Name:	Class:	Date:
Access 2013 Unit A: Go	etting Started with Access 2013	
More than one person car a. True b. False	be entering, updating, and using an Access database at the same	e time.
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 2	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.001 - Explain when to use a database	
2. An Access database is lin a. True b. False	nited to a size of 1 gigabyte.	
ANSWER:	False	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 3	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.002 - Describe relational database concepts	
3. Tables contain all of the c a. True b. False	lata in the database.	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 5	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects	
	een incremented beyond 1 for a first record in a field of the Autono longer work as intended.	oNumber data type, the
ANSWER:	False	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 8	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.004 - Set appropriate data types for fields	
5. A primary key field uniqua. True	nely identifies each record.	
b. False	m	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 10	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.005 - Set the primary key field	
6. No two records can have	the same value in the primary key field.	

a. Trueb. False

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Access 2013 Unit A: G	etting Started with Acce	ess 2013	
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 10		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:		the primary key field	
7. Field properties change d a. True	epending on the data type o	f the field.	
b. False	m		
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 11		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.005 - Set	the primary key field	
8. The linking field on the "a. True	many" side of a one-to-mar	ny relationship is called t	he foreign key field.
b. False			
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 12		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.006 - Cre	ate one-to-many relation	ships
9. A subdatasheet shows the a. True	records on the "many" side	e of a one-to-many relati	onship.
b. False			
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 12		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.007 - Def	ine common field and fo	reign key field
10. "Focus" refers to which a. True b. False	data you would edit if you	started typing.	
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 14		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:		er records in a datasheet	
11 The povigation buttons	on a datachoot display the to	atal number of fields in the	na datashaat
11. The navigation buttons of a. True	on a uatasneet dispiay tile to	otal Humbel Of Helds III (I	ic datasheet.
b. False	Folso		
ANSWER:	False		

1

Access 14

POINTS:

REFERENCES:

Name:	Class:	
Access 2013 Unit A	A: Getting Started with Access 2013	
LEARNING OBJECTI	VES: ENHA.FRIE.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet	
a. True	Number field are automatically created by Access.	
b. False		
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:		
LEARNING OBJECTI	VES: ENHA.FRIE.16.008 - Enter records in a datasheet	
13. The [F2] key switc a. True	hes between Edit and Navigation modes.	
b. False		
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 17	
LEARNING OBJECTI	VES: ENHA.FRIE.16.010 - Edit data in a datasheet	
14. Press [Esc] once to a. True b. False	o undo a change to the current field.	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:		
	1	
REFERENCES:		
LEARNING OBJECTI	VES: ENHA.FRIE.16.010 - Edit data in a datasheet	
15. Pressing [Ctrl][;] wa. True	vill insert the current date in a Date field.	
b. False		
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 17	
LEARNING OBJECTI	VES: ENHA.FRIE.16.010 - Edit data in a datasheet	
	can best be described as software.	
a. spreadsheet		
c. database	d. systems	
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 2	
LEARNING OBJECTI	VES: ENHA.FRIE.16.002 - Describe relational database concepts	

17. Which is NOT true about Access?

a. It can be used to create forms

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b. It relates lists of infe	ormation in a relational	database.
c. Reporting is limited	to 20 saved reports.	
d. Multiple users can s	simultaneously enter an	nd update data within Access.
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 3	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES	: ENHA.FRIE.16.002	- Describe relational database concepts
18. Tables, queries, and for	-	ccess
a. entities b. object		
c. values d. contro	ols	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 4	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES	: ENHA.FRIE.16.003	- Open and define Access objects
19. Which of the following	g is NOT available to ye	ou as you start Access?
a. opening an existing	database	b. recalibrating an existing database
c. creating a new datal	base from a template	d. creating a new blank database
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 4	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES	: ENHA.FRIE.16.011	- Start Access and open a database
20. Which Access object p	rovides an easy-to-use	data entry screen?
a. macro b. form		
c. table d. modul	e	

b

1

Access 5

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.012 - Identify Access components

ANSWER:

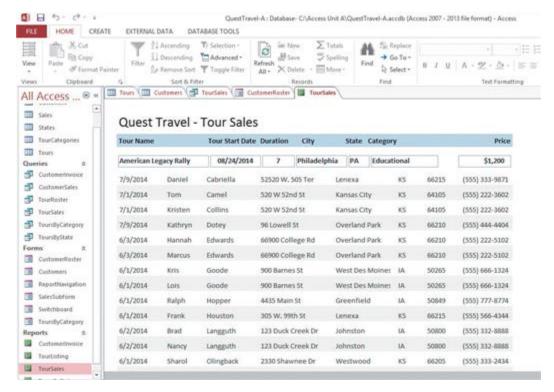
POINTS:

REFERENCES:

Date:

Name:	Class:	Date:
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Access 2013 Unit A: Getting Started with Access 2013



- 21. The Forms and Reports at the left side of the Access window in the accompanying figure are contained in the _____.
 - a. Pinned space b
 - b. Navigation Pane
 - c. Objects Bar
- d. Objects Tab

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 5

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.012 - Identify Access components

- 22. In the accompanying figure, the rightmost TourSales tab is a _____ tab.
 - a. report b. query
 - c. form d. table

ANSWER: a

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Access 5

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects

- 23. In the accompanying figure, CustomerRoster is a _____ tab.
 - a. report b. query
 - c. form d. table

ANSWER: c

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Access 5

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects

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Access 2013 Unit A: Go	etting Started with Access 2013
24. In the accompanying figa. queryb. tablec. formd. report	ture, the leftmost TourSales is a tab.
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 5
	ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects
	ture, Customers is a tab.
a. form b. report	
c. table d. query	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects
26. Which is NOT a feature a. headers	of Access reports? b. footers
c. calculations on group	os of records d. easy-to-use data entry screen
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 5
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects
27. Which Access object co	ntains all of the raw data within the database?
a. query b. form	
c. table d. module	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 5
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects
_	most options for defining fields. b. Table Creation d. Definition
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 6
	ENHA.FRIE.16.013 - Create a table
29. Which of the following a. Number b. For	* *

d. Short Text

c. Date/Time

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Access 2013 Unit A: 0	Getting Started with Access 2013	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 7	
	S: ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms	
	ed for sequential integers controlled by Access?	
a. Hyperlink	b. Web	
c. Lookup Wizard		
ANSWER:	d	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 7	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES	S: ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms	
31. Which data type stores	s only one of two values?	
a. Attachment b. l	Hyperlink	
c. Yes/No d. l	Null	
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 7	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES	S: ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms	
32. Which data type links	files created in other programs such as pictures or documents?	
• •	chment	
c. Yes/No d. Link	k Wizard	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 7	
	S: ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms	
33. Which data type stores	s Web addresses?	
a. Lookup Wizard	b. Hyperlink	
c. URL	d. HTML	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 7	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES	S: ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms	
34. A specific category of	data such as a customer's name, city, state, or phone number is called a	(n) .
a. object b. record		` /
c. field d. table		
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 9	

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Access 2013 Unit	A: Getting S	tarted with Access 2013	
LEARNING OBJECT	IVES: ENHA.	FRIE.16.015 - Create a table in Table Design View	
a. record b	l fields, such as . table . object	all the demographic information for one customer, is calle	d a(n)
ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	a 1		
REFERENCES:	Access	0	
		FRIE.16.015 - Create a table in Table Design View	
LEAKIMING OBJECT	IVES. EMIA.	TRIE. 10.013 - Create a table in Table Design View	
36. Which two proper a. Field Name an	-	d for every field? b. Field Name and Field Size	
c. Data Type and	Format	d. Field Size and Format	
ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access	11	
		FRIE.16.016 - Define one-to-many relationships	
	- ,	,	
37 integrity refe	ers to a set of A	ccess rules that govern data entry and helps to ensure data	accuracy.
a. Hierarchical	b. Network		
c. Schematic	d. Referentia	1	
ANSWER:	d		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access	12	
LEARNING OBJECT	IVES: ENHA.	FRIE.16.017 - Set referential integrity	
		nes that you are trying to change the value of a particular from mode	eld?
c. Update mode	d. Form mo	de	
ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access	14	
LEARNING OBJECT	IVES: ENHA.	FRIE.16.008 - Enter records in a datasheet	
-	-	or to move to the next field within the same record.	
a. [End]	b. [Page D	own]	
c. [Down Arrow]	d. [Enter]		
ANSWER:	d		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access	14	
LEARNING OBJECT	IVES: ENHA.	FRIE.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet	
10 ****	2		
40. Which shortcut ke a. [Home]	ey moves focus b. [Shift][Tat	to the previous field of the current record?	

