CHAPTER 2 ANALYZING TRANSACTIONS

DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

- **1.** An account is a form designed to record changes in a particular asset, liability, stockholders' equity, revenue, or expense. A ledger is a group of related accounts.
- 2. The terms *debit* and *credit* may signify either an increase or a decrease, depending upon the nature of the account. For example, debits signify an increase in asset, expense, and dividends accounts but a decrease in liability, common stock, retained earnings, and revenue accounts.
- **3. A.** Assuming no errors have occurred, the credit balance in the cash account resulted from writing checks for \$1,850 in excess of the amount of cash on deposit.
 - **B.** The \$1,850 credit balance in the cash account as of December 31 is a liability owed to the bank. It is usually referred to as an "overdraft" and should be classified on the balance sheet as a liability.
- 4. A. The revenue was earned in October.
 - **B.** (1) Debit Accounts Receivable and credit Fees Earned or another appropriately titled revenue account in October.
 - (2) Debit Cash and credit Accounts Receivable in November.
- **5.** No. Errors may have been made that had the same erroneous effect on both debits and credits, such as failure to record and/or post a transaction, recording the same transaction more than once, and posting a transaction correctly but to the wrong account.
- 6. The listing of \$9,800 is a transposition; the listing of \$100 is a slide.
- 7. A. No. Because the same error occurred on both the debit side and the credit side of the trial balance, the trial balance would not be out of balance.
 - **B.** Yes. The trial balance would not balance. The error would cause the debit total of the trial balance to exceed the credit total by \$90.
- 8. A. The equality of the trial balance would not be affected.
 - **B.** On the income statement, total operating expenses (salary expense) would be overstated by \$7,500, and net income would be understated by \$7,500. On the retained earnings statement, the beginning and ending retained earnings would be correct. However, net income and dividends would be understated by \$7,500. These understatements offset one another, and thus, ending retained earnings is correct. The balance sheet is not affected by the error.
- 9. A. The equality of the trial balance would not be affected.
 - **B.** On the income statement, revenues (fees earned) would be overstated by \$300,000, and net income would be overstated by \$300,000. On the retained earnings statement, the beginning retained earnings would be correct. However, net income and ending retained earnings would be overstated by \$300,000. The balance sheet total assets is correct. However, liabilities (notes payable) is understated by \$300,000, and stockholders' equity (retained earnings) is overstated by \$300,000. The understatement of liabilities is offset by the overstatement of stockholders' equity (retained earnings), and thus, total liabilities and stockholders' equity is correct.
- **10. A.** From the viewpoint of Surety Storage, the balance of the checking account represents an asset.
 - **B.** From the viewpoint of Ada Savings Bank, the balance of the checking account represents a liability.

BE 2–1

- 1. Debit and credit entries, normal credit balance
- 2. Debit and credit entries, normal debit balance
- 3. Debit entries only, normal debit balance
- 4. Debit entries only, normal debit balance
- 5. Debit entries only, normal debit balance
- 6. Credit entries only, normal credit balance

BE 2–2

Mar.	9 Office Supplies	1,775	
	Cash		275
	Accounts Payable		1,500

BE 2–3

Aug.	13 Cash	9,000	
	Fees Earned		9,000

BE 2–4

June	30 Dividends	11,500	
	Cash		11,500

BE 2–5

Using the following T account, solve for the amount of supplies expense (indicated by ? below).

Supplies			
Aug. 1 Bal.	1,025	?	Supplies expense
Supplies purchased	3,110		
Aug. 31 Bal.	1,324		

\$1,324 = \$1,025 + \$3,110 - Supplies expense Supplies expense = \$1,025 + \$3,110 - \$1,324 = \$2,811

BE 2–6

- A. The totals are equal because both the debit and credit entries were journalized and posted for \$12,900.
- B. The totals are unequal. The credit total is higher by \$1,656 (\$1,840 \$184).
- C. The totals are unequal. The debit total is higher by \$4,500 (\$8,300 \$3,800).

A. Cash	8,400	
Accounts Receivable	e	8,400
B. Supplies	2,500	
Office Equipment		2,500
Supplies	2,500	
Accounts Payable		2,500

Note: The first entry in (B) reverses the incorrect entry, and the second entry records the correct entry. These two entries could also be combined into one entry as shown below; however, preparing two entries would make it easier for someone to understand later what happened and why the entries were necessary.

Supplies	5,000	
Office Equipment		2,500
Accounts Payable		2,500

EXERCISES

Ex. 2–1

Balance Sheet Accounts	Income Statement Accounts	
<u>Assets</u>	Revenue	
Advanced Payments for Equipment ^a	Cargo Revenue	
Cash	Passenger Revenue	
Flight Equipment		
Fuel Inventory		
Parts and Supplies Inventories		
Prepaid Expenses		
Liabilities	Expenses	
Accounts Payable	Aircraft Fuel (Expense)	
Air Traffic Liability ^b	Aircraft Maintenance (Expense)	
Frequent Flyer (Obligations) ^c	Aircraft Rent (Expense)	
Taxes Payable	Contract Carrier Arrangements (Expense) ^d	
	Landing Fees (Expense) ^e	
	Passenger Commissions (Expense) ^f	
Stockholders' Equity		
None		

^a Advance payments (deposits) on aircraft to be delivered in the future

^b Passenger ticket sales for future flights

^c Obligations to provide frequent flyers future travel and other benefits

^d Payments to other airlines for passenger travel under Delta tickets

^e Fees paid to airports for landing rights

^f Commissions paid to travel agents for passenger bookings

Ex.	2–2
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	Account
Account	Number
Accounts Payable	21
Accounts Receivable	12
Cash	11
Common Stock	31
Dividends	33
Fees Earned	41
Land	13
Miscellaneous Expense	53
Retained Earnings	32
Supplies Expense	52
Wages Expense	51

Note: Expense accounts are normally listed in order of magnitude from largest to smallest with Miscellaneous Expense always listed last. Since Wages Expense is normally larger than Supplies Expense, Wages Expense is listed as account number 51 and Supplies Expense as account number 52.

22 Unearned Rent

31 Common Stock32 Retained Earnings

3. Stockholders' Equity

Balance Sheet Accounts	Income Statement Accounts
1. Assets	4. Revenue
11 Cash	41 Fees Earned
12 Accounts Receivable	
13 Supplies	<u>5. Expenses</u>
14 Prepaid Insurance	51 Wages Expense
15 Equipment	52 Rent Expense
	53 Supplies Expense
2. Liabilities	59 Miscellaneous Expense
21 Accounts Payable	

33 Dividends *Note:* The order of some of the accounts within the major classifications is somewhat arbitrary, as in accounts 13–14, accounts 21–22, and accounts 51–53. In a new business, the order of magnitude of balances in such accounts is not

determinable in advance. The magnitude may also vary from period to period.

Ex. 2–4

Α.	debit	G.	credit
В.	credit	Н.	debit
С.	credit	Ι.	debit
D.	credit	J.	credit
Е.	debit	К.	debit
F.	credit	L.	debit

- 1. debit and credit entries (C)
- 2. debit and credit entries (C)
- 3. debit and credit entries (C)
- 4. credit entries only (B)
- 5. debit entries only (A)
- 6. debit entries only (A)
- 7. debit entries only (A)

- A. Liability—credit
- B. Asset-debit
- C. Asset-debit
- D. Stockholders' equity (Common Stock)—credit
- E. Stockholders' equity (Dividends)—debit

F. Revenue—credit

- G. Asset-debit
- H. Expense-debit
- I. Asset-debit
- J. Expense-debit

2018				
March	1	Rent Expense	4,000	
		Cash		4,000
	3	Advertising Expense	1,350	4 0 5 0
		Cash		1,350
	5	Supplies	1,800	
		Cash		1,800
	6	Office Equipment	11,500	
	0	Accounts Payable	11,500	11,500
				11,500
	10	Cash	8,600	
		Accounts Receivable		8,600
	15	Accounts Payable	3,180	
		Cash		3,180
	27	Miscellaneous Expense	700	
		Cash		700
	30	Utilities Expense	550	
	50	Cash		550
	31	Accounts Receivable	37,200	
		Fees Earned		37,200
	31	Utilities Expense	830	
		Cash		830
	24	Dividends	2 000	
	31	Cash	2,000	2,000

Α.

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Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018		Description	iter.	DEDIT	Orean
Oct.	3	Supplies	15	3,600	
		Accounts Payable	21		3,600
		Purchased supplies on account.			

B., C., D.

Account	•	Supplies				Account No.	15
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	1	Balance	\checkmark			770	
	3		91	3,600		4,370	
Account	:	Accounts Payable				Account No.	21

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	1	Balance	✓				26,200
	3		91		3,600		29,800

E. Yes, the rules of debit and credit apply to all companies.

(1)	Accounts Receivable	54,100	
	Fees Earned		54,100
(0)			
(2)	Supplies	1,250	
	Accounts Payable		1,250
(0)			
(3)	Cash	43,800	
	Accounts Receivable		43,800
(4)	Accounts Payable	600	
	Cash		600
	 (1) (2) (3) (4) 	Fees Earned (2) Supplies Accounts Payable (3) Cash Accounts Receivable (4) Accounts Payable	Fees Earned 1,250 (2) Supplies 1,250 Accounts Payable 43,800 (3) Cash 43,800 Accounts Receivable 600

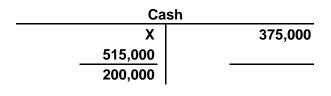
	Ca			Accour	nts Payal	ble	
(3)	43,800	(4)	600	(4)	600	(2)	1,250
_	Sup	plies			Fees	s Earned	
(2)	1,250					(1)	54,100
Accounts Receivable							
(1)	54,100	(3)	43,800				

C. No, an error may not have necessarily occurred. A credit balance in Accounts Receivable could occur if a customer overpaid his or her account. Regardless, the credit balance should be investigated to verify that an error has not occurred.

Ex. 2–10

- A. The increase of \$140,000 (\$515,000 \$375,000) in the cash account does not indicate net income of that amount. Net income is the net change in all assets and liabilities from operating (revenue and expense) transactions.
- B. \$60,000 (\$200,000 \$140,000)

or



X + \$515,000 - \$375,000 = \$200,000 X = \$200,000 - \$515,000 + \$375,000 X = \$60,000

Ex.	2–11				
Α.			Accounts	Payable	
				Feb. 1	Х
			186,500		201,400
				Feb. 28	59,900
	X + \$201,	400 – \$186,	500 = \$59,900		
	X = \$59,9	00 + \$186,5	00 – \$201,400		
	X = \$45,0	00			
В.			Accounts F	Receivable	
	Oct.	1	115,800		449,600
			X		
	Oct.	31	130,770		
	\$115,800	+ X – \$449,0	600 = \$130,770		
	X = \$130,	770 + \$449,	600 – \$115,800		
	X = \$464,	570			
C.			Ca	sh	
	Apr.	1	46,220		Х
			248,600		
	Apr.	30	56,770		
	\$46,220 +	- \$248,600 -	X = \$56,770		
	X = \$46,2	20 + \$248,6	00 – \$56,770		
	X = \$238,	050			

- A. Debit (negative) balance of \$16,000 (\$314,000 \$10,000 \$320,000). This negative balance means that the liabilities of the business exceed the assets.
- B. Yes. The balance sheet prepared at December 31 will balance, with Retained Earnings being reported in the stockholders' equity section as a debit (negative) balance of \$16,000.

A. and B.

	Account	Debited	Account Credited	
Transaction	Туре	Effect	Туре	Effect
(1)	asset	+	stockholders' equity	+
(2)	asset	+	asset	-
(3)	asset	+	asset	-
			liability	+
(4)	expense	+	asset	-
(5)	asset	+	revenue	+
(6)	liability	-	asset	-
(7)	asset	+	asset	-
(8)	expense	+	asset	-
(9)	dividend	+	asset	-

Ex. 2–14

	50.000	
(1) Cash	50,000	
Common Stock		50,000
(2) Supplies	2 400	1
(2) Supplies	3,400	
Cash		3,400
(3) Equipment	15,000	
	13,000	10.000
Accounts Payable		10,000
Cash		5,000
(4) Operating Expenses	4,850	
Cash		4,850
(5) Accounts Receivable	18,200	
Service Revenue		18,200
(6) Accounts Payable	2,500	
Cash		2,500
(7) Cash	8,700	
Accounts Receivable		8,700
(8) Operating Expenses	1,100	
Supplies		1,100
(9) Dividends	1,000	
Cash		1,000

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Ex.	2-1	15
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Napa Tours Co. Unadjusted Trial Balance April 30, 2018		
	Debit Balances	Credit Balances
Cash	41,950	
Accounts Receivable	9,500	
Supplies	2,300	
Equipment	15,000	
Accounts Payable		7,500
Common Stock		50,000
Dividends	1,000	
Service Revenue		18,200
Operating Expenses	5,950	
	75,700	75,700

B. Net income, \$12,250 (\$18,200 - \$5,950)

Atlantic Furniture Company		
Unadjusted Trial Balance		
July 31, 2018		
	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	207,325	
Accounts Receivable	483,600	
Supplies	3,975	
Prepaid Insurance	21,600	
Land	50,000	
Accounts Payable		92,400
Unearned Rent		6,000
Notes Payable		25,000
Common Stock		75,000
Retained Earnings		311,600
Dividends	24,000	
Fees Earned		2,750,000
Wages Expense	2,250,000	
Rent Expense	140,000	
Utilities Expense	49,100	
Supplies Expense	11,200	
Insurance Expense	9,000	
Miscellaneous Expense	10,200	
	3,260,000	3,260,000

Cash = \$3,260,000 - \$10,200 - \$9,000 - \$11,200 - \$49,100 - \$140,000 - \$2,250,000 - \$24,000 - \$50,000 - \$21,600 - \$3,975 - \$483,600 = \$207,325

Ex. 2–17

Inequality of trial balance totals would be caused by errors described in (C) and (E). For (C), the debit total would exceed the credit total by 9,900 (4,950 + 4,950). For (E), the credit total would exceed the debit total by 17,100 (19,000 - 1,900).

Errors (B), (C), (D), and (E) would require correcting entries. Although it is not a correcting entry, the entry that was not made in (A) should also be entered in the journal.

Ex.	2-1	8
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Ranger Co.		
Unadjusted Trial Balance		
August 31, 2018		
	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	15,500	
Accounts Receivable	46,750	
Prepaid Insurance	12,000	
Equipment	190,000	
Accounts Payable		24,600
Unearned Rent		5,400
Common Stock		40,000
Retained Earnings		70,000
Dividends	13,000	
Service Revenue		385,000
Wages Expense	213,000	
Advertising Expense	16,350	
Miscellaneous Expense	18,400	
	525,000	525,000

	(A)	(B)	(C)
Error	Out of Balance	Difference	Larger Total
1.	yes	\$6,000	debit
2.	no	—	—
3.	yes	5,400	credit
4.	yes	480	debit
5.	no	—	_
6.	yes	90	credit
7.	yes	360	credit

- 1. The Debit column total is added incorrectly. The sum is \$1,098,500 rather than \$1,801,500.
- 2. The trial balance should be dated "December 31, 2018," not "For the Year Ending December 31, 2018."
- 3. The Accounts Receivable balance should be in the Debit column.
- 4. The Accounts Payable balance should be in the Credit column.
- 5. The Dividends balance should be in the Debit column.
- 6. The Advertising Expense balance should be in the Debit column.

A corrected trial balance would be as follows:

Ensemble Co. Unadjusted Trial Balance December 31, 2018		
	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	42,900	
Accounts Receivable	123,500	
Prepaid Insurance	27,000	
Equipment	300,000	
Accounts Payable		52,000
Salaries Payable		4,800
Common Stock		40,000
Retained Earnings		137,200
Dividends	5,000	
Service Revenue		1,216,000
Salary Expense	660,000	
Advertising Expense	275,000	
Miscellaneous Expense	16,600	
	1,450,000	1,450,000

Ex. 2–21

В.

A. The correction could be made with one or two entries as shown below.

Prepaid Insurance	36,000	
Insurance Expense		18,000
Cash		18,000

or (reverses original entry)

Prepaid Insurance	18,000	
Insurance Expense		18,000
Prepaid Insurance	18,000	
Cash		18,000
Dividends	10,000	
Wages Expense		10,000

Cash	17,600	
Fees Earned		8,800
Accounts Receivable		8,800
Accounts Payable	1,760	
Supplies Expense		1,76
Supplies	1,760	
Cash		1,76

Note: The first entry reverses the original entry. The second entry is the entry that should have been made initially.

PROBLEMS

Prob. 2-							
1. and 2. Cash				Equip	ment		
(A)	30,000	(B)	2,500	(D)	8,000		
(G)	9,000	(C) (E)	6,000 2,100		Notes F	Pavable	
		(F)	3,600	(J)	1,875	(C)	22,500
		(H)	2,600			Bal.	20,625
		(I)	4,000			•	
		(J)	1,875		Accounts	a Payable	
		(M)	6,000	(I)	4,000	(D)	8,000
		(N)	1,300			(K)	5,500
Bal.	9,025					Bal.	9,500
Accounts Receivable				Commo	n Stock		
(L)	31,400					(A)	30,000
Supplies			Professional Fees				
(E)	2,100					(G)	9,000
						(L)	31,400
						Bal.	40,400
	Prepaid I	nsurance			Salary E	xpense	
(F)	3,600			(M)	6,000		
	Autom	obiles			Blueprint	Expense	
(C)	28,500			(K)	5,500		
					Rent Ex	kpense	
				(B)	2,500		
					Automobil	e Expense	
				(N)	1,300		
					Miscellaneo	us Expense	•
				(H)	2,600		

3.

Knaus Architects		
Unadjusted Trial Balance		
January 31, 2018		
	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	9,025	
Accounts Receivable	31,400	
Supplies	2,100	
Prepaid Insurance	3,600	
Automobiles	28,500	
Equipment	8,000	
Notes Payable		20,625
Accounts Payable		9,500
Common Stock		30,000
Professional Fees		40,400
Salary Expense	6,000	
Blueprint Expense	5,500	
Rent Expense	2,500	
Automobile Expense	1,300	
Miscellaneous Expense	2,600	
	100,525	100,525

4. Net income, \$22,500 (\$40,400 - \$6,000 - \$5,500 - \$2,500 - \$1,300 - \$2,600)

Prob. 2–2A

	(10.000	
1.	(A)	Cash	40,000	
		Common Stock		40,000
		0		
	(B)	Rent Expense	4,800	
		Cash		4,800
		и П		
	(C)	Supplies	2,150	
		Accounts Payable		2,150
				· · · · ·
	(D)	Accounts Payable	1,100	
		Cash		1,100
				· · · · ·
	(E)	Cash	18,750	
		Sales Commissions		18,750
			<u> </u>	;
	(F)	Automobile Expense	1,580	
		Miscellaneous Expense	800	
		Cash		2,380
				2,000
	(G)	Office Salaries Expense	3,500	
	• •	Cash		3,500
				0,000
	(H)	Supplies Expense	1,300	
	. ,	Supplies		1,300
			<u> </u>	.,000
	(I)	Dividends	1,500	
	.,	Cash		1,500
			<u> </u>	1,000

Prob. 2-	-2A (Continue	d)					
2.							
	Ca	ish		Sales Commissions			
(A)	40,000	(B)	4,800			(E)	18,750
(E)	18,750	(D)	1,100				
		(F)	2,380		Rent Ex	pense	
		(G)	3,500	(B)	4,800		
		(I)	1,500			-	
Bal.	45,470						
Supplies				Office Salaries Expense			
(C)	2,150	(H)	1,300	(G)	3,500	•	
Bal.	850					•	
	Account	s Payabl	e		Automobile	e Expense	•
(D)	1,100	(C)	2,150	(F)	1,580	-	
		Bal.	1,050			•	
	Commo	on Stock			Supplies	Expense	
		(A)	40,000	(H)	1,300		
	Divic	lends			Miscellaneo	us Expens	se
(I)	1,500			(F)	800	-	

Prob. 2–2A (Concluded)

3.	Affordable Realty		
	Unadjusted Trial Balance		
	October 31, 2018		
		Debit	Credit
		Balances	Balances
	Cash	45,470	
	Supplies	850	
	Accounts Payable		1,050
	Common Stock		40,000
	Dividends	1,500	
	Sales Commissions		18,750
	Rent Expense	4,800	
	Office Salaries Expense	3,500	
	Automobile Expense	1,580	
	Supplies Expense	1,300	
	Miscellaneous Expense	800	
		59,800	59,800

4. A. \$18,750

- B. \$11,980 (\$4,800 + \$3,500 + \$1,580 + \$1,300 + \$800)
- C. \$6,770 (\$18,750 \$11,980)

5. \$5,270, which is the excess of net income of \$6,770 over the dividends of \$1,500.

Prob. 2–3A

1.

		JOU	RNAL	Page	1
Date		Description Post		Debit	Credit
2018					
Nov.	1	Cash	11	36,000	
		Common Stock	31		36,000
	1	Rent Expense	53	4,000	
		Cash	11		4,000
	6	Equipment	16	16,000	
		Accounts Payable	22		16,000
	8	Truck	18	43,000	
		Cash	11		4,300
		Notes Payable	21		38,700
	10	Supplies	13	1,860	
		Cash	11		1,860
		A			
	12	Cash	11	8,000	
		Fees Earned	41		8,000
	15	Dranaid Incurance	14	2,400	
	15	Prepaid Insurance Cash	14	2,400	2,400
		Casil			2,400
	23	Accounts Receivable	12	15,500	
	20	Fees Earned	41	10,000	15,500
					10,000
	24	Truck Expense	55	1,250	
		Accounts Payable	22	.,	1,250

JOURNAL

Page 2

Date	è	Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Nov.	29	Utilities Expense	54	3,660	
		Cash	11		3,660
	29	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,700	
		Cash	11		1,700

Prob. 2–3A (Continued)

^^^^

3	0 Cash	11	10,500	
	Accounts Receivable	12		10,500
3	0 Wages Expense	51	4,750	
	Cash	11		4,750
30	0 Accounts Payable	22	4,000	
	Cash	11		4,000
30	0 Dividends	33	1,600	
	Cash	11		1,600

2.

