.5
- C. 391
- D. 296.8
- E. 375

200. What is the third quartile?

- A. 335.5
- B. 370.5
- C. 380.6
- D. 296.8
- E. 375

201. What is the first quartile?

A. 350
B. 370.5
C. 380.6
D. 296.8
E. 375
202.What is the 10 th percentile?
A. 335.5
B. 370.5
C. 380.6
D. 200
E. 375
203.What is the 65th percentile?
A. 335.5
B. 370.5
C. 380.6
D. 296.8
E. 375

204. What is the IQR?

- A. 25
- B. 22
- C. 61.50
- D. 191
- E. 82

205. What are the inner fences?

- A. 312.5, 412.5
- B. 212.5, 499.5
- C. 397.0, 438.0
- D. 458.5, 499.5
- E. 61.5, 123.0

206. What are the outer fences?

- A. 274.0, 438.0
- B. 275.0, 450.0
- C. 397.0, 438.0
- D. 458.5, 499.5
- E. 61.5, 123.0

Twenty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to report the number of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are the values reported:

207. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 7
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.5
- D. 11
- E. 8

208. What is the third quartile?

- A. 7
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.1
- D. 11
- E. 8

209. What is the first quartile?

A. 7
B. 10.35
C. 12.1
D. 11
E. 8
210.What is the 10 th percentile?
A. 7
B. 10.35
C. 12.1
D. 11
E. 8
211.What is the 65 th percentile?
A. 7
B. 10.5
C. 12.1
D. 11
E. 8

212.What is the IQR?

- A. 3
- B. 8
- C. 3.5
- D. 11
- E. 4.5

213. What are the inner fences?

- A. 17, 20
- B. 3.5, 15.5
- C. 12.5, 15.5
- D. -1, 20
- E. 4.5, 9.0

214. What are the outer fences?

- A. 17, 20
- B. -1, 20
- C. 3.5, 15.5
- D. 12.5, 15.5
- E. 4.5, 9.0

In a survey of 550 randomly-selected business statistic students were surveyed on their impressions of their course, instructor, and textbook. The results are as follows:

Rate the overall quality of your course.		
	Excellent	154
	Good	187
	Fair	71
	Poor	138
How effective was your instructor?		
	Very effective	75
	Somewhat effective	220
	Somewhat ineffective	155
	Very ineffective	100
How easy was it to read and understand the textbook?		
	Very easy	21
	Easy	83
	Hard	361
	Very hard	85

Use the above results to answer the following questions:

Compute a point estimate of the proportion of all college statistic students who:

215. Think their instructor was "very effective"

- A. 0.136
- B. 0.536
- C. 0.182
- D. 0.280
- E. 0.014

219.Of the students who thought their textbook was very hard to read, 50 also thought that the quality of the course was "poor". What proportion of students who think that their textbook was "hard" also thought their course was "poor".

- A. 0.588
- B. 0.155
- C. 0.091
- D. 0.251
- E. 0.616

The 550 students answered an additional question with the following results based on their rating of their instructor:

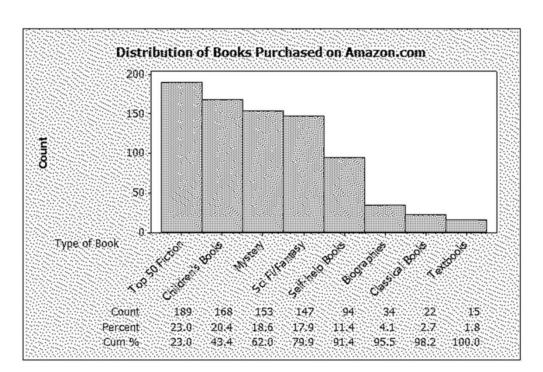
	Very or Somewhat Effective	ve Very or Somewhat Ineffective	
Final Grade			
A	190	85	
В	75	120	
С	20	17	
D	9	18	
F	1	15	

220. What proportion of the students who rated their instructor as very or somewhat effective received a B or better in the class?

- A. 0.345
- B. 0.254
- C. 0.482
- D. 0.898
- E. 0.644

- A. 0.03
- B. 0.06
- C. 0.08
- D. 0.13
- E. 0.15

822 customers were randomly selected from those who had recently bought a book over the internet. The chart below shows the breakdown of the classification of the book type:

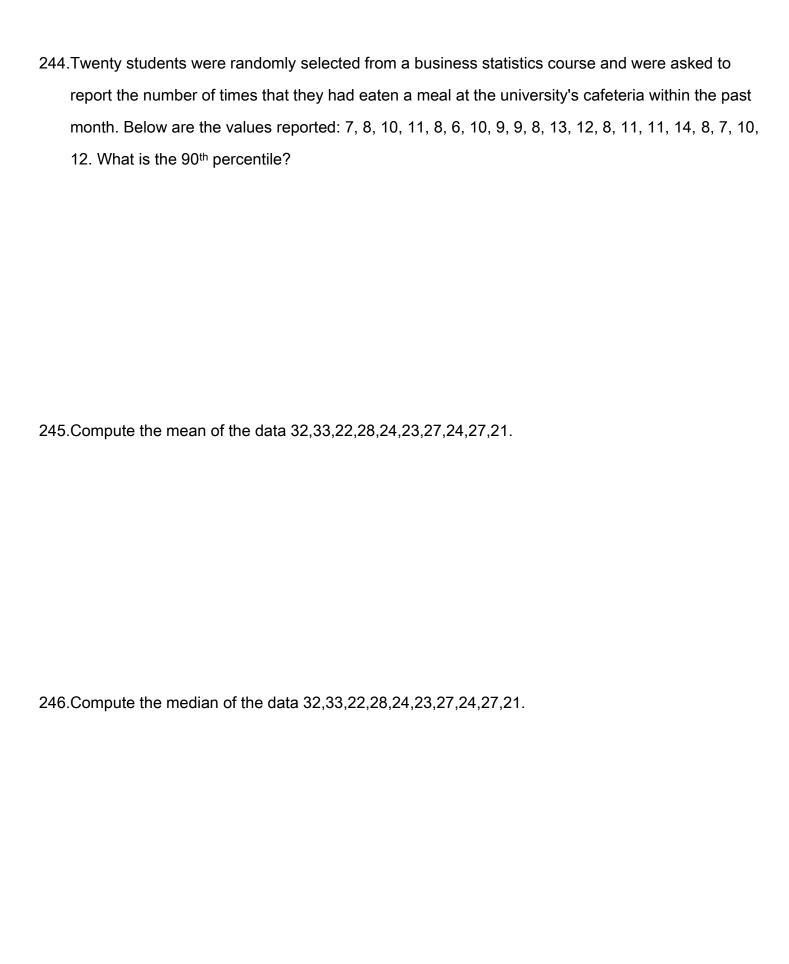


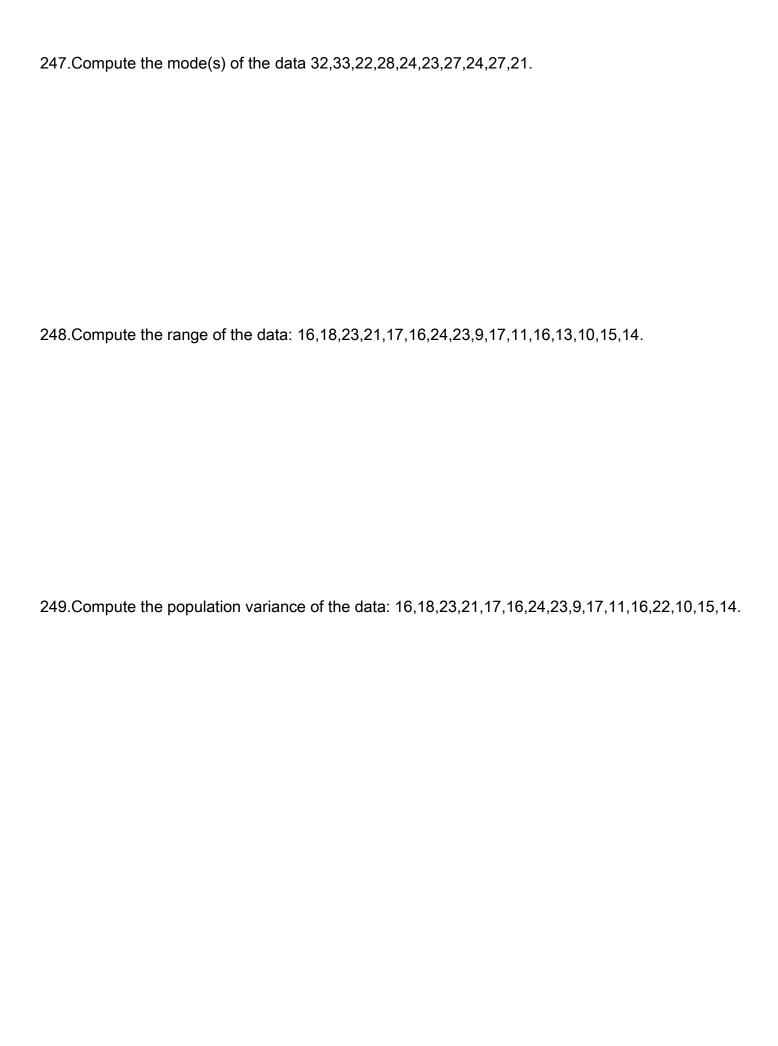
222. What percentage of the books purchased were either mystery or science fiction/fantasy?
A. 18.61
B. 36.50
C. 17.88
D. 24.33
E. 22.99
223.What proportion of the books purchased were self-help books?
A. 0.1144
B. 11.44
C. 1.82
D. 0.0182
E. 0.940
224.What percentage of books were in the top two categories?
A. 22.99
B. 20.44
C. 4.50
D. 43.43
E. 4343
225.A graphical display of categorical data made up of vertical or horizontal bars is called a

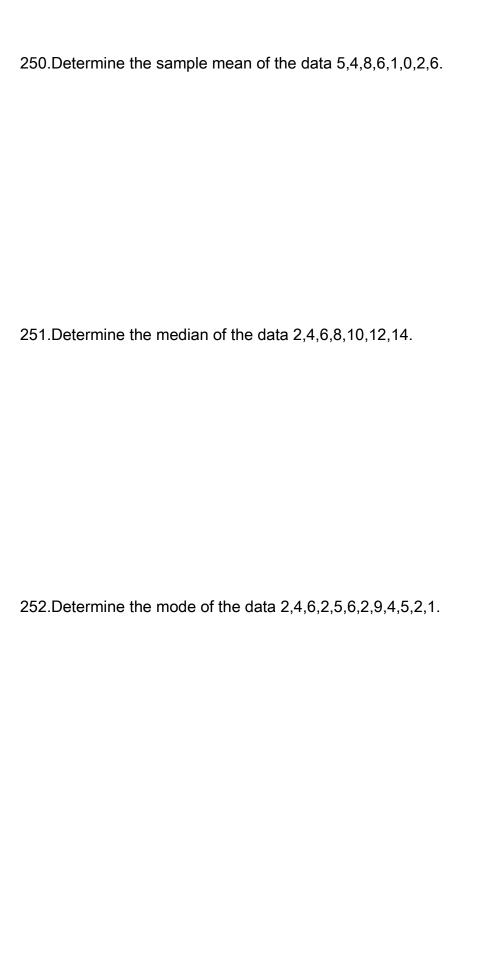
226. <i>P</i> -	A measurement located between the inner and outer fences of a box-and-whisker display is a(n)
- 227. <i>P</i>	A measurement located outside the outer fences of a box-and-whisker display is a(n)
	A graphical portrayal of a data set that divides the data into classes and gives the frequency of each class is a(n)
- 229.A	Another name for the 50 th percentile is the
- 230.Т	The measurement in a sample or a population that occurs most frequently is the
	The average of the squared deviations of the individual population measurement from the population mean is the
_	

