# CHAPTER 2—INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL REPORTING TOPICS

#### MULTIPLE CHOICE

- 1. At the end of the fiscal year, an adjusting entry is made that increases both interest expense and interest payable. This entry is an application for which accounting principle?
  - a. Full disclosure
  - b. Materiality
  - c. Matching
  - d. Going concern
  - e. Realization

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Adjusting Entries | IMA: Reporting

TOP: The Accounting Cycle KEY: Bloom's: Application

NOT: Time: 1 min.

- 2. Who is responsible for the preparation and integrity of financial statements?
  - a. A cost accountant
  - b. Management
  - c. An auditor
  - d. A bookkeeper
  - e. The FASB

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Reporting

TOP: Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

NOT: Time: 1 min.

- 3. Which of the following is <u>not</u> an objective of the SEC's integrated disclosure system?
  - a. To coordinate the Form 10-K requirements with those of the annual report
  - b. To lessen the impact of the FASB
  - c. To expand the management discussion of liquidity, capital resources, and results of operations
  - d. To improve the quality of disclosure
  - e. To standardize information requirements

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: GAAP | IMA: Reporting

TOP: The SEC's Integrated Disclosure System KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

NOT: Time: 3 min.

- 4. Which of the following is <u>not</u> a type of audit opinion?
  - a. Unqualified opinion
  - b. Qualified opinion
  - c. Adverse opinion
  - d. Clean opinion
  - e. Disclaimer of opinion

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Reporting

TOP: Auditor's Opinion KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

NOT: Time: 1 min.

5. Which of the following statements is not true?

- a. A qualified opinion or an adverse opinion may bring into question the reliability of the financial statements.
- b. A disclaimer of opinion indicates that one should not look to the auditor's report as an indication of the reliability of the statements.
- c. In some cases, outside accountants are associated with financial statements when they have performed less than an audit.
- d. A review is substantially less in scope than an examination in accordance with generally accepted auditing statements.
- e. The accountant's report expresses an opinion on reviewed financial statements.

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Moderate

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Reporting

TOP: Auditor's Opinion KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 3 min.

- 6. In addition to the balance sheet, the income statement, and the statement of cash flows, a complete set of financial statements must include:
  - a. an auditor's opinion.
  - b. a ten-year summary of operations.
  - c. a note disclosure of such items as accounting policies.
  - d. historical common-size (percentage) summaries.
  - e. a list of corporate officers.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis

TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

NOT: Time: 1 min.

- 7. Which of the following statements is <u>not</u> correct concerning summary annual reports?
  - a. A summary annual report omits much of the financial information included in an annual report.
  - b. When a company issues a summary annual report, the proxy materials it sends to shareholders must include a set of fully audited statements and other required financial disclosures.
  - c. A summary annual report generally has more nonfinancial pages than financial pages.
  - d. A summary annual report is adequate for reasonable analysis.
  - e. The concept of a summary annual report was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis

TOP: Summary Annual Report KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 3 min.

- 8. Which of the following is not a true statement relating to the Treadway Commission?
  - a. The Treadway Commission is the popular name for the National Commission on

Fraudulent Reporting.

- b. The Treadway Commission has released reports detailing internal control systems.
- c. Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and the independent public accounting from report to the shareholders and board of directors often refer to criteria established on internal control by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).
- d. The Treadway Commission has issued a number of recommendations for the prevention of fraud on financial reports, ethics, and effective internal controls.
- e. The Treadway Commission is a voluntary-sector organization formed to support the Sarbones-Oxley Act.

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Reporting

TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 3 min.

- 9. Which of these statements is not true?
  - a. Transactions must be recorded in a journal.
  - b. All transactions could be recorded in the general journal.
  - c. Companies use a number of special journals to record most transactions.
  - d. Special journals are designed to improve record- keeping efficiency.
  - e. The form of the journals are the same from industry to industry.

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Recording Transactions | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 3 min.