GENERAL LEDGER

Account:		Cash	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Account No. 1			
			Post.			Balai	nce
Date	e	Item Ref. Debit Credit	Credit	Debit	Credit		
2018							
Nov.	1		1	36,000		36,000	
	1		1		4,000	32,000	
	8		1		4,300	27,700	
	10		1		1,860	25,840	
	12		1	8,000		33,840	
	15		1		2,400	31,440	
	29		2		3,660	27,780	
	29		2		1,700	26,080	
	30		2	10,500		36,580	
	30		2		4,750	31,830	
	30		2		4,000	27,830	
	30		2		1,600	26,230	

Accounts Receivable Account:

Account No. 12

			Post.			Balance	
Date	e	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	23		1	15,500		15,500	
	30		2		10,500	5,000	

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Prob. 2–3A (Continued)							
Account	-	Supplies				Account No.	13
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	10		1	1,860		1,860	
Account	: -	Prepaid Insurance				Account No.	14
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	15		1	2,400		2,400	
Account	: _	Equipment				Account No.	16
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	;	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	6		1	16,000		16,000	
Account	: _	Truck				Account No.	18
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	8		1	43,000		43,000	
Account	: -	Notes Payable				Account No.	21
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	8		1		38,700		38,700
Account	: _	Accounts Payable				Account No.	22
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date		ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	6		1		16,000		16,000
	24		1		1,250		17,250
	30		2	4,000			13,250

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Account	: .	Common Stock				Account No.	31
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	;	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	1		1		36,000		36,000
Account	:	Dividends				Account No.	33
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	30		2	1,600		1,600	
Account	: .	Fees Earned				Account No.	41
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	;	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	12		1		8,000		8,000
	23		1		15,500		23,500
Account	: .	Wages Expense				Account No.	51
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	30		2	4,750		4,750	
Account	: .	Rent Expense				Account No.	53
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	1		1	4,000		4,000	
Account	:	Utilities Expense				Account No.	54
			Post.			Bala	
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	29		2	3,660		3,660	

Prob. 2–3A (Continued)

Prob. 2–3A (Continued)

Account	: .	Truck Expense				Account No.	55
			Post.			Balar	nce
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	24		1	1,250		1,250	
Account	: .	Miscellaneous Exp	ense			Account No.	59
			Post.			Balar	nce

			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	9	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Nov.	29		2	1,700		1,700	

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Prob. 2–3A (Concluded)

3.	Modern Desig	ns		
	Unadjusted Trial B	alance		
	November 30, 2	2018		
		Account	Debit	Credit
		No.	Balances	Balances
	Cash	11	26,230	
	Accounts Receivable	12	5,000	
	Supplies	13	1,860	
	Prepaid Insurance	14	2,400	
	Equipment	16	16,000	
	Truck	18	43,000	
	Notes Payable	21		38,700
	Accounts Payable	22		13,250
	Common Stock	31		36,000
	Dividends	33	1,600	
	Fees Earned	41		23,500
	Wages Expense	51	4,750	
	Rent Expense	53	4,000	
	Utilities Expense	54	3,660	
	Truck Expense	55	1,250	
	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,700	
			111,450	111,450

- 4. \$8,140 (\$23,500 \$4,750 \$4,000 \$3,660 \$1,250 \$1,700)
- 5. Some supplies may have been used during November, but no supplies expense has been recorded.

As will be discussed in Chapter 3, adjustments are necessary at the end of the accounting period to bring the accounts up to date. For example, adjustments for supplies used, insurance expired, and depreciation would probably be required by Modern Designs.

Note to Instructors: At this point, students have not been exposed to depreciation, but some insightful students might recognize the need for recording supplies used and insurance expired. You might use this as an opportunity to discuss what is coming in Chapter 3.

Prob. 2–4A

2. and 3.

		JOUR	NAL	Page	18
			Post.		
Date	e	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Apr.	1	Rent Expense	52	6,500	
		Cash	11		6,500
	2	Office Supplies	14	2,300	
		Accounts Payable	21		2,300
	5	Prepaid Insurance	13	6,000	
		Cash	11		6,000
	10	Cash	11	52,300	
		Accounts Receivable	12		52,300
	15	Land	16	200,000	
		Cash	11		30,000
		Notes Payable	23		170,000
	17	Accounts Payable	21	6,450	
		Cash	11		6,450
	20	Accounts Payable	21	325	
		Office Supplies	14		325
	23	Advertising Expense	53	4,300	
		Cash	11		4,300

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			Post.		
Dat	е	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Apr.	27	Cash	11	2,500	
		Salary and Commission Expense	51		2,500
	28	Automobile Expense	54	1,500	
		Cash	11		1,500
	29	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,400	
		Cash	11		1,400

Prob. 2–4A (Continued)

^^^^

:	30 Accounts Receivable	12	57,000	
	Fees Earned	41		57,000
	20 Selemy and Commission Funance	E4	11 000	
· ·	30 Salary and Commission Expense	51	11,900	
	Cash	11		11,900
;	30 Dividends	33	4,000	
	Cash	11		4,000
	30 Cash	11	10,000	
	Unearned Rent	22		10,000

1. and 3.

GENERAL LEDGER

Account	t:	Cash				Account No.	11
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	e	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			26,300	
	1		18		6,500	19,800	
	5		18		6,000	13,800	
	10		18	52,300		66,100	
	15		18		30,000	36,100	
	17		18		6,450	29,650	
	23		18		4,300	25,350	
	27		19	2,500		27,850	
	28		19		1,500	26,350	
	29		19		1,400	24,950	
	30		19		11,900	13,050	
	30		19		4,000	9,050	
	30		19	10,000		19,050	

Account: Accounts Receivable

Account No. 12

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date	e	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			61,500	
	10		18		52,300	9,200	
	30		19	57,000		66,200	

Account		Prepaid Insurance				Account No.	13
	·						
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	9	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			3,000	
	5		18	6,000		9,000	
Account	:	Office Supplies				Account No.	14
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	;	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			1,800	
	2		18	2,300		4,100	
	20		18		325	3,775	
Account	:	Land				Account No.	16
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	;	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	15		18	200,000		200,000	
Account	:	Accounts Payable				Account No.	21
Account	:	Accounts Payable	Post.			Account No.	
Account Date		Accounts Payable	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit		
				Debit	Credit	Bala	ince
Date				Debit	Credit	Bala	ince Credit
Date		Item Balance	Ref.	Debit	Credit 2,300	Bala	nce Credit 14,000
Date	2	Item Balance	Ref. ✓	Debit		Bala	nce Credit 14,000 16,300
Date	1	Item Balance	Ref. ✓ 18			Bala	nce Credit 14,000 16,300 9,850
Date		Item Balance	Ref. ✓ 18 18	6,450		Bala	nce Credit 14,000 16,300 9,850 9,525
Date 2018 Apr.		Item Balance	Ref. ✓ 18 18	6,450		Bala Debit	nce Credit 14,000 16,300 9,850 9,525 22
Date 2018 Apr.	1 2 17 20	Item Balance	Ref. ✓ 18 18 18	6,450		Bala Debit Account No.	nce Credit 14,000 16,300 9,850 9,525 22
Date 2018 Apr. Account	1 2 17 20	Item Balance Unearned Rent	Ref. ✓ 18 18 18 18 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 18 18 18 18 9 18 18 18 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 </td <td>6,450 325</td> <td>2,300</td> <td>Bala Debit Account No. Bala</td> <td>nce Credit 14,000 16,300 9,850 9,525 22</td>	6,450 325	2,300	Bala Debit Account No. Bala	nce Credit 14,000 16,300 9,850 9,525 22
Date 2018 Apr. Account Date 2018	1 2 17 20	Item Balance Unearned Rent	Ref. ✓ 18 18 18 18 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 18 18 18 18 9 18 18 18 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 </td <td>6,450 325</td> <td>2,300</td> <td>Bala Debit Account No. Bala</td> <td>nce Credit 14,000 16,300 9,850 9,525 22 nce Credit</td>	6,450 325	2,300	Bala Debit Account No. Bala	nce Credit 14,000 16,300 9,850 9,525 22 nce Credit
Date	2 17 20 : : 30	Item Balance Unearned Rent	Ref. ✓ 18 18 18 18 Ref.	6,450 325	2,300 Credit	Bala Debit Account No. Bala	Ince Credit 14,000 16,300 9,850 9,525 22 Ince Credit 10,000
Date 2018 Apr. Account Date 2018 Apr.	2 17 20 : : 30	Item Balance Unearned Rent Item	Ref. ✓ 18 18 18 18 18 Vost. Ref. 19	6,450 325	2,300 Credit	Bala Debit Account No. Bala Debit Account No.	Ince Credit 14,000 16,300 9,850 9,525 22 22 Ince Credit 10,000 23
Date 2018 Apr. Account 2018 Apr. Account	2 17 20 : :	Item Balance Unearned Rent Item Notes Payable	Ref. ✓ 18 18 18 18 18 19 Post. Post. Post.	6,450 325 Debit	2,300 Credit 10,000	Bala Debit Account No. Bala Debit Account No. Bala	Ince Credit 14,000 16,300 9,850 9,525 22 Ince Credit 10,000 23
Date 2018 Apr. Account Date 2018 Apr.	2 17 20 : :	Item Balance Unearned Rent Item	Ref. ✓ 18 18 18 18 18 Vost. Ref. 19	6,450 325	2,300 Credit	Bala Debit Account No. Bala Debit Account No.	Ince Credit 14,000 16,300 9,850 9,525 22 22 Ince Credit 10,000 23

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		(Continued)					
Account	:	Common Stock				Account No.	31
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	÷	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				10,000
Account	:	Retained Earnings	6			Account No.	32
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	9	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓				36,000
Account	:	Dividends				Account No.	33
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	9	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			2,000	
	30		19	4,000		6,000	
Account	:	Fees Earned				Account No.	41
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	e	Item	D .(
2018			Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2010			Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Apr.	1	Balance	Ret.	Debit	Credit	Debit	
	1 30			Debit	Credit 57,000	Debit	Credit 240,000 297,000
Apr.	30		√ 19			Debit Account No.	240,000
Apr.	30	Balance	√ 19				240,000 297,000 51
Apr.	30	Balance	√ 19 ission Ex			Account No.	240,000 297,000 51
Apr. Account	30	Balance Salary and Comm	✓ 19 ission Ex Post.	pense	57,000	Account No.	240,000 297,000 51 nce
Apr. Account Date	30	Balance Salary and Comm	✓ 19 ission Ex Post.	pense	57,000	Account No.	240,000 297,000 51 nce
Apr. Account Date 2018	30	Balance Salary and Comm Item	✓ 19 ission Ex Post. Ref.	pense	57,000	Account No. Bala Debit	240,000 297,000 51 nce
Apr. Account Date 2018	30 :: •	Balance Salary and Comm Item	✓ 19 ission Ex Post. Ref. ✓	pense	57,000 Credit	Account No. Bala Debit 148,200	240,000 297,000 51 nce
Apr. Account Date 2018	30 	Balance Salary and Comm Item	√ 19 ission Ex Post. Ref. √ 19	pense Debit	57,000 Credit	Account No. Bala Debit 148,200 145,700	240,000 297,000 51 nce
Apr. Account Date 2018 Apr.	30 	Balance Salary and Comm Item Balance	√ 19 ission Ex Post. Ref. √ 19	pense Debit	57,000 Credit	Account No. Bala Debit 148,200 145,700 157,600	240,000 297,000 51 nce Credit 52
Apr. Account Date 2018 Apr.	30 :: 27 30 ::	Balance Salary and Comm Item Balance	√ 19 ission Ex Post. Ref. √ 19 19	pense Debit	57,000 Credit	Account No. Bala Debit 148,200 145,700 157,600 Account No.	240,000 297,000 51 nce Credit 52
Apr. Account Date 2018 Apr. Account	30 :: 27 30 ::	Balance Salary and Comm Item Balance Rent Expense	√ 19 ission Ex Post. Ref. √ 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	pense	57,000 Credit 2,500	Account No. Bala Debit 148,200 145,700 157,600 Account No. Bala	240,000 297,000 51 nce Credit 52 nce
Apr. Account 2018 Apr. Account	30 :: 27 30 ::	Balance Salary and Comm Item Balance Rent Expense	√ 19 ission Ex Post. Ref. √ 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	pense	57,000 Credit 2,500	Account No. Bala Debit 148,200 145,700 157,600 Account No. Bala	240,000 297,000 51 nce Credit 52 nce

Account:		Advertising Expension	se			Account No.	53
			Post.			Bala	
Date		ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			17,800	
	23		18	4,300		22,100	
Account	:	Automobile Expension	se			Account No.	54
			Post.			Balance	
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			5,500	
	28		19	1,500		7,000	
Account: N		Miscellaneous Exp	ense			Account No.	59
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date		ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			3,900	

1,400

5,300

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Prob. 2–4A (Continued)

4

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4.							
Elite Realty							
Unadjusted Trial Balance							
April 30, 2018							
	Account	Debit	Credit				
	No.	Balances	Balances				
Cash	11	19,050					
Accounts Receivable	12	66,200					
Prepaid Insurance	13	9,000					
Office Supplies	14	3,775					
Land	16	200,000					
Accounts Payable	21		9,525				
Unearned Rent	22		10,000				
Notes Payable	23		170,000				
Common Stock	31		10,000				
Retained Earnings	32		36,000				
Dividends	33	6,000					
Fees Earned	41		297,000				
Salary and Commission Expense	51	157,600					
Rent Expense	52	36,500					
Advertising Expense	53	22,100					
Automobile Expense	54	7,000					
Miscellaneous Expense	59	5,300					
		532,525	532,525				

2-31

Prob. 2–4A (Concluded)

- 5. (A) The unadjusted trial balance in (4) still balances because the debits equaled the credits in the original journal entry.
 - (B) The correcting entry for \$7,200 (\$19,100 \$11,900) would be as follows:

		JOURNAL		Page	19
Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Apr.	30	Salary and Commission Expense	51	7,200	
		Cash	11		7,200

(C) Transposition

Prob.	2–5A
-------	------

The Lexington Gro	up			
Unadjusted Trial Bala	ance			
May 31, 2018				
	Debit	Credit		
	Balances	Balances		
Cash	18,750			
Accounts Receivable	53,500			
Supplies	2,225			
Prepaid Insurance	7,400			
Equipment	171,175			
Notes Payable		45,000		
Accounts Payable		36,000		
Common Stock		50,000		
Retained Earnings		89,150		
Dividends	20,000			
Fees Earned		429,850		
Wages Expense	270,000			
Rent Expense	60,300			
Advertising Expense	25,200			
Gas, Electricity, and Water Expense	16,350			
Miscellaneous Expense	5,100			
	650,000	650,000		

Cash = \$20,350 - \$7,000 (A) + \$5,400 (B) = \$18,750

2. No. The trial balance indicates only that the debits and credits are equal. Any errors that have the same effect on debits and credits will not affect the balancing of the trial balance.

CHAPTER 2 Analyzing Transactions

1. and 2.

Cash			Accounts Payable				
(A)	18,000	(B)	2,500	(H)	1,800	(E)	6,500
(G)	12,000	(C)	3,150			(J)	2,500
		(D)	1,450			Bal.	7,200
		(F)	2,400				
		(H)	1,800		Commo	n Stock	
		(I)	375			(A)	18,000
		(L)	2,800				
		(M)	200		Professio	nal Fees	
		(N)	300			(G)	12,000
		(0)	550			(K)	15,650
Bal.	14,475					Bal.	27,650
	Accounts I	Receival	ble		Rent Ex	pense	
(K)	15,650			(C)	3,150		
	Sup	olies		Salary Expense			
(D)	1,450			(L)	2,800		
	Prepaid I	nsuranc	e	Blueprint Expense			
(F)	2,400			(J)	2,500		
	Autom	obiles			Automobile	e Expens	e
(B)	19,500			(0)	550		
	Equip	oment			Miscellaneo	us Expen	se
(E)	6,500			(I)	375		
		•		(M)	200		
	Notes F	Payable		Bal.	575		
(N)	300	(B)	17,000			-	
		Bal.	16,700				

Prob. 2–1B	(Concluded)
------------	-------------

Jones Architects					
Unadjusted Trial Balance	;				
April 30, 2018					
	Debit	Credit			
	Balances	Balances			
Cash	14,475				
Accounts Receivable	15,650				
Supplies	1,450				
Prepaid Insurance	2,400				
Automobiles	19,500				
Equipment	6,500				
Notes Payable		16,700			
Accounts Payable		7,200			
Common Stock		18,000			
Professional Fees		27,650			
Rent Expense	3,150				
Salary Expense	2,800				
Blueprint Expense	2,500				
Automobile Expense	550				
Miscellaneous Expense	575				
	69,550	69,550			

4. Net income, \$18,075 (\$27,650 - \$3,150 - \$2,800 - \$2,500 - \$550 - \$575)

Prob. 2–2B

	5			
1.	(A)	Cash	17,500	
		Common Stock		17,500
	(B)	Supplies	2,300	
		Accounts Payable		2,300
	(C)	Cash	13,300	
		Sales Commissions		13,300
	(D)	Rent Expense	3,000	
	(-)	Cash	0,000	3,000
		Cash		3,000
	(E)	Accounts Payable	1,150	
		Cash		1,150
	(F)	Dividends	1,800	
		Cash		1,800
	(G)	Automobile Expense	1,500	
	(-)	Miscellaneous Expense	400	
		Cash		1,900
	n			
	(H)	Office Salaries Expense	2,800	
		Cash		2,800
	(I)	Supplies Expense	1,050	
	(')		1,000	1 050
	Į	Supplies		1,050

Prob. 2-	-2B (Continue	d)						
2.								
_	Ca	sh			Sales Cor	nmissions		
(A)	17,500	(D)	3,000			(C)	13,300	
(C)	13,300	(E)	1,150					
		(F)	1,800		Rent E	xpense		
		(G)	1,900	(D)	3,000			
		(H)	2,800			•		
Bal.	20,150							
	Sup	plies		Office Salaries Expense				
(B)	2,300	(I)	1,050	(H)	2,800			
Bal.	1,250		<u>.</u>		·			
	Accounts	s Payabl	e		Automobil	e Expense)	
(E)	1,150	(B)	2,300	(G)	1,500			
	<u> </u>	Bal.	1,150	. ,				
	Commo	n Stock			Supplies	Expense		
		(A)	17,500	(I)	1,050			
	Divid	lends			Miscellaneo	ous Expens	se	
(F)	1,800			(G)	400	-		

Prob. 2–2B (Concluded)

3.	Planet Realty		
	Unadjusted Trial Balance		
	August 31, 2018		
		Debit	Credit
		Balances	Balances
	Cash	20,150	
	Supplies	1,250	
	Accounts Payable		1,150
	Common Stock		17,500
	Dividends	1,800	
	Sales Commissions		13,300
	Rent Expense	3,000	
	Office Salaries Expense	2,800	
	Automobile Expense	1,500	
	Supplies Expense	1,050	
	Miscellaneous Expense	400	
		31,950	31,950

- 4. A. \$13,300
 - B. \$8,750 (\$3,000 + \$2,800 + \$1,500 + \$1,050 + \$400)
 - C. \$4,550 (\$13,300 \$8,750)

5. \$2,750, which is the excess of net income of \$4,550 over the dividends of \$1,800.

Prob. 2–3B

1.

			AL	Page_	1
Det	_	Description	Post.	D. L.Y	
Dat	e	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Oct.	1		11	18,000	
		Common Stock	31		18,000
	4	Rent Expense	53	3,000	
		Cash	11		3,000
	10	Truck	18	23,750	
		Cash	11		3,750
		Notes Payable	21		20,000
	13	Equipment	16	10,500	
		Accounts Payable	22		10,500
	14	Supplies	13	2,100	
		Cash	11		2,100
	15	Prepaid Insurance	14	3,600	
		Cash	11		3,600
	15	Cash	11	8,950	
		Fees Earned	41		8,950

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Page 2

			Post.		
Dat	е	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Oct.	21	Accounts Payable	22	2,000	
		Cash	11		2,000
	24	Accounts Receivable	12	14,150	
		Fees Earned	41		14,150
	26	Truck Expense	55	700	
		Accounts Payable	22		700
	27	Utilities Expense	54	2,240	
		Cash	11		2,240

Prob. 2–3B (Continued)

^^^^	^^^^	^^^^	^^^^^	
27	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,100	
	Cash	11		1,100
29	Cash	11	7,600	
	Accounts Receivable	12		7,600
30	Wages Expense	51	4,800	
	Cash	11		4,800
31	Dividends	33	3,500	
	Cash	11		3,500

2.

GENERAL LEDGER

Account	: .	Cash				Account No.	11
	Post.				Balance		
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	1		1	18,000		18,000	
	4		1		3,000	15,000	
	10		1		3,750	11,250	
	14		1		2,100	9,150	
	15		1		3,600	5,550	
	15		1	8,950		14,500	
	21		2		2,000	12,500	
	27		2		2,240	10,260	
	27		2		1,100	9,160	
	29		2	7,600		16,760	
	30		2		4,800	11,960	
	31		2		3,500	8,460	

Account: Accounts Receivable

Account No. 12

			Post.			Balance	
Date)	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	24		2	14,150		14,150	
	29		2		7,600	6,550	

1100.2	-30	(Continued)					
Account	: .	Supplies				Account No.	13
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	14		1	2,100		2,100	
Account	: -	Prepaid Insurance				Account No.	14
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	;	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	15		1	3,600		3,600	
Account	: -	Equipment				Account No.	16
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	13		1	10,500		10,500	
Account	: _	Truck				Account No.	18
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	;	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	10		1	23,750		23,750	
Account	: _	Notes Payable				Account No.	21
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	10		1		20,000		20,000
Account	: .	Accounts Payable				Account No.	22
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date)	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	13		1		10,500		10,500
	21		2	2,000			8,500
	26		2		700		9,200

Prob. 2–3B (Continued)

Account	: .	Common Stock				Account No.	31
			Post.			Balaı	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	1		1		18,000		18,000
Account	: .	Dividends				Account No.	33
			Post.			Balaı	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	31		2	3,500		3,500	
Account	: .	Fees Earned				Account No.	41
			Post.			Balaı	nce
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit		Credit
2018							
Oct.	15		1		8,950		8,950
	24		2		14,150		23,100
Account	: .	Wages Expense				Account No.	51
			Post.			Balaı	nce
Date	;	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	30		2	4,800		4,800	
Account	: .	Rent Expense				Account No.	53
			Post.			Balaı	nce
Date	;	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	4		1	3,000		3,000	
Account	: .	Utilities Expense				Account No.	54
			Post.			Balaı	nce
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	27		2	2,240		2,240	

Prob. 2–3B (Continued)

Account	: -	Truck Expense				Account No.	55
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	26		2	700		700	
Account: Miscellaneous Expense			ense			Account No.	59
		Post.			Bala	ince	

		1 031.			Dale		
Date	;	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Oct.	27		2	1,100		1,100	

Prob. 2–3B (Concluded)

3.	Pioneer Des	signs			
	Unadjusted Tria				
	October 31,	October 31, 2018			
		Account	Debit	Credit	
		No.	Balances	Balances	
	Cash	11	8,460		
	Accounts Receivable	12	6,550		
	Supplies	13	2,100		
	Prepaid Insurance	14	3,600		
	Equipment	16	10,500		
	Truck	18	23,750		
	Notes Payable	21		20,000	
	Accounts Payable	22		9,200	
	Common Stock	31		18,000	
	Dividends	33	3,500		
	Fees Earned	41		23,100	
	Wages Expense	51	4,800		
	Rent Expense	53	3,000		
	Utilities Expense	54	2,240		
	Truck Expense	55	700		
	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,100		
			70,300	70,300	

- 4. \$11,260 (\$23,100 \$4,800 \$3,000 \$2,240 \$700 \$1,100)
- 5. Some supplies may have been used during October, but no supplies expense has been recorded.