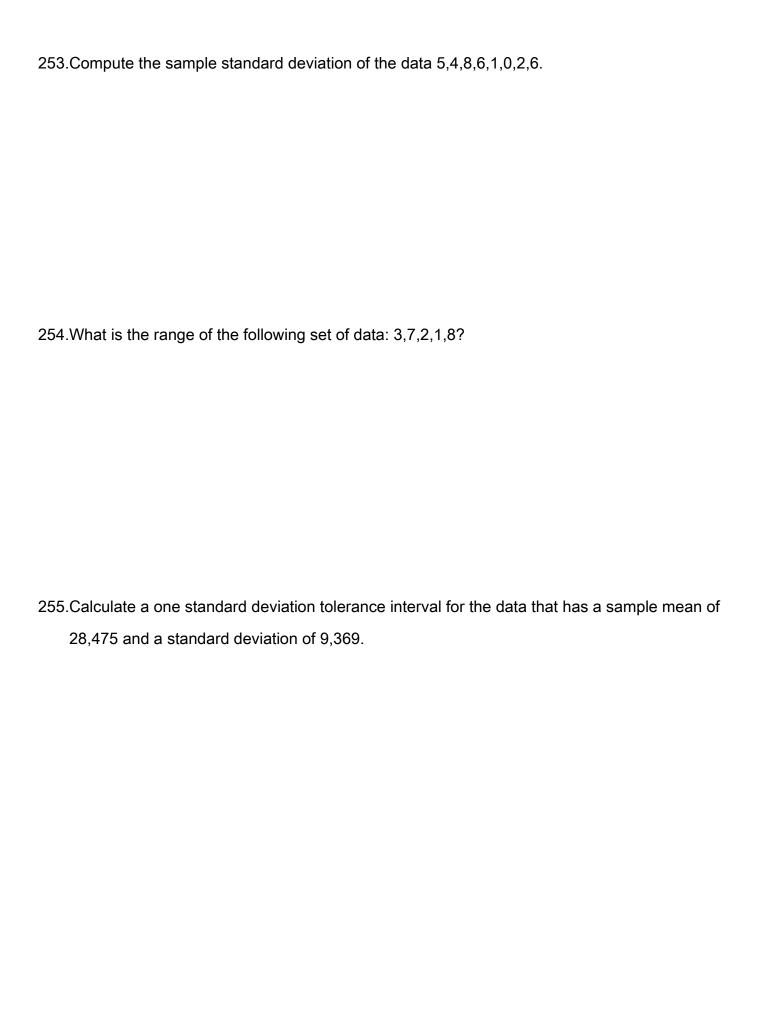
232	If a process is able to consistently produce o (specifications), we say that it is a	
	(Specifications), we say that it is a	process.
233		used to visualize the distribution of data.
234	The difference between the largest and smal	_ llest measurements in a population or sample is the
235	.A relative frequency curve having a long tail	to the right is said to be to the right.
236	If the mean is greater than the median, then	the distribution is skewed
237	The proportion of measurements in a class is	s called the of that class.
238	.A histogram that tails out towards larger valu	es is skewed
		_

	hat tails out towards smaller value	es is skewed
240.The point esti variance.	imate of the population	is the positive square root of the sample
	• •	easures the variation of a population or sample
	is a graphical display of cate	gorical data made up of vertical or horizontal bars
	of a normal population is within 2	2 standard deviations of the mean?

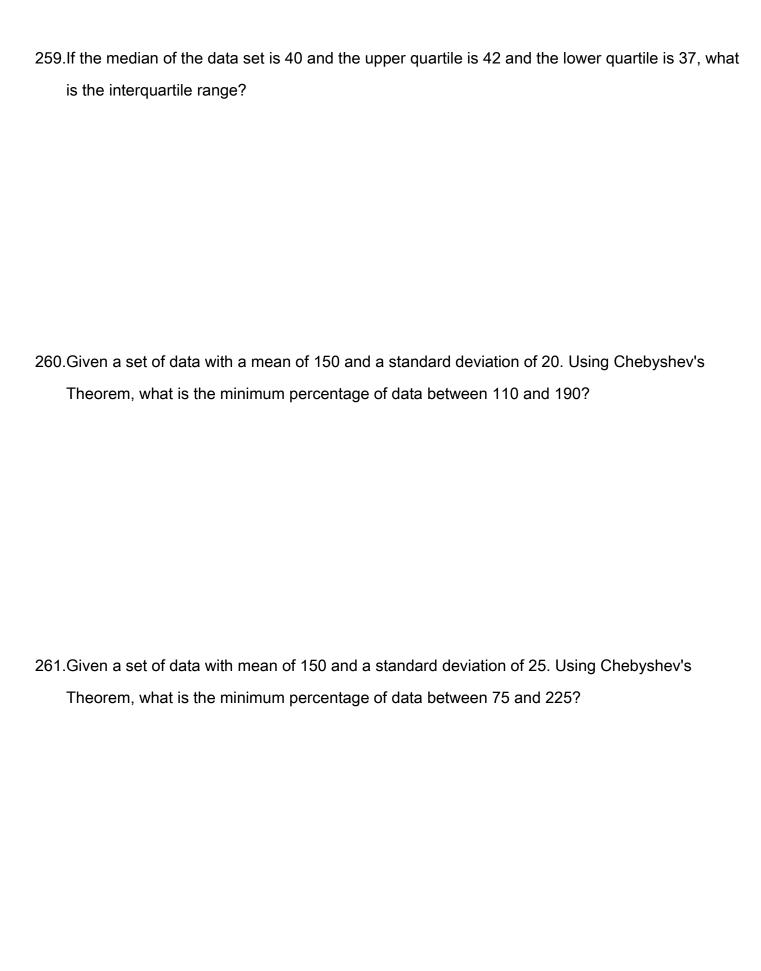


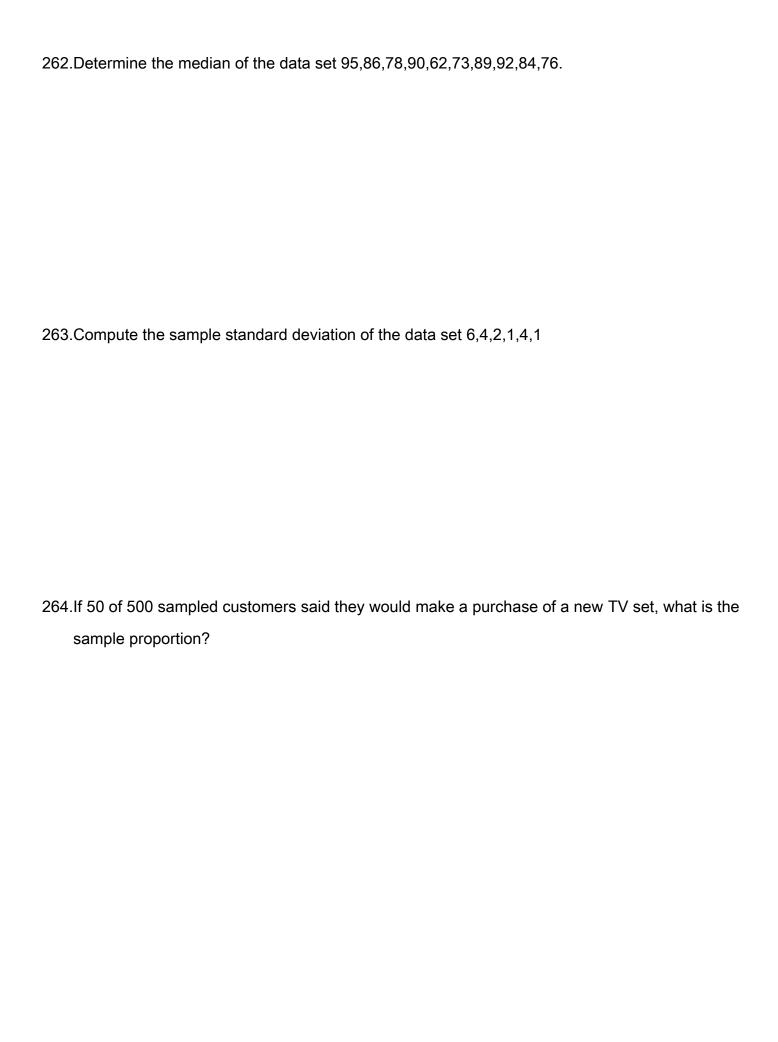




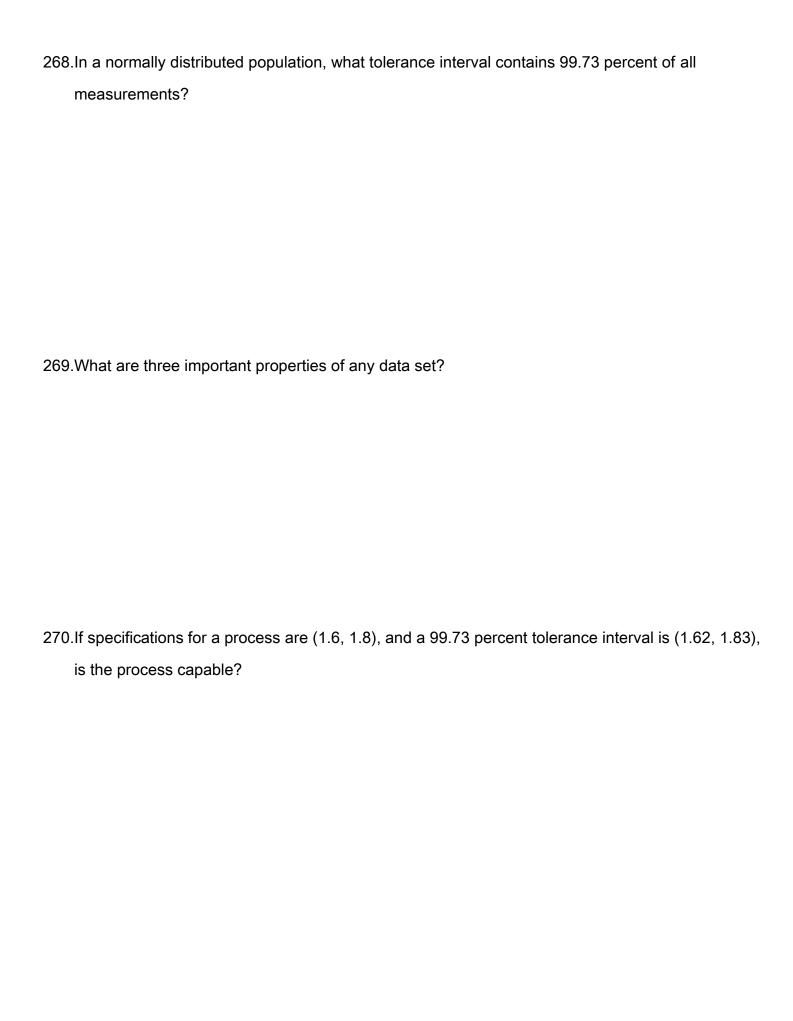


256.Calculate a two standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of
28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.
257.Calculate a three standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean o
28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.
258.If the median of a data set is 760 and the upper quartile is 950, and the lower quartile is 650,
what is the interquartile range?





265.Describe the shape of a population distribution, if the median is greater than the mean.
266.In a normally distributed population, what tolerance interval contains 68.26 percent of all measurements?
measurements:
267.In a normally distributed population, what tolerance interval contains 95.44 percent of all measurements?



271.The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the
lateness measure is calculated as 9. What is the coefficient of variation?
272.The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the
lateness measure is calculated as 9. An airplane arrived 13 minutes after the stated arrival time.
Calculate the Z-score for this particular airplane's lateness.
Calculate the 2-3core for this particular airpiane's lateriess.
The average life of Canadian women is 73.75 years and the standard deviation of the women's
life expectancy in Canada is 6.5 years.

273. Using the Chebychev's theorem, determine the minimum percentage of women in Canada whose
life expectancy is between 64 and 83.5 years.
274.Based on Chebychev's inequality determine the upper and lower bounds on the average life
expectancy of the Canadian women such that at least 90% of all population is included.
275. The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the
lateness measure is calculated as 9. An airplane arrived 8.5 minutes after the stated arrival time.
Calculate the Z-score for this particular airplane's lateness.
Calculate the 2 30010 for this particular all planes lateriess.

The following table shows the Price-to-Earnings ratio for a Stereo equipment manufacturing company between 1998 and 2002.

<u>Year</u>	P/E Ratio
1998	12.4
1999	14.6
2000	11.1
2001	8.2
2002	6.8

276.Determine the percentage change in the P/E ratios from 1998 to 1999.