- 10. Which of these statements is <u>not</u> true?
  - a. Asset, liability, and stockholders' equity accounts are referred to as permanent accounts.
  - b. Revenue, expense, and dividend accounts are described as temporary accounts.
  - c. Temporary accounts are closed at the end of the period to retained earnings.
  - d. The balance sheet will not balance until the temporary accounts are closed to retained earnings.
  - e. With double-entry, each transaction is recorded twice.

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Closing Entries | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis

TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 3 min.

- 11. Which of the following is a type of audit opinion that a firm would usually prefer?
  - a. Uqualified opinion
  - b. Qualified opinion
  - c. Adverse opinion
  - d. Clear opinion
  - e. None of the answers are correct.

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Reporting | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Reporting

TOP: Auditor's Opinion KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

NOT: Time: 1 min.

- 12. Which of the following is a permanent account?
  - a. Dividends
  - b. Advertising expense
  - c. Building
  - d. Selling expense
  - e. Insurance expense

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis

TOP: The Financial Statements Bloom's: Application KEY:

NOT: Time: 1 min.

- 13. Which of the following is a temporary account?
  - a. Advertising expense
  - b. Land
  - c. Building
  - d. Accounts payable
  - e. Bonds payable

ANS: A DIF: Difficulty: Easy PTS: 1

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis

The Financial Statements Bloom's: Application TOP: KEY:

NOT: Time: 1 min.

- 14. In terms of debits and credits, which of the following accounts have the same normal balances?
  - a. Accounts payable, accounts receivable, notes payable
  - b. Dividends, accounts receivable, notes payable
  - c. Advertising expense, selling expense, accounts receivable
  - d. Land, building, accounts payable
  - e. Common stock, notes payable, land

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Recording Transactions | IMA: Financial Statement TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Application Analysis

NOT: Time: 3 min.

- 15. If liabilities total \$70,000 and stockholders' equity totals \$50,000, then total assets must be:
  - a. \$20,000.
  - b. \$80,000.
  - c. \$120,000.
  - d. \$30,000.
  - e. \$30,000.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement

TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Application Analysis

NOT: Time: 3 min.

16. Tiffin Company had retained earnings of \$50,000 at the end of last year. For the current year, income was \$20,000 and dividends \$15,000. What is the balance in retained earnings at the end of the current year? a. \$85,000 b. \$45,000 c. \$55,000 d. \$60,000 e. none of the answers are correct ANS: C DIF: Difficulty: Easy PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Application Analysis NOT: Time: 3 min. 17. Smith Company had retained earnings of \$60,000 at the end of the current year. For the current year, income was \$30,000 and dividends \$10,000. What was the balance in retained earnings at the end of the prior year? a. \$30,000 b. \$40,000 c. \$60,000 d. \$30,000 e. \$70,000 ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Application Analysis NOT: Time: 3 min. TRUE/FALSE 1. Financial statements of legally separate entities may be issued to show financial position, income, and cash flow as they would appear if the companies were a single entity. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement TOP: Consolidated Statements KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge **Analysis** NOT: Time: 1 min. 2. A disclaimer of opinion is necessary when the exceptions to fair presentation are so material that a qualified opinion is not justified. DIF: Difficulty: Easy ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Reporting | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Reporting TOP: Auditor's Opinion KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge NOT: Time: 1 min. 3. The responsibility for the preparation and integrity of financial statements rests with management. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement TOP: Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge NOT: Time: 1 min. 4. The assets for the balance sheet must equal the liabilities and stockholders' equity. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge NOT: Time: 1 min. 5. The retained earnings account is the link between the balance sheet and the statement of cash flows. ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement TOP: The Financial Statements Analysis KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension NOT: Time: 1 min. 6. A summary annual report is a condensed annual report that omits much of the financial information included in a typical annual report. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement TOP: Summary Annual Report KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension NOT: Time: 1 min. 7. A sole proprietorship is a legal entity separate from its owner. ANS: F DIF: Difficulty: Easy PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Business Forms | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: Forms of Business Entities KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension NOT: Time: 1 min. 8. A partnership is a business owned by two or more individuals. Each owner is personally responsible for the debts of the partnership. DIF: Difficulty: Easy ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Business Forms | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: Forms of Business Entities KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension NOT: Time: 1 min.