As will be discussed in Chapter 3, adjustments are necessary at the end of the accounting period to bring the accounts up to date. For example, adjustments for supplies used, insurance expired, and depreciation would probably be required by Pioneer Designs.

Note to Instructors: At this point, students have not been exposed to depreciation, but some insightful students might recognize the need for recording supplies used and insurance expired. You might use this as an opportunity to discuss what is coming in Chapter 3.

Prob. 2–4B

2. and 3.

2. anu 5	•	JOUR	NAL	Page	18
Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018		•			
Aug.	1	Office Supplies	14	3,150	
		Accounts Payable	21		3,150
	2	Rent Expense	52	7,200	
		Cash	11		7,200
	3	Cash	11	83,900	
		Accounts Receivable	12		83,900
	5	Prepaid Insurance	13	12,000	
		Cash	11		12,000
	9	Accounts Payable	21	400	
		Office Supplies	14		400
	17	Advertising Expense	53	8,000	
		Cash	11		8,000
	23	Accounts Payable	21	13,750	
		Cash	11	· ·	13,750

JOURNAL

Page 19

			Post.		
Date	e	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
Aug.	29	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,700	
		Cash	11		1,700
	00	Asstance bills Frances	54	0.500	
	30	Automobile Expense	54	2,500	
		Cash	11		2,500
	31	Cash	11	2,000	
		Salary and Commission Expense	51		2,000
	31	Salary and Commission Expense	51	53,000	
		Cash	11		53,000

Prob. 2–4B (Continued)

^^^^^ 31 Accounts Receivable 183,500 12 **Fees Earned** 41 183,500 31 Land 16 75,000 Cash 11 7,500 **Notes Payable** 23 67,500 31 Dividends 33 1,000 Cash 11 1,000 31 Cash 11 5,000 **Unearned Rent** 22 5,000

1. and 3.

GENERAL LEDGER

Account:

Cash

Account No. 11

			Post.			Bala	ince
Date		ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			52,500	
	2		18		7,200	45,300	
	3		18	83,900		129,200	
	5		18		12,000	117,200	
	17		18		8,000	109,200	
	23		18		13,750	95,450	
	29		19		1,700	93,750	
	30		19		2,500	91,250	
	31		19	2,000		93,250	
	31		19		53,000	40,250	
	31		19		7,500	32,750	
	31		19		1,000	31,750	
	31		19	5,000		36,750	

Accounts Receivable Account:

Account No. 12

			Post.			Bala	ance
Date	;	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			100,100	
	3		18		83,900	16,200	
	31		19	183,500		199,700	

Prob. 2–4B (Continued)

Date Item Post. Ref. Debit Credit Balance 2018
DateItemRef.DebitCreditDebitCredit20181111111Aug.1Balance✓12,600112,60051812,00024,60024,6001Account:Office SuppliesAccount No.✓DateItemRef.DebitCreditDebit201811183,1505,9501183,1505,9501Aug.1183,1505,55019184005,550Account:LandCreditDebitCreditDateItemRef.DebitCreditDebitAccount:LandAccount No.✓Account No.✓Account:LandAccount No.✓Account No.✓Account:LandPost.DebitCreditDebitCreditAug.311975,00075,000Account No.✓Account:Accounts PayableAccount No.✓Account No.✓DateItemRef.DebitCreditDebitCreditDateItemRef.DebitCreditDebitCredit
Aug. 1 Balance ✓ 12,600 5 18 12,000 24,600 Account: Office Supplies Account No. Account No. Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit Aug. 1 Balance ✓ 2,800 Account Aug. 1 Balance Aug. 1 Balance ✓ 2,800 Account Aug. 1 Balance Aug. 1 Balance ✓ 2,800 Account Account No. ✓ 1 18 3,150 5,950 Account No. ✓ ✓ Account: Land Account No. ✓ Account No. ✓ Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit Aug. 31 19 75,000 75,000 Account No. ✓ Account: Accounts Payable Account No. ✓ Balance Debit
Image Image <thimage< th=""> <thimage< th=""> <thim< td=""></thim<></thimage<></thimage<>
Account: Office Supplies Account No. Account No. Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit 2018 Aug. 1 Balance Aug. 1 Balance Aug. 1 Balance Aug. 1 Balance ✓ 2,800 Aug. 1 Aug. 1 Balance 1 18 3,150 5,950 S,950
Date Item Post. Ref. Debit Credit Balance 2018 Image: Construction of the state of t
DateItemRef.DebitCreditDebitCredit2018Aug.1Balance✓-2,8001183,1505,9509184005,550Account:LandAccount NoDateItemRef.DebitCreditDebitCredit2018Aug.311975,00075,000-2Account:Accounts PayableAccount No2DateItemRef.DebitCreditDebitCreditDateItemRef.DebitCreditCredit-
2018
Aug. 1 Balance ✓ 2,800 1 18 3,150 5,950 9 18 400 5,550 Account: Land Account No. ✓ Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit 2018 Aug. 31 19 75,000 75,000 75,000 Account: Accounts Payable Account No. 2 2 Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit Aug. 31 19 75,000 75,000 2 2 Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit
Image Image <th< td=""></th<>
9 18 400 5,550 Account: Land Account No. Account No. Date Item Post. Balance Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit 2018 19 75,000 75,000 75,000 Account No. 2000 Account: Accounts Payable Account No. 2000 2000 2000 Date Item Post. Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit
Account: Land Account No. Account No. Date Item Post. Balance Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit 2018 Item 19 75,000 75,000 Account No. 2000 Account: Accounts Payable Account No. 2000 2000 2000 Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit
Post. Post. Balance Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit 2018 Image: Comparison of the state of t
Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit 2018 1 1 1 1 1 Aug. 31 19 75,000 75,000 Account: Accounts Payable Account No. 2 Date Item Ref. Debit Credit
2018 Image: Constraint of the second secon
Aug. 31 19 75,000 75,000 Account: Accounts Payable Account No. 2 Date Item Post. Ref. Balance
Account: Accounts Payable Account No. Account No. Date Item Post. Balance Date Item Ref. Debit Credit
Post. Balance Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit
Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit
2018
Aug. 1 Balance 🗸 21,0
1 18 3,150 24,1
9 18 400 23,7
23 18 13,750 10,0
Account: Unearned Rent Account No.
Post. Balance
Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit
2018
Aug. 31 19 5,000 5,0
Account: Notes Payable Account No.
Post. Balance
Date Item Ref. Debit Credit Debit Credit
2018

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Account	:	Common Stock				Account No.	31
[Post.			Bala	nco
Date	`	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018	,	nem	itei.	Debit	orean	Debit	Credit
Aug.	1	Balance	✓				17,500
Aug.		Dalance	•				17,500
Account	:	Retained Earnings	i			Account No.	32
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	;	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓				70,000
Account	:	Dividends				Account No.	33
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	2	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit		Credit
2018				2001	oroan	2001	0.0411
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			44,800	
Aug.	31		19	1,000		45,800	
<u> </u>	V I		10	1,000		40,000	
Account	:	Fees Earned				Account No.	41
			Post.			Bala	ince
Date	•	ltem	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit	Bala Debit	ince Credit
Date 2018	•	ltem		Debit	Credit		
) 1	Item Balance		Debit	Credit		
2018			Ref.	Debit	Credit 183,500		Credit
2018	1 31		Ref. ✓ 19				Credit 591,500 775,000
2018 Aug.	1 31	Balance	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp	ense		Debit Account No.	Credit 591,500 775,000 51
2018 Aug. Account	1 31 :	Balance Salary and Commi	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp	ense	183,500	Debit Account No. Bala	Credit 591,500 775,000 51
2018 Aug. Account Date	1 31 :	Balance	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp	ense		Debit Account No.	Credit 591,500 775,000 51
2018 Aug. Account Date 2018	1 31 :	Balance Salary and Commi Item	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp Post. Ref.	ense	183,500	Debit Account No. Bala Debit	Credit 591,500 775,000 51
2018 Aug. Account Date	1 31 :	Balance Salary and Commi	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp Post. Ref.	ense	183,500 Credit	Debit Account No. Bala Debit 385,000	Credit 591,500 775,000 51
2018 Aug. Account Date 2018	1 31 :	Balance Salary and Commi Item	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp Post. Ref. ✓ 19	ense Debit	183,500	Debit Account No. Bala Debit 385,000 383,000	Credit 591,500 775,000 51
2018 Aug. Account Date 2018	1 31 :	Balance Salary and Commi Item	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp Post. Ref.	ense	183,500 Credit	Debit Account No. Bala Debit 385,000	Credit 591,500 775,000 51
2018 Aug. Account Date 2018	1 31 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Balance Salary and Commi Item	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp Post. Ref. ✓ 19	ense Debit	183,500 Credit	Debit Account No. Bala Debit 385,000 383,000	Credit 591,500 775,000 51 Ince Credit
2018 Aug. Account Date 2018 Aug.	1 31 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Balance Salary and Commi Item Balance	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp Post. Ref. ✓ 19	ense Debit	183,500 Credit	Debit Account No. Bala Debit 385,000 383,000 436,000	Credit 591,500 775,000 51 Ince Credit 52
2018 Aug. Account Date 2018 Aug.	1 31 : 31 31 31 :	Balance Salary and Commi Item Balance	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp Post. Ref. ✓ 19	ense Debit	183,500 Credit	Debit Account No. Bala Debit 385,000 383,000 436,000 Account No.	Credit 591,500 775,000 51 Ince Credit 52
2018 Aug. Account 2018 Aug. Account	1 31 : 31 31 31 :	Balance Salary and Commi Item Balance Rent Expense	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp Post. Ref. ✓ 19 Post. Ref. ✓ 19 Post. Post. Post. Post.	ense Debit 53,000	183,500 Credit 2,000	Debit Account No. Bala Debit 385,000 383,000 436,000 Account No. Bala	Credit 591,500 775,000 51 Ince Credit 52
2018 Aug. Account 2018 Aug. Account Date 2018	1 31 : 31 31 31 :	Balance Salary and Commi Item Balance Rent Expense	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp Post. Ref. ✓ 19 Post. Ref. ✓ 19 Post. Post. Post. Post.	ense Debit 53,000	183,500 Credit 2,000	Debit Account No. Bala Debit 385,000 383,000 436,000 Account No. Bala	Credit 591,500 775,000 51 Ince Credit 52
2018 Aug. Account 2018 Aug. Account	1 31 : 31 31 31 :	Balance Salary and Commi Item Balance Rent Expense Item	Ref. ✓ 19 ssion Exp Post. Ref. ✓ 19 Post. Ref. Post. Ref.	ense Debit 53,000	183,500 Credit 2,000	Debit Account No. Bala Debit 385,000 383,000 436,000 Account No. Bala Debit	Credit 591,500 775,000 51 Ince Credit 52

Prob. 2–4B (Continued)

Account:		Advertising Expe	ense			Account No.	53
Pos			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			32,200	
	17		18	8,000		40,200	
Account: Automobile Expense Account No. 5							54
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			15,750	
	30		19	2,500		18,250	

Account:		Miscellaneous Expense				Account No.	59
			Post.			Bala	ince
Dat	е	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
Aug.	1	Balance	✓			5,250	
	29		19	1,700		6,950	

Prob. 2–4B (Concluded)

4.

Valley Realty Unadjusted Trial Bala August 31, 2018	ince		
	Account	Debit	Credit
	No.	Balances	Balances
Cash	11	36,750	
Accounts Receivable	12	199,700	
Prepaid Insurance	13	24,600	
Office Supplies	14	5,550	
Land	16	75,000	
Accounts Payable	21		10,000
Unearned Rent	22		5,000
Notes Payable	23		67,500
Common Stock	31		17,500
Retained Earnings	32		70,000
Dividends	33	45,800	
Fees Earned	41		775,000
Salary and Commission Expense	51	436,000	
Rent Expense	52	56,200	
Advertising Expense	53	40,200	
Automobile Expense	54	18,250	
Miscellaneous Expense	59	6,950	
		945,000	945,000

5. (A) The unadjusted trial balance in (4) still balances because the debits equaled the credits in the original journal entry.

(B) The correcting entry for 9,000 (10,000 - 1,000) would be as follows:

		JOURNAL		Page	19
Date		Description	Post. Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018		Description	iter.	Debit	Credit
Aug.	31	Dividends	33	9,000	
		Cash	11		9,000

(C) Slide

Prob.	2–5B
-------	------

e	
Debit	Credit
Balances	Balances
20,250	
56,400	
6,750	
9,600	
162,000	
	54,000
	16,650
	18,000
	89,850
39,000	
	534,000
306,000	
62,550	
28,350	
17,000	
4,600	
712,500	712,500
	Debit Balances 20,250 56,400 6,750 9,600 162,000 39,600 39,000 306,000 62,550 28,350 17,000 4,600

Cash = \$25,550 - \$8,000 (A) + \$2,700 (B)

2. No. The trial balance indicates only that the debits and credits are equal. Any errors that have the same effect on debits and credits will not affect the balancing of the trial balance.

CONTINUING PROBLEM

2. and 3.

		JOURNAL	Page	1
Date	Post. Description Ref.		Debit	Credit
2018				
July	1 Cash	11	5,000	
	Common Stock	31		5,000
	1 Office Rent Expense	51	1,750	
	Cash	11		1,750
	1 Prepaid Insurance	15	2,700	
	Cash	11		2,700
	2 Cash	11	1,000	
	Accounts Receivable	12		1,000
	3 Cash	11	7,200	
	Unearned Revenue	23		7,200
	3 Accounts Payable	21	250	
	Cash	11		250
	4 Miscellaneous Expense	59	900	
	Cash	11		900
	5 Office Equipment	17	7,500	
	Accounts Payable	21		7,500
	8 Advertising Expense	55	200	
	Cash	11	I	200
\square				
	1 Cash	11	1,000	
\square	Fees Earned	41		1,000
\square				
ļļ`	3 Equipment Rent Expense	52	700	
└───┤	Cash	11		700
┝───┼				
└───┤ <i>`</i>	4 Wages Expense	50	1,200	
	Cash	11		1,200

2. and 3.

			JOURNAL	Page	2
			Post		
Date	;	Description	Ref.	Debit	Credit
2018					
July	16	Cash	11	2,000	
		Fees Earned	41		2,000
	18	Supplies	14	850	
		Accounts Payable	21		850
	21	Music Expense	54	620	
		Cash	11		620
	22	Advertising Expense	55	800	
		Cash	11		800
	23	Cash	11	750	
		Accounts Receivable	12	1,750	
		Fees Earned	41		2,500
	27	Utilities Expense	53	915	
		Cash	11		915
	28	Wages Expense	50	1,200	
		Cash	11		1,200
	29	Miscellaneous Expense	59	540	
		Cash	11		540
	30	Cash	11	500	
		Accounts Receivable	12	1,000	
		Fees Earned	41		1,500
	31	Cash	11	3,000	
		Fees Earned	41		3,000
	31	Music Expense	54	1,400	
		Cash	11		1,400
	31	Dividends	33	1,250	
		Cash	11		1,250

1. and 3.

Account: Cash

Account No. 11

			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			3,920	
	1		1	5,000		8,920	
	1		1		1,750	7,170	
	1		1		2,700	4,470	
	2		1	1,000		5,470	
	3		1	7,200		12,670	
	3		1		250	12,420	
	4		1		900	11,520	
	8		1		200	11,320	
	11		1	1,000		12,320	
	13		1		700	11,620	
	14		1		1,200	10,420	
	16		2	2,000		12,420	
	21		2		620	11,800	
	22		2		800	11,000	
	23		2	750		11,750	
	27		2		915	10,835	
	28		2		1,200	9,635	
	29		2		540	9,095	
	30		2	500		9,595	
	31		2	3,000		12,595	
	31		2		1,400	11,195	
	31		2		1,250	9,945	

Account:

Accounts Receivable

Account No. 12

			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	e	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			1,000	
	2		1		1,000	_	
	23		2	1,750		1,750	
	30		2	1,000		2,750	

Account:	_	Supplies				Account No.	14
		Post.				Bala	nce
Date		ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			170	
	18		2	850		1,020	
Account:	_	Prepaid Insurance				Account No.	15
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1		1	2,700		2,700	
Account:	_	Office Equipment				Account No.	17
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date		ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	5		1	7,500		7,500	
Account:	Account: Accounts Payable					Account No.	21
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date		ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	\checkmark				250
	3		1	250		—	—
	5		1		7,500		7,500
·	18		2		850		8,350
Account:	_	Unearned Revenue	9			Account No.	23
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	3		1		7,200		7,200
Account:	-	Common Stock				Account No.	31
			Post.			Bala	nce
				Dale 14	Cradit	Dale!4	One all't
Date		ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
Date		Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
	1	Item Balance	Ref. ✓				4,000

Account	:	Dividends				Account No.	33
	-						
			Post.			Bala	
Date	•	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			500	
	31		2	1,250		1,750	
Account	: _	Fees Earned				Account No.	41
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	\checkmark				6,200
	11		1		1,000		7,200
	16		2		2,000		9,200
	23		2		2,500		11,700
	30		2		1,500		13,200
	31		2		3,000		16,200
Account		Wages Expense		Ш	-,	Account No.	
/				1			
		•.	Post.			Bala	
Date	;	ltem	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			400	
	14		1	1,200		1,600	
	28		2	1,200		2,800	
Account	: _	Office Rent Expense	e			Account No.	51
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			800	
	1		1	1,750		2,550	
Account		Equipment Rent Ex	pense			Account No.	52
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	 ✓ 			675	
July	13	Balarioo	1	700		1,375	
				100		1,010	

Account	: .	Utilities Expense				Account No.	53
		Post.				Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	\checkmark			300	
	27		2	915		1,215	
Account	:	Music Expense				Account No.	54
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	;	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	\checkmark			1,590	
	21		2	620		2,210	
	31		2	1,400		3,610	
Account	: .	Advertising Expense	9			Account No.	55
			Post.			Balance	
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			500	
	8		1	200		700	
	22		2	800		1,500	
Account	: .	Supplies Expense				Account No.	56
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	✓			180	
Account	: .	Miscellaneous Expe	nse			Account No.	59
			Post.			Bala	nce
Date	•	Item	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Debit	Credit
2018							
July	1	Balance	\checkmark			415	
	4		1	900		1,315	
	29		2	540		1,855	

Continuing Problem (Concluded)

4.	PS Music							
	Unadjusted Trial Balance							
	July 31, 2018							
		Account	Debit	Credit				
		No.	Balances	Balances				
	Cash	11	9,945					
	Accounts Receivable	12	2,750					
	Supplies	14	1,020					
	Prepaid Insurance	15	2,700					
	Office Equipment	17	7,500					
	Accounts Payable	21		8,350				
	Unearned Revenue	23		7,200				
	Common Stock	31		9,000				
	Dividends	33	1,750					
	Fees Earned	41		16,200				
	Wages Expense	50	2,800					
	Office Rent Expense	51	2,550					
	Equipment Rent Expense	52	1,375					
	Utilities Expense	53	1,215					
	Music Expense	54	3,610					
	Advertising Expense	55	1,500					
	Supplies Expense	56	180					
	Miscellaneous Expense	59	1,855					
			40,750	40,750				

ANALYSIS FOR DECISION MAKING

ADI	M–1
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Δ

Α.						
Amazon.com, Inc.						
Operating Inco	ome Statem	ents				
For the Years Er	ded Decem	ber 31				
(in m	illions)					
			Increase			
	Year 2	Year 1	(Decrease)	Percent		
Product sales	\$70,080	\$60,903	\$ 9,177	15.1%		
Service sales	18,908	13,549	5,359	39.6%		
Total sales	\$88,988	\$74,452	\$14,536	19.5%		
Cost of sales	\$62,752	\$54,181	8,571	15.8%		
Fulfillment	10,766	8,585	2,181	25.4%		
Marketing	4,332	3,133	1,199	38.3%		
Technology and content	9,275	6,565	2,710	41.3%		
General and administrative	1,552	1,129	423	37.5%		
Other operating expense (income), net	133	114	19	16.7%		
Total operating expenses	\$88,810	\$73,707	\$15,103	20.5%		
Income from operations	\$ 178	\$ 745	\$ (567)	(76.1)%		

B. The horizontal analysis shows that total sales increased by 19.5% between the two years, with a strong increase in service sales. Service sales are revenues earned from Amazon's Web hosting, Web design, and order fulfillment services provided for other businesses. This part of Amazon apparently has been growing rapidly. Total operating expenses have grown by 20.5% between the two years, indicating that expenses are growing faster than revenues. The expense growth appears to be occurring across all the major expense categories, with cost of sales (purchase price of merchandise resold) growing closest to the revenue growth. The net result is a significant decline in income from operations between the two years. Income from operations declined over 76% between the two years. Thus, Amazon demonstrates significant revenue growth, but is unable to translate that growth into operating income. This may be due to Amazon's strategy to promote revenue growth above profitability in this stage of its life cycle.