277. Determine the percentage change in the P/E ratios from 1999 to 2000.

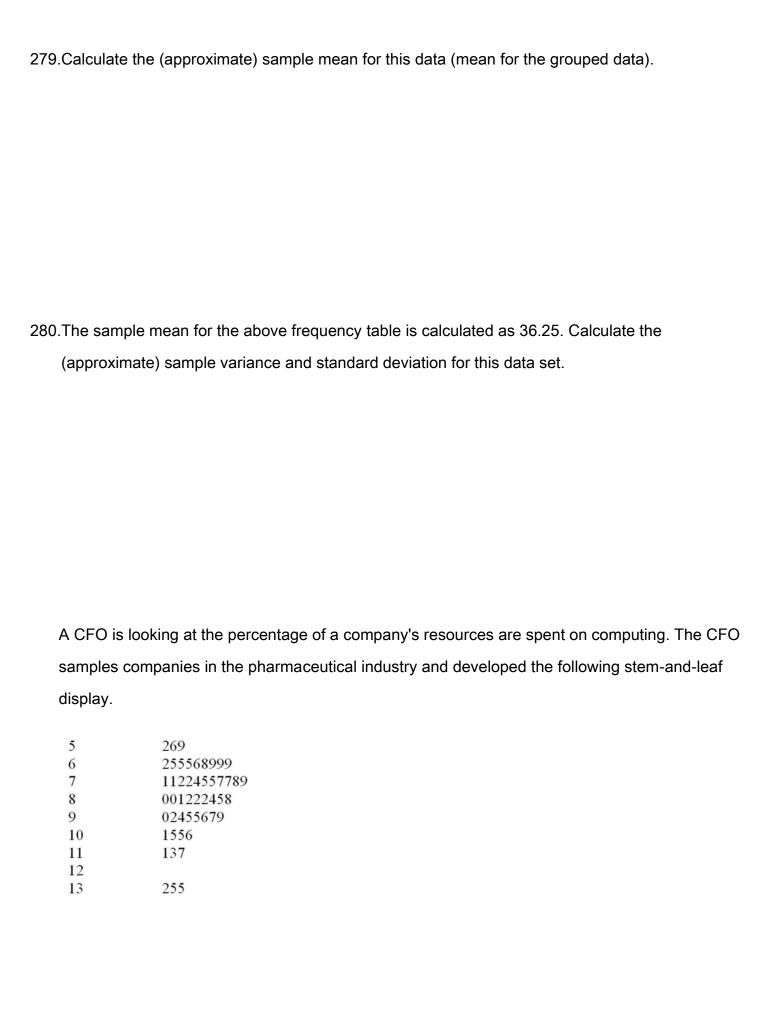
278. The following table shows the annual percentage growth rate for a Stereo equipment manufacturing company between 1998 and 2002. The of the P/E ratios are also calculated and given below:

Year	Growth rate %
2007	17.74% (2006 - 2007)
2008	- 23.97% (2007 – 2008)
2009	- 26.13% (2008 – 2009)
2010	-17.07% (2009 – 2010)

Calculate the mean growth rate.

The following frequency table summarizes the ages of 64 shoppers at the local grocery store.

Age of the shopper	Frequency
15 - 23	10
24 - 32	21
33 - 41	10
42 - 50	8
51 - 59	5
60 - 68	6



281.What is the approximate shape of the distribution of the data?
282.What is the smallest percent spent on computing?
283.If a frequency histogram were to be created using these data, how many classes would you create?

284.Personnel managers usually want to know where a job applicant ranked in an entrance test for their company. With a score of 3.83, Michelle Robinson ranked above the 93rd percentile of the other applicants. What is the percentile rank of an applicant whose score was the median value?

285. The Rivertown city council is attempting to choose one of two sites (A or B) as the location for its new emergency facility. After the new emergency facility becomes available for service, the current emergency facility will be shut down. The project manager has estimated the following response times in minutes from each of the proposed sites to the four areas that must be served by the emergency facility.

	-	Area S	Served	
Proposed	1	2	3	4
Site				
\mathbf{A}	5.2	4.4	3.6	6.5
В	6.0	7.4	3.4	4.0

The number of emergency runs from the current emergency facility to each of the four areas over the past year is as follows:

Compute the weighted mean response time from both proposed locations and determine which proposed site should be selected for the new emergency facility.

286. Consider the following data:

1.	11.5	6.	13.7	11.	11	16.	14.5
2.	13.5	7.	14	12.	13	17.	15.5
3.	12.5	8.	12	13.	16.7	18.	13
4.	15.2	9.	12.7	14.	12.5	19.	18.2
5.	14.7	10.	12.5	15.	11.5	20.	11.7

- (a) Create a stem and leaf display for the sample.
- (b) Describe the shape of the stem and leaf display.
- (c) What is the mode?
- (d) What is the media?

Chapter 2 Key

1.	A stem-and-leaf display is a graphical portrayal of a data set that shows the data set's overall
	pattern of variation.

TRUE

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #1

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed

2. The median is the measure of central tendency that divides a population or sample into four equal parts.

FALSE

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #2

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

3. The population mean is the average of the population measurements.

TRUE

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #3

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

4.	The mode is the measurement in a sample or population that occurs most frequently.
	TRUE
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #4
	Difficulty: Easy
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
5.	The population mean is a point estimate of the sample mean.
	<u>FALSE</u>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #3 Difficulty: Mediun
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
6.	The median is said to be resistant to extreme values.
	<u>TRUE</u>
	Acceptability of Authorized Navigation
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #6
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
7.	The range of set of measurements is the largest measurement plus the small measurement.
	<u>FALSE</u>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #7
	Difficulty: Easy
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

8.	The population variance is the average of the squared deviations of the individual population
	measurements from the population mean.
	<u>TRUE</u>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #8
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
9.	In a symmetric population, the median equals the mean.
	TRUE
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #9
	Difficulty: Easy
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution
10.	It is appropriate to use the Empirical Rule to describe a population that is extremely skewed.
	<u>FALSE</u>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #10
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution
11.	The median is the value below which approximately 50 percent of the measurements lie.
	TRUE

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #11

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

12.	An independent variable is a variable that can be used to describe, predict, or control a dependent variable.
	TRUE
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #12

13. The relative frequency is the frequency of a class divided by the total number of measurements.

TRUE

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #13

Difficulty: Medium

Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

14. The box-and-whiskers display is a graphical portrayal of data sets that depict both the central tendency and variability of the data.

TRUE

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #14
Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: N/A

15. When establishing the classes for a frequency table it is generally agreed that the more classes you use the better your frequency table will be.

FALSE

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

16.	If there are 7 classes in a frequency distribution, then the fourth class will always contain the
	median.

FALSE

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #16

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

17. A Pareto chart is a type of histogram.

FALSE

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #17

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used

18. Range is a better measure of variation than standard deviation.

FALSE

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #18

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

19.	A normal population has 99.73 percent of the population measurements within standard
	deviations of the mean.
	A. one
	B. two
	C. three
	D. four
	E. five
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #19
	Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
20.	A number calculated using the sample measurements that describes some aspect of the
	sample is a sample
	A. mean
	B. variance
	C. statistic
	D. parameter
	E. scale
	E. Scale
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #20
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

21.	All of the following can be used to describe quantitative data with the exception of a
	A. histogram
	B. stem-and-leaf display
	C. dot plot
	<u>D.</u> pie chart
	E. scatter plot
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #21 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed
	Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used
22.	All of the following are measures of central tendency except the
	<u>A.</u> range
	B. mode
	C. mean
	D. median
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #22 Difficulty: Easy
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

23.	A measurement that is separated from most of the other measurements is a(n)
	A. absolute extreme
	B. outlier
	C. mode
	D. quartile
	E. median
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #23
	Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier
24.	Which of the following graphs is used to summarize qualitative data?
	A. Histogram
	B. Bar Chart
	C. Time series plot
	D. Stem-and-leaf display
	E. Scatter plot
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #24
	Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
	Learning Objective. IVA

	<u>A.</u> 25 th	
	B. 50 th	
	C. 75 th	
	D. 100 th	
	E. 125 th	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #25
		Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A
26.	Which percentile describes the third quartile, Q3?	?
	A. 25 th	
	B. 50 th	
	<u>C.</u> 75 th	
	D. 100 th	
	E. 125 th	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #26
		воwerman - Cnapter uz #26 Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: N/A

25.

Which percentile describes the first quartile, Q1?

27.	A plot of the values of a dependent variable y versus the values of an	independent variable <i>x</i>
	is a plot.	
	A. runs	
	B. scatter	
	C. dot	
	D. time series	
	E. box	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #27
		Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
28.	A stem-and-leaf display is best used to	
	A. provide a point estimate of the variability in the population.	
	B. provide a point estimate of the central tendency in the population.	
	C. display the shape of the distribution of measurements.	
	D. reduce sampling bias.	
	E. represent the distribution of qualitative data.	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #28
		Difficulty: Medium
	l earning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-l	leaf display that you have constructed

29.	When grouping a large sample of items into classes, the is a better tool than the
	A. histogram, stem-and-leaf display
	B. box-and-whiskers display, histogram
	C. stem-and-leaf display, histogram
	D. scatter plot, box-and-whiskers display
	E. box-and-whiskers display, scatter plot
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #29 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed
	Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used
30.	A displays the frequency of each group with qualitative data and a
	displays the frequency of each group with quantitative data.
	A. histogram, stem-and-leaf display
	B. bar chart, histogram
	C. scatter plot, bar chart
	D. stem-and-leaf display, pie chart
	E. scatter plot, pie chart
	Access to The Man have all Man to a time

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #30

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used

31.	Α	shows the relationship betwe	en two quantitative variables.
	A. box-and-wh	iskers display	
	B. bar chart		
	C. histogram		
	<u>D.</u> scatter plot		
	E. pie chart		
			Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
			Bowerman - Chapter 02 #31 Difficulty: Medium
			Learning Objective: N/A
			Zearning Cajacare. 1471
32.	In a given data	set, the 25 th percentile is	equal to the lower hinge.
	A. always		
	B. sometimes		
	C. never		
			Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
			Bowerman - Chapter 02 #32
			Difficulty: Haro
			Learning Objective: N/A

•	An airline company is, on average, late 10 minutes for arrivals. If the variance for the lateness
	statistic is 9, then the coefficient of variation is
	A. 3
	B. 300
	C. 10
	D. 90
	<u>E.</u> 30
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #3.
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
	and are used to describe qualitative (categorical) data.
	A. Stem-and- leaf displays; scatter plots.
	B. Scatter plots; and box-and-whiskers displays
	C. Box-and-whiskers displays; bar charts
	<u>D.</u> Bar charts; pie charts
	E. Pie charts; histograms
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #34
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

35.	Which of the following is influenced the least by the occurrence of extreme values in a
	sample?
	A. Mean
	B. Median
	C. Mode
	D. Range
	E. Variance
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #3: Difficulty: Mediun
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
36.	If a population distribution is positively skewed (i.e. skewed to the right), then, given a random
00.	
	sample from that population, one would expect that the
	A. median would be greater than the mean
	B. mode would be equal to the mean
	C. median would never equal the mode
	D. median would be equal to the mean
	E. median would be less than the mean
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Rowarman Chapter 02 #3

Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution

Difficulty: Medium

37.	If a statistics course is determined by three exams. Exam 1 is worth 25% of the course grade.
	Exam 2 is worth 35% of the course grade. Exam 3 is worth 40% of the course grade.
	Calculate the term grade for a student with a 52% for the first exam, 63% for the second
	exam, and 75% for the third exam.
	A. 45.75%
	<u>B.</u> 65.05%
	C. 55.25%
	D. 36.35%
	E. 63.00%
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #37
	Боwerman - Chapter 02 #37 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: N/A
38.	If the mean, median, and mode for a given population are all equal, then we know that its
	distribution is
	A. bimodal
	B. skewed to the right
	C. symmetric
	D. skewed to the left
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #38
	Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution

39.	If one intends to compare the relative variation between two samples involving two different
	quantitative variables with different measurement scales, then the most appropriate way is to
	compare the from the two samples.
	A. standard deviations
	B. variances
	C. coefficients of variation
	D. ranges
	E. interquartile ranges
	E. Interquartile ranges
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #3. Difficulty: Mediur
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
40.	A disadvantage of using grouping (a frequency table) with sample data is that
	A. calculations involving central tendency and variation are more complicated than central
	tendency and variation calculations based on ungrouped data.
	<u>B.</u> the descriptive statistics are less precise than the descriptive statistics obtained using
	ungrouped data.
	C. the interpretation of the grouped data descriptive statistics is meaningless.
	D. it is much more difficult to summarize the information than it is with the ungrouped data.
	E. it is more difficult to interpret a pie chart.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #40

Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

41.	When developing a frequency distribution, the class intervals should be
	A. large.
	B. small.
	C. different lengths.
	D. mutually exclusive.
	E. of equal length.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #4
	Difficulty: Har
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed
42.	Which of the following graphical tools is not used to study the shapes of distributions?
	A. Stem-and-leaf display
	B. Scatter plot
	C. Histogram
	D. Dot plot
	E. Cumulative frequency distribution
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #4.
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed
	Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used

- 43. For a bell-shaped distribution, score *x* would be considered an outlier if:
 - A. x = 15, mean = 20, standard deviation = 3
 - B. x = 15, mean = 50, standard deviation = 30
 - C. x = 15, mean = 25, standard deviation = 5
 - D. x = 15, mean = 10, standard deviation = 100
 - E. x = 15, mean = 50, standard deviation = 10

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #43

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

- 44. A quantity that measures the variation of a population or a sample relative to its mean is called the ____.
 - A. range
 - B. standard deviation
 - C. coefficient of variation
 - D. variance
 - E. interquartile range