9. A corporation is considered to be a legal entity separate and distinct from the stockholders.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Business Forms | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis

TOP: Forms of Business Entities KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

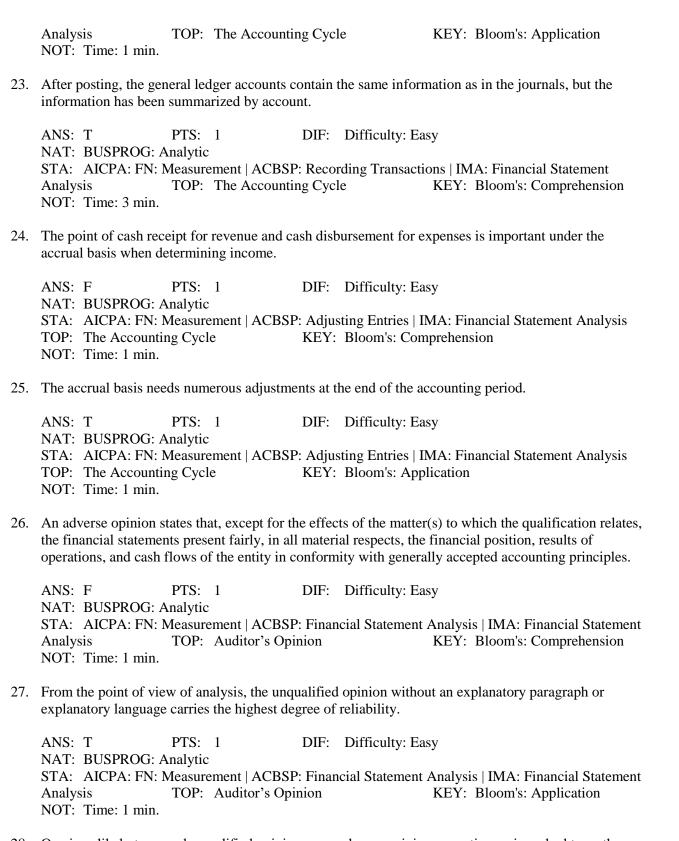
NOT: Time: 1 min.

10.	The principal financial statements of a corporation are the balance sheet, income statement, and statement of cash flows.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy  NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic  STA: ALCDA: ENL Macanagement   ACDSD: Financial Statement Analysis   DMA: Financial Statement
	STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement   ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis   IMA: Financial Statement Analysis   TOP: The Financial Statements   KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge NOT: Time: 1 min.
11.	A balance sheet shows the financial condition of an accounting entity for a particular period of time.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement   ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis   IMA: Financial Statement
	Analysis TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge NOT: Time: 1 min.
12.	At any point in time, assets must equal the contribution of the creditors only.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic
	STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement   ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis   IMA: Financial Statement Analysis   TOP: The Financial Statements   KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension NOT: Time: 1 min.
13.	The income statement is a summary of revenues and expenses and gains and losses, ending with net income, for a particular period of time.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic
	STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement   ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis   IMA: Financial Statement Analysis   TOP: The Financial Statements   KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge   NOT: Time: 1 min.
14.	Retained earnings always shows a positive balance.
	ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic
	STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement   ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis   IMA: Financial Statement Analysis   TOP: The Financial Statements   KEY: Bloom's: Application   NOT: Time: 1 min.
15.	The statement of retained earnings reconciles the beginning retained earnings balance to the retained earnings balance at the end of the current period.
	ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic
	STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement   ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis   IMA: Financial Statement Analysis   TOP: The Financial Statements   KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension NOT: Time: 1 min.
16.	The statement of cash flows consists of two sections: cash flows from operating activities and cash flows from financing activities.

ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge NOT: Time: 1 min. 17. Contingent liabilities are recorded as a liability only if the loss is considered substantial and the amount is reasonably determinable. DIF: Difficulty: Easy ANS: F PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement TOP: The Financial Statements Analysis KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension NOT: Time: 1 min. 18. The sequence of accounting procedures completed during each accounting period is called the accounting cycle. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Accounting Cycle | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: The Accounting Cycle KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension NOT: Time: 1 min. 19. Transactions must be external to the company. ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Recording Transactions | IMA: Financial Statement TOP: The Accounting Cycle KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension NOT: Time: 1 min. 20. Accounts store the monetary information from the recording of transactions. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Recording Transactions | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: The Accounting Cycle KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge NOT: Time: 1 min. 21. T-accounts have a left, or credit, side and a right, or debit, side. ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Recording Transactions | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: The Accounting Cycle KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge NOT: Time: 1 min. 22. Several accounts could be involved in a single transaction, but the debits and credits must still be equal. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Recording Transactions | IMA: Financial Statement

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic



28. One is unlikely to regard a qualified opinion or an adverse opinion as casting serious doubts on the reliability of the financial statements.

ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement

	Analysis NOT: Time: 1 min.	TOP:	Auditor's Opir	nion		KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension
29.	A review has substant auditing standards.	ially le	ss scope than a	n exam	ination in acco	rdance with generally accepted
	NAT: BUSPROG: AI STA: AICPA: FN: M	leasure		Finan	Difficulty: Mo	Analysis   IMA: Financial Statement KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension
30.	The accountant's report	rt expre	esses an opinior	on re	viewed financia	al statements.
	NAT: BUSPROG: AI STA: AICPA: FN: M	leasure		Finan	Difficulty: East	Analysis   IMA: Financial Statement KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension
31.	Sometimes financial s	tateme	nts are presente	d with	out an accompa	anying accountant's report.
	NAT: BUSPROG: AI STA: AICPA: FN: M	Ieasure		Finan	Difficulty: Mo	Analysis   IMA: Financial Statement KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension
32.	The responsibility for	the pre	paration and in	tegrity	of financial sta	tements rests with the auditors.
	NAT: BUSPROG: AI STA: AICPA: FN: M	leasure TOP:	ement   ACBSP: Management's	Finan Respo		Analysis   IMA: Financial Statement nancial Statements
33.	The proxy is the solici other corporation action		sent to stockhol	ders fo	or the election o	of directors and for the approval of
	NAT: BUSPROG: AI STA: AICPA: FN: M	Ieasure			Difficulty: East cial Statement . Bloom's: Know	Analysis   IMA: Financial Statement
34.	In practice, some of th	e requi	ired information	n in the	210-K is incorp	porated by reference.
	ANS: T NAT: BUSPROG: AI STA: AICPA: FN: R TOP: The SEC's Inte NOT: Time: 1 min.	eportin	ng   ACBSP: GA	AAP   I	Difficulty: Eas	