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Access 2013 Ur	nit A: Getting Starte	d with Access 2013	
c. [Up Arrow]	d. [F5]		
ANSWER:	b		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 15		
LEARNING OBJE	CTIVES: ENHA.FRIE	.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet	
41. Which shortcu	t key moves focus to th	e first field of the current record?	
a. [Home]	b. [End]		
c. [F4]	d. [F5]		
ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 15		
LEARNING OBJE	CTIVES: ENHA.FRIE	.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet	
42. Which keystrol	ke combination moves	focus to the last field of the last record?	
a. [Alt][Ctrl][I	Up Arrow] b. [Ctrl]	[Up Arrow]	
c. [Ctrl][End]	d. [Ctrl]	[Page Up]	
ANSWER:	c		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 15		
LEARNING OBJE	CTIVES: ENHA.FRIE	.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet	
43. While editing a	a record, pressing [Esc] current field	a second time	
b. deletes the	current datasheet		
c. removes all	data from the current r	ecord	
d. removes all	changes made to the re	ecord you are currently editing	
ANSWER:	d	, , ,	
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 16		
	CTIVES: ENHA.FRIE	.16.010 - Edit data in a datasheet	
a. FILE	b. VIEW	printing, on the tab, click Print, and the	n click Print Preview.
c. PREVIEW	d. REPORT		
ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 16		
LEARNING OBJE	CTIVES: ENHA.FRIE	.16.018 - Preview and print a datasheet	
45. Which of the fo	ollowing keys will help	you delete unwanted data in Edit mode?	
a. [Insert]	b. [Home]		
c. [Ctrl]	d. [Backspace]		

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Access 2013 Unit A: G	etting Started with Access 2013	
ANSWER:	d	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 17	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.019 - Delete records in a datasheet	
a. [Backspace] b. [I		
c. [F2] d. [I		
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 17	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.019 - Delete records in a datasheet	
information about customer	software is used to manage data that can be organized into s, products, vendors, employees, projects, or sales.	lists, such as
ANSWER:	database 1	
POINTS:	Access 2	
REFERENCES:		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.002 - Describe relational database concepts	
	is a fundamental building block of a relational database because	this object stores all of
the data. ANSWER:	Anhla	
POINTS:	table	
REFERENCES:	1 Access 4	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.012 - Identify Access components	
49. A(n)	object allows a user to select a subset of data from one or more	tables.
ANSWER:	query	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 4	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.012 - Identify Access components	
50. A(n)	object provides an easy-to-use data entry screen.	
ANSWER:	form	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 5	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.012 - Identify Access components	
51.	_ View is a spreadsheet-like view of the data in a table.	
ANSWER:	Datasheet	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 6	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.020 - Create a database	

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Access 2013 Unit A: G	etting Started with Access 2013	
52. If you use	View to design your table before starting the da	ta entry process, you will probably
avoid some common data en	•	
ANSWER:	Design	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 8	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.015 - Create a table in Table Design View	,
53. A(n)	key field contains unique data for each record.	
ANSWER:	primary	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 8	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.015 - Create a table in Table Design View	r
54. A(n)	relationship describes when a record from one table i	is related to several records in
another table.	-	
ANSWER:	one to many	
	one-to-many	
	1 to many 1-to-many	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 12	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.006 - Create one-to-many relationships	
55. The	refers to which data you would edit if you started typi	ng.
ANSWER:	focus	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 14	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.008 - Enter records in a datasheet	
56. A(n)	field automatically assigns a new number each time	you add a record.
ANSWER:	AutoNumber	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 14	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.008 - Enter records in a datasheet	
57. What are the advantages	of using Access for database management?	
ANSWER:	1. Duplicate data is minimized.	
	2. Information is more accurate, reliable, and consistent be	ecause duplicate data is minimized.
	3. Data entry is faster and easier using Access forms.	
	4. Information can be viewed and sorted in multiple ways reports.	using Access queries, forms, and
	5. Information is more secure using Access passwords and	l security features.
	6. Several users can share and edit information at the same	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 2	