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

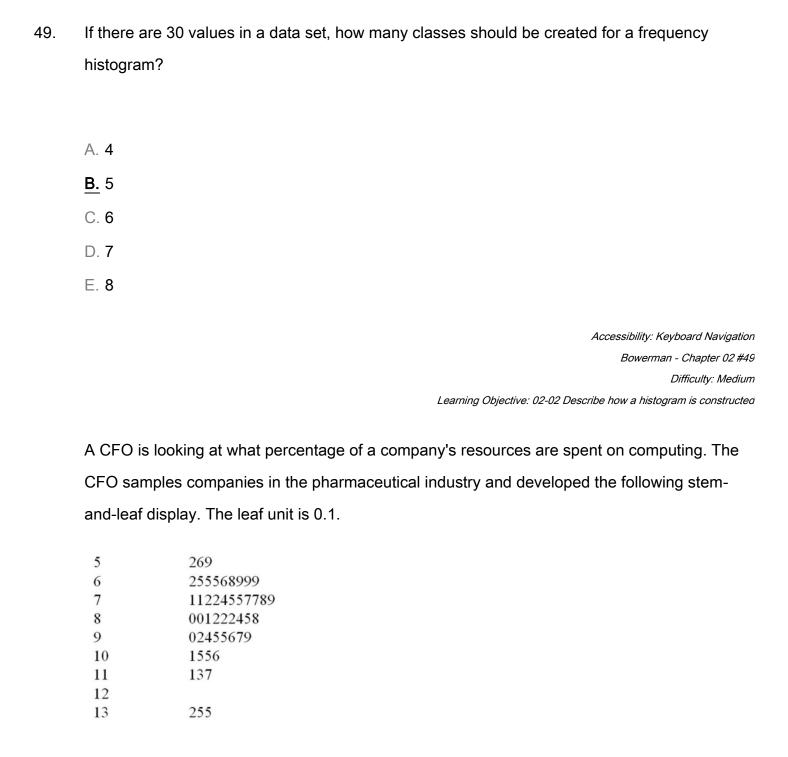
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #44

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

45.	Which of the following sample statistics is a measure of variation that is based only on the
	minimum and maximum values in a sample?
	A. Range
	B. Standard deviation
	C. Variance
	D. Interquartile range
	E. Coefficient of variation
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #45
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
46.	If there are 130 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency
	histogram?
	A. 4
	B. 5
	C. 6
	D. 7
	<u>E.</u> 8
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #46
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

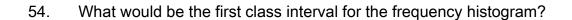
	If there are 120 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency
	histogram?
	A. 4
	B. 5
	C. 6
	<u>D.</u> 7
	E. 8
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #47
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed
48.	If there are 62 values in a data set, how many classes should be created for a frequency
	histogram?
	motogram:
	A. 4
	B. 5
	B. 5 <u>C.</u> 6
	B. 5 <u>C.</u> 6 D. 7
	B. 5 <u>C.</u> 6
	B. 5 <u>C.</u> 6 D. 7
	B. 5 C. 6 D. 7 E. 8
	B. 5 <u>C.</u> 6 D. 7 E. 8 Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation



Bowerman - Chapter 02

50.	What is the approximate shape of the distribution of the data?		
	A. Normal		
	B. Skewed to the right		
	C. Skewed to the left		
	D. Bimodal		
	E. Uniform		
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #5		
	Difficulty: Mediul		
	Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructe		
51.	What is the smallest percent spent on computing?		
	A. 5.9		
	B. 5.6		
	<u>C.</u> 5.2		
	D. 5.02		
	E. 50.2		
	Payrages Chapter 02 #		
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #5 Difficulty: Mediu.		
	Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed		

52.	If a frequency histogram were to be created using these data, how many classes would you		
	create?		
	A. 4		
	B. 5		
	<u>C.</u> 6		
	D. 7		
	E. 8		
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #52		
	Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed		
53.	What would be the class length that would be used in creating a frequency histogram?		
	<u>A.</u> 1.4		
	B. 8.3		
	C. 1.2		
	D. 1.7		
	E. 0.9		
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #53		
	Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed		
	Learning Objective. Uz-Uz Describe now a histogram is constructed		



- A. 5.2 6.5
- B. 5.2 6.0
- C. 5.0 6.0
- **D.** 5.2 6.6
- E. 5.2 6.4

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #54

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

A local airport keeps track of the percentage of flights arriving within 15 minutes of their scheduled arrivals. The stem-and-leaf plot of the data for one year is below. The leaf unit is 0.1.

Bowerman - Chapter 02

A. 7
B. 9
C. 10
D. 11
<u>E.</u> 12
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #5
Difficulty: Mediur Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructe
<u>A.</u> 4
B. 5
C. 6
D. 7
E. 8
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #5
Difficulty: Mediun
Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructe

55.

What is the sample size?

57.	What would be the class length for creating the frequency histogram?

- A. 1.4
- B. 0.8
- C. 2.7
- <u>D.</u> 1.7
- E. 2.3

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #57

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

A company collected the ages from a random sample of its middle managers with the resulting frequency distribution shown below:

Class Interval	Frequency
20 to <25	8
25 to < 30	6
30 to <35	5
35 to <40	12
40 to < 45	15
45 to < 50	7

Bowerman - Chapter 02

58.	What would be the approximate shape of the relative frequency histogram?		
	A. Uniform		
	B. Normal		
	C. Bimodal		
	<u>D.</u> Skewed to the left		
	E. Skewed to the right		
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #:		
	Difficulty: Ha		
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed		
59.	What is the relative frequency for the largest interval?		
	A. 0.132		
	B. 0.226		
	C. 0.231		
	<u>D.</u> 0.283		
	E. 0.288		
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #		
	Difficulty: Ha		
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed		

60.	What is the midpoint of the third class interval?
	A. 22.5
	B. 27.5
	<u>C.</u> 32.5
	D. 37.5
	E. 42.5
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #60
	Difficulty: Haro
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed
	In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained:
	74, 73, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 67, 66
	Rewarman Chapter 00
	Bowerman - Chapter 02
61.	What is the mean?
	<u>A.</u> 71.5
	 В. 72.0
	C. 77.0
	D. 71.0
	E. 73.0
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #61 Difficulty: Easy
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

62.	What is the median?	
	A. 71.5	
	<u>B.</u> 72.0	
	C. 77.0	
	D. 71.0	
	E. 73.0	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #62 Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
63.	What is the mode?	
	A. 71.5	
	B. 72.0	
	<u>C.</u> 77.0	

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #63

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

The numbers of rooms for 15 homes recently sold were:

8, 8, 8, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9

D. 71.0

E. 73.0

	A. 8.0	
	B. 7.0	
	C. 6.0	
	D. 9.0	
	<u>E.</u> 7.4	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #64
		Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
65.	What is the median?	
	A. 8.0	
	<u>B.</u> 7.0	
	C. 6.0	
	D. 9.0	
	E. 7.4	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #65
		Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

64.

What is the mean?

~~	1 4 71 4		
66.	\/\/hat	ic tha	mode?
OO.	vviiai	19 1116	HIOUE!

- A. 8.0
- **B.** 7.0
- C. 6.0
- D. 9.0
- E. 7.4

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #66

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations and water resources.

19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16

Bowerman - Chapter 02

67. What is the mean?

- A. 8
- B. 23.5
- <u>C.</u> 16
- D. 17
- E. 18

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #67

Difficulty: Easy

	A. 8	
	B. 23.5	
	C. 16	
	<u>D.</u> 17	
	E. 18	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #68 Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
69.	What is the mode?	
	<u>A.</u> 8	
	B. 23.5	
	C. 16	

What is the median?

D. 17

E. 18

68.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #69

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are: 68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68

70.	What is the mean?	
	<u>A.</u> 70	
	B. 75	
	C. 68	
	D. 71	
	E. 80	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #70
		Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
71.	What is the median?	
	A. 70	
	B. 75	
	<u>C.</u> 68	
	D. 71	
	E. 80	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #71
		Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
		Ecanning Objective. 62 66 Distinguish Between a mean, a median, and a mode

<i>1</i> 2.	What is the mode?
	A. 70
	B. 75
	<u>C.</u> 68
	D. 71
	E. 80
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #72
	Difficulty: Easy
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
	The reaction time in seconds to a stop light of a group of adult men were found to be
	0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55
	Bowerman - Chapter 02
73.	What is the mean?
	<u>A.</u> 0.709
	B. 0.710
	C. 0.920
	D. 0.725
	E. 0.550
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #73
	Difficulty: Easy

7 4	1 4 71 1		
74.	What	ic tha	median?
/ + .	vviiai	13 1110	IIICulaii:

- A. 0.709
- B. 0.710
- C. 0.920
- <u>D.</u> 0.725
- E. 0.550

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #74

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

75. What is the mode?

- A. 0.709
- **B.** 0.710
- C. 0.920
- D. 0.725
- E. 0.550

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #75

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of 1 to 5:

3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3

76.	What is the mean?	
	<u>A.</u> 3	
	<u>—</u> В. 5	
	C. 2	
	D. 4	
	E. 3.25	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #76
		Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
77.	What is the median?	
	<u>A.</u> 3	
	B. 5	
	C. 2	
	D. 4	

E. 3.25

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #77

Difficulty: Easy

78.	What is the mode?	

- <u>**A.**</u> 3
- B. 5
- C. 2
- D. 4
- E. 3.25

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #78

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results:

\$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000

Bowerman - Chapter 02

79. What is the mean?

- A. 3447
- **B.** 3213
- C. 3250
- D. 6120
- E. 3445

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #79

Difficulty: Easy

80.	What is the median?	
	A. 3447	
	B. 3213	
	<u>C.</u> 3250	
	D. 6120	
	E. 3445	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #80
		Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
81.	What is the mode?	
	A. 3447	
	B. 3213	
	<u>C.</u> 3250	
	D. 6120	

E. 3445

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #81 Difficulty: Easy

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes):

118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

Bowerman - Chapter 02

- 82. What is the mean?
 - **A.** 114.15
 - B. 118
 - C. 148
 - D. 45
 - E. 115.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #82

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

- 83. What is the median?
 - A. 114.15
 - **B**. 118
 - C. 148
 - D. 45
 - E. 115.5

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #83

Difficulty: Easy

- 84. What is the mode?
 - A. 114.15
 - **B**. 118
 - C. 148
 - D. 45
 - E. 115.5

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #84

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted.

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

Bowerman - Chapter 02

- 85. What is the mean?
 - A. 375
 - B. 368
 - C. 389.9
 - D. 200
 - **E.** 346.6

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86.	W/hat	ic tha	median?
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- A. 375
- **B.** 368
- C. 389.9
- D. 200
- E. 346.6

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #86

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

87. What is the mode?

- <u>A.</u> 375
- B. 368
- C. 389.9
- D. 200
- E. 346.6

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #87

Difficulty: Easy

Twenty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to report the number of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are the values reported:

7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12

Bowerman - Chapter 02

88. What is the mean?

- A. 8
- **B.** 9.6
- C. 9.5
- D. 10.5
- E. 9

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #88

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

89. What is the median?

- A. 8
- B. 9.6
- **C.** 9.5
- D. 10.5
- E. 9

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

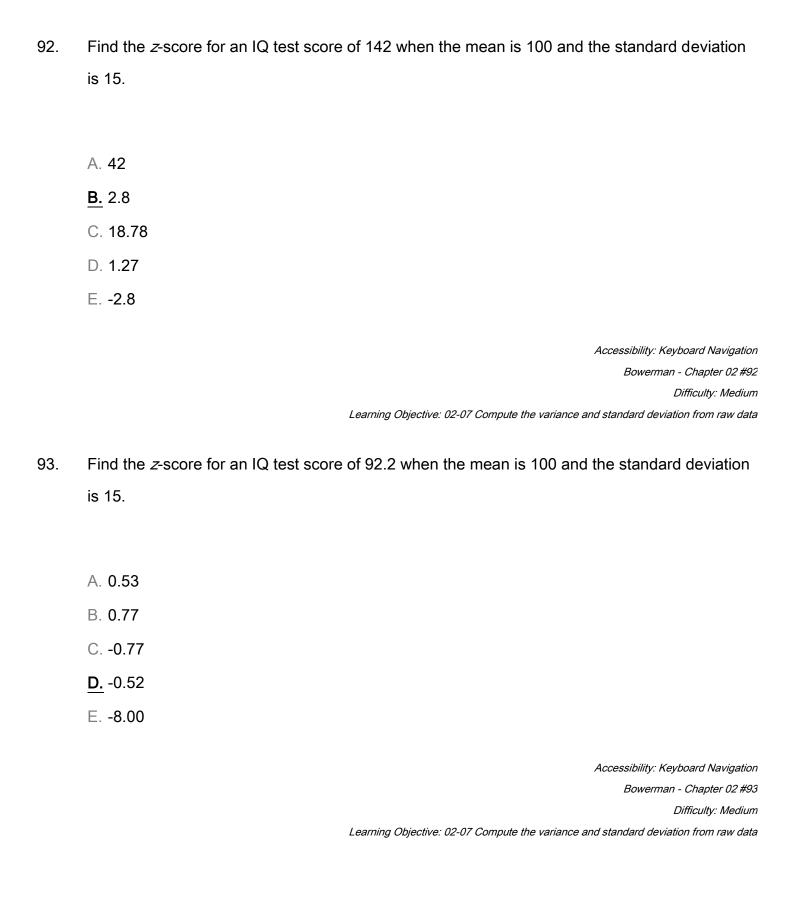
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #89