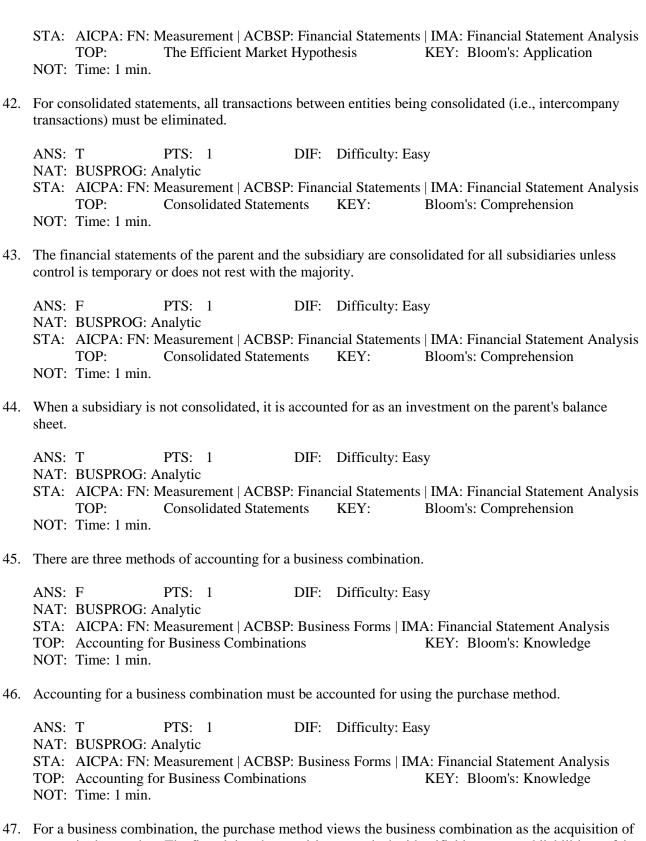
35. A summary annual report generally has more nonfinancial pages than financial pages.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement TOP: Summary Annual Report KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension Analysis NOT: Time: 1 min. 36. Accepted accounting principles leave ample room for arriving at different results in the short run. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension Analysis TOP: Ethics NOT: Time: 1 min. 37. Ethics can be a particular problem with financial reports. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Ethics STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension Analysis TOP: Ethics NOT: Time: 1 min. 38. For consolidating, the FASB recognizes risks, rewards, decision-making ability and the primary beneficiary. ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: **Consolidated Statements** Bloom's: Comprehension KEY: NOT: Time: 1 min. 39. A company must have majority voting shares of the other company in order to consolidate. ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: **Consolidated Statements** KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension NOT: Time: 1 min. 40. It is generally recognized that the market is more efficient when dealing with small firms that are not trading on large organized stock markets. ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis The Efficient Market Hypothesis TOP: KEY: Bloom's: Application NOT: Time: 1 min. 41. The market will not be efficient if it does not have access to relevant information or if fraudulent

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

information is provided.



one entity by another. The firm doing the acquiring records the identifiable assets and liabilities at fair value at the date of acquisition.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Business Forms | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis

	TOP: Accounting for Business Combinations NOT: Time: 3 min.	S	KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension
48.	The efficient market hypothesis (EMH) relates securities that reflect worth.	s to the ability	of capital markets to generate prices for
	NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement   ACBSP: F Analysis TOP: The Efficient Ma		•
49.	NOT: Time: 1 min.  The auditor will issue a qualified opinion when form an opinion.	n he/she has no	ot performed an audit sufficient in scope to
	NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement   ACBSP: C		•
50.	The audit opinion of a public company is simil public company comments will be added as to reporting.		
	NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement   ACBSP: C		
51.	For public companies reporting under Sarbane controls in addition to the audit report.	es-Oxley, the a	uditor reports on the firm's internal
	NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Reporting   ACBSP: GAA		•
52.	For public companies reporting to the SEC, the http://www.sec.gov.	e 10-K, 10-Q,	8-K, and proxy can be found at
	ANS: T PTS: 1 D NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic	IF: Difficult	y: Easy

STA: AICPA: FN: Reporting | ACBSP: GAAP | IMA: Reporting

TOP: The SEC's Integrated Disclosure System | Proxy KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge

NOT: Time: 1 min.

53. Most companies consolidate the parent's and subsidiary's accounts summed.

ANS: T PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis

54.	Not all reports to the SEC are	made available on E	EDGAR.		
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Reporting		Difficulty: Easy IMA: Reporting		
	TOP: SEC – Paper Filings – NOT: Time: 1 min.		KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge		
55.	The XBRL approach is not un	ique with the SEC as	as it is used for many products and many countries		
	ANS: T PTS: 1 NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Reporting TOP: SEC – Paper Filings – NOT: Time: 1 min.	g   ACBSP: GAAP   1	, ,		
PROI	BLEM				
1.	The following are selected acc	counts and account b	balances of Gorr Company on December 31:		
		Permanent (F	P) Normal Balance		
		or Temporary	<u>Dr. (Cr.)</u>		
	Inventory				
	Land				
	Wages Payable				
	Capital Stock				
	Retained Earnings				
	Revenues				
	Dividends				
	Advertising Expense				
	Required: <ul><li>a. Indicate whether the account is a permanent (P) or temporary (T) account.</li><li>b. Indicate the normal balance in terms of debit (Dr.) or credit (Cr.).</li></ul>				
	ANS:				
		Permanent (F			
	Instantons	or Temporary			
	Inventory Land	P P	Dr.		
		P P	Dr. Cr.		
	Wages Payable Capital Stock	P P	Cr. Cr.		
	Retained Earnings	P P	Cr.		
	Revenues	T	Cr. Cr.		
	Dividends	T	Cr. Dr.		
	Advertising Expense	T	Dr.		