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Access 2013 Unit A: G	etting Started with Access 2013	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: TOPICS:	ENHA.FRIE.16.002 - Describe relational database of Critical Thinking	concepts
58. The Database window d <i>ANSWER</i> :	isplays the tables, queries, forms, and reports. Descri A table contains all of the raw data within the databa A query allows you to select a subset of fields or rec A form provides an easy-to-use data entry screen. A report is a professional printout of data that can co footers, graphics, and calculations on groups of reco	ase in a spreadsheet-like view. cords from one or more tables. ontain enhancements such as headers,
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 5	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access object	cts
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking	
59. In Access, data entry scr	reens are called <u>forms</u> .	_
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 4	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access object	cts
60. A(n) <u>foreign</u> key field is	always on the "one" side of a one-to-many relationship	hip between two tables.
ANSWER:	False - primary	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 10	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.016 - Define one-to-many relations	hips
61. The navigation buttons a <i>ANSWER</i> :	are found at the <u>top</u> of the datasheet False - bottom, lower-left corner	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 14	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.009 - Navigate records in a datashe	et
62. If Access assumes that y	ou are attempting to make changes to a field value, y	ou are in <u>Navigation</u> mode.
ANSWER:	False - Edit	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 14	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.009 - Navigate records in a datashe	et
	ar <u>Box</u> to enter dates in a Date/Time field	
ANSWER:	False - Picker	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 16	

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.010 - Edit data in a datasheet

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64. To adjust the column w	idth in a datasheet to	aco	commodate the widest entry in a	field, <u>right-click</u> the column separator
ANSWER:	False - double-click	ζ.		
POINTS:	1			
REFERENCES:	Access 17			
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.01	8 -	Preview and print a datasheet	
Critical Thinking Questio Case 1-1	ns			
			track the inventory needed to eff ers, etc. Her crew manager will	ficiently run her lawn and landscape also be using the system.
65. Hannah is considering va. More data storage b. Multiuser capability ANSWER: POINTS: REFERENCES:	C 1	c.	Access. Which one of the follow Easier setup Additional reporting features	ing is NOT a benefit of using Access?
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.02	1 -	AB	
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking			
Critical Thinking Questio Case 1-2	ns			
Lauren wants to create an A	access database of th	e m	usical instruments she owns.	
66. A Purchase Price field s	hould be which data	tyr	e?	
a. Text			Monetary	
b. Number		d.	Currency	
ANSWER:	D			
POINTS:	1			
REFERENCES:	Access 7		D. C	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:		4 -	Define key database terms	
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking			
67. Lauren has written a par the field that will store this		ne u	se for each inventory item. Which	ch data type should she use to define
a. Paragraph			Long Text	
b. Comment		a.	System	

C

Access 7

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms

Critical Thinking

ANSWER:

POINTS:

TOPICS:

REFERENCES:

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Access 2013 Unit A: Go	etting Started with Access 2013			
Match the shortcut keystrok a. [Left Arrow] b. [Tab] c. [Up Arrow] d. [Ctrl][End] e. [Home] f. [End] g. [Down Arrow] h. [Ctrl][Home] REFERENCES: LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Access 15 ENHA.FRIE.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet			
68. Last field of the last reconstruction <i>ANSWER:</i> d <i>POINTS:</i> 1	ord			
69. Current field of the prev <i>ANSWER:</i> c <i>POINTS:</i> 1	ious record			
70. First field of the first rec <i>ANSWER:</i> h <i>POINTS:</i> 1	cord			
71. Current field of the next <i>ANSWER:</i> g <i>POINTS:</i> 1	record			
72. First field of the current record ANSWER: e POINTS: 1				
73. Next field of the current record ANSWER: b POINTS: 1				
74. Last field of the current <i>ANSWER</i> : f <i>POINTS</i> : 1	record			
75. Previous field of the cur <i>ANSWER</i> : a	rent record			

POINTS: 1

Date:_____