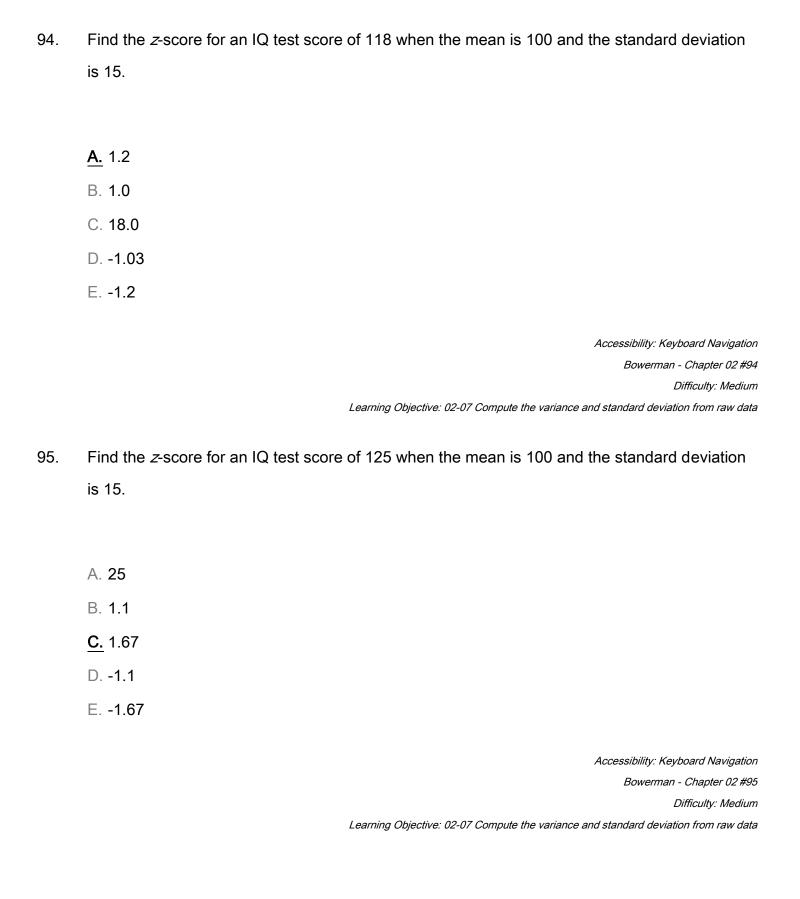
Difficulty: Easy

90.	What is the mode?	
	<u>A.</u> 8	
	B. 9.6	
	C. 9.5	
	D. 10.5	
	E. 9	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #90 Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
91.	Find the coefficient of variation for a	n IQ test with a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of
	15.	
	13.	
	<u>A.</u> 15.0	
	B. 6.7	
	C. 0.15	
	D. 1.5	
	E. 0.67	
		Acceptable with the second Aller Second
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #91

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data





- 96. Using Chebyshev's Rule, find the interval that contains at least 93.75% of all measurements when mean = 2.549 and s = 1.828.
 - A. [-2.935, 8.033]
 - B. [-1.107, 6.205]
 - C. [-26.699, 31.797]
 - D. [2.435, 2.663]
 - **E.** [-4.763, 9.861]

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #96

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

According to a survey of the top 10 employers in a major city, a worker spends an average of 413 minutes a day on the job. Suppose the standard deviation is 26.8 minutes and the time spent is approximately a normal distribution.

Bowerman - Chapter 02

- 97. Within which interval will the times of approximately 68.26% of all workers fall?
 - A. [394.8, 431.2]
 - <u>B.</u> [386.2, 439.8]
 - C. [372.8, 453.2]
 - D. [359.4, 466.6]
 - E. [332.6, 493.4]

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #97

Difficulty: Medium

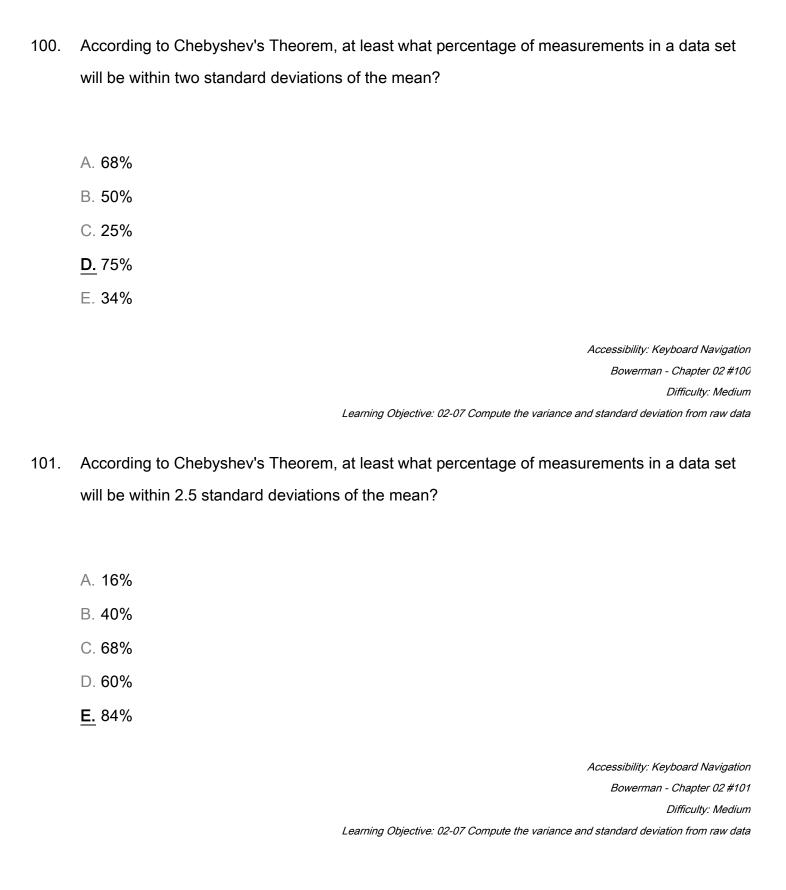
	A. [387.5, 438.5]	
	B. [386.2, 439.8]	
	C. [372.8, 453.2]	
	<u>D.</u> [359.4, 466.6]	
	E. [332.6, 493.4]	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #98
		Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
99.	Within which interval will the time	es of approximately 99.73% of all workers fall?
	A. [305.8, 520.2]	
	B. [386.2, 439.8]	
	C. [372.8, 453.2]	
	D. [359.4, 466.6]	
	<u>E.</u> [332.6, 493.4]	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

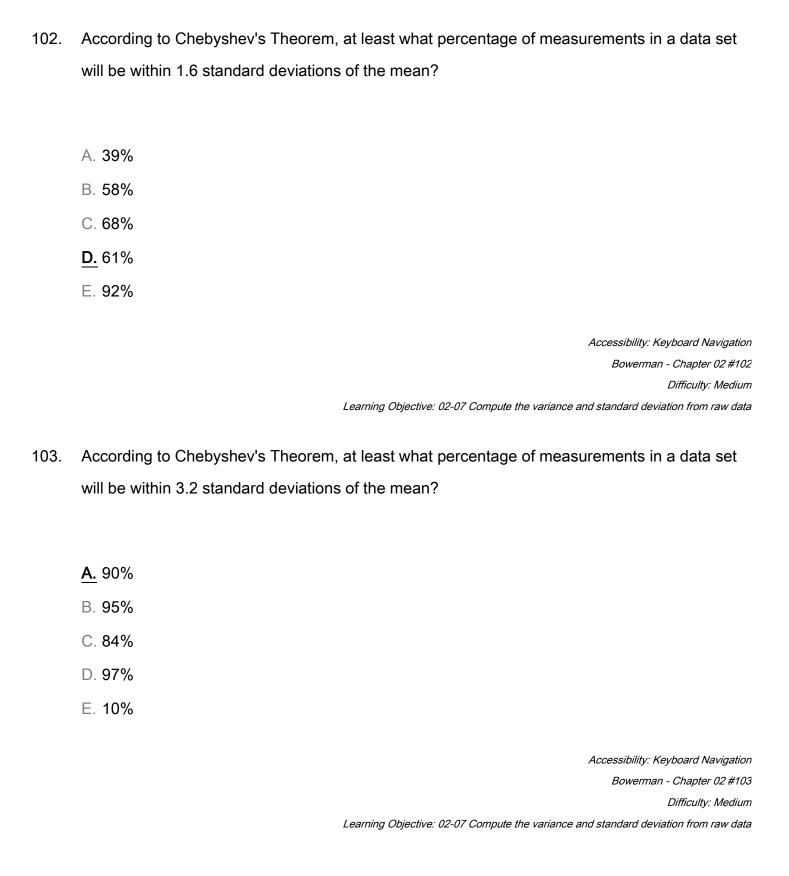
Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

Within which interval will the times of approximately 95.44% of all workers fall?

98.





104.	Consider the interval $\mu^{\pm k\sigma}$ for some population. According to Chebyshev's theorem, what
	value of <i>k</i> would guarantee this interval would include at least 80% of the measurements in the
	population?
	A. 5.0
	<u>B.</u> 2.2
	C. 2.5
	D. 1.6
	E. 2.0
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #104
	Difficulty: Haro
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
	In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained
	(mean = 71.5):
	74, 73, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 67, 66
	Bowerman - Chapter 02
105.	What is the range?
	A. 22.72
	<u>B.</u> 12.00
	C. 4.77
	D. 516.20
	E. 144.00

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at is the variance?	is	What	106.

- <u>A.</u> 22.72
- B. 12.00
- C. 4.77
- D. 516.20
- E. 144.00

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #106

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

107. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 22.72
- B. 12.00
- <u>C.</u> 4.77
- D. 516.20
- E. 144.00

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #107

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

The numbers of rooms for 15 homes recently sold were (mean = 7.4):

8, 8, 8, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9

A. 1.183
B. 1.400
<u>C.</u> 4.00
D. 16.00
E. 1.96
What is the variance?
A. 1.183
<u>B.</u> 1.400
C. 4.00
D. 16.00
E. 1.96
variance?

What is the range?

108.

110	What is	the standard	deviation?
110.	vviiciio	uic sianuan	

- <u>A.</u> 1.183
- B. 1.400
- C. 4.00
- D. 16.00
- E. 1.96

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #110

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations and water resources (mean = 16).

19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16

Bowerman - Chapter 02

111. What is the range?

- A. 39.14
- B. 6.26
- **C**. 17
- D. 289
- E. 18

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #111

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

112.	What is the variance?		
	<u>A.</u> 39.14		
	B. 6.26		
	C. 17		
	D. 289		
	E. 18		
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Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #112

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

113. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 39.14
- **B.** 6.26
- C. 17
- D. 289
- E. 18

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #113

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are (mean = 70):

68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68

114. What is the range?

<u>A.</u>	18
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- B. 4.73
- C. 22.40
- D. 324
- E. 6.76

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #114

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

115. What is the variance?

- A. 18
- B. 4.73
- <u>C.</u> 22.40
- D. 324
- E. 6.76

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #115

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

116. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 18
- **B.** 4.73
- C. 22.40
- D. 324
- E. 6.76

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #116

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

The reaction time in seconds to a stop light for a group of adult men were found to be 0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55 (mean = .709)

Bowerman - Chapter 02

117. What is the range?

- A. 0.026
- B. 0.052
- **C.** 0.580
- D. 0.1613
- E. 0.0007

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #117

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

118. What is the variance?

- **A.** 0.026
- B. 0.052
- C. 0.580
- D. 0.1613
- E. 0.0007

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #118

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

119. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 0.026
- B. 0.052
- C. 0.580
- **D.** 0.1613
- E. 0.0007

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #119

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of 1 to 5 (mean = 3):

3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3

120. What is the range? A. 3 <u>B.</u> 4 C. 1.291 D. 1.667 E. 2.779 Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #120 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data 121. What is the variance? A. 3 B. **4** C. 1.291 <u>D.</u> 1.667 E. 2.779

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #121

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

122. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 3
- B. 4
- **C.** 1.291
- D. 1.667
- E. 2.779

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #122

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results (mean = \$3,213):

\$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000

Bowerman - Chapter 02

123. What is the range?

- A. 1359
- **B.** 4993
- C. 1846575
- D. 3587
- E. 1976454

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #123

Difficulty: Easy

124.	What is the variance?	
	A. 1359	
	B. 4993	
	<u>C.</u> 1846575	
	D. 3587	
	E. 1976454	
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		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #124
		Difficulty: Medium
		Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
125.	What is the standard deviation?	
	<u>A.</u> 1359	
	В. 4993	
	C. 1846575	
	D. 3587	
	E. 1976454	

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #125

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

Difficulty: Medium

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes) (mean = 114.15): 118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

Bowerman - Chapter 02

126. What is the range?

- **A.** 103
- B. 23.62
- C. 557.97
- D. 128.8
- E. 115

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #126

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

What is the variance? 127.

- A. 103
- B. 23.62
- **C.** 557.97
- D. 128.8
- E. 115

128. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 103
- **B.** 23.62
- C. 557.97
- D. 128.8
- E. 115

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #128

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted (mean = 346.6).