ADM-2

Δ

A.					
Chipotle Mexican Grill, Inc.					
Balance Sheets					
December 31					
(in thousands)					
			Increase		
	Year 2	Year 1	(Decrease)	Percent	
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash	\$ 419,465	\$ 323,203	\$ 96,262	29.8%	
Accounts receivable, net	34,839	24,016	10,823	45.1%	
Inventory	15,332	13,044	2,288	17.5%	
Other current assets	70,251	51,073	19,178	37.6%	
Investments	338,592	254,971	83,621	32.8%	
Total current assets	\$ 878,479	\$ 666,307	\$212,172	31.8%	
Property, plant, and equipment	1,106,984	963,238	143,746	14.9%	
Long-term investments	496,106	313,863	182,243	58.1%	
Other assets	64,716	65,872	(1,156)	(1.8)%	
Total assets	\$2,546,285	\$2,009,280	\$537,005	26.7%	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 69,613	\$ 59,022	\$ 10,591	17.9%	
Other current liabilities	176,097	140,206	35,891	25.6%	
Total current liabilities	\$ 245,710	\$ 199,228	\$ 46,482	23.3%	
Long-term liabilities	288,206	271,764	16,442	6.1%	
Total liabilities	\$ 533,916	\$ 470,992	\$ 62,924	13.4%	
Stockholders' Equity					
Common stock	\$ 354	\$ 352	\$2	0.6%	
Additional paid-in capital	1,038,932	919,840		12.9%	
Retained earnings	1,722,271	1,276,897	445,374	34.9%	
Treasury stock	(748,759)		-	13.4%	
Other adjustments	(429)	1,620	(2,049)	(126.5)%	
Total stockholders' equity	\$2,012,369	\$1,538,288	\$474,081	30.8%	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$2,546,285	\$2,009,280	\$537,005	26.7%	
	+_,+ +0,200	<i>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</i>	<i></i>		

B. Total assets increased by 26.7%. Part of this increase is explained by a 32% increase in current assets, of which current investments increased by 32.8% and cash increased by 29.8%. Long-term investments increased by 58%, while property, plant, and equipment increased by only 14.9%. It would seem Chipotle is able to create excess earnings that can be invested in short- and long-term investments after providing for growth.

ADM-2 (Concluded)

The total liabilities increased by 13.4%, with a 23.3% increase in current liabilities and 6.1% increase in long-term liabilities. These increases suggest that Chipotle is increasing debt modestly, but does not rely significantly upon debt to finance growth.

Total stockholders' equity increased by 30.8%, mostly explained by a 34.9% increase in retained earnings. Year 2 earnings explain the increase in retained earnings. The earnings provide sufficient resources to finance growth while providing additional cash for purchasing investments and treasury stock.

ADM-3

A. 1. Revenue: \$72,618 - \$71,279 = \$1,339

$$\frac{\$1,339}{\$71,279}$$
 = 1.9%

2. Operating expenses: \$67,857 - \$66,320 = \$1,537

$$\frac{\$1,537}{\$66,320} = 2.3\%$$

3. Operating income: \$4,761 - \$4,959 = -\$198

B. The revenue increased by 1.9% between the two years; however, the operating expenses grew by 2.3% in the same period. Thus, expenses grew faster than revenues. As a result, operating income fell 4.0% between the two years.

ADM-4

A. 1. Revenue: \$485,651 - \$476,294 = \$9,357

$$\frac{\$9,357}{\$476,294} = 2.0\%$$

2. Operating expenses: \$458,504 - \$449,422 = \$9,082

$$\frac{\$9,082}{\$449,422} = 2.0\%$$

3. Operating income: \$27,147 - \$26,872 = \$275

$$\frac{\$275}{\$26,872} = 1.0\%$$

ADM-4 (Concluded)

- B. The revenue and operating expenses both increased by 2.0% between the two years. The net result was operating income increased by 1.0% between the two years. Walmart was able to keep revenue and expense growth in line with each other.
- C. Walmart was able to increase operating income between the two years because revenues and expenses grew at the same rate. Target had nearly the same revenue growth as Walmart (approximately 2%), but was not able keep expense growth in line with the revenue growth. Target's expenses grew by 2.3% while Walmart's were lower at only 2.0%. Thus, Target actually had a decline in operating income, while Walmart was able to increase operating income between the two years.

TAKE IT FURTHER

TIF 2–1

- 1. No. For financial accounting information to be useful, it must accurately reflect an entity's business transactions and economic activity. For this to happen, each account must reflect the increases or decreases that result from each transaction. If the trial balance does not balance, it means that a transaction has not been accurately recorded in the accounts. By knowingly submitting a trial balance that does not accurately reflect the transactions in the accounts, Buddy is demonstrating a failure of individual character and is acting unethically.
- 2. The users of the financial information who rely upon this information will be affected, as the information will not be a faithful representation of the entity's economic activity.
- 3. Buddy should have discussed the issue with his supervisor and asked for more time to find the error.

TIF 2–2

A sample solution based on Nike Inc.'s Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2015, follows:

- 1. \$21,600 million
- 2. \$8,893 (\$21,600 million total assets \$12,707 million total liabilities)
- 3. \$12,707 million
- 4. 3
- 5. 2
- 6. The income statement reports a summary of revenues and expenses for a specific period of time, such as a month or a year. The balance sheet reports a list of assets, liabilities, and stockholders' equity as of a specific date, usually at the close of the last day of a month or a year.

TIF 2–3

Note to Instructors: The purpose of this activity is to familiarize students with the job opportunities available in accounting, and allow them to demonstrate their ability to communicate the role of accounting in the context of a specific position that requires knowledge of accounting. An example of an advertisement for such a position is shown below. Individual student answers will vary depending on the specific scenario they select.

ABOUT THE COMPANY

Our client is looking to add a Financial Analyst. With a large and growing finance team, there is significant opportunity for growth and advancement within the department. The company boasts a team-oriented culture and provides its employees with the tools and training necessary to perform. Our client is looking to bring on more of a junior-level candidate who is looking to gain experience in his or her field of study. There will be hands-on training for the role that will evolve from a data analyst into a financial analyst and will be reporting to the director of finance. Our client is in the consumer goods industry and is an international company that has multiple opportunities for growth.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE FINANCIAL ANALYST

The Financial Analyst will:

- Conduct special studies to analyze complex financial actions and prepare recommendations for policy, procedure, control, or action.
- Analyze financial information to determine present and future financial performance.
- Evaluate complex profit plans, operating records, and financial statements.
- Direct preparation of studies, reports, analyses, and recommendations in areas such as budgets, forecasts, financial plans, statistical reports, and business forecasts.
- Coordinate with all levels of management to gather, analyze, summarize, and prepare recommendations regarding financial plans, trended future requirements, and operating forecasts.

Source: CareerBuilder.com

chapter

2

Analyzing Transactions

OPENING COMMENTS

Chapter 2 is the *most* important chapter in the text. It introduces students to the rules of debit and credit, chart of accounts, two-column journals, four-column ledgers, T accounts, and the trial balance. Quite frankly, if students fail to grasp the concepts in this chapter, the first seeds of destruction will be sown for those students who will ultimately withdraw from or fail the course.

Emphasize that Chapter 2 builds the foundation for all that will be learned about accounting principles. Unlike many other college courses, it is impossible to understand Chapter 3 and beyond if the principles of Chapter 2 are not mastered. You need to dispel the false belief that "maybe I'll get the next chapter—even though I'm totally lost now."

Also encourage your students to seek help immediately if they begin to struggle with course content. Make them aware of the resources available at your institution: tutorial services, peer assistance, your office hours, use of CengageNOW, and support services, etc. Too frequently, students wait until after they have failed their first examination to seek help. For those who heed them, these simple suggestions will help students avoid failure.

Reinforce the fact that accounting is best learned by doing. Students must work the exercises to grasp the concepts introduced in this chapter.

The chapter ends with an explanation and demonstration of analyzing financial statements using horizontal analysis. Interpretation explains possible relationships among the changes revealed in the analysis.

After studying the chapter, your students should be able to:

- 1. Describe the characteristics of an account and a chart of accounts.
- 2. Describe and illustrate journalizing transactions using the double-entry accounting system.
- 3. Describe and illustrate the journalizing and posting of transactions to accounts.

- 4. Prepare an unadjusted trial balance and explain how it can be used to discover errors.
- ADM Describe and illustrate the use of horizontal analysis in evaluating a company's performance and financial condition.

KEY TERMS

account account receivable assets balance of the account chart of accounts common stock correcting journal entry credit debit dividends double-entry accounting system expenses horizontal analysis journal journal entry journalizing ledger liabilities normal balance of an account posting retained earnings revenues rules of debit and credit slide stockholders' equity T account transposition trial balance unadjusted trial balance unearned revenue

STUDENT FAQS

- Why does Cash have a debit balance instead of a credit? My bank tells me they are crediting my account when I put money in. This question has to be answered several times until the student realizes that to the bank it is a liability, and they are telling the student what they are doing to their books.
- Why is the abbreviation for a debit "Dr" when there is no "r" in the spelling?
- Why can't the normal balances of all the accounts be opposite what they are?
- Who dreamed this accounting system up?

- Who uses these statements, and what do they do with the information?
- What is the difference between journalizing and posting?
- What is the difference between an expense and a liability?
- Aren't assets and revenue the same? If a business works for someone and gets paid, aren't Cash and Revenue exactly the same thing?
- Aren't expenses and liabilities the same? If a business gets a utility bill and hasn't paid it yet, aren't Utility Expense and Utility Payable exactly the same account?
- Why do they call it a credit card? Who is crediting what?
- "I work in a bank and we use debits and credits, but you have them all reversed in the book. The bank where I work does everything exactly the opposite."
- Why can't we just record the transactions directly into the ledger?
- Why are the ledger accounts in a specific order? Why aren't they listed in alphabetical order?
- Why aren't increases (+) always a debit and decreases (-) always a credit? Wouldn't that make more sense?
- Why can't you wait until the end of the month to compute the balance of each account in the ledger? Isn't it a lot of work to re-compute a new balance after each posting?
- In business, we say that we need to raise capital to start a business, so why aren't cash and capital the same thing?
- How do I know whether to use wages expense or wages payable?
- Do small businesses really need to do all this work to keep track of their income? Can't they just add and subtract from their bank account?

OBJECTIVE 1

Describe the characteristics of an account and a chart of accounts.

SYNOPSIS

In the previous chapter, transactions were recorded using the accounting equation format. Exhibit 1 presents a summary of the transactions we analyzed in the previous chapter for NetSolutions. This chapter demonstrates how to record transactions using accounts. Accounts make it easy to track increases and decreases in a company's assets, liabilities, stockholders' equity, revenues, expenses, and dividends. For example, NetSolutions will need 12 accounts, one for each of the financial statement items shown in Exhibit 1. Basically, accounts have two sides, a left and a right side. Because the letter "T" has a left side and a right side, the term "T account" is often used to refer to accounts. Debits are recorded on the left side of the T, and credits are recorded on the right side of the T. The balance of the account is the amount of the difference between the debits and the credits that have been entered into an account. All the accounts used in a business are grouped together in a ledger. A list of the accounts maintained in the ledger is known as a chart of accounts. Exhibit 2 presents the chart of accounts for NetSolutions. Assets are the resources owned by a business. Liabilities are the rights of creditors that represent debts of the

business. Stockholders' equity represents the rights of owners to the assets of the business. For a corporation, stockholders' equity in the business is composed of common stock and retained earnings. The dividends account represents distributions of earnings to stockholders. Revenues are increases in assets and stockholders' equity as a result of selling services or products to customers. Expenses are assets used up or services consumed in the process of generating revenues. Each account in the chart of accounts is assigned an account number. These accounts are used to record the business's transactions.

Key Terms and Definitions

- Account An accounting form that is used to record the increases and decreases in each financial statement item.
- Assets The resources owned by a business.
- **Balance of the Account** The amount of the difference between the debits and the credits that have been entered into an account.
- Chart of Accounts A list of the accounts in the ledger.
- **Common Stock** The stock outstanding when a corporation has issued only one class of stock.
- **Credit** Amount entered on the right side of an account.
- **Debit** Amount entered on the left side of an account.
- **Dividends** Distribution of a corporation's earnings to stockholders.
- **Expenses** Assets used up or services consumed in the process of generating revenues.
- Ledger A group of accounts for a business.
- Liabilities The rights of creditors that represent debts of the business.
- **Retained Earnings** Net income retained in a corporation that is reported as part of stockholders' equity.
- **Revenues** Increases in assets and equity as a result of selling services or products to customers.
- **Stockholders' Equity** The owners' equity in a corporation.
- **T** account The simplest form of an account.

Relevant Exhibits

- Exhibit 1 NetSolutions' November Transactions
- Exhibit 2 Chart of Accounts for NetSolutions

SUGGESTED APPROACH

Remind students that accounts are used to record business transactions. An account is simply a record of all the increases and decreases in a financial statement item (such as cash, supplies, and accounts payable). A group of accounts is called a ledger.

Point out that only a very small enterprise with very few transactions (such as a lawn-mowing service run by students) could use the accounting system illustrated in Chapter 1. For most businesses, this system would be inefficient. For example, in the prior chapter, all business transactions affecting stockholders' equity were recorded as stockholders' equity. In Chapter 2, these different types of transactions will be separated and recorded in the common stock, retained earnings, dividends, revenue, and expense accounts. Issuance of common stock and revenue accounts increase stockholders' equity; dividends and expense accounts reduce stockholders' equity. This separation will make it easier to prepare financial statements. Transparency Master (TM) 2-1 can be used to highlight this change.

T accounts are introduced as a convenient way to track increases and decreases in accounts. You may want to stress that T accounts are a representation of the general ledger, which is the official place to record and track account balances.

GROUP LEARNING ACTIVITY—Chart of Accounts

Objective 1 also introduces a chart of accounts and a flexible system of numbering accounts. Under the text's indexing system, accounts are assigned a two-digit number. The first digit indicates the account's classification (1 = assets, 2 = liabilities, 3 = stockholders' equity, 4 = revenue, and 5 = expenses). Stress that all enterprises will have the same categories of accounts; however, the account titles used and the number of accounts will vary. You can emphasize this variety by asking students to bring in charts of accounts from businesses where they or a relative work.

TM 2-2 presents information related to the business transactions of Larry Sharp, M.D. Divide students into small groups and ask them to use the information to develop a chart of accounts for Dr. Sharp. Also ask them to assign a number to each account.

This activity will test whether your students can identify the accounts needed to record Dr. Sharp's typical business transactions and apply the concept of a flexible numbering system. The group activity may be assigned before discussing the information related to charts of accounts presented in the text. This will force students to recall some information from their reading assignment and reinforce your expectation that all reading assignments are to be completed prior to classroom discussion.

TM 2-3 presents a suggested chart of accounts that you may want to share with the class after they have completed their group work. Remind them that the chart of accounts is different for every company, reflecting each company's typical business transactions.

You will notice that the suggested solution in TM 2-3 does not include insurance expense or depreciation expense accounts. These accounts, although necessary for preparing adjusting entries, have been omitted since that step in the accounting cycle will not be introduced until Chapter 3.

The first account form introduced in Chapter 2 is the T account. Draw a T account on the board, and remind students that the left side will be called the debit or Dr. side and the right side will be called the credit or Cr. side. Each T account has a name as well as a normal balance side.

To demonstrate how a T account works, you may want to use the Cash account and record the increases and decreases to the account from one of the problems worked in Chapter 1 (1-3A, for example). Show how the balance is recorded and compare it to the balance reached in the Chapter 1 problem.

INTERNET ACTIVITY—Chart of Accounts

There are organizations that post recommended charts of accounts on the Internet, so your students can see some real-world examples. A standard chart of accounts is provided by Small Business Notes. The Web address is:

http://www.smallbusinessnotes.com/operating/finmgmt/financialstmts/cofa.html

You might also want to encourage your students to search for other suggested charts of accounts.

OBJECTIVE 2

Describe and illustrate journalizing transactions using the double-entry accounting system.

SYNOPSIS

Businesses use the double-entry accounting system for recording transactions, based on recording increases and decreases in accounts so that debits equal credits. In this system, the rules of debit and credit specify how to record increases and decreases in the accounts. The normal balance of an account can be either a debit or a credit depending on whether increases in the account are recorded as debits or credits. For asset and expense accounts, a debit increases the account, and a credit decreases the account. For liability, stockholders' equity, and revenue accounts, a debit decreases the account, and a credit increases the account. The word *debit* can be abbreviated as Dr., and *credit* can be abbreviated as Cr. Exhibit 3 summarizes the debit/credit rules and indicates the normal balance in each type of account. Using the rules of debit and credit, transactions are entered in a journal chronologically as they occur; this is the initial record in which the effects of a transaction are recorded. The process of entering a transaction is called journaling. Each such record is known as a journal entry. Exhibit 4 summarizes terminology that is often used to describe common transactions along with the specific accounts that would be debited and credited. The transaction is recorded using the following steps: the date of the transaction is recorded in the date column, the title of the account to be debited is entered first in the description column, and the amount to be debited is entered in the debit column. The title of the account to be credited is listed under the account debited and indented and the amount to be credited is entered in the credit column. A brief description may be entered at this time in the description column below the account credited. The Post. Ref. column is not used until the entry in transferred to the ledger.

Key Terms and Definitions

- **Double-Entry Accounting System** A system of accounting for recording transactions, based on recording increases and decreases in accounts so that debits equal credits.
- Journal The initial record in which the effects of a transaction are recorded.
- Journal Entry The form of recording a transaction in a journal.
- Journalizing The process of recording a transaction in the journal.
- Normal Balance of an Account The normal balance of an account can be either a debit or a credit depending on whether increases in the account are recorded as debits or credits.
- **Rules of Debit and Credit** In the double-entry accounting system, specific rules for recording debits and credits based on the type of account.

Relevant Check Up Corners and Exhibits

- Exhibit 3 Rules of Debit and Credit, Normal Balances of Accounts
- Check Up Corner 2-1 Balance Sheet Accounts
- Exhibit 4 Transaction Terminology and Related Journal Entry Accounts
- Check Up Corner 2-2 Journal Entries

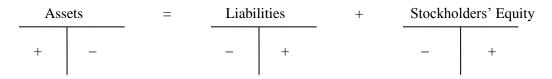
SUGGESTED APPROACH

Learning the rules of debit and credit is one of the first major hurdles for students in accounting principles. Remind students that debit and credit simply represent the left and right sides of an account. The trick is remembering which accounts are increased with debits and which are increased with credits.

LECTURE AID—Rules of Debit and Credit

Three approaches to explain the rules of debit and credit follow. You may want to present all methods to your class and encourage each student to use the approach that he or she understands best.

"Mirror Image" Approach: One way to explain the rules of debit and credit is to draw the following equation on the board.



Point out that the rules for increasing and decreasing liabilities and stockholders' equity accounts are the mirror image of the rules for assets. Therefore, if students can remember the rules for assets, they can deduce the rules for the remaining accounts. This method requires that the student understand that the negative effect of the dividends and expense accounts on stockholders' equity requires the opposite treatment of the rules of debit and credit for these types of accounts. Exhibit 3 from the text is excellent to help explain this concept.

Although this is the most simplistic approach, some students become very confused by the treatment of the dividends and expense accounts. Increases to these accounts are debits because they reduce stockholders' equity. However, some students want to record expenses and dividends as credits because the schematic has a + sign on the credit side of stockholders' equity accounts.

"After Eating Dinner" Approach: The rules of debit and credit can also be explained with the following saying: "After eating dinner, let's relax and snooze."

Here's how it works.

<u>A</u> fter <u>Eating Dinner</u> ,	Let's Relax and Snooze
Accounts increased	Accounts increased
with a debit:	with a credit:
<u>A</u> ssets	<u>L</u> iabilities
<u>E</u> xpenses	<u>R</u> evenues
<u>D</u> ividends	<u>S</u> tockholders' Equity

"ALSIE" Approach: The rules of debit and credit can also be explained using the acronym "ALSIE."

List the types of classifications of accounts:

A = Assets L = Liabilities S = Stockholders' Equity I = Income (Revenue) E = Expense

Arrange the letters to read "ALSIE." Then list normal balances by the side of each.

 $\begin{array}{rcl} A & = & Dr. \\ L & = & Cr. \\ S & = & Cr. \\ I & = & Cr. \\ E & = & Dr. \end{array}$

Note that ALSIE begins and ends with normal Dr. balance accounts, while the three middle classifications are normal Cr. balance accounts. The dividends account is not included in this explanation, so the student must memorize the proper treatment of this account.

No matter which approach the student uses to learn the rules, you will need to reinforce the categories and the proper treatment of increases and decreases over and over. Start by emphasizing that half of the accounts are increased with debits (assets, dividends, and expenses) and half are increased with credits (liabilities, stockholders' equity, and revenue). It is also important to discuss the meaning of normal balance. Normal balance is the side of the account in which increases are recorded. At this point in the learning process, the student can assume that typically only assets and liabilities will have both debit and credit entries. Dividends and expense accounts will typically have only debit entries, and stockholders' equity and revenue accounts will have only credit entries. This generalization will hold true until Chapter 4. By that time, the student should be comfortable with the debit and credit rules.

GROUP LEARNING ACTIVITY—Rules of Debit and Credit

After explaining the rules of debit and credit, it is important to reinforce those concepts with an example.

Remind students that business transactions are initially recorded in a record called a journal. After each entry is journalized, it is posted to the proper account in the ledger. In this group exercise, students will post entries into T accounts.

Ask your students to draw the following T accounts on a sheet of paper:

Cash	Retained Earnings
Accounts Receivable	Dividends
Supplies	Fees Earned
Stereo Equipment	Wages Expense
Accounts Payable	Advertising Expense
Common Stock	

TM 2-4 lists several business transactions. Illustrate the process by recording the first two or three transactions in a journal format and by posting them to the appropriate T account. As you work these examples, emphasize that there is a three-step process in analyzing each entry: (1) determine which accounts are affected, (2) decide whether each account should be increased or decreased, and (3) translate the increase or decrease into a debit or a credit.

Students may find it helpful when initially analyzing transactions to first see if the transaction involves cash. Most transactions in this stage of learning involve cash. If cash is being received, the debit portion of the transaction is cash. If cash is being given, the credit portion of the transaction is cash. This will provide students with half the transaction entry and allow them to focus on determining the other account to complete the journal entry.

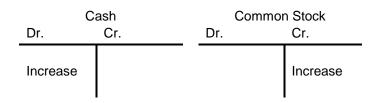
After completing your examples, ask students to work in small groups to complete the transactions. TM 2-5 presents the solution to this exercise.