TOP: NOT: Time: 1 min. Consolidated Statements

KEY:

Bloom's: Comprehension

DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic PTS: 1 STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Accounting Cycle | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: The Accounting Cycle KEY: Bloom's: Application NOT: Time: 5 min.

2. Listed below are several accounts or statement categories.

	Balance Sheet (BS) Income Statement (IS)
Account or Statement Category	Statement of Cash Flows (SCF)
Accounts Receivable	
Inventory	
Prepaid Insurance	
Sales	
Cost of Goods Sold	
Cash Flow from Investing Activities	
Notes Payable	
Interest Expense	
Tax Expense	
Taxes Payable	
Administrative Expense	
Current Assets	
Advertising Expense	
Cash Flow from Financing Activities	
Required: In the space provided, indicate the financial statement as	s balance sheet (BS), income statement (IS)

S), or statement of cash flows (SCF).

### ANS:

Balance Sheet (BS) Income Statement (IS)

Account or Statement Category	Statement of Cash Flows (SCF)
Accounts Receivable	BS
Inventory	BS
Prepaid Insurance	BS
Sales	IS
Cost of Goods Sold	IS
Cash Flow from Investing Activities	SCF
Notes Payable	BS
Interest Expense	IS
Tax Expense	IS
Taxes Payable	BS
Administrative Expense	IS
Current Assets	BS
Advertising Expense	IS

PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis

TOP: The Accounting Cycle KEY: Bloom's: Application

NOT: Time: 5 min.

- 3. Listed below is information related to several adjusting entry situations. Assume that the accounting year ends on December 31.
  - 1. \$3,000 paid for insurance on October 1 for a one-year period (October 1 September 30). This transaction was recorded as a debit to prepaid insurance (\$3,000) and a credit to cash (\$3,000).
  - 2. Interest on bonds payable in the amount of \$500 has not been recorded at December 31.
  - 3. Rent expense in the amount of \$1,200 was paid on November 1. This transaction was recorded as a debit to rent expense (\$1,200) and a credit to cash (\$1,200). This rent payment was for the period November 1 to January 31.

#### Required:

Record the original entries and the adjusting entries using T-accounts.

#### ANS:

	Prepaid Insurance			Cash	
10-1	3,000 12-31	750		10-1 11-1	3,000 1,200
	Insurance Expense			Interest Expense	
12-31	750		12-31	500	
	Interest Payable			Prepaid Rent	
	12-31	500	12-31	400	
	Rent Expense				
11-1	1,200 12-31	400			

PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Moderate NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Recording Transactions | ACBSP: Adjusting Entries |

IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: The Accounting Cycle

KEY: Bloom's: Application NOT: Time: 15 min.

- 4. Listed below is information related to several entry situations. Assume that the accounting year ends on December 31.
  - 1. The company acquired land for \$100,000 issuing a note payable.
  - 2. Equipment is acquired for \$30,000 cash.
  - 3. Memberships were sold for \$20,000, accepting accounts receivables.
  - 4. Salaries of \$15,000 were paid in cash.
  - 5. Utilities were paid in cash in the amount of \$5,000.

#### Required:

Record these entries using T-accounts. Use the number of the transaction in lieu of a date for identification purposes.