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

Bowerman - Chapter 02

129. What is the range?

- A. 342.43
- B. 3424.3
- C. 58.5
- **D**. 191
- E. 10609

130.	What is t	he var	iance?

- A. 342.43
- **B.** 3424.3
- C. 58.5
- D. 191
- E. 10609

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #130

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

131. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 342.43
- B. 3424.3
- <u>C.</u> 58.5
- D. 191
- E. 10609

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #131

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

Twenty students were randomly selected from the most recent graduating class at a Canadian university. The number of semesters they were enrolled was calculated (mean = 9.6) 7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12

Bowerman - Chapter 02

132. What is the range?

- **A.** 8
- B. 2.162
- C. 9.5
- D. 4.674
- E. 21.846

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #132

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

133. What is the variance?

- A. 8
- B. 2.162
- C. 9.5
- **D.** 4.674
- E. 21.846

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #133

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

134. What is the standard deviation?

- A. 8
- **B.** 2.162
- C. 9.5
- D. 4.674
- E. 21.846

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #134

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

In a statistic class, 10 scores were randomly selected with the following results were obtained: 74, 73, 77, 71, 68, 65, 77, 67, 66

Bowerman - Chapter 02

- 135. What is the 90th percentile?
 - <u>A.</u> 77
 - B. **73**
 - C. 74
 - D. 67
 - E. 65.9

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #135

Difficulty: Medium

136. What is the third quartile?

- A. 65.9
- B. 67.3
- C. 66.75
- D. 73.85
- **E.** 77.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #136

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: N/A

137. What is the first quartile?

- A. 65.9
- B. 67.3
- <u>C.</u> 67.0
- D. 73.85
- E. 77.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #137
Difficulty: Medium

138. What is the 10th percentile?

- <u>**A.</u>** 65.5</u>
- B. 67.3
- C. 66.75
- D. 73.85
- E. 77.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #138
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

139. What is the 65th percentile?

- A. 65.9
- B. 67.3
- C. 66.75
- **D.** 74.0
- E. 77.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #139
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

140. What is the IQR?

- A. 12.00
- B. 5.25
- <u>C.</u> 10.00
- D. 5.00
- E. 11.00

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #140

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: N/A

141. What are the inner fences?

- A. 15.375, 30.75
- B. 82.125, 92.375
- C. 97.50, 107.75
- **D.** 52.00, 92.00
- E. 35.95, 107.75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #141

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

142. What are the outer fences?

- A. 15.375, 30.75
- B. 51.375, 92.375
- <u>C.</u> 37.00, 107.00
- D. 82.125, 92.375
- E. 97.50, 107.75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #142

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

The numbers of rooms for 15 home recently sold were;

8, 8, 8, 5, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 9, 9

Bowerman - Chapter 02

143. What is the 90th percentile?

- <u>**A.</u>** 9</u>
- B. 8
- C. 7
- D. 6
- E. 5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #143

Difficulty: Medium

144. What is the third quartile?

- A. 9
- <u>**B.</u>** 8</u>
- C. **7**
- D. 6
- E. 5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #144
Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: N/A

145. What is the first quartile?

- A. 9
- B. 8
- <u>C.</u> 7
- D. 6
- E. 5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #145
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

146.	. What is the 10 th percentile?	
	A. 9	
	B. 8	
	C. 7	
	<u>D.</u> 6	
	E. 5	
		Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #146 Difficulty: Medium
		Learning Objective: N/A
147.	. What is the 65th percentile?	
	A. 9	
	<u>B.</u> 8	
	C. 7	
	D. 6	

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #147

Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

E. 5

148. What is the IQR?

- A. 15
- B. 1.5
- C. 3
- D. 4
- <u>E.</u> 1

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #148

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: N/A

- 149. What are the inner fences?
 - A. 4, 11
 - B. 8.5, 9.5
 - <u>C.</u> 5.5, 9.5
 - D. 10, 9.5
 - E. 5.5, 10

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #149

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

- A. 5.5, 9.5
- **B.** 4, 11
- C. 8.5, 9.5
- D. 10, 9.5
- E. 5.5, 10

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #150

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

The values given below are snow depths measured as part of a study of satellite observations and water resources.

19, 18, 12, 25, 22, 8, 8, 16

Bowerman - Chapter 02

151. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 8
- **B**. 25
- C. 18.55
- D. 9
- E. 21.25

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #151

Difficulty: Medium

152. What is the third quartile?

- A. 8
- B. 22.9
- C. 18.55
- D. 9
- <u>E.</u> 20.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #152
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

153. What is the first quartile?

- A. 8
- B. 22.9
- C. 18.55
- <u>D.</u> 10
- E. 21.25

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #153
Difficulty: Medium

154. What is the 10th percentile?

- <u>**A.</u>** 8</u>
- B. 22.9
- C. 18.55
- D. 9
- E. 21.25

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #154
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

- 155. What is the 65th percentile?
 - A. 8
 - B. 22.9
 - <u>C.</u> 19
 - D. 9
 - E. 21.25

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #155
Difficulty: Medium

- <u>**A.</u>** 10.5</u>
- B. 18.375
- C. 36.75
- D. 21.25
- E. 30.25

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #156

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: N/A

157. What are the inner fences?

- A. 27.375, 39.625
- **B.** -5.75, 36.25
- C. -27.75, 58.00
- D. 45.75, 58.00
- E. 18.375, 36.75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #157

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

- A. -9.375, 39.625
- **B.** -21.5, 52.00
- C. 27.375, 39.625
- D. 45.75, 58.00
- E. 18.375, 36.75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #158

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

In a hearing test, subjects estimate the loudness (in decibels) of sound, and the results are; 68, 67, 70, 71, 68, 75, 68, 62, 80, 73, 68

Bowerman - Chapter 02

- 159. What is the 90th percentile?
 - A. 73
 - B. 68
 - C. 70.5
 - D. 67
 - **E.** 75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #159

Difficulty: Medium

160. What is the third quartile?

- <u>A.</u> 73
- B. 68
- C. 70.5
- D. 67
- E. 75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #160
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

161. What is the first quartile?

- A. 73
- <u>**B.**</u> 68
- C. 70.5
- D. 67
- E. 75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #161

Difficulty: Medium

162. What is the 10th percentile?

- A. 73
- B. 68
- C. 70.5
- <u>D.</u> 67
- E. 75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #162
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

- 163. What is the 65th percentile?
 - A. 73
 - B. 68
 - <u>C.</u> 71
 - D. 67
 - E. 75

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #163
Difficulty: Medium

164. What is the IQR?

- A. 18
- B. 6
- <u>C.</u> 5
- D. 7.5
- E. 15

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #164

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: N/A

- 165. What are the inner fences?
 - A. 75.5, 80.5
 - B. 83, 88
 - <u>C.</u> 60.5, 80.5
 - D. 53, 88
 - E. 7.5, 15

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #165

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

- A. 60.5, 80.5
- B. 75.5, 80.5
- <u>C.</u> 53, 88
- D. 83, 88
- E. 7.5, 15

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

The reaction time (in seconds) to a stop at a red light for a group of adult men was found to be 0.74, 0.71, 0.41, 0.82, 0.74, 0.85, 0.99, 0.71, 0.57, 0.85, 0.57, 0.55

Bowerman - Chapter 02

- 167. What is the 90th percentile?
 - A. 0.752
 - B. 0.552
 - <u>C.</u> 0.85
 - D. 0.8425
 - E. 0.57

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #167

Difficulty: Medium

168. What is the third quartile?

- A. 0.752
- B. 0.552
- C. 0.85
- **D.** 0.835
- E. 0.57

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #168
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

169. What is the first quartile?

- A. 0.752
- B. 0.552
- C. 0.85
- D. 0.8425
- <u>E.</u> 0.57

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #169
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

170. What is the 10th percentile?

- A. 0.752
- **B.** 0.55
- C. 0.85
- D. 0.8425
- E. 0.57

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #170
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

171. What is the 65th percentile?

- <u>**A.</u>** 0.74</u>
- B. 0.552
- C. 0.85
- D. 0.8425
- E. 0.57

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #171
Difficulty: Medium

172. What is the IQR?

- <u>**A.</u>** 265</u>
- B. 8175
- C. 40875
- D. 57
- E. 8425

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #172

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: N/A

173. What are the inner fences?

- A. 97875, 1.25125
- B. 3875, 1.66
- C. -. 2475, 1.66
- D. 40875, .8175
- **E.** 1725, 1.2325

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #173

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

- **A.** -.225, 1.63
- B. 16125, 1.25125
- C. 97875, 1.25125
- D. 1.3875, 1.66
- E. 40875, .8175

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

In a rating of the satisfaction with their instructor, 13 students gave the following scores from a scale of 1 to 5;

3, 2, 1, 1, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2, 4, 3, 3

Bowerman - Chapter 02

175. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 1.2
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- **E**. 5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #175

Difficulty: Medium

176. What is the third quartile?

- A. 1.2
- B. 2
- C. 3
- <u>D.</u> 4
- E. 4.8

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #176
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

177. What is the first quartile?

- A. 1.2
- <u>B.</u> 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 4.8

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #177
Difficulty: Medium

178. What is the 10th percentile?

- <u>**A.</u>** 1</u>
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 4.8

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #178
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

- 179. What is the 65th percentile?
 - A. 1.2
 - B. 2
 - <u>C.</u> 3
 - D. 4
 - E. 4.8

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #179
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

- <u>A.</u> 2
- B. 6
- C. 3
- D. 4
- E. 1

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #180

Difficulty: Easy
Learning Objective: N/A

181. What are the inner fences?

- <u>**A.</u>** -1, 7</u>
- B. -4, 10
- C. 5, 7
- D. 8, 10
- E. 3, 6

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #181

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

- A. -1, 7
- **B.** -4, 10
- C. 5, 7
- D. 8, 10
- E. 3, 6

Difficulty: Hara

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

The company financial officer was interested in the average cost of PCs that had been purchased in the past six months. A random sample of the price of 10 computers was taken with the following results;

\$3,250, \$1,127, \$2,995, \$3,250, \$3,445, \$3,449, \$1,482, \$6,120, \$3,009, \$4,000

Bowerman - Chapter 02

- 183. What is the 90th percentile?
 - A. \$1,446.5
 - B. \$2,617
 - C. \$3,415.75
 - D. \$3,587
 - **E.** \$5,060

184. What is the third quartile?

- A. \$1,446.5
- B. \$2,617
- C. \$3,415.75
- <u>D.</u> \$3,449
- E. \$4,212

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #184
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

185. What is the first quartile?

- A. \$1,446.5
- <u>B.</u> \$2,995
- C. \$3,415.75
- D. \$3,587
- E. \$4,212

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #185
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

- <u>A.</u> \$1,304.50
- B. \$2,617
- C. \$3,415.75
- D. \$3,587
- E. \$4,212

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #186
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

- 187. What is the 65th percentile?
 - A. \$1,446.5
 - B. \$2,617
 - <u>C.</u> \$3,445
 - D. \$3,587
 - E. \$4,212

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #187

Difficulty: Medium

188. What is the IQR?

- A. 1455
- **B**. 454
- C. 2910
- D. 4993
- E. 6204

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #188

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: N/A

- 189. What are the inner fences?
 - A. 1455, 2910
 - B. 4072, 5042
 - C. 5527, 6497
 - <u>D.</u> 2314, 4130
 - E. -293, 6497

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #189

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

- A. 1455, 2910
- B. 4072, 5042
- C. 5527, 6497
- D. 1162, 5042
- E. 1633, 4811

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

The local amusement park was interested in the average wait time at their most popular roller coaster at the peak park time (2 p.m.). They selected 13 patrons and had them get in line between 2 and 3 p.m. Each was given a stop watch to record the time they spent in line. The times recorded were as follows (in minutes)

118, 124, 108, 116, 99, 120, 148, 118, 119, 121, 45, 130, 118

Bowerman - Chapter 02

191. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 100.8
- B. 119.8
- **C.** 130
- D. 112
- E. 122.5

192. What is the third quartile?

- A. 100.8
- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- D. 112
- <u>E.</u> 121

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #192
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

193. What is the first quartile?

- A. 100.8
- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- <u>D.</u> 116
- E. 122.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #193
Difficulty: Medium

194. What is the 10th percentile?

- <u>A.</u> 99
- B. 119.8
- C. 128.8
- D. 112
- E. 122.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #194
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

195. What is the 65th percentile?

- A. 100.8
- <u>B.</u> 120
- C. 128.8
- D. 112
- E. 122.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #195

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: N/A

- A. 21.00
- **B**. 5
- C. 15.75
- D. 31.50
- E. 11.50

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #196

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: N/A

- 197. What are the inner fences?
 - <u>A.</u> 108.50, 128.50
 - B. 80.50, 154.00
 - C. 127.75, 138.25
 - D. 143.50, 154.00
 - E. 15.75, 31.50

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #197

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

- **B.** 101.00, 136.00
- C. 127.75, 138.25
- D. 143.50, 154.00
- E. 15.75, 31.50

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

Quality control is an important issue at ACME Company which manufacturers light bulbs. In order to conduct testing of the life hours of their light bulbs, they randomly sampled nine light bulbs and measured how many hours they lasted.