LECTURE AID—Double-Entry Accounting

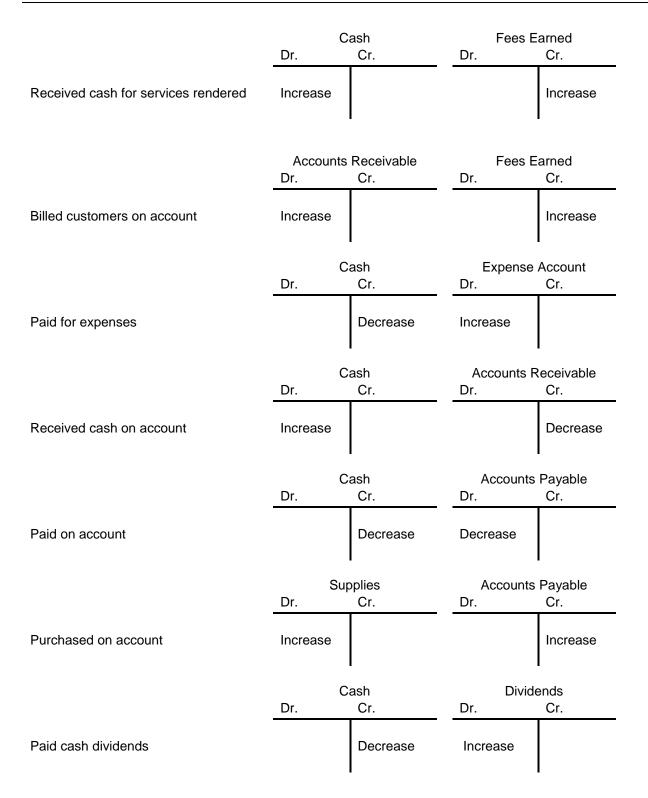
To help the student understand the effect of double-entry accounting, it can be helpful to illustrate examples of some of the more common transactions, such as the ones below, as you lecture.

TRANSACTION

AFFECTED ACCOUNTS



Issued stock for cash



LECTURE AID—Journalizing

At this point, it is time to introduce your students to the standard journal format. It is interesting to point out that while T accounts are not actually used to record business transactions, accountants frequently use them to analyze complex transactions. In the same way, students will find the T account a useful tool throughout this and future accounting courses.

You may wish to point out the useful table that summarizes common transaction terminology in Exhibit 4 of the text.

TM 2-6 shows a series of transactions recorded in a two-column journal. Use this exhibit to review the two-column journal format with your students. You may want to stress the following format issues:

- 1. *Date:* The year is entered only at the top of the Date column. The month is entered on the first line of the date column on each page; it is also entered for the first transaction when changing to a new month. The date is entered for each transaction.
- 2. *Description*: The Description column is where account names are entered. Debited accounts should be on top, and credited accounts should be on the bottom and indented to the right (credits are always on the right).
- 3. *Description:* A brief description of the transaction should be written below the debit and credit account titles. This description may be omitted if the transaction is a normal business occurrence and its nature is obvious from the entry. When calculations are required, they should be noted here.
- 4. *Debit and Credit*: Proper journalizing always has at least one debit and one credit, and total debits must always equal total credits. Proper journalizing will keep the accounting equation in balance.
- 5. *Blank Lines:* A blank line should separate all transactions in a manual journal to make them easier to read. Computerized systems are normally designed to separate journal entries without special input.

It is also helpful to emphasize the importance of using the correct journal entry format of left justifying debits and indenting credits by writing the following entry on the board and asking students to identify what is wrong:

Supplies	500
Cash	500

Because the credit in the entry is not indented, it is difficult to identify the debit and the credit. Were supplies purchased using cash, or were they sold for cash?

In most computerized systems, the indention of the names of accounts credited is not necessary because debits and credits are recorded in separate columns.

OBJECTIVE 3

Describe and illustrate the journalizing and posting of transactions to accounts.

SYNOPSIS

This objective continues with journalizing and demonstrates how to post the journal entries to the ledger. Posting is the process of transferring the debits and credits from the journal entries to the accounts in the ledger. Exhibit 5 illustrates this process. Using the company NetSolutions, the chapter shows the journalizing of a transaction in a standard account form and then demonstrates how to record each entry in the ledger. The debits and credits from each entry are transferred to the ledger in the order in which they occurred. The ledger account is located for the first line of the entry, the date is transferred first, then the amount of the debit is entered in the Debit column, the journal page is entered in the Post Reference (Post. Ref.) column of the ledger, and the account number is entered in the Post. Ref. column in the journal. The ledger account is located for the second line of the entry, the date is transferred first, then the amount of the credit is entered in the Credit column, the journal page is entered in the Post. Ref. column of the ledger, and the account number is entered in the Post. Ref. column of the ledger, and the account number is entered in the Post. Ref. column of the ledger, and the account number is entered in the Post. Ref. column of the ledger, and the account number is entered in the Post. Ref. column of the ledger, and the account number is entered in the Post. Ref. column of the ledger is entered in the Credit column, the journal page is entered in the Post. Ref. column of the ledger, and the account number is entered in the Post. Ref. column in the journal. Thus, the Post. Ref. notations serve to link the journal and ledger and provide an easy way to trace transactions from the journal to the ledger or vice versa.

Several transactions are analyzed with the text showing both the journal entry and its posting to the ledger. The transaction in which NetSolutions rents land to another entity for three months introduces the concept of unearned revenue. This transaction creates a liability by receiving revenue in advance. As the three months pass, the liability will decrease and become revenue. The transaction in which NetSolutions agrees that a customer may receive services and pay at a later date creates an account receivable. This is a claim against the customer created by selling merchandise or services on credit. This account is an asset, and the revenue is earned even though no cash is yet received. Exhibit 6 presents the general ledger for NetSolutions after all of the transactions have been posted. Notice the use of the four-column account format, which facilitates the determination of account balances.

Key Terms and Definitions

- Account Receivable A claim against the customer created by selling merchandise or services on credit.
- **Posting** The process of transferring the debits and credits from the journal entries to the accounts in the ledger.
- Unearned Revenue The liability created by receiving revenue in advance.

Relevant Exhibits

- Exhibit 5 Diagram of the Recording and Posting of a Debit and a Credit
- Exhibit 6 General Ledger for NetSolutions

SUGGESTED APPROACH

Remind students that journalizing transactions is a sequential record of business dealings and posting is the updating of individual account balances. Getting the journal entry correct is the bigger challenge; the posting is merely a process of transferring the information from the journal to the proper ledger accounts. Although posting can be a tedious process, it is critical that the student follow the process and not resort to shortcuts; otherwise, information may be omitted, resulting in incorrect account balances.

DEMONSTRATION PROBLEM—The Ledger

TM 2-7 is a series of four-column ledger accounts. Use these blank accounts to demonstrate posting of the first three transactions from TM 2-6. As you post the transactions, remind students that a posting reference must be entered in the appropriate columns of both the journal and the ledger. Also emphasize that transactions should be posted carefully to avoid errors. Careless posting may result in a lot of time being wasted trying to find errors. Emphasize that with a software package, posting will usually be done automatically, so there is less chance of making mistakes in posting.

WRITING EXERCISE—The Journal and the Ledger

It is important for students to understand the reason that business transactions are recorded in a journal as the book of original entry and later posted to a ledger. To check their understanding of these concepts, ask them to write a response to the following questions. These questions are also found on TM 2-8.

- 1. Why are business transactions initially recorded in a journal?
- 2. Why are business transactions posted from the journal to a ledger?

Question 1 possible response: The journal is used to record transactions in the order in which they occur. The journal shows the entire effect of the transaction and how the transaction impacts the accounting equation. Without the journal, the general ledger accounts would not reflect the entire history of the transaction.

Question 2 possible response: The ledger tracks the balance of the individual accounts. Without posting transaction to the ledger, the accountant would have to go back and track every individual transaction to find those that impact the account in question and track the increases and decreases over the accounting period to determine the balance in the account.

GROUP LEARNING ACTIVITY—The Journal and the Ledger

This activity presents another method to emphasize the purpose of the journal and the ledger in the accounting process. TM 2-9 lists questions a business owner might ask that can be answered by examining the company's accounting records. Your students' task is to determine which accounting record holds the answer: the journal or the ledger. Answers to this activity are provided on TM 2-10.

OBJECTIVE 4

Prepare an unadjusted trial balance and explain how it can be used to discover errors.

SYNOPSIS

This objective explains the purpose and the steps in the preparation of the trial balance. The trial balance is a summary listing of the titles and balances of accounts in the ledger, and it verifies the equality of the debits and the credits, which double-entry accounting requires. The first step in preparing a trial balance is to create the heading. This includes the company name, the title of the document, and the date it is prepared. Next, list all the accounts from the ledger, in order, and enter their debit or credit balances. Total the debit and credit columns and verify the totals match. The trial balance shown in Exhibit 7 is an unadjusted trial balance is a summary listing of the titles and balances of accounts in the ledger *prior* to the posting of adjusting entries.

If the trial balance does not show equality, an error occurred. Several errors are common and easy to find. If the difference between the columns is 10, 100, or 1,000, an addition error may exist. Recalculate the totals. If the same error exists, recalculate the account balances. If the difference between the totals is divisible by 2, a debit may have been entered as a credit or vice versa. A transposition error may have occurred if the difference is divisible by 9. This is an error in which the order of the digits is changed, such as writing \$542 as \$452 or \$524. A similar error is called a slide. In a slide, the entire number is moved one or more spaces to the right or the left, such as writing \$542.00 as \$54.20 or \$5,420.00. If the difference is not divisible by 2 or 9, review the ledger to see if accounts have been omitted. If no accounts have been omitted from the ledger, review the journal to see if the postings are complete.

Some errors do not cause the trial balance to be unequal. These may be discovered at any time. An entry that is prepared when an error has already been journalized and posted is called a correcting journal entry.

Key Terms and Definitions

- **Correcting Journal Entry** An entry that is prepared when an error has already been journalized and posted.
- Slide An error in which the entire number is moved one or more spaces to the right or the left, such as writing \$542.00 as \$54.20 or \$5,420.00.
- **Transposition** An error in which the order of the digits is changed, such as writing \$542 as \$452 or \$524.
- **Trial Balance** A summary listing of the titles and balances of accounts in the ledger used to detect errors.
- Unadjusted Trial Balance A summary listing of the titles and balances of accounts in the ledger prior to the posting of adjusting entries.

Relevant Check Up Corner and Exhibit

- Exhibit 7 Trial Balance
- Check Up Corner 2-3 Trial Balance

SUGGESTED APPROACH

Remind students that a trial balance is simply a listing of accounts and their balances. It is used to check the accuracy of posting by testing to see that total debits equal total credits. At this point, students have learned two controls over recording entries in a double-entry accounting system: (1) Debits = Credits and (2) Assets = Liabilities + Stockholders' Equity.

You may point out that this is the first of three times in the accounting cycle that the trial balance will be completed.

DEMONSTRATION PROBLEM—Preparing a Trial Balance

To demonstrate how to prepare a trial balance, show TM 2-5 (the T accounts from the group learning activity under Objective 2). Ask your students to work in small groups to complete a trial balance using these account balances. TM 2-11 shows the completed trial balance.

GROUP LEARNING ACTIVITY—Errors in a Trial Balance

The goal of this activity is to demonstrate the use of a trial balance in detecting errors made while recording journal entries, posting, and computing account balances. TM 2-12 presents journal entries, T accounts, and a trial balance. Several errors have been made in posting the journal entries, and as a result, the trial balance does not balance. Ask your students to work in small groups to uncover the errors and correct the trial balance. TM 2-13 shows the corrected trial balance.

You may want to give your students the following hints to help them detect the errors:

- 1. Re-add the columns of the trial balance to check for math errors. This usually is not a problem with a computerized program.
- 2. Look for accounts with abnormal balances on the trial balance. This usually points to an error.
- 3. Compare account balances on the trial balance with those in the ledger. Watch for omitted accounts, slide errors, or transposition errors.
- 4. Re-compute the balance of each account to check for math errors. Again, this usually doesn't happen with a computerized program.
- 5. Trace each posting back to the journal entry to make sure the proper amount was posted. Watch for slide or transposition errors.

You will also want to point out that the trial balance does not catch every possible accounting error. The following errors will not be discovered simply by preparing a trial balance:

- 1. Failing to record a transaction or to post a transaction.
- 2. Recording the same erroneous amount for both the debit and the credit parts of a transaction.
- 3. Recording the same transaction more than once.
- 4. Posting part of a transaction correctly as a debit or credit but to the wrong account.

As an example, ask your class the following question: Would recording an \$800 sale on account as a debit to Cash and a credit to Fees Earned cause the columns of a trial balance to be unequal? Answer: No.

ADM OBJECTIVE

Describe and illustrate the use of horizontal analysis in evaluating a company's performance and financial condition.

SYNOPSIS

It is useful in business to compare a company's performance with its past performance. Financial analysis that compares an item in a current statement with the same item in prior statements is called horizontal analysis. The financial statements being compared are arranged next to each other to facilitate the comparison. Two additional columns are presented to the right. The first column shows the numerical difference between the amounts, and the second displays the percentage difference as an increase or a decrease. The significance of these changes should be investigated to determine if operations can be improved. The example in the chapter shows a comparison of income statements; however, this analysis can be used on any financial statement.

Key Term and Definition

• **Horizontal Analysis** - Financial analysis that compares an item in a current statement with the same item in prior statements.

SUGGESTED APPROACH

This objective introduces the value of horizontal analysis as a tool to indicate trends in a company's performance. Remind students that financial statements are a "snapshot" in time without any means of comparison to other time periods. The horizontal analysis indicates changes (increase or decrease) in both amounts and percentages.

TM 2-14 shows an example of a horizontal analysis of income statements for Music Express using figures from TM 2-11. Note that while the June expenditures were greater than those in May so, too, were the fees earned—enough to show increases in the amount and percentage of net income for Music Express.

			Τα			Tagging			Associated Assets Focus							
Type	ype Item Description		Description LO(s) Difficulty Time Est		BUSPROG				Video Excel CLG			ADM			Ethics	
MC	1	••••	1	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering							
MC	2		1	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering							
MC	3		1	Easy	5 min.	Analytic			Understanding							
МС	4		2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							
МС	5		4	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							1
LREX	1	Rules of debit and credit and normal balances	2	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering	х						1
LREX	2	Journal entry for asset purchase	2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering	х						
LREX	3	Journal entry for fees earned	2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						
LREX	4	Journal entry for dividends	2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						
LREX	5	Missing amount from an account	3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						
LREX	6	Trial balance errors	4	Moderate	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						
LREX	7	Correcting entries	4	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							
PP		Problem	n/a	Challenging	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Financial Statements	Applying							
DQ	1		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering		-					
DQ	2		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering		-					
DQ	3		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering		-					
DQ	4		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering		-					
DQ	5		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering		-					
DQ	6		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							
DQ	7		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							
DQ	8		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering		-					
DQ	9		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering							
DQ	10		n/a	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering						└── ′	
BE	1	Rules of debit and credit and normal balances	2	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Remembering	х					└── ′	
BE	2	Journal entry for asset purchase	2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						
BE	3	Journal entry for fees earned	2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						
BE	4	Journal entry for dividends	2, 3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						
BE	5	Missing amount from an account	3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic		Recording Transactions	Applying	х						
BE	6	Trial balance errors	4	Moderate	10 min.	Analytic		Recording Transactions	Applying	х					ļ!	
BE	7	Correcting entries	4	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х					└───┘	
EX	1	Chart of accounts	1	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering					Х	└── ┘	
EX	2	Chart of accounts	1	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering						Ļ]	
EX	3	Chart of accounts	1	Easy	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering						└── ┘	
EX		Rules of debit and credit	1,2	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	GAAP	Remembering						└── ┘	
EX	5	Normal entries for accounts	2	Easy -	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying						└───┘	
EX	6	Normal balances of accounts	1,2	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying						└───┘	
EX	7	Transactions	2	Moderate -	15 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	Х					┢───┘	
EX	8	Journalizing and posting	2,3	Easy	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х					x	
	9	Transactions and T accounts	2,3	Easy	15 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х	Х				x	──
EX	10	Cash account balance	1,2,3	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying						х	──
EX	11	Accounts balances	1,2,3	Moderate	10 min.	Analytic		Recording Transactions	Applying	х						──
EX	12	Retained earnings account balance	1,2	Easy	5 min.	Analytic		Recording Transactions	Applying	х					×	<u> </u>
EX	13	Identifying transactions	1,2	Easy	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying						⊢−−− ′	
EX	14 15	Journal entries	1,2	Easy	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	X					⊢−−− ′	
EX EX	15 16	Trial balance	4	Easy	5 min. 10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	X	х				⊢−−− ′	
EV	16	Trial balance	4	Moderate	10 min. 10 min.	Analytic		Recording Transactions	Applying	х						<u> </u>
EX	17	Effect of errors on trial balance	4	Moderate		Analytic	FN - Measurement FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							<u> </u>
ĽΛ	10	Errors in trial balance	4	Easy	15 min.	Analytic	FIN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	чнымий							<u> </u>

			Tagging			Associated Assets			s Focus							
Type Item		Description	LO(s)	Difficulty	Time Est	BUSPROG	AICPA	ACBSP - Primary	Bloom's	Video	Excel	CLGL	ADM	Real World	Writing	Ethics
EX	19	Effect of errors on trial balance	4	Moderate	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							
EX	20	Errors in trial balance	4	Easy	10 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						
EX	21	Entries to correct errors	4	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						
EX	22	Entries to correct errors	4	Easy	5 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х						
PR	1A	Entries into T accounts and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							
PR	2A	Journal entries and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х	х	х				
PR	3A	Journal entries and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х	х	х			х	
PR	4A	Journal entries and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	2 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying			х				
PR	5A	Corrected trial balance	4	Challenging	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying						х	
PR	1B	Entries into T accounts and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying							
PR	2B	Journal entries and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х	х	х				
PR	3B	Journal entries and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying	х	х	х			х	
PR	4B	Journal entries and trial balance	1,2,3,4	Moderate	2 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying			х				
PR	5B	Corrected trial balance	4	Challenging	1.5 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying						х	
СР		Continuing Problem	n/a	Challenging	2.0 hours	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Applying			х				
ADM		Continuing Company Analysis	ADM	Challenging	35 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Evaluating				х	х	х	
ADM		Chipotle: Horizontal Analysis	ADM	Challenging	1 hour	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Evaluating				х	х	х	
ADM		Target: Horizontal Analysis	ADM	Challenging	30 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Evaluating				х	х	х	
ADM		Walmart and Target: Horizontal Analysis	ADM	Challenging	45 min.	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Recording Transactions	Evaluating				х	х	х	
TIF		Ethics in action	n/a	Challenging	30 min.	Ethics	BB - Industry	Purpose	Analyzing						х	х
TIF		Team Activity	n/a	Challenging	1 hour	Analytic	FN - Measurement	Financial Statements	Analyzing					х	х	
TIF		Communication and Decision Making	n/a	Challenging	45 min.	Reflective Thinking	FN-Research	Purpose	Analyzing						х	

Accounts Payable:
Advanced Payments for Equipment:
Air Traffic Liability:
Aircraft Fuel (Expense):
Aircraft Maintenance (Expense):
Aircraft Rent (Expense):
Cargo Revenue:
Cash:
Contract Carrier Arrangements (Expense):
Flight Equipment:
Frequent Flyer (Obligations):
Fuel Inventory:
Landing Fees (Expense):
Parts and Supplies Inventories:
Passenger Commissions (Expense):
Passenger Revenue:
Prepaid Expenses:
Taxes Payable:

Account	Account Number
Accounts Payable	
Accounts Receivable	
Cash	
Common Stock	
Dividends	
Fees Earned	
Land	
Miscellaneous Expense	
Retained Earnings	
Supplies Expense	
Wages Expense	

E	Balance Sheet Accounts	Inco	ome Statement Accounts
Acct. #	Account Name	Acct. #	Account Name
	1. Assets		4. Revenue
			5. Expenses
	2. Liabilities		
	3. Stockholders' Equity		

	Increase	Decrease	Normal Balance
Balance sheet accounts:			
Asset	A	_ В	Debit
Liability	С	Debit	D
Stockholders' Equity:			
Common Stock	Credit	E	F
Retained Earnings	G	_ н	Credit
Dividends	Debit	Credit	l
Income statement accounts:			
Revenue	J	_ К	Credit
Expense	L	_ Credit	Debit

1.	Accounts Payable:
	Accounts Receivable:
	Cash:
	Fees Earned:
	Insurance Expense:
	Dividends:
	Utilities Expense:
EX	ERCISE 2-6
Α.	Accounts Payable:
В.	Accounts Receivable:
	Cash:
	Common Stock:
	Dividends:
	Fees Earned:
	Office Equipment:
	Rent Expense:
	Supplies:
	Wages Expense:

	JOUF	JOURNAL				
DATE	DESCRIPTION	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT		

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Α.

		JOURN	AL		PAGE	33
	DATE	DESCRIPTION	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	
1						1
2						2
3						3
4						4
5						5
			<u> </u>			

B., C., and D.

ACCOUNT

ACCOUNT NO.

DATE	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT CREDIT		BALA	NCE
DATE		REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT

ACCOUNT

ACCOUNT NO.

DATE	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	NCE
DATE		REF.	DEBII	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT

E. _____

44 Name _

EXERCISE 2-9

Α.

		JOURNAL			PAGE	
	DATE	DESCRIPTION	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	
1						1
2						2
3						3
4						4
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Chapter 2

В.