#### ANS:

Land					Notes Payable			
(1)	100,000						(1)	100,000
	Equ	ipment				C	ash	
(2)	30,000						(2) (4)	30,000 15,000
							(5)	5,000
	Members	hip Rev	enue			Accounts	Receivab	le
		(3)		20,000	(3)	20,000		
	Sa	laries						
(4)	15,000							
	Utilitie	s Exper	ise					
(5)	5,000							
		Measur	ement		_	ansactions   II	MA: Finaı	OG: Analytic ncial Statement
Analysis		IOP.	THE P	Accounting (	ycic	IXE I	. DIOOHI S	: Application

- 5. Monroe Company recorded these transactions during the year. Monroe Company has an accounting year-end of December 31.
  - 1. An insurance policy was recorded on July 1 in the amount of \$5,000, recorded as prepaid insurance. The policy provides liability protection for a one-year period.
  - 2. Monroe Company rents property for \$1,000 per month. Rent revenue has not been received for December.
  - 3. Income taxes of \$8,000 need to be recorded for December.
  - 4. A promissory note payable of \$10,000 was recorded on October 1. At December 31, interest payable of \$200 was owed.
  - 5. At December 31, salary expense of \$800 was payable.

#### Required:

NOT: Time: 10 min.

Record the adjusting entries at December 31 using T accounts. Use the number of the transaction in lieu of a date for identification purposes.

## ANS:

	Prepaid Insurance		Insurance Expense				
	(1)	2,500	(1)	2,500	_		
	Rent Receivable			Rent Revenue			
(2)	1,000			(2)	1,000		

	Income T	axes Payable			Income Tax Expe	ense
	meome 1	(3)	8,000	(3)	8,000 R	1130
	Intono	t Dovoblo			Interest Expans	
	Interes	t Payable	200	(4)	Interest Expens	<u>se</u>
		(4)	200	(4)	200	
	Salary	Payable			Salary Expense	e
		(5)	800	(5)	800	
6.	PTS: 1 STA: AICPA: FN: I TOP: The Accounti NOT: Time: 10 min	Measurement ng Cycle	KE	Y: Bloom's	ries   IMA: Financial s: Application	ROG: Analytic Statement Analysis
0.	Net income for 2012 Dividends declared a Retained earnings, D Retained earnings, D	nd paid in 20 ecember 31,	012 2011	IN 110 201	2 umuu reporu	\$ 8,450 ? 82,000 90,000
	Required: Solve for dividends of Company for the year ANS:					ed earnings for Danner
			Danner C atement of Re e Year Ended	tained Earn		
	Retained earnings, Do	ecember 31	2011			\$82 <b>,</b> 000
	Net income for 2012	200111001 31,	2011			8,450
	Less dividends declar	ed and paid i	in 2012			450
	Retained earnings, De	_				\$90,000
	PTS: 1 STA: AICPA: FN: I TOP: NOT: Time: 5 min.	DIF: Diffi Measurement The Accour	ACBSP: Fir	nancial State KEY:		ROG: Analytic cial Statement Analysis dication
7.	Users of financial rep	orts rely on t	hose reports t	o aid them i	n making decisions.	
	Required: Determine the financ question. Select between		_		-	
	a	User Ques		gement did selling o	expense compare to t	hat of last

			year?
b.		User: Question:	Supplier of inventory How much does the company currently owe in accounts payable?
c.		User: Question:	Banker How much debt does the company have on its books?
d.		User: Question:	Stockholder How much did the company pay in dividends this past year?
ANa. a. b. c. d.	S: income statement balance sheet balance sheet statement of stockholde	rs' equity	
STA	A: AICPA: FN: Measure	Difficulty: Fement   ACBS ccounting Cy	SP: Financial Statements   IMA: Financial Statement Analysis
Dor	rset Company began the y	ear with tota	al assets of \$400,000 and total liabilities of \$300,000.
Usi	uired: ng this information and tl stions.	ne accounting	g equation, answer each of the following independent
a. b.	Assuming Dorset Comp by \$30,000 during the y the year? Assuming Dorset's total	ear, what wo assets increa	ity at the beginning of the year? Increased by \$50,000 and its total liabilities increased uld be the amount of stockholders' equity at the end of used to \$500,000 and its stockholders' equity increased unt of total liabilities at the end of the year?
ANa. b. c.	S: \$100,000 \$120,000 \$350,000		
STA Ana		Difficulty: Nement   ACBS	SP: Financial Statement Analysis   IMA: Financial Statement
List	ed below is information	related to the	accounts of Jasper Company.