378, 361, 350, 375, 200, 391, 375, 368, 321

Bowerman - Chapter 02

199. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 335.5
- B. 370.5
- C. 391
- D. 296.8
- E. 375

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #199

Difficulty: Medium

200. What is the third quartile?

- A. 335.5
- B. 370.5
- C. 380.6
- D. 296.8
- **E.** 375

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #200
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

201. What is the first quartile?

- <u>A.</u> 350
- B. 370.5
- C. 380.6
- D. 296.8
- E. 375

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #201
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

202. What is the 10th percentile?

- A. 335.5
- B. 370.5
- C. 380.6
- <u>D.</u> 200
- E. 375

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #202
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

203. What is the 65th percentile?

- A. 335.5
- B. 370.5
- C. 380.6
- D. 296.8
- **E**. 375

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #203
Difficulty: Medium

- <u>**A.**</u> 25
- B. 22
- C. 61.50
- D. 191
- E. 82

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: N/A

- 205. What are the inner fences?
 - <u>A.</u> 312.5, 412.5
 - B. 212.5, 499.5
 - C. 397.0, 438.0
 - D. 458.5, 499.5
 - E. 61.5, 123.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #205

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

- A. 274.0, 438.0
- **B.** 275.0, 450.0
- C. 397.0, 438.0
- D. 458.5, 499.5
- E. 61.5, 123.0

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

Twenty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to report the number of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are the values reported:

7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12

Bowerman - Chapter 02

207. What is the 90th percentile?

- A. 7
- B. 10.35
- **C.** 12.5
- D. 11
- E. 8

208. What is the third quartile?

- A. 7
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.1
- <u>D.</u> 11
- E. 8

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #208
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

209. What is the first quartile?

- A. 7
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.1
- D. 11
- <u>E.</u> 8

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #209
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

210. What is the 10th percentile?

- <u>A.</u> 7
- B. 10.35
- C. 12.1
- D. 11
- E. 8

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Bowerman - Chapter 02 #210
Difficulty: Medium
Learning Objective: N/A

211. What is the 65th percentile?

- A. 7
- <u>**B.**</u> 10.5
- C. 12.1
- D. 11
- E. 8

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #211

Difficulty: Medium

212. What is the IQR?

- <u>**A.</u>** 3</u>
- B. 8
- C. 3.5
- D. 11
- E. 4.5

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #212

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: N/A

213. What are the inner fences?

- A. 17, 20
- <u>B.</u> 3.5, 15.5
- C. 12.5, 15.5
- D. -1, 20
- E. 4.5, 9.0

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #213

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

- A. 17, 20
- **B.** -1, 20
- C. 3.5, 15.5
- D. 12.5, 15.5
- E. 4.5, 9.0

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlier

In a survey of 550 randomly-selected business statistic students were surveyed on their impressions of their course, instructor, and textbook. The results are as follows:

Rate the overall quality of your course.		
	Excellent	154
	Good	187
	Fair	71
	Poor	138
How effective was your instructor?		
	Very effective	75
	Somewhat effective	220
	Somewhat ineffective	155
	Very ineffective	100
How easy was it to read and understand the textbook?		
	Very easy	21
	Easy	83
	Hard	361
	Very hard	85

Use the above results to answer the following questions:

Compute a point estimate of the proportion of all college statistic students who:

	<u>A.</u> 0.136	
	B. 0.536	
	C. 0.182	
	D. 0.280	
	E. 0.014	
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #215
		Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: N/A
216.	Feel their textbook is not "easy" or "very easy"	
	A. 0.189	
	<u>B.</u> 0.811	
	C. 0.009	
	D. 0.656	

Think their instructor was "very effective"

215.

E. 0.151

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #216

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: N/A

A. 0.251	
B. 0.620	
<u>C.</u> 0.129	
D. 0.871	
E. 0.340	
Bowerman - Chapter 0. Difficulty	
Learning Objectiv	
8. Think that they had a "very ineffective" or "somewhat ineffective" instructor	
A. 0.282	
B. 0.136	
C. 0.182	
D. 0.280	
<u>E.</u> 0.464	
Bowerman - Chapter 0.	
Difficulty: M. Learning Objectiv	

Think the quality of the course was "fair"

217.

- 219. Of the students who thought their textbook was very hard to read, 50 also thought that the quality of the course was "poor". What proportion of students who think that their textbook was "hard" also thought their course was "poor".
 - **A.** 0.588
 - B. 0.155
 - C. 0.091
 - D. 0.251
 - E. 0.616

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #219

Difficulty: Haro

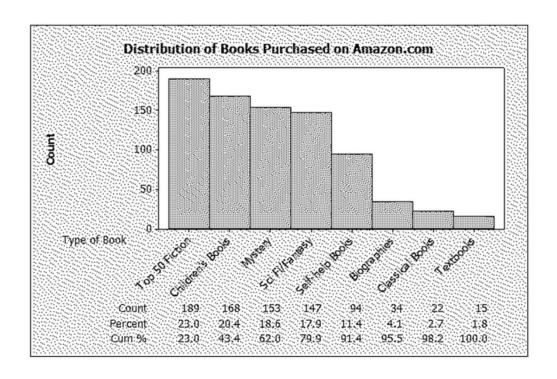
Learning Objective: N/A

The 550 students answered an additional question with the following results based on their rating of their instructor:

	Very or Somewhat Effective	Very or Somewhat Ineffective
Final Grade		
A	190	85
В	75	120
С	20	17
D	9	18
F	1	15

220.	What proportion of the students who rated their instructor as very or somewhat effective
	received a B or better in the class?
	A. 0.345
	B. 0.254
	C. 0.482
	<u>D.</u> 0.898
	E. 0.644
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #220
	Difficulty: Haro Learning Objective: N/A
221.	What proportion of all 550 students received less than a C?
	A. 0.03
	B. 0.06
	<u>C.</u> 0.08
	D. 0.13
	E. 0.15
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #221 Difficulty: Haro
	Learning Objective: N/A

822 customers were randomly selected from those who had recently bought a book over the internet. The chart below shows the breakdown of the classification of the book type:



Bowerman - Chapter 02

222. What percentage of the books purchased were either mystery or science fiction/fantasy?

- A. 18.61
- **B.** 36.50
- C. 17.88
- D. 24.33
- E. 22.99

	<u>A.</u> 0.1144	
	B. 11.44	
	C. 1.82	
	D. 0.0182	
	E. 0.940	
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #223 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A
224.	What percentage of books were in the top two categories?	
	A. 22.99	
	B. 20.44	
	C. 4.50	
	<u>D.</u> 43.43	
	E. 4343	
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #224 Difficulty: Medium
		Learning Objective: N/A
225.	A graphical display of categorical data made up of vertical or horizontal be	ars is called a
	Bar Chart	
		Bowerman - Chapter 02 #225
		Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: N/A

What proportion of the books purchased were self-help books?

223.

226.	A measurement located between the inner and outer fences of a box-and-whisker display is
	a(n)
	mild outlier
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #226
	Difficulty: Mediun
	Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlie.
227.	A measurement located outside the outer fences of a box-and-whisker display is a(n)
	extreme outlier
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #227
	Difficulty: Mediun
	Learning Objective: 02-05 Define the term outlie
228.	A graphical portrayal of a data set that divides the data into classes and gives the frequency of
	each class is a(n)
	Cach class is a(ii)
	<u>Histogram</u>
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #228
	Difficulty: Mediun
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed
220	Another name for the E0th name atticing the
229.	Another name for the 50 th percentile is the
	<u>Median</u>
	Davis Oh 00 #000
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #22\$ Difficulty: Mediun

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

230.	The measurement in a sample of a population that occurs most frequently is the
	<u>Mode</u>
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #230 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
231.	The average of the squared deviations of the individual population measurement from the population mean is the
	Variance Bowerman - Chapter 02 #231 Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
232.	If a process is able to consistently produce output that meets customer requirements
	(specifications), we say that it is a process.
	<u>capable</u>
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #232 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
233.	Histograms and stem-and-leaf displays are used to visualize the distribution of data.
	<u>quantitative</u>

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #233

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed

Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used

234.	The difference between the largest and smallest measurements in a population or sample is
	the
	Range
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #234
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
235.	A relative frequency curve having a long tail to the right is said to be to the right.
	Skewed
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #235
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution
236.	If the mean is greater than the median, then the distribution is skewed
	Pight or positively
	Right or positively
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #236
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution
237.	The proportion of measurements in a class is called the of that class.
	· ·
	Relative frequency
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #237
	Difficulty: Medium

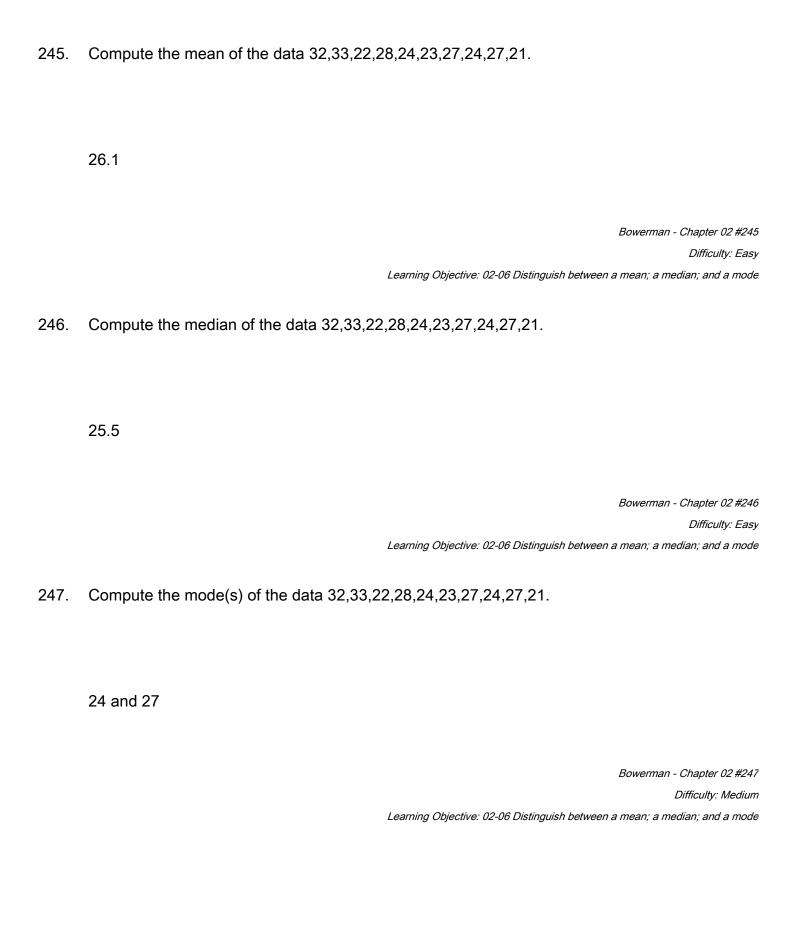
Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

238.	A histogram that tails out towards larger values is skewed
	positively or to the right
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #238
	Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution
239.	A histogram that tails out towards smaller values is skewed
	negatively or to the left
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #239 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution
240.	The point estimate of the population is the positive square root of the sample variance.
	Standard deviation
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #240 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
241.	The is a quantity that measures the variation of a population or sample relative to its mean.
	coefficient of variation Bowerman - Chapter 02 #241

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

242.	A(n) is a graphical display of categorical data made up of vertical or horizontal bars.
	Bar chart
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #242 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A
243.	What percent of a normal population is within 2 standard deviations of the mean?
	95.44
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #24: Difficulty: Mediun Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
244.	Twenty students were randomly selected from a business statistics course and were asked to
	report the number of times that they had eaten a meal at the university's cafeteria within the past month. Below are the values reported: 7, 8, 10, 11, 8, 6, 10, 9, 9, 8, 13, 12, 8, 11, 11, 14, 8, 7, 10, 12. What is the 90 th percentile?
	12.5
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #24
	Difficulty: Mediun



2/12	Compute the range	of the data: 16	12 22 21 17	16 2/ 22 0 1	7 11 16 12 10 15	11
Z 1 0.	Compute the range	oi liie dala. To	, 10,23,21,1 <i>1</i> ,	, 10,24,23,3,1	<i>1</i> , 11, 10, 13, 10, 13,	, 17

15

Range = 24 - 9 = 15

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #248

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

249. Compute the population variance of the data:

16,18,23,21,17,16,24,23,9,17,11,16,22,10,15,14.