Cash	Accounts Payable		
Supplies	Fees Earned		
Accounts Receivable			
Accounts Receivable			

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	Name			Chapter 2	45
EXE	ERCISE 2-10				
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EXE	ERCISE 2-11				
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		Accoun	ts Payable		
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EXERCISE 2-11, Concluded

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ERCISE 2-12				
ERCISE 2-12				

Name

EXERCISE 2-13

A. and B.

	Account Debited		Account Credited		
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(1)	asset	+	stockholders' equity	+	
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EXERCISE 2-19

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Chapter 2 51

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PROBLEM 2-1

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Accounts Receivable

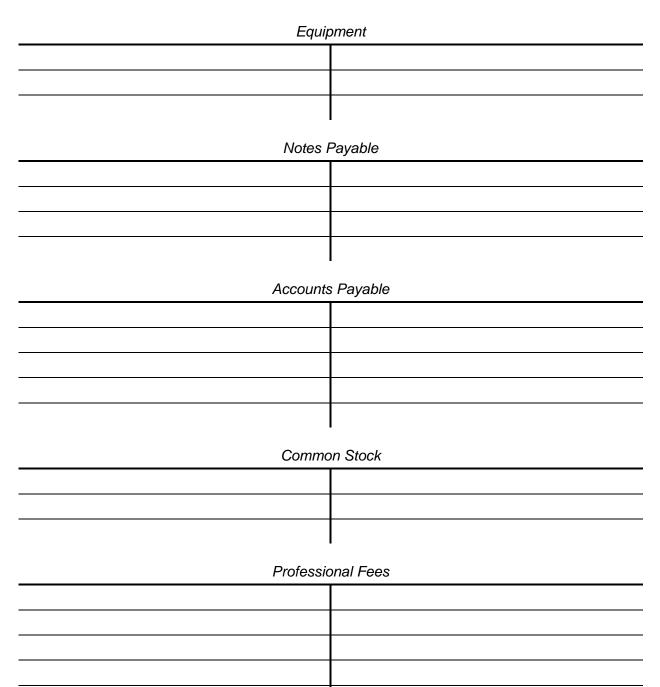
Supplies

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Prepaid Insurance

Automobiles

PROBLEM 2-1 ____, Continued



Rent Expense

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PROBLEM 2-1 ____, Continued

Salary E	Expense
Blueprint	Expense
Automobil	e Expense
Miscellaneo	us Expense

PROBLEM 2-1 ____, Concluded

Unadjusted Trial Balance

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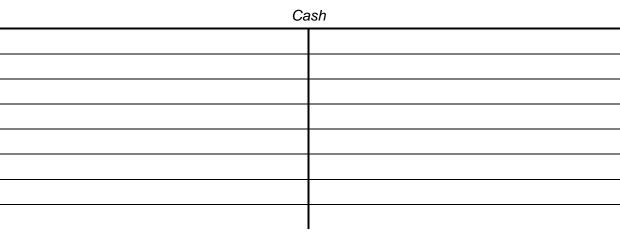
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PROBLEM 2-2 ____, Continued





Supplies		

Accounts	Payable

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Common Stock

Dividends

-	

Sales Commissions

PROBLEM 2-2 ____, Continued

Rent Expense				
Office Salar	ies Expense			
Automobil	e Expense			
Supplies	Expense			
Miscellaneo	us Expense			

PROBLEM 2-2 ____, Concluded

Unadjusted Trial Balance

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PROBLEM 2-3 ____

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Chapter 2 63

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PROBLEM 2-3 ____, Continued

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ACCOUNT	Cash				ACC	COUNT NO. 11
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GENERAL LEDGER

ACCOUNT	Accounts	Receivable
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Supplies ACCOUNT

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Prepaid Insurance ACCOUNT

ACCOUNT NO. 14

ACCOUNT NO. 12

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Chapter 2 65

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ACCOUNT	Equipment				AC	COUNT NO. 16
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ACCOUNT	Truck				AC	COUNT NO. 18
DATE	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	
DATE		REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
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ACCOUNT	Notes Payabl	e			AC	COUNT NO. 2
		POST.			BALA	
DATE	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
ACCOUNT	Accounts Pay	vable			AC	COUNT NO. 22
DATE		POST.	DEDIT		BALA	NCE
DATE	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
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ACCOUNT	Common Sto	ck			AC	COUNT NO. 3
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	ACCC	UNT	Dividends				AC	COUNT NO. 33	
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ACCOUNT Fees Earned

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ACCOUNT Wages Expense

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ACCOUNT Rent Expense

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ACCOUNT Utilities Expense

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ACCOUNT NO. 41

ACCOUNT NO. 51

ACCOUNT NO. 53

ACCOUNT	Truck Expense				AC	COUNT NO. 55
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ACCOUNT	Miscellaneous Ex	kpense			AC	COUNT NO. 59

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PROBLEM 2-3 ____, Concluded

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GENERAL LEDGER

ACCOUNT

Accounts Receivable

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DATE		REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT

ACCOUNT Prepaid Insurance					AC	COUNT NO. 13		
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ACCOUNT	Office Supplie	es			ACO	COUNT NO. 14
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ACCOUNT	Accounts Pay	able			ACO	COUNT NO. 21
DATE	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	
DATE		REF.	DEBIT	CILEDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
ACCOUNT	Unearned Rei	nt			ACO	COUNT NO. 22
DATE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	
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ACCOUNT	Notes Payable	e			AC	COUNT NO. 23
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ACCOUNT	Common Stoc	k			AC	COUNT NO. 31
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ACCOUNT	Retained Earn	ings			AC	COUNT NO. 32
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ACCOUNT	Dividends				AC	COUNT NO. 33
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ACCOUNT	Fees Earned				AC	COUNT NO. 41
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ACCOUNT	Salary and Co	mmission	Expense		AC	COUNT NO. 51
ACCOUNT	Salary and Co		Expense			COUNT NO. 51
ACCOUNT	Salary and Co	POST. REF.	Expense DEBIT	CREDIT	AC BALA DEBIT	

ACCOUNT	Rent Expense					
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ACCOUNT	Advertising Ex	pense			AG	CCOUNT NO. 53
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ACCOUNT	Automobile Ex					CCOUNT NO. 54
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PROBLEM 2-4 ____, Concluded

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Unadjusted Trial Balance

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Corrected Unadjusted Trial Balance

	DEBIT BALANCES	CREDIT BALANCES
Cash		
Accounts Receivable		
Supplies		
Prepaid Insurance		
Equipment		
Notes Payable		
Accounts Payable		
Common Stock		
Retained Earnings		
Dividends		
Fees Earned		
Wages Expense		
Rent Expense		
Advertising Expense		
Gas, Electricity, and Water Expense		
Miscellaneous Expense		

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Cash ACCOUNT

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Supplies ACCOUNT

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Prepaid Insurance ACCOUNT

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ACCOUNT NO. 15

ACCOUNT NO. 14

ACCOUNT	Accumulated De	epreciatio	n—Office E	quipment	AC	COUNT NO. 18
DATE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA DEBIT	NCE CREDIT
(This account	is not used in Chap	ter 2)				
ACCOUNT	Accounts Paya				AC	COUNT NO. 21
DATE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA DEBIT	NCE CREDIT
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ACCOUNT	Wages Payable	<u>-</u> ∔∦-		<u> </u>	AC	COUNT NO. 22
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ACCOUNT	Unearned Reve	nue			AC	COUNT NO. 23
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	ACCC	CCOUNT Common Stock ACCOUNT NO. 31								
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ACCOUNT Dividends

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ACCOUNT Fees Earned

ACCOUNT NO. 41

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ACCOUNT Utilities Expense

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ACCOUNT Advertising Expense

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ACCOUNT Supplies Expense

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ACCOUNT Insurance Expense

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Chapter 2 89

ACCOUNT NO. 55

ACCOUNT NO. 57

ACCOUNT Depreciation Expense					ACCOUNT NO. 58		
DATE	ITEM	POST. DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE			
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(This account is not used in Chapter 2.)

ACCOUNT Miscellaneous Expense					ACCOUNT NO. 59		
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800 Coco Drive, Coconut Grove, FL 33133

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Schedule of Accounts Payable	
Trial Balance	
Work Sheet	
Income Statement	
Statement of Owner's Equity	
Balance Sheet	
Post-Closing Trial Balance	
Analysis Test	



800 Coco Drive, Coconut Grove, FL 33133

INSTRUCTOR'S GUIDE

There are two options for using this practice set:

- 1. Business Forms
- **2.** Narrative of Transactions

Either option or a combination of both options may be used. If you specify that only the business forms be used, you may ask students to hand in the Narrative of Transactions pages from Booklet 3 before they begin the practice set.

Business Forms Method

The Business Forms approach requires the student to analyze various business documents and decide how to enter the transactions in the journal. There are seven types of business forms:

- 1. Vendor Invoices for Purchases
- 2. Sales Invoices
- 3. Credit Memos
- 4. Checks from Customers
- 5. Interoffice Memos
- 6. Bank Deposit Slips
- 7. Checkbook

The documents are presented in Booklet 3 in order of occurrence, numbered 1 through 61. Some documents have accompanying notes to assist the student in analyzing how to record the transactions.

Narrative of Transactions Method

Using the Narrative of Transactions approach requires the student to enter each business transaction using the same method as the problems presented in the text. Each transaction is listed in order by date with all necessary information given in narrative form. The student analyzes the information given in each transaction and enters it in the appropriate journal.

Combining Methods

Since there are advantages to both methods, using both may be desirable. In this approach, students could use the business forms as the primary source of information and use the Narrative of Transactions to support the accuracy of their entries. This would allow students to experience the paper flow of a business and provide some assurance that entries contain the appropriate amounts.

Using Special Journals

This practice set utilizes special journals to record the daily transactions of the business. The journals are similar to those presented in the special journals online appendix to the text; however, they contain additional columns to accommodate entries for a merchandising operation, such as *Cost of Goods Sold* and *Inventory*. There are five types of journals contained in the practice set:

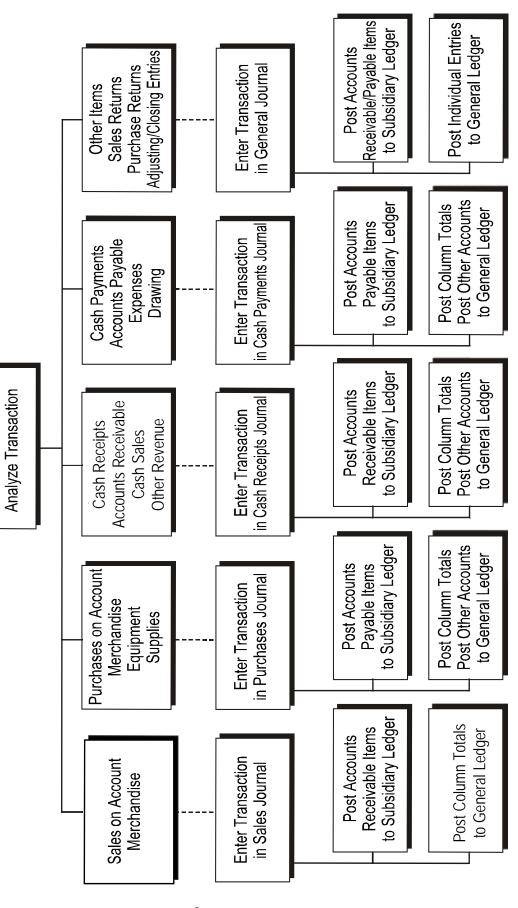
- 1. Revenue Journal (also called a Sales Journal)
- 2. Purchases Journal
- 3. Cash Payments Journal
- 4. Cash Receipts Journal
- 5. General (two-column) Journal

Pages 3 through 7 of this guide provide diagrams of the overall process of using these journals in a merchandising enterprise. Pages 4 through 7 diagram each type of special journal. These can be made into transparencies, if desired, and used to help guide the students through the various types of transactions contained in the set.

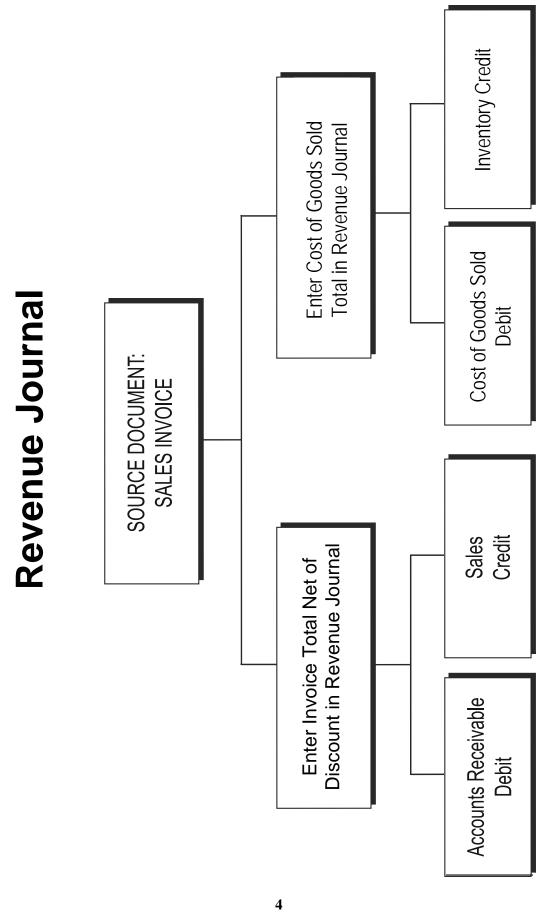
Analysis Test

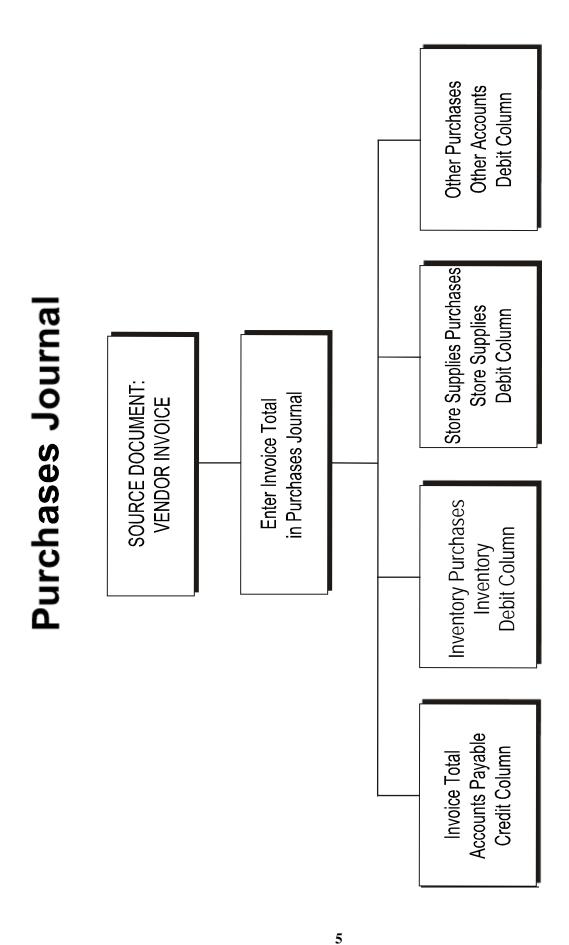
A form for recording amounts in the practice set is also included on page 9 of this guide. This form may be copied and distributed to students, and you may instruct students to hand in a completed form with their completed set.

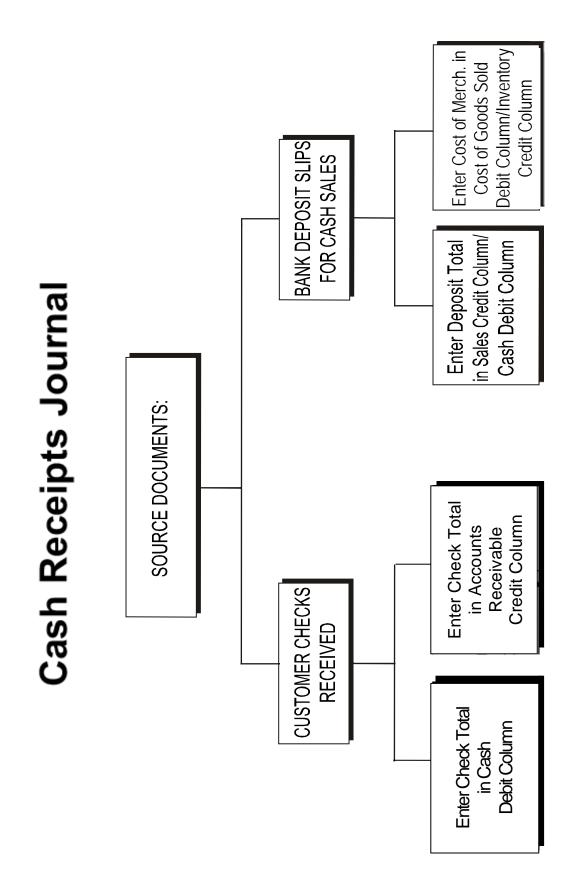
SPECIAL JOURNALS IN MERCHANDISING OPERATIONS



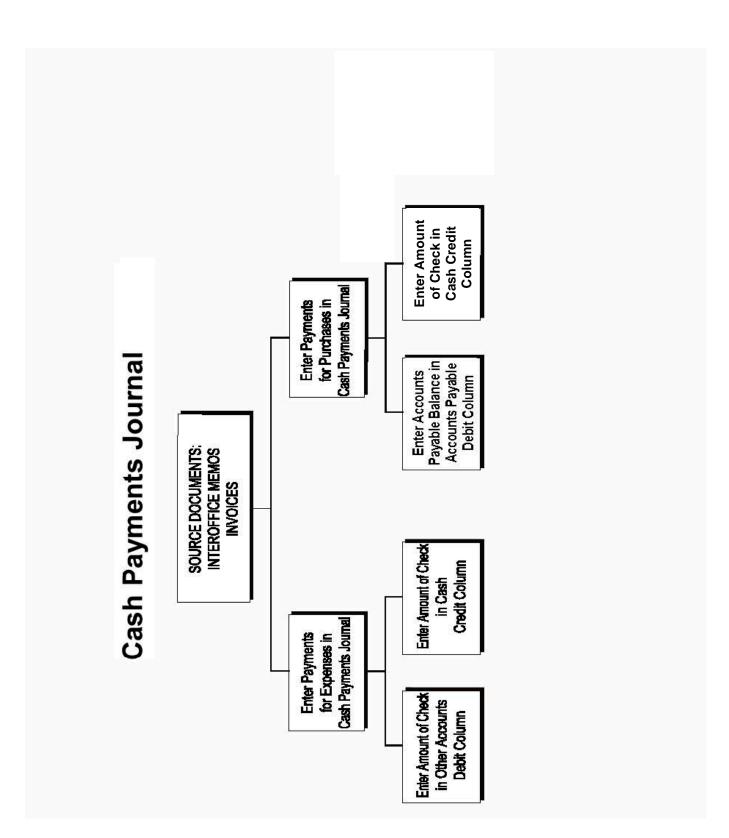
3







6



	Fit & Fashionable	
	ANALYSIS TEST	
	Journals	
1.	Total Merchandise Purchases during April	\$
2.	Total Cash Sales during April	\$
3.	Total Sales on Account for April	\$
4.	Total Accounts Payable Credits during April	_\$
	Accounts Receivable Ledger	
5.	All Access Fitness Center Balance on April 30	\$
6.	Miami Health Club Balance on April 30	\$
	Accounts Payable Ledger	
7.	Alexus Fitness Connection Balance on April 30	\$
8.	Sports Magic Warehouse Balance on April 30	\$
	Income Statement	
9.	Sales	\$
10.	Cost of Goods Sold	\$
11.	Gross Profit	\$
12.	Total Operating Expenses	\$
13.	Net Income	\$
	Statement of Owner's Equity	
14.	Change in Owner's Equity	\$
15.	Ending Balance of Owner's Equity, April 30	\$
	Balance Sheet	
16.	Total Current Assets	\$
17.	Total Property, Plant, and Equipment	\$
18.	Total Current Liabilities	\$
	Adjustments	
19.	Adjustment to Office Supplies	\$
20.	Adjustment to Prepaid Insurance	\$
21.	Adjustment to Unearned Rent	\$
22.	Adjustment for Inventory Shrinkage	\$
	Closing	
23.	Amount Closed to Capital from Income Summary	\$
24.	Post-Closing Trial Balance Total	\$
25.	Amount Closed from Drawing to Capital	\$

SOLUTIONS

				REVENUE JO	DURNAL		PAGE 2	
	DATE	-	INV. NO.	ACCOUNT DEBITED	POST. REF.	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DEBIT	COST OF GOODS SOLD DEBIT	
			NO.		KEF.	SALES CREDIT	INVENTORY CREDIT	
1	20Y8							1
2	April	1	301	Miami Health Club	\checkmark	5,301.60	3,864.00	2
3		3	302	All Access Fitness Center	✓	9,364.29	6,825.00	3
4		5	303	Westwood Boxing Gym	✓	27,306.48	19,903.68	4
5		8	304	The Sun Set Recreation Center	\checkmark	21,756.88	15,858.00	5
6		10	305	Rockdale Gym	✓	13,373.86	9,412.00	6
7		16	306	Miami Health Club	✓	5,649.80	4,115.20	7
8		23	307	All Access Fitness Center	✓	13,770.64	10,040.00	8
9		25	308	Cory's Gym in the Grove	✓	5,186.36	3,780.00	9
10		26	309	Body Excellence Fitness Club	✓	3,789.17	2,640.00	10
11		30				105,499.08	76,437.88	11
12						(1112) (4100)	(5100) (1114)	12

			PURCHASI	PURCHASES JOURNAL				PAGE 2	
						OTHER ACCOUNTS DEBII	DEBIT		
	ACCOUNT CREDITED	POST. REF.	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE CREDIT	INVENTORY DEBIT	STORE SUPPLIES DEBIT	ACCOUNT DEBITED	POST. REF.	AMOUNT	
									-
exu	Alexus Fitness Corporation	7	13,865.00	13,865.00					7
oort	5 Sports Magic Warehouse	~	49,519.75	49,519.75					e
t & I	8 Fit & Fab Health Products	~	5,125.40	5,125.40					4
zzy	9 Fizzy-Cal Network	~	11,400.00	9,600.00	1,800.00				5
exn	16 Alexus Fitness Corporation	~	10,105.00	9,180.00	250.00	250.00 Miscellaneous Selling Expense	5290	675	9
Jort	17 Sports Magic Warehouse	~	16,900.00	16,900.00					7
ZZ	20 Fizzy-Cal Network	~	5,350.00	5,125.00	225.00				8
3ar	22 HeartFit Enterprises	~	3,400.00	3,400.00					6
(ZZ	22 Fizzy-Cal Network	~	10,800.00	10,800.00					10
loc	24 Sports Magic Warehouse	~	2,400.00	2,400.00					÷
			128,865.15	125,915.15	2,275.00			675.00	12
			(2100)	(1115)	(1117)			(<u>></u>)	13