8.

9.

 $\begin{array}{c|cccc} & \underline{Case\ 1} & \underline{Case\ 2} & \underline{Case\ 2} \\ \hline \text{Total assets, end of period} & $\$60,000 & \$ & \$90,000 \\ \hline \text{Total liabilities, end of period} & \underline{\phantom{Case\ 2}} & 20,000 & 30,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ 

Common stock, end of period Retained earnings, beginning of period Net income for the period Dividends for the period	20,000 25,000 10,000 3,000	25,000 20,000 5,000 5,000	25,000 30,000 4,000
Required: Fill in the blank with the appropriate dollar	r amount.		
ANS: Case 1 Total liabilities, end of period Case 2 Total assets, end of period Case 3 Net income for the period	d		\$ 8,000 \$65,000 \$ 9,000
PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: M STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement   ACBS TOP: The Accounting Cycle NOT: Time: 5 min.			
. Consider the rules for increasing and decre	easing the various types	of accounts, as li	sted below.
Type of Account	<u>Debit</u>	Cred	<u>lit</u>
Asset			
Liability			
Owner's equity			
• •			
Revenue		-	<u> </u>
Expense			
Dividends		-	
Required: Indicate increase or decrease following the	e debit and credit rules	for the type of acc	ount.
ANS:		_	
* *	<u>Debit</u>	Cred	
	icrease ecrease	Decre Incre	
	ecrease	Incre	
_ ·	ecrease	Incre	
	icrease	Decre	
. <del>-</del>	ncrease	Decre	
PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: E STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement   ACBS Analysis TOP: The Account NOT: Time: 5 min.	P: Recording Transacti	NAT: BUSPRO ons   IMA: Financ KEY: Bloom's:	cial Statement
. Required: Indicate in days, the Form 10-K deadline to	for each category of file	erc	

# 11.

10.

Indicate in days, the Form 10-K deadline for each category of filers.

Case 1: Large accelerated filer (\$700 million or more market value)

Case 3: Non-accelerated filer (less than \$75 million market value) Case 1: Case 2: Case 3: ANS: Case 1: 60 75 Case 2: 90 Case 3: PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic STA: AICPA: FN: Reporting | ACBSP: GAAP | IMA: Reporting TOP: The SEC's Integrated Disclosure System KEY: Bloom's: Knowledge NOT: Time: 5 min.

Case 2: Accelerated filer (\$75 million or more and less than \$700 million market value)

#### **MATCHING**

Below is a list of auditor's reports as well as a list of phrases describing the reports.

# Required:

Match each auditor's report with the phrase that correctly describes it.

- a. adverse
- b. unqualified
- c. qualified
- d. reviewed
- e. disclaimer
- f. compiled
- 1. Presentation of financial information as presented by management
- 2. This opinion states that except for the effects of the matter(s) to which the qualification relates, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of entity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 3. This opinion states that the financial statements do not present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the entity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 4. Consists principally of inquiries made to company personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data.
- 5. The auditor does not express an opinion on the financial statements.
- 6. This opinion states that the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the entity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.
- ANS: F PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy
   NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic
   STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement

Analysis TOP: Auditor's Opinion KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 10 min.

2. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis | TOP: Auditor's Opinion | KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 10 min.

3. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis | TOP: Auditor's Opinion | KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 10 min.

4. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis | TOP: Auditor's Opinion | KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 10 min.

5. ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis | TOP: Auditor's Opinion | KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 10 min.

6. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statement Analysis | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis | TOP: Auditor's Opinion | KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 10 min.

Listed below are several terms related to financial statements.

#### Required:

Match the financial statement that goes with each term.

- a. income statements
- b. notes
- c. balance sheet
- d. statement of cash flows
- e. statement of retained earnings (reconciliation of retained earnings)
- 7. Shows the