20.5

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_i - \mu)^2}{N} = \frac{(16 - 17)^2 + (18 - 17)^2 + \dots + (14 - 17)^2}{16} = \frac{328}{16} = 20.5$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #249

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

250. Determine the sample mean of the data 5,4,8,6,1,0,2,6.

4

251.	Determine the median of the data 2,4,6,8,10,12,14.
	8
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #25: Difficulty: Mediun Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
252.	Determine the mode of the data 2,4,6,2,5,6,2,9,4,5,2,1.
	2
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #252 Difficulty: Mediun Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode
253.	Compute the sample standard deviation of the data 5,4,8,6,1,0,2,6.
	2.77
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #255 Difficulty: Mediun Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

254.	What is the range of the following set of data: 3,7,2,1,8?
	7
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #254 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
255.	Calculate a one standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of 28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.
	19,106 to 37,844 28,475 - 9,369 = 19,106 28,475 + 9,369 = 37,844
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #255 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
256.	Calculate a two standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of 28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.
	9,737 to 47,213 28,475 - 2(9,369) = 9,737 28,475 + 2(9,369) = 47,213

257. Calculate a three standard deviation tolerance interval for the data that has a sample mean of 28,475 and a standard deviation of 9,369.

368 to 56,582

28,475 - 3(9,369) = 368

28,475 + 3(9,369) = 56,582

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #257

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

258. If the median of a data set is 760 and the upper quartile is 950, and the lower quartile is 650, what is the interquartile range?

300 Interquartile range = 950 - 650 = 300

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #258

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: N/A

259. If the median of the data set is 40 and the upper quartile is 42 and the lower quartile is 37, what is the interquartile range?

5 Interquartile range = 42 - 37 = 5

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #259

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: N/A

260. Given a set of data with a mean of 150 and a standard deviation of 20. Using Chebyshev's Theorem, what is the minimum percentage of data between 110 and 190?

75%

$$k = \frac{150 - 110}{20} = 2$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{k^2} = 1 - \frac{1}{4} = .75$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #260

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

261. Given a set of data with mean of 150 and a standard deviation of 25. Using Chebyshev's Theorem, what is the minimum percentage of data between 75 and 225?

88.89%

$$k = \frac{150 - 75}{25} = 3$$
$$1 - \frac{1}{k^2} = 1 - \frac{1}{9} = .8889$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #261

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

262. Determine the median of the data set 95,86,78,90,62,73,89,92,84,76.

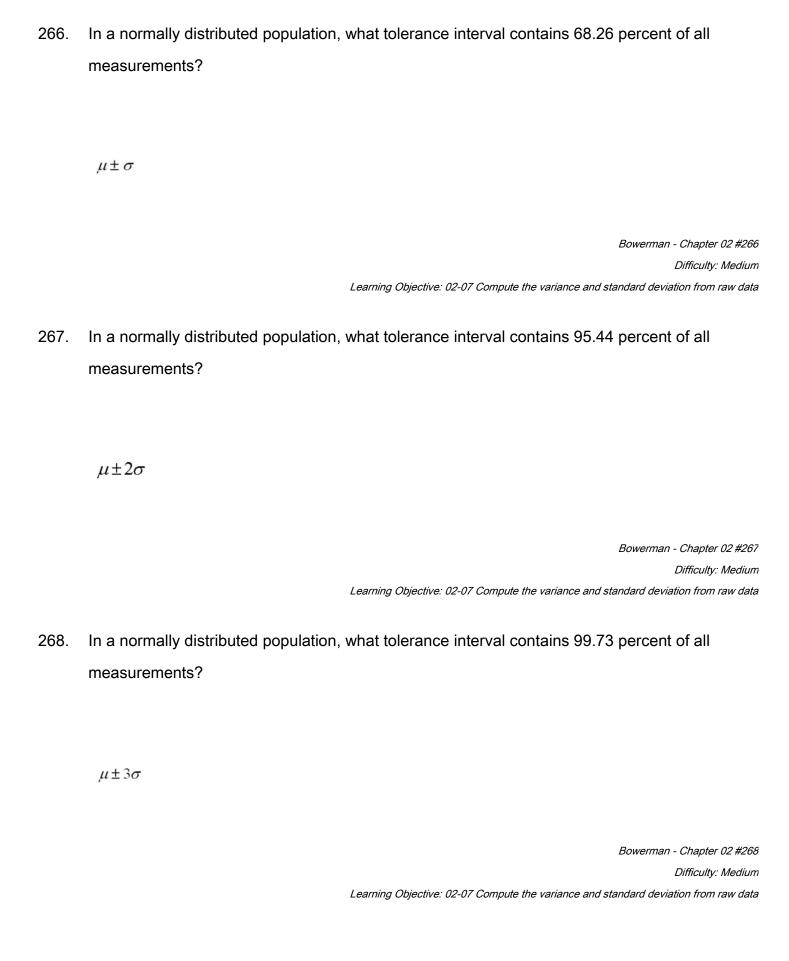
85

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #262

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

263.	Compute the sample standard deviation of the data set 6,4,2,1,4,1
	2 $s = \sqrt{\frac{(5-3)^2 + (4-3)^2 + (2-3)^2 + (1-3)^2 + (4-3)^2 + (1-3)^2}{6-1}} = \sqrt{\frac{20}{5}} = 2$
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #263 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data
264.	If 50 of 500 sampled customers said they would make a purchase of a new TV set, what is the sample proportion?
	10
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #264 Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: N/A
265.	Describe the shape of a population distribution, if the median is greater than the mean.
	Skewed to the left, or negatively skewed.



269.	What are three important properties of any data set?
	central tendency, variation, and shape
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #269 Difficulty: Haro Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructeo Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be useo
270.	If specifications for a process are (1.6, 1.8), and a 99.73 percent tolerance interval is (1.62, 1.83), is the process capable?
	No
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #270 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: N/A
271.	The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the lateness measure is calculated as 9. What is the coefficient of variation?
	$\frac{\sqrt{9}}{10}(100) = \frac{3}{10}(100) = 30$

272. The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the lateness measure is calculated as 9. An airplane arrived 13 minutes after the stated arrival time. Calculate the Z-score for this particular airplane's lateness.

1

$$Z = \frac{13 - 10}{\sqrt{9}} = 1$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #272

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

The average life of Canadian women is 73.75 years and the standard deviation of the women's life expectancy in Canada is 6.5 years.

Bowerman - Chapter 02

273. Using the Chebychev's theorem, determine the minimum percentage of women in Canada whose life expectancy is between 64 and 83.5 years.

55.56%

$$k = \frac{83.5 - 73.75}{6.5} = 1.5$$
$$1 - \frac{1}{k^2} = 1 - \frac{1}{(1.5)^2} = 0.5666$$

274. Based on Chebychev's inequality determine the upper and lower bounds on the average life expectancy of the Canadian women such that at least 90% of all population is included.

53.2 to 94.3

$$1 - \frac{1}{k^2} = .90$$

$$\frac{1}{k^2} = 0.1$$

$$k^2 = \frac{1}{.1} = 10; k = \sqrt{10} = 3.162$$

$$lower bound = 73.75 - (3.162)(6.5) \approx 53.2$$

$$upper bound = 73.75 + (3.162)(6.5) = 94.3$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #274

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-07 Compute the variance and standard deviation from raw data

275. The average lateness for one of the top airline companies is 10 minutes. The variance of the lateness measure is calculated as 9. An airplane arrived 8.5 minutes after the stated arrival time. Calculate the Z-score for this particular airplane's lateness.

-0.5

$$Z = \frac{8.5 - 10}{\sqrt{9}} = -0.5$$

The following table shows the Price-to-Earnings ratio for a Stereo equipment manufacturing company between 1998 and 2002.

Year	P/E Ratio
1998	12.4
1999	14.6
2000	11.1
2001	8.2
2002	6.8

Bowerman - Chapter 02

276. Determine the percentage change in the P/E ratios from 1998 to 1999.

17.74%

$$R_{\rm i} = \left(\frac{14.6 - 12.4}{12.4}\right) x \, 100 = 17.74\%$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #276

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: N/A

277. Determine the percentage change in the P/E ratios from 1999 to 2000.

-23.97%

$$R_2 = \left(\frac{11.1 - 14.6}{14.6}\right) \times 100 = -23.97\%$$

278. The following table shows the annual percentage growth rate for a Stereo equipment manufacturing company between 1998 and 2002. The of the P/E ratios are also calculated and given below:

Year	Growth rate %
2007	17.74% (2006 – 2007)
2008	-23.97% (2007 – 2008)
2009	-26.13% (2008 – 2009)
2010	-17 .07% (2009 – 2010)

Calculate the mean growth rate.

-12.36%

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #278

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: N/A

The following frequency table summarizes the ages of 64 shoppers at the local grocery store.

Age of the shopper	Frequency
15 - 23	10
24 - 32	21
33 - 41	10
42 - 50	8
51 - 59	5
60 - 68	6

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36.25 years

Age of the	Frequency	Class Midpoint	f_iM_i
shopper 15 – 23	10	19	190
24 - 32	21	28	588
33 - 41	10	37	370
42 - 50	8	46	368
51 - 59	5	55	275
60 - 68	6	64	<u>384</u>
			2175

$$\overline{x} = \frac{\sum f_i M_i}{\sum f_i} = \frac{2175}{60} = 36.25$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #279

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: N/A

280. The sample mean for the above frequency table is calculated as 36.25. Calculate the (approximate) sample variance and standard deviation for this data set.

184.1493 and 13.57

Class Midpoint (Mi)	$\mathbf{M_i}$ - \overline{X}	$(M_i - \overline{X})^2$	$f_i (M_i - \overline{X})^2$
19	-17.25	297.5625	2,975.63
28	-8.25	68.0625	1,429.31
37	.75	.5625	5.63
46	9.75	95.0625	76.05
55	18.75	351.5625	1,757.81
64	27.75	770.0625	4,620.38
			10,864.81

$$s^{2} = \frac{10864.81}{59} \approx 184.149$$
$$s = \sqrt{184.149} = 13.57 \text{ years}$$

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #280

Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: N/A

A CFO is looking at the percentage of a company's resources are spent on computing. The CFO samples companies in the pharmaceutical industry and developed the following stemand-leaf display.

5	269
6	255568999
7	11224557789
8	001222458
9	02455679
10	1556
11	137
12	
13	255

281.	What is the approximate shape of the distribution of the data?
	Skewed to the right
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #281 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution
282.	What is the smallest percent spent on computing?
	5.2
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #282 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-03 Identify when a histogram should be used
283.	If a frequency histogram were to be created using these data, how many classes would you create?
	6
	Bowerman - Chapter 02 #283 Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Describe how a histogram is constructed

284.	Personnel managers usually want to know where a job applicant ranked in an entrance test for
	their company. With a score of 3.83, Michelle Robinson ranked above the 93 rd percentile of the
	other applicants. What is the percentile rank of an applicant whose score was the median
	value?

50th

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #284

Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

285. The Rivertown city council is attempting to choose one of two sites (A or B) as the location for its new emergency facility. After the new emergency facility becomes available for service, the current emergency facility will be shut down. The project manager has estimated the following response times in minutes from each of the proposed sites to the four areas that must be served by the emergency facility.

	Area Served			
Proposed	1	2	3	4
Site				
\mathbf{A}	5.2	4.4	3.6	6.5
В	6.0	7.4	3.4	4.0

The number of emergency runs from the current emergency facility to each of the four areas over the past year is as follows:

Compute the weighted mean response time from both proposed locations and determine which proposed site should be selected for the new emergency facility.

 μ_A = 6.01, μ_B = 6.14, choose site A.

$$\mu_{\scriptscriptstyle A} = \frac{150(5.2) + 65(4.4) + 175(3.6) + 92(6.5)}{150 + 65 + 75 + 92} = \frac{2294}{382} \cong 6.01 \ \mathrm{min} \,.$$

$$\mu_{\rm B} = \frac{150(6) + 65(7.4) + 175(3.4) + 92(4)}{150 + 65 + 75 + 92} = \frac{2344}{382} \cong 6.14 \text{ min}.$$

286. Consider the following data:

```
1.
    11.5
                       13.7
                                  11.
                                          11
                                                      16.
                                                             14.5
                6.
2.
    13.5
                7.
                       14
                                  12.
                                          13
                                                      17.
                                                             15.5
3.
   12.5
                8.
                       12
                                  13.
                                          16.7
                                                      18.
                                                             13
4.
    15.2
                9.
                       12.7
                                          12.5
                                                      19.
                                                             18.2
                                  14.
5.
    14.7
                       12.5
                                                             11.7
                10.
                                  15.
                                          11.5
                                                      20.
```

- (a) Create a stem and leaf display for the sample.
- (b) Describe the shape of the stem and leaf display.
- (c) What is the mode?
- (d) What is the media?

(a) Stem and leaf of C1, N = 20 Leaf Unit = 0.10

```
4
          11
                  0557
9
          12
                  05557
(4)
          13
                  0057
7
          14
                  057
4
          15
                  25
2
          16
                  7
1
          17
1
          18
                  2
```

- (b) Single peaked, skewed to the right.
- (c) 12.5
- (d) 13.0

Bowerman - Chapter 02 #286

Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-01 Explain what is demonstrated by a stem-and-leaf display that you have constructed

Learning Objective: 02-04 Differentiate between a symmetrical distribution and a positively or negatively skewed distribution

Learning Objective: 02-06 Distinguish between a mean; a median; and a mode

Chapter 2 Summary

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