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			CASH	CASH RECEIPTS JOURNAL	RNAL		ι.	PAGE 2
			Tand		COST OF GOODS SOLD DEBIT			Норо
	DATE	ACCOUNT	REF.	CREDIT	INVENTORY CREDIT	SALES CREDIT	RECEIVABLE CREDIT	DEBIT
1 20Y8	Y8							
2 April		2 Body Excellence Fitness Club	7				14,406.00	14,406.00
e	3	Cory's Gym in the Grove	7				12,348.00	12,348.00
4	4	I The Sun Set Recreation Center	7				6,174.00	6,174.00
5	9	Cash Sales	>		18,024.00	26,600.00		26,600.00
9	8	8 Westwood Boxing Gym	7				8,232.00	8,232.00
7	8	8 Pine Bay Fitness Club	7				10,976.00	10,976.00
80	11	11 Store Supplies	1117	300.00				300.00
6	11	11 Miami Health Club	>				5,301.60	5,301.60
10	12	12 All Access Fitness Center	7				9,364.29	9,364.29
11	13	13 Cash Sales	7		24,910.80	36,120.00		36,120.00
12	15	15 Westwood Boxing Gym	7				27,306.48	27,306.48
13	18	18 The Sun Set Recreation Center	7				20,933.68	20,933.68
14	19	19 Rockdale Gym	7				13,373.86	13,373.86
15	20	20 Cash Sales	7		19,292.80	27,020.00		27,020.00
16	30	30 Notes Receivable	1111	3,000.00				3,060.00
17		Interest Revenue	6100	60.00				
18	30	30 Cash Sales	7		19,099.20	28,280.00		28,280.00
19	30			3,360.00	81,326.80	118,020.00	128,415.91	249,795.91
20				(~)	(1114) (5100)	(4100)	(1112)	(1110)

				CASH PAYMENTS JOURNAL	NAL			PAGE 2	П
	DATE	υž	N CK	ACCOUNT DEBITED	POST. REF.	OTHER ACCOUNTS DEBIT	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE DEBIT	CASH CREDIT	
-	20Y8								-
2	April	1 22	2201	Alexus Fitness Connection	>		14,268.80	14,268.80	7
с		2 22	2202	Prepaid Insurance	1118	5,700.00		5,700.00	с
4		3 22	2203	Fizzy-Cal Network	7		46,480.00	46,480.00	4
5		4 22	2204	HeartFit Enterprises	>		14,000.00	14,000.00	5
9	,	10 22	2205	Miscellaneous Selling Expense	5290	175.00		175.00	9
7	、 -	13 22	2206	Sales Salaries Expense	5200	8,000.00			7
8			_	Office Salaries Expense	5300	5,000.00		13,000.00	œ
6	,	17 22	2207	Marty Chavez, Drawing	3110	4,200.00		4,200.00	6
10	,	17 22	2208	Advertising Expense	5210	441.00		441.00	10
11	,-	18 22	2209	Fit & Fab Health Products	7		4,267.90	4,267.90	11
12		18 22	2210	Muscles R _x Distributors	~		53,200.00	53,200.00	12
13	、 -	18 22	2211	Advertising Expense	5210	185.00		185.00	13
14		20 22	2212	Miscellaneous Selling Expense	5290	231.00		231.00	14
15		24 22	2213	Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	5390	287.00		287.00	15
16		26 22	2214	Sales Salaries Expense	5200	8,000.00			16
17			-	Office Salaries Expense	5300	5,000.00		13,000.00	17
18		27 22	2215	Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	5390	340.00		340.00	18
19		27 22	2216 /	Alexus Fitness Connection	7		13,865.00	13,865.00	19
20		27 22	2217	Marty Chavez, Drawing	3110	2,500.00		2,500.00	20
21		29 22	2218	Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	5390	204.00			21
22				Miscellaneous Selling Expense	5290	408.00		612.00	22
23		29 22	2219	Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	5390	360.00		360.00	23
24		30 22	2220	Interest Expense	7100	700.00		700.00	24
25		30				41,731.00	146,081.70	187,812.70	25
26						(~)	(2100)	(1110)	26

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			GENERAL JOURI	NAL		PAGE 5	
	DAT	E	DESCRIPTION	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	
1	20Y8						1
2	April	9	Customer Refunds Payable	2120	823.20		2
3			Accounts Rec./The Sun Set Rec. Center	1112/⁄		823.20	3
4							4
5		9	Inventory	1114	600.00		5
6			Estimated Returns Inventory	1115		600.00	6
7							7
8		11	Accounts Payable/Fit & Fab Health Products	2100/✓	857.50		8
9			Inventory	1114		857.50	9
10							10
11		19	Customer Refunds Payable	2120	416.50		11
12			Accounts Receivable/Miami Health Club	1112/√		416.50	12
13							13
14		19	Inventory	1114	304.00		14
15			Estimated Returns Inventory	1115		304.00	15
16							16
17		25	Accounts Payable/HeartFit Enterprises	2100/✓	400.00		17
18			Inventory	1114		400.00	18

			GENERAL JOUR	NAL		PAGE 6	
	DATI	E	DESCRIPTION	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	
1	20Y8		Adjusting Entries				1
2	April	30	Cost of Goods Sold	5100	142.22		2
3			Inventory	1114		142.22	3
4							4
5		30	Office Supplies Expense	5340	500.00		5
6			Office Supplies	1116		500.00	6
7							7
8		30	Store Supplies Expense	5220	650.00		8
9			Store Supplies	1117		650.00	9
10							10
11		30	Insurance Expense	5330	475.00		11
12			Prepaid Insurance	1118		475.00	12
13							13
14		30	Depreciation Expense—Equipment	5320	1,250.00		14
15			Accumulated Depreciation—Equipment	1125		1,250.00	15
16				5050	0.475.00		16
17		30	Depreciation Expense—Building	5350	2,475.00	0.475.00	17
18			Accumulated Depreciation—Building	1123		2,475.00	18
19		20	latene et De estivable	4440			19
20		30	Interest Receivable	1113	30.00	30.00	20
21			Interest Revenue	6100		30.00	21
22		20	Sales Salaries Expense	5200	1,200.00		22
23 24		30	Office Salaries Expense	5300	500.00		23 24
24			Salaries Payable	2110	500.00	1,700.00	24
26				2110		1,700.00	26
27		30	Sales	4100	4,470.00		27
28			Customer Refunds Payable	2120	1, 170.000	4,470.00	28
29						.,	29
30		30	Estimated Returns Inventory	1115	3,190.00		30
31			Cost of Goods Sold	5100		3,190.00	31
32						-,	32
33							33
34							34
35							35

			GENERAL JO	URNAL		PAGE 7	
	DATI	E	DESCRIPTION	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	
1	20Y8		Closing Entries				1
2	Apr.	30	Sales	4100	219,049.08		2
3			Interest Revenue	6100	90.00		3
4			Income Summary	3120		219,139.08	4
5							5
6		30	Income Summary	3120	191,772.90		6
7			Cost of Goods Sold	5100		154,716.90	7
8			Sales Salaries Expense	5200		17,200.00	8
9			Advertising Expense	5210		626.00	9
10			Store Supplies Expense	5220		650.00	10
11			Miscellaneous Selling Expense	5290		1,489.00	11
12			Office Salaries Expense	5300		10,500.00	12
13			Depreciation Expense—Equipment	5320		1,250.00	13
14			Insurance Expense	5330		475.00	14
15			Office Supplies Expense	5340		500.00	15
16			Depreciation Expense—Building	5350		2,475.00	16
17			Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	5390		1,191.00	17
18			Interest Expense	7100		700.00	18
19							19
20		30	Income Summary	3120	27,366.18		20
21			Marty Chavez, Capital	3100		27,366.18	21
22							22
23		30	Marty Chavez, Capital	3100	6,700.00		23
24			Marty Chavez, Drawing	3110		6,700.00	24
25							25
26							26
27							27
28							28

GENERAL LEDGER

ACCOU	NT	Cash				ACCOUNT NO.	1110
DATE	=	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	NCE
DAT	-		REF.	DEBIT	OREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	~			84,147.80	
	30		CR2	249,795.91		333,943.71	
	30		CP2		187,812.70	146,131.01	

ACCOUNT Notes Receivable

BALANCE POST. DATE ITEM DEBIT CREDIT REF. DEBIT CREDIT 20Y8 1 Balance Apr. ~ 9,800.00 30 CR2 3,000.00 6,800.00

ACCOUNT Accounts Receivable

DAT	_	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	NCE
DAT	_		REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	\checkmark			52,136.00	
	9		J5		823.20	51,312.80	
	19		J5		416.50	50,896.30	
	30		R2	105,499.08		156,395.38	
	30		CR2		128,415.91	27,979.47	

ACCOUNT Interest Receivable

DAT	_	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	ANCE
DAT	L		REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6	30.00		30.00	

20

1113 ACCOUNT NO.

1112 ACCOUNT NO.

ACCOUNT NO.

ACCOUNT Inventory

1114 ACCOUNT NO.

	DATE ITEM		POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	NCE
DAT	_		REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	\checkmark			240,900.00	
	9		J5	600.00		241,500.00	
	11		J5		857.50	240,642.50	
	19		J5	304.00		240,946.50	
	25		J5		400.00	240,546.50	
	30		R2		76,437.88	164,108.62	
	30		P2	125,915.15		290,023.77	
	30		CR2		81,326.80	208,696.97	
	30	Adjusting	J6		142.22	208,554.75	

ACCOUNT Estimated Returns Inventory

DATE	=	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	NCE
DAT			REF.	DEBIT	GREDH	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	~			2,357.00	
	9		J5		600.00	1,757.00	
	19		J5		304.00	1,453.00	
	30	Adjusting	J6	3,190.00		4,643.00	

ACCOUNT Office Supplies

1116 ACCOUNT NO. BALANCE POST. DATE ITEM DEBIT CREDIT REF. DEBIT CREDIT 20Y8 1 Balance ~ 2,100.00 Apr. J6 30 Adjusting 500.00 1,600.00

ACCOUNT Store Supplies

ACCOUNT NO.

ACCOUNT NO.

1117

DATE	_	ITEM	POST. REF. DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DAT				DEBIT	GREDH	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	\checkmark			1,680.00	
	11		CR2		300.00	1,380.00	
	30		P2	2,275.00		3,655.00	
	30	Adjusting	J6		650.00	3,005.00	

ACCOUNT Prepaid Insurance

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
					ONEDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	2		CP2	5,700.00		5,700.00	
	30	Adjusting	J6		475.00	5,225.00	

ACCOU	NT	Land				ACCOUNT NO.	1120
DATE	-	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	ANCE
DATE	-	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	~			210,000.00	

ACCOU	NT	Building	ACCOUNT NO.	1122			
DATE	_	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	NCE
DAT	-		REF.		GREDH	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	\checkmark			439,000.00	

ACCOU	NT	Accumulated Depres		ACCOUNT NO.	1123		
	_	ITEM	POST.	DEDIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DATE	TIEW	REF. DEBIT	GREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT		
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	√				140,200.00
	30	Adjusting	J6		2,475.00		142,675.00

ACCOU	NT	Equipment	ACCOUNT NO.	1124			
DATE	-	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	NCE
DATE	-		REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	 ✓ 			98,350.00	

ACCOUNT Accumulated Depreciation—Equipment

DATE	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	NCE	
DAT	DATE		REF.	DEBIT	CILDII	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	1	Balance	\checkmark				34,540.00
	30	Adjusting	J6		1,250.00		35,790.00

1118 ACCOUNT NO.

ACCOUNT NO.

ACCOUNT Accounts Payable

2100 ACCOUNT NO.

ACCOUNT NO.

2110

DAT	_	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DATE			REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
Apr.	1	Balance	~				127,948.80	
	11		J5	857.50			127,091.30	
	25		J5	400.00			126,691.30	
	30		P2		128,865.15		255,556.45	
	30		CP2	146,081.70			109,474.75	

ACCOUNT Salaries Payable

DATE	_	ITEM	POST. DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
		REF.	GREDH	DEBIT	CREDIT		
20Y8							
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6		1,700.00		1,700.00

ACCOUNT Customer Refunds Payable

ACCOU	ACCOUNT Customer Refunds Payable ACCOUNT N									
DAT	=	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE				
DATE	-		REF.	DEDIT		DEBIT	CREDIT			
20Y8										
Apr.	1	Balance	~				3,300.00			
	9		J5	823.20			2,476.80			
	19		J5	416.50			2,060.30			
	30	Adjusting	J6		4,470.00		6,530.30			

ACCOU	ACCOUNT Notes Payable ACCOUNT NO								
DATE		ITEM	POST. DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE				
DATE	-	TIEN	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT		
20Y8									
Apr.	1	Balance	v				168,000.00		

ACCOUNT Marty Chavez Capital

ACCO	ACCOUNT Marty Chavez, Capital ACCOUNT NO.									
DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE				
						DEBIT	CREDIT			
20Y8										
Apr.	1	Balance	\checkmark				666,482.00			
	30	Closing	J7		27,366.18		693,848.18			
	30	Closing	J7	6,700.00			687,148.18			

ACCOUNT Marty Chavez, Drawing

DATE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DATE						DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	17		CP2	4,200.00		4,200.00	
	27		CP2	2,500.00		6,700.00	
	30	Closing	J7		6,700.00	—	—

ACCOUNT Income Summary

DATE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DATE					DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8							
Apr.	30	Closing	J7		219,139.08		219,139.08
	30	Closing	J7	191,772.90			27,366.18
	30	Closing	J7	27,366.18		—	

ACCOUNT Sales

DATE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
					DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8							
Apr.	30		R2		105,499.08		105,499.08
	30		CR2		118,020.00		223,519.08
	30	Adjusting	J6	4,470.00			219,049.08
	30	Closing	J7	219,049.08		—	—

ACCOUNT Cost of Goods Sold

DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
			REF.	DEDIT		DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	30		R2	76,437.88		76,437.88	
	30		CR2	81,326.80		157,764.68	
	30	Adjusting	J6	142.22		157,906.90	
	30	Adjusting	J6		3,190.00	154,716.90	
	30	Closing	J7		154,716.90	_	_

ACCOUNT NO. 3110

ACCOUNT NO.

ACCOUNT NO.

3120

4100

ACCOUNT Sales Salaries Expense

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5		

DATI	E ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DAT		REF.		OKEBH	DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8							
Apr.	13	CP2	8,000.00		8,000.00		
	26	CP2	8,000.00		16,000.00		
	30 Adjusting	J6	1,200.00		17,200.00		
	30 Closing	J7		17,200.00			

ACCOUNT Advertising Expense

20Y8 Apr.

DATI	-	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DATI	_		REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
\pr.	17		CP2	441.00		441.00		
	18		CP2	185.00		626.00		
	30	Closing	J7		626.00	_		

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ACCOUNT Store Supplies Expense

ACCOUNT NO. BALANCE POST. DATE ITEM DEBIT CREDIT REF. DEBIT CREDIT 20Y8 30 Adjusting 650.00 Apr. J6 650.00 30 Closing J7 650.00

ACCOL	JNT	Miscellaneous Sellir	ACCOUNT NO.	5290			
DAT	F	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DATE		REF.	ONEDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT		
20Y8							
Apr.	10		CP2	175.00		175.00	
	16		P2	675.00		850.00	
	20		CP2	231.00		1,081.00	
	29		CP2	408.00		1,489.00	
	30	Closing	J7		1,489.00	—	—

POST.

5210 ACCOUNT NO.

BALANCE

5220

5200

ACCOUNT Office Salaries Expense

	DATE	ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
DATE			REF.	DEDIT	OKEBH	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	13		CP2	5,000.00		5,000.00	
	26		CP2	5,000.00		10,000.00	
	30	Adjusting	J6	500.00		10,500.00	
	30	Closing	J7		10,500.00		

DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DAT	L		REF.	DEBIT	GREDH	DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6	1,250.00		1,250.00		
		Closing	J7		1,250.00			

ACCOUNT Insurance Expense

DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	NCE
			REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT CREDIT	
20Y8							
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6	475.00		475.00	
		Closing	J7		475.00	_	—

ACCOUNT Office Supplies Expense

DATE		ITEM	POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALA	NCE
			REF.	DEDIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6	500.00		500.00	
		Closing	J7		500.00		_

ACCOUNT NO.

5340

5300

5320

5330

ACCOUNT NO.

ACCOUNT NO.

ACCOU	ACCOUNT Depreciation Expense—Building ACCOUNT NO.									
DATI	E ITEM		POST.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE				
DATI			REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT			
20Y8										
Apr.	30	Adjusting	J6	2,475.00		2,475.00				
30 Closing J7				2,475.00						

ACCOUNT Miscellaneous Administrative Expense

DAT		ITEM		DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
DAT			REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
20Y8								
Apr.	24 CP2 287.00			287.00				
	27		CP2	340.00		627.00		
	29		CP2	204.00		831.00		
	29 CP2 360.00 30 Closing J7 Image: CP2 Compare 1			1,191.00				
			1,191.00	_	_			

ACCOUNT Interest Revenue

BALANCE POST. DATE ITEM DEBIT CREDIT REF. DEBIT CREDIT 20Y8 30 CR2 60.00 60.00 Apr. 30 Adjusting 30.00 J6 90.00 30 Closing J7 90.00

ACCOUNT	Interest Expense
---------	------------------

ACCOUNT NO.

7100

5390

6100

ACCOUNT NO.

DATE		ITEM	POST. DEBIT		CREDIT	BALANCE	
			REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y8							
Apr.	30		CP2	700.00		700.00	
	30	Closing	J7		700.00		

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE LEDGER

ADDRESS 1 South Park Blvd., South Miami, FL 33143							
DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE	
20Y8							
Apr.	3		R2	9,364.29		9,364.29	
	12		CR2		9,364.29	—	
	23		R2	13,770.64		13,770.64	

All Access Fitness Center NAME

Body Excellence Fitness Club NAME

9 Key Biscayne Ave., Suite 100, Key Biscayne, FL 33149 ADDRESS

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
Apr.	1	Balance	~			14,406.00
	2		CR2		14,406.00	_
	26		R2	3,789.17		3,789.17

Cory's Gym in the Grove NAME

ADDRESS		20 Main Highway, Co	Coconut Grove, FL 33133					
DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
20Y8								
Apr.	1	Balance	~			12,348.00		
	3		CR2		12,348.00	—		
	25		R2	5,186.36		5,186.36		

NAME

Miami Health Club

ADDRESS	8050 SW 8th Street, Miami, FL 33130	
		_

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
Apr.	1		R2	5,301.60		5,301.60
	11		CR2		5,301.60	—
	16		R2	5,649.80		5,649.80
	19		J5		416.50	5,233.30

NAME Pine Bay Fitness Club

ADDR	ADDRESS 8 SW 57th Ave., Miami, FL 33156								
DA	TE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE			
20Y8									
Apr.	1	Balance	✓			10,976.00			
	8		CR2		10,976.00				

NAME Rockdale Gym

ADDR	ADDRESS 162 S. Dixie Hwy., Rockdale, FL 33157							
DAT	TE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
20Y8								
Apr.	10		R2	13,373.86		13,373.86		
	26		CR2		13,373.86	_		

NAME The Sun Set Recreation Center

ADDRESS 50 Snapper Creek Dr., Sunset, FL 33173						
DA	TE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
Apr.	1	Balance	×			6,174.00
	4		CR2		6,174.00	_
	8		R2	21,756.88		21,756.88
	9		J5		823.20	20,933.68
	18		CR2		20,933.68	_

NAME Westwood Boxing Gym

ADDRESS	50 Westwood Lake Dr., Miami, FL 33165
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DA [.]	TE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
Apr.	1	Balance	~			8,232.00
	11		R2	27,306.48		35,538.48
	16		CR2		8,232.00	27,306.48
	19		CR2		27,306.48	—

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE LEDGER

ADDR	ESS	100 Coral Way, Miam	i, FL 33129	9		
DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
April	1	Balance	×			14,268.80
	1		P2		13,865.00	28,133.80
	1		CP2	14,268.80		13,865.00
	16		P2		10,105.00	23,970.00
	27		CP2	13,865.00		10,105.00

NAME Alexus Fitness Connection

NAME Fit & Fab Health Products

ADDR	ADDRESS 15 Park Avenue, 115th Floor, New York, NY 10154							
DA	ΤE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE		
20Y8								
April	8		P2		5,125.40	5,125.40		
	11		J5	857.50		4,267.90		
	18		CP2	4,267.90		—		

Fizzy-Cal Network NAME

DA	TE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
April	1	Balance	~			46,480.00
	3		CP2	46,480.00		_
	9		P2		11,400.00	11,400.00
	20		P2		5,350.00	16,750.00
	22		P2		10,800.00	27,550.00

NAME HeartFit Enterprises

ADDRESS	15 Brickell Ave. #150, Miami, FL 33129
---------	--

DA	TE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
April	1	Balance	~			14,000.00
	4		CP2	14,000.00		_
	22		P2		3,400.00	3,400.00
	25		J5	400.00		3,000.00

NAME Muscles R_x Distributors

ADDRESS 80 Commercial Blvd., Fort Lauderdale, FL 33310

DA	TE	ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
April	1	Balance	\checkmark			53,200.00
	18		CP2	53,200.00		

NAME Sports Magic Warehouse

ADDRESS 246 Santa Monica Blvd., Santa Monica, CA 90403

DATE		ITEM	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	BALANCE
20Y8						
April	5		P2		49,519.75	49,519.75
	17		P2		16,900.00	66,419.75
	24		P2		2,400.00	68,819.75

	Fit & Fashionable	
	DEPOSIT TICKETS	
April 6		
CHECKS:	Body Excellence Fitness Club	14,406.00

CHECKS:	Body Excellence Fitness Club	14,406.00
	Cory's Gym in the Grove	12,348.00
	The Sun Set Recreation Center	6,174.00
	TOTAL	32,928.00

April 13

CHECKS:	Westwood Boxing Gym	8,232.00
	Pine Bay Fitness Club	10,976.00
	SupplyMax	300.00
	Miami Health Club	5,301.60
	All Access Fitness Center	9,364.29
	TOTAL	34,173.89

April 20

CHECKS:	Westwood Boxing Gym	27,306.48
	The Sun Set Recreation Center	20,933.68
	Rockdale Gym	13,373.86
	TOTAL	61,614.02

April 30

CHECKS:	Blue Water Enterprises	3,060.00
	TOTAL	3,060.00

		Fit & Fashionable		
	C	HECK STUBS FOR APR	XIL .	
Check Number	Date	Check Amount	Deposits	Balance
				84,147.80
2201	1	14,268.80		69,879.00
2202	2	5,700.00		64,179.00
2203	3	46,480.00		17,699.00
2204	4	14,000.00		3,699.00
	6		26,600.00	30,299.00
	6		32,928.00	63,227.00
2205	10	175.00		63,052.00
2206	13	13,000.00		50,052.00
	13		36,120.00	86,172.00
	13		34,173.89	120,345.89
2207	17	4,200.00		116,145.89
2208	17	441.00		115,704.89
2209	18	4,267.90		111,436.99
2210	18	53,200.00		58,236.99
2211	18	185.00		58,051.99
2212	20	231.00		57,820.99
	20		27,020.00	84,840.99
	20		61,614.02	146,455.01
2213	24	287.00		146,168.01
2214	26	13,000.00		133,168.01
2215	27	340.00		132,828.01
2216	27	13,865.00		118,963.01
2217	27	2,500.00		116,463.01
2218	29	612.00		115,851.01
2219	29	360.00		115,491.01
2220	30	700.00		114,791.01
	30		28,280.00	143,071.01
	30		3,060.00	146,131.01

