## Chapter 2: Introduction to C++ Programming

## Section 2.2 First Program in C++: Printing a Line of Text

2.2 Q1: End-of-line comments that should be ignored by the compiler are denoted using:
a. Two forward slashes (//).
b. Three forward slashes (///).
c. A slash and a star ( $/ *)$.
d. A slash and two stars $(/ * *)$.

ANS: a. Two forward slashes (//).
2.2 Q2: Which of the following statements does not cause a syntax error to be reported by the $\mathrm{C}++$ compiler?
a. Mismatched $\}$.
b. Missing */ in a comment.
c. Missing ; at the end of a statement.
d. Extra blank lines.

ANS: d. Extra blank lines.
2.2 Q3: Which of the following is not a syntax error?
a. std::cout << 'Hello world! ';
b. std::cout << "Hello
wor1d! ";
c. std::cout << "Hello world! ";
d. std:: cout << Hello world!;

ANS: c. std::cout << "He110 world! ";
2.2 Q4: The escape sequence for a newline is:
a. $\backslash n$
b. \t
c. $\backslash r$
d. $\quad \mathrm{a}$

ANS: a. \n
2.2 Q5: Which of the following statements would display the phrase C++ is fun?
a. std:: cout << "Thisis fun\rC++";
b. std:: cout $\ll$ '++ is fun';
c. std::cout << "\"C++ is fun\"';
d. std: :cout $\ll$ C++ is fun;

ANS: a.std::cout << "Thisis fun\rC++ ";

## Section 2.3 Modifying Our First C++ Program

2.3 Q1: Which of the following is not a valid $\mathrm{C}++$ identifier?
a. my value
b. _AAA1
c. width
d. m_x

ANS: a. my Value (Identifiers may not contain blanks)
2.3 Q2: Which is the output of the following statements?

```
std::cout << "He1lo ";
std::cout << "World";
```

```
    a. He11o World
    b. World Hello
    c. He11o
        world
    d. World
        Hello
ANS: a. Hello World
```

2.3 Q3: Which of the following is the escape character?
a.
$*$
$\vdots$
\} $\end{array}$
c. $\backslash n$
d.

ANS: b. \}
2.3 Q4: Which of the following code segments prints a single line containing he 110 there with the words separated by a single space?
a. std:: cout << "he11o "; std::cout << " there";
b. std::cout << "hello" , " there";
c. std::cout << "hello";
std::cout << "there";
d. std::cout << "hello";

ANS: d. std:: cout << "he11o";
std::cout << " there";

## Section 2.4 Another C++ Program: Adding Integers

2.4 Q1: Which of the following is a variable declaration statement?
a. int total;
b. \#include <iostream>
c. int main()
d. // first string entered by user

ANS: a.int total;
2.4 Q2: The $\qquad$ object enables a program to read data from the user.
a. std:: cout.
b. std::cin.
c. std::cread
d. std::cget.

ANS:b. std::cin.
2.4 Q3: The assignment operator $\qquad$ assigns the value of the expression on its right to the variable on its left.
a. <-
b. ->
c. =
d. \#

ANS: c. $=$.
2.4 Q4: The std: : end1 stream manipulator $\qquad$ .
a. inputs a newline.
b. flosses the output buffer.
c. outputs a newline and flushes the output buffer.
d. terminates the program.

ANS: c. outputs a newline and flushes the output buffer.

## Section 2.5 Memory Concepts

2.5 Q1: Which of the following statements does not overwrite a preexisting value stored in a memory location?
a. int a;
b. number $=12$;
c. $y=y+2$;
d. width = 1ength;

ANS: a. int $a ;$
2.5 Q2: Which of the following statements could potentially change the value of number2?
a. std::cin >> number2;
b. $\quad$ sum $=$ number $1+$ number 2 ;
c. number1 = number2;
d. std::cout << number2;

ANS: a. std::cin >> number2;

## Section 2.6 Arithmetic

2.6 Q1: What is the value of resu7t after the following $\mathrm{C}++$ statements execute?

```
int \(a, b, c, d, r e s u 7 t ;\)
\(\mathrm{a}=4\);
\(b=12 ; \quad c=37 ;\)
d = 51;
result \(=d \% a * c+a \% b+a ;\)
```

a. 119
b. 51
c. 127
d. 59

ANS: a. 119.
2.6 Q2: In what order would the following operators be evaluated

$$
-, *, /,+, \%
$$

Assume that if two operations have the same precedence, the one listed first will be evaluated first.
a. +, -, /, *, \%
b. -, +, \%, *, /
c. $-, *, \%,+, /$
d. *, /, \%, -, +

ANS: d. *, /, \%, -, +
2.6 Q3: Which of the following is not an arithmetic operator?
a. +
b. -
c. =
d. \%

ANS: $\mathbf{c} .=$

## Section 2.7 Decision Making: Equality and Relational Operators

2.7 Q1: What will be the output after the following $\mathrm{C}++$ statements have been executed?

```
int a, b, c, d;
a = 4;
b = 12;
c = 37;
d = 51;
if (a<b )
    cout << "a < b" << endl;
if ( a > b )
    cout << "a > b" << endl;
if (d <= C )
    cout << "d <= c" << endl;
if (c != d )
```

a. $a<b$
c $!=\mathrm{d}$
b. $\quad \mathrm{a}<\mathrm{b}$
d $<=$ c
c $!=\mathrm{d}$
c. $\quad \mathrm{a}>\mathrm{b}$
c $!=d$
d. $\quad a<b$
$c<d$
$\mathrm{a}!=\mathrm{b}$
ANS: $\mathrm{a} . \mathrm{a}<\mathrm{b}$
c $!=\mathrm{d}$
2.7 Q2: Which of the following is a compilation error?
a. Placing a space between the symbols in the $<=$ operator.
b. Using a triple equals sign instead of a double equals sign in the condition of an if statement.
c. Omitting the left and right parentheses for the condition of an if statement.
d. All of the above.

ANS: d. All of the above.
2.7 Q3: Each of the following is a relational or equality operator except:
a. <=
b. =!
c. $=$
d. >

ANS: $\mathbf{b} .=$ !