Fit & Fashionable	9	
Schedule of Accounts Re	eceivable	
April 30, 20Y8		
All Access Fitness Center	\$	13,770.64
Body Excellence Fitness Club		3,789.17
Cory's Gym in the Grove		5,186.36
Miami Health Club		5,233.30
Total Accounts Receivable	\$	27,979.47

Fit & Fashionable)	
Schedule of Accounts P	Payable	
April 30, 20Y8		
Alexus Fitness Connection	\$ 10,105.0	00
Fizzy-Cal Network	27,550.0	00
HeartFit Enterprises	3,000.0	00
Sports Magic Warehouse	68,819.7	75
Total Accounts Payable	\$ 109,474.7	75

Fit 8	Fashionable		
Trial Bala	nce (Preadjustir	ng)	
Д	oril 30, 20Y8		
ACCOUNT	ACCT. NO.	DEBIT BALANCES	CREDIT BALANCES
Cash	1110	146,131.01	
Notes Receivable	1111	6,800.00	
Accounts Receivable	1112	27,979.47	
Interest Receivable	1113		
Inventory	1114	208,696.97	
Estimated Returns Inventory	1115	1,453.00	
Office Supplies	1116	2,100.00	
Store Supplies	1117	3,655.00	
Prepaid Insurance	1118	5,700.00	
Land	1120	210,000.00	
Building	1122	439,000.00	
Accumulated Depreciation—Building	1123		140,200.00
Equipment	1124	98,350.00	
Accumulated Depreciation—Equipment	1125		34,540.00
Accounts Payable	2100		109,474.75
Salaries Payable	2110		
Customer Refunds Payable	2120		2,060.30
Notes Payable	2150		168,000.00
Marty Chavez, Capital	3100		666,482.00
Marty Chavez, Drawing	3110	6,700.00	
Sales	4100		223,519.08
Cost of Goods Sold	5100	157,764.68	
Sales Salaries Expense	5200	16,000.00	
Advertising Expense	5210	626.00	
Store Supplies Expense	5220		
Miscellaneous Selling Expense	5290	1,489.00	
Office Salaries Expense	5300	10,000.00	
Depreciation Expense—Equipment	5320		
Insurance Expense	5330		
Office Supplies Expense	5340		
Depreciation Expense—Building	5350		
Miscellaneous Administrative Expense	5390	1,191.00	
Interest Revenue	6100		60.00
Interest Expense	7100	700.00	
		1,344,336.13	1,344,336.13

Fit &

Work

April 30,

		TRIAL BA	LANCE		ADJUS	TMEN	ſS	Γ
	ACCOUNT TITLE	DEBIT	CREDIT		DEBIT		CREDIT	
1	Cash	146,131.01						1
2	Notes Receivable	6,800.00						2
3	Accounts Receivable	27,979.47						3
4	Interest Receivable			(g)	30.00	1		4
5	Inventory	208,696.97				(a)	142.22	5
6	Estimated Returns Inventory	1,453.00		(j)	3,190.00			6
7	Office Supplies	2,100.00				(b)	500.00	7
8	Store Supplies	3,655.00				(C)	650.00	8
9	Prepaid Insurance	5,700.00				(d)	475.00	9
10	Land	210,000.00						10
11	Building	439,000.00						11
12	Accum. Depreciation—Building		140,200.00			(f)	2,475.00	12
13	Equipment	98,350.00						13
14	Accum. Depreciation—Equipment		34,540.00			(e)	1,250.00	14
15	Accounts Payable		109,474.75					15
16	Salaries Payable					(h)	1,700.00	16
17	Customer Refunds Payable		2,060.30			(i)	4,470.00	17
18	Notes Payable		168,000.00					18
19	Marty Chavez, Capital		666,482.00					19
20	Marty Chavez, Drawing	6,700.00						20
21	Sales		223,519.08	(i)	4,470.00			21
22	Cost of Goods Sold	157,764.68		(a)	142.22	(j)	3,190.00	22
23	Sales Salaries Expense	16,000.00		(h)	1,200.00			23
24	Advertising Expense	626.00						24
25	Store Supplies Expense			(C)	650.00			25
26	Miscellaneous Selling Expense	1,489.00						26
27	Office Salaries Expense	10,000.00		(h)	500.00			27
28	Depr. Expense—Equipment			(e)	1,250.00			28
29	Insurance Expense			(d)	475.00			29
30	Office Supplies Expense			(b)	500.00			30
31	Depr. Expense—Building			(f)	2,475.00			31
32	Miscellaneous Admin. Expense	1,191.00						32
33	Interest Revenue		60.00			(g)	30.00	33
34	Interest Expense	700.00						34
35	Totals	1,344,336.13	1,344,336.13		14,882.22		14,882.22	35
36	Net Income							36
37								37
38								38
39								39

Fas	shionable						
She	eet						
20\	/8						
	ADJUSTED TR	IAL BALANCE	INCOME ST	ATEMENT	BALANCE	SHEET	Γ
ŀ	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT	
1	146,131.01				146,131.01		1
2	6,800.00				6,800.00		2
3	27,979.47				27,979.47		3
4	30.00				30.00		
5	208,554.75				208,554.75		4 5 6
6	4,643.00				4,643.00		6
7	1,600.00				1,600.00		7
8	3,005.00				3,005.00		8
9	5,225.00				5,225.00		9
10	210,000.00				210,000.00		10
11	439,000.00				439,000.00		11
12		142,675.00				142,675.00	12
13	98,350.00				98,350.00		13
14		35,790.00				35,790.00	14
15		109,474.75				109,474.75	15
16		1,700.00				1,700.00	16
17		6,530.30				6,530.30	17
18		168,000.00				168,000.00	18
19		666,482.00				666,482.00	19
20 21	6,700.00				6,700.00		20
		219,049.08		219,049.08			21
22	154,716.90		154,716.90				22
23	17,200.00		17,200.00				23
24	626.00		626.00				24
25	650.00		650.00				25
26	1,489.00		1,489.00				26
27	10,500.00		10,500.00				27
28	1,250.00		1,250.00				28
29	475.00		475.00				29
30	500.00		500.00				30
31	2,475.00		2,475.00				31
32	1,191.00	00.00	1,191.00	00.00			32
33 34	700.00	90.00	700.00	90.00			33 34
34 35	1,349,791.13	1,349,791.13	191,772.90	219,139.08	1,158,018.23	1,130,652.05	34 35
35	1,343,731.13	1,543,731.13	27,366.18	213,133.00	1,130,010.23	27,366.18	35
		──────────────────────────────────────	219,139.08	219,139.08	1,158,018.23	1,158,018.23	36
37	I	I	213,133.00	213,133.00	1,100,010.23	1,100,010.23	
38 39							38 39
55			ļ				03

Fit a	& Fashi	onable			
		tement			
For the Mont	h Ende	d April 30, 2	0Y8		
Revenues:					
Sales					\$ 219,049.08
Cost of goods sold					154,716.90
Gross profit					\$ 64,332.18
Operating expenses:					
Selling expenses:					
Sales salaries expense	\$	17,200.00			
Advertising expense		626.00			
Store supplies expense		650.00			
Miscellaneous selling expense		1,489.00			
Total selling expenses			\$	19,965.00	
Administrative expenses:					
Office salaries expense	\$	10,500.00			
Depreciation expense—equipment		1,250.00			
Insurance expense		475.00			
Office supplies expense		500.00			
Depreciation expense—building		2,475.00			
Miscellaneous administrative expense		1,191.00			
Total administrative expenses				16,391.00	
Total operating expenses					36,356.00
Income from operations					\$ 27,976.18
Other revenue and expense:					
Interest revenue			\$	90.00	
Interest expense				(700.00)	(610.00)
Net income					\$ 27,366.18

Fit & Fashio Statement of Owr			
For the Month Ended	April 30, 20Y8		
Marty Chavez, capital, March 31, 20Y8			\$ 666,482.00
Net income for the month	\$	27,366.18	
Withdrawals		(6,700.00)	
Change in owner's equity			20,666.18
Marty Chavez, capital, April 30, 20Y8			\$ 687,148.18

Fit	& Fas	hionable				
В	alanc	e Sheet				
A	pril 30), 20Y8				
Assets			Ì			
Current assets:						
Cash			\$	146,131.01		
Notes receivable				6,800.00		
Accounts receivable				27,979.47		
Interest receivable				30.00		
Inventory				208,554.75		
Estimated returns inventory				4,643.00		
Office supplies				1,600.00		
Store supplies				3,005.00		
Prepaid insurance				5,225.00		
Total current assets					\$	403,968.23
Property, plant, and equipment:						
Land			\$	210,000.00		
Building	\$	439,000.00				
Accumulated depreciation		(142,675.00)				
Building, book value				296,325.00		
Equipment	\$	98,350.00				
Accumulated depreciation		(35,790.00)				
Equipment, book value				62,560.00		
Total property, plant, and equipment						568,885.00
Total assets	_				\$	972,853.23
Liabilities	_					
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable			\$	109,474.75		
Salaries payable			Ŷ	1,700.00		
Customer refunds payable				6,530.30		
Total current liabilities				-,	\$	117,705.05
Long-term liabilities:					<u> </u>	,
Notes payable						168,000.00
Total liabilities					\$	285,705.05
Owner's Equity						607 1 / 0 / 0
Marty Chavez, capital					¢	687,148.18
Total liabilities and owner's equity					\$	972,853.23

Fit & F	ashionable		
Post-Closir	ng Trial Balan	се	
April	30, 20Y8		
ACCOUNT	ACCT. NO.	DEBIT BALANCES	CREDIT BALANCES
Cash	1110	146,131.01	
Notes Receivable	1111	6,800.00	
Accounts Receivable	1112	27,979.47	
Interest Receivable	1113	30.00	
Inventory	1114	208,554.75	
Estimated Returns Inventory	1115	4,643.00	
Office Supplies	1116	1,600.00	
Store Supplies	1117	3,005.00	
Prepaid Insurance	1118	5,225.00	
Land	1120	210,000.00	
Building	1122	439,000.00	
Accumulated Depreciation—Building	1123		142,675.00
Equipment	1124	98,350.00	
Accumulated Depreciation—Equipment	1125		35,790.00
Accounts Payable	2100		109,474.75
Salaries Payable	2110		1,700.00
Customer Refunds Payable	2120		6,530.30
Notes Payable	2150		168,000.00
Marty Chavez, Capital	3100		687,148.18
		1,151,318.23	1,151,318.23

	Fit & Fashionable		
	ANALYSIS TEST		
	Journals		
1.	Total Merchandise Purchases during April	\$	125,915.15
2.	Total Cash Sales during April	\$	118,020.00
3.	Total Sales on Account for April	\$	105,499.08
4.	Total Accounts Payable Credits during April	\$	128,865.15
	Accounts Receivable Ledger		
5.	All Access Fitness Center Balance on April 30	\$	13,770.64
6.	Miami Health Club Balance on April 30	\$	5,233.30
	Accounts Payable Ledger		
7.	Alexus Fitness Center Balance on April 30	\$	10,105.00
8.	Sports Magic Warehouse Balance on April 30	\$	68,819.75
	Income Statement		
9.	Sales	\$	219,049.08
10.	Cost of Goods Sold	\$	154,716.90
11.	Gross Profit	\$ \$ \$	64,332.18
12.	Total Operating Expenses	\$	36,356.00
13.	Net Income	\$	27,366.18
	Statement of Owner's Equity		
14.	Change in Owner's Equity	\$	20,666.18
15.	Ending Balance of Owner's Equity, April 30	\$	687,148.18
	Balance Sheet		
16.	Total Current Assets	\$	403,968.23
17.	Total Property, Plant, and Equipment	\$	568,885.00
18.	Total Current Liabilities	\$	117,705.05
	Adjustments		
19.	Adjustment to Office Supplies	\$	500.00
20.	Adjustment to Prepaid Insurance	\$	475.00
21.	Adjustment to Store Supplies	\$	650.00
22.	Adjustment for Inventory Shrinkage	\$	142.22
	Closing		
23.	Amount Closed to Capital from Income Summary	\$	27,366.18
24.	Post-Closing Trial Balance Total	\$	1,151,318.23
25.	Amount Closed from Drawing to Capital	\$	6,700.00

Assets = Liabilities + Stockholders' Equity

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY ACCOUNTS

Account	Used to Record
Common Stock	Owner's Investments
Retained Earnings	Earnings That Have Not Been Paid Out as Divi- dends to Shareholders
Dividends	Earnings Distributions to Owners
Revenue	Revenues from Customers
Expense	Expenses Incurred in the Process of Generating Revenues

CHART OF ACCOUNTS

Larry Sharp, M.D.

The following information pertains to the medical practice of Larry Sharp, M.D. Using the information, develop a chart of accounts for Dr. Sharp. Remember to number the accounts using a flexible system of indexing, as described in your textbook.

- 1. Dr. Sharp is the sole shareholder of his medical practice.
- 2. Dr. Sharp has the following assets that are used in the business: \$15,000 in cash, \$1,200 worth of supplies, and medical equipment that cost \$8,900.
- 3. Dr. Sharp buys all of his medical supplies on account and pays for them within 30 days of the purchase.
- 4. In payment for his services, Dr. Sharp will accept cash or will bill his patients.
- 5. Dr. Sharp rents his office space. His lease agreement requires him to pay his own utilities.
- 6. Dr. Sharp is required to carry malpractice insurance, which is paid at the beginning of each year.
- 7. Dr. Sharp has one receptionist and one medical assistant who work for him full time. Each year, he buys the receptionist and the assistant flowers on their birthdays.
- 8. To keep current on medical advances, Dr. Sharp frequently attends medical seminars. These seminars can cost as much as \$10,000 each year.

SAMPLE CHART OF ACCOUNTS

Larry Sharp, M.D.

Assets

- 10 Cash
- 11 Accounts Receivable
- 12 Supplies
- **13** Prepaid Insurance
- 14 Medical Equipment

Liabilities

21 Accounts Payable

Stockholders' Equity

- 31 Common Stock
- 32 Retained Earnings
- 33 Dividends

Revenues

41 Fees Earned

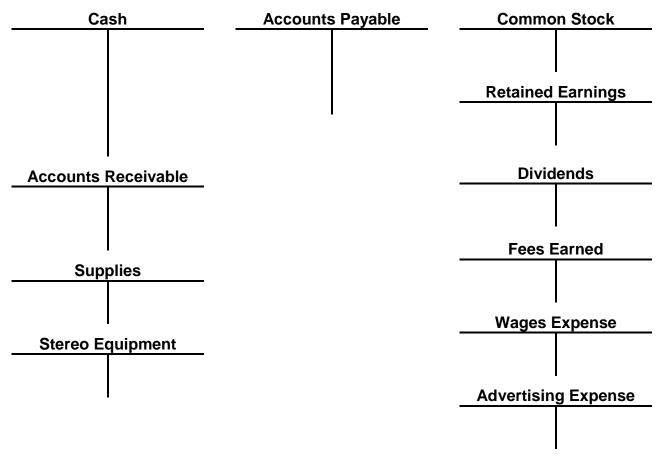
Expenses

- 51 Wages Expense
- 52 Rent Expense
- 53 Utilities Expense
- 54 Medical Seminars Expense
- 55 Supplies Expense
- 56 Miscellaneous Expense

POSTING ENTRIES INTO T ACCOUNTS

Mark Gordon decided to start a business as a disc jockey for wedding receptions, reunions, and other parties. His business is called Music Express. Record the following journal entries for Music Express and post these entries to the appropriate T accounts.

- a. Issued common stock to Mark for \$7,000.
- b. Purchased \$5,700 of stereo equipment on account.
- c. Paid for an advertisement in local newspapers, \$500.
- d. Paid cash for supplies, \$75.
- e. Received \$1,000 cash from customers for music provided at class reunions.
- f. Paid for stereo equipment purchased in (b).
- g. Provided music at a wedding reception; the bride's father was billed \$300. Payment is due in 30 days.
- h. Paid wages of an assistant, \$150.
- i. Received cash from the customer billed in (g).
- j. Paid cash dividend to Mark, \$575.



POSTING ENTRIES INTO T ACCOUNTS Solution

Mark Gordon decided to start a business as a disc jockey for wedding receptions, reunions, and other parties. His business is called Music Express. Record the following journal entries for Music Express and post these entries to the appropriate T accounts.

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- i. Received cash from the customer billed in (g).
- j. Paid cash dividend to Mark, \$575.

	Cash			Accounts Payable				Common Stock		ock	
a.	7,000	C.	500			b.	5,700			a.	7,000
e.	1,000	d.	75	f.	5,700						
i.	300	f.	5,700					R	etained	Earr	ninas
		h.	150				0				
		j.	575	_							
	1,300								D		_
A	ccounts	Rec	eivable					.	Divid	iend:	S
g.	300	i.	300	-				j.	575		
U										I	
	0			_					Fees E	Earne	ed
	Sup	nliod	-							e.	1,000
d.	 75	plies	5	-						g.	300
u.	75										1,300
	_	I _						,	Wages	Expe	nse
-	Stereo E	quip	ment	_				h.	150		
b.	5,700										
		l						ام ۸	vortioin	י ה דע	
									vertisin	iy ⊏x I	pense
								C.	500		

JOURNAL

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DATE	DESCRIPTION	POST. REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT
20Y1 Sept. 1	Cash Common Stock Owner's initial invest- ment.		8,000	8,000
3	Supplies Cash Purchased supplies.		200	200
7	Cash Fees Earned Received from cash customers.		500	500
12	Wages Expense Cash Paid wages of assistant.		100	100
15	Office Equipment Accounts Payable Purchased fax machine.		275	275
20	Accounts Receivable Fees Earned Billed credit customers.		1,310	1,310

ACCOUNT Cash

ACCOUNT NO. 10

		POST.			BALANCE	
DATE	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT

ACCOUNT Supplies

ACCOUNT NO. 12

		POST.			BALANCE	
DATE	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT

ACCOUNT Common Stock

ACCOUNT NO. 31

		POST.			BALANCE	
DATE	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT

ACCOUNT Fees Earned

ACCOUNT NO. 41

		POST.			BALANCE	
DATE	ITEM	REF.	DEBIT	CREDIT	DEBIT	CREDIT

WRITING EXERCISE

- 1. Why are business transactions initially recorded in a journal?
- 2. Why are business transactions posted from the journal to a ledger?

Where Is the Answer— The Journal or the Ledger?

The answers to the following business questions can be determined by examining accounting records. For each question, state whether the answer can be found in the journal or the ledger.

- 1. A business owner has decided to purchase a piece of equipment costing \$1,500. He wants to know whether the business has enough cash to pay for the equipment.
- 2. The company checkbook shows that a \$750 check was written on March 28. The owner wants to know why that check was written.
- 3. A personnel manager wants to know the total her company has spent on employee wages so far this month.
- 4. The marketing manager of a company wants to know the cost of a special full-page ad placed in *The Wall Street Journal* during the first week of December last year. The company frequently advertises in a variety of newspapers and magazines.

Where Is the Answer— The Journal or the Ledger?

Solution

- 1. A business owner has decided to purchase a piece of equipment costing \$1,500. He wants to know whether the business has enough cash to pay for the equipment. *The ledger will show the current balance in the cash account.*
- 2. The company checkbook shows that a \$750 check was written on March 28. The owner wants to know why that check was written.

The journal will show the account debited when the check was written and a brief description of the transaction.

- 3. A personnel manager wants to know the total her company has spent on employee wages so far this month. *The ledger will show the current balance in the wages expense account.*
- 4. The marketing manager of a company wants to know the cost of a special full-page ad placed in *The Wall Street Journal* during the first week of December last year. The company frequently advertises in a variety of newspapers and magazines.

The journal entries around the first week of December will need to be searched for the cost of this ad. The description accompanying the entry should identify The Wall Street Journal ad.

TRIAL BALANCE

Music Express Trial Balance May 31, 20Y1

	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	1,300	
Supplies	75	
Stereo Equipment	5,700	
Common Stock		7,000
Dividends	575	
Fees Earned		1,300
Wages Expense	150	
Advertising Expense	<u>500</u>	
	<u>8,300</u>	<u>8,300</u>

WHAT'S WRONG WITH THIS?

Journal Entries:	T Accounts:			
a. Cash	Cash	Common Stock		
b. Supplies 200	a. 8,000	a. 8,000		
Cash 200	b. 200	e. 810		
a Cash 550	с. 550	8,810		
c. Cash 550 Fees Earned 550	d. 1,340			
	6,970			
d. Wages Expense 1,340				
Cash 1,340	Accounts	Fees		
	Receivable	Earned		
e. Accounts	e. 810	c. 500		
Receivable 810				
Fees Earned 810		Wages		
	Supplies	Expense		
	b. 200	d. 1,340		

Trial Balance

	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	6,970	
Accounts Receivable	810	
Supplies	200	
Common Stock		8,810
Fees Earned	500	
Wages Expense	<u>1,340</u>	
	<u>9,810</u>	<u>8,810</u>

WHAT'S WRONG WITH THIS?

Solution

Trial Balance

	Debit	Credit
	Balances	Balances
Cash	7,010	
Accounts Receivable	810	
Supplies	200	
Common Stock		8,000
Fees Earned		1,360
Wages Expense	<u>1,340</u>	
	<u>9,360</u>	<u>9,360</u>

Music Express

Income Statements

For the Months Ended May 31 and June 30

	<u>June</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>Increase</u> (Decrease)	Percent
Fees earned	<u>\$2,100</u>	<u>\$1,300</u>	<u>\$ 800</u>	61.5%
Operating expenses:				
Wages expense	\$ 180	\$ 150	\$ 30	20.0%
Advertising expense	600	450	150	33.3%
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 780</u>	<u>\$ 600</u>	<u>\$ 180</u>	30.0%
Net income	<u>\$1,320</u>	<u>\$ 700</u>	<u>\$ 620</u>	88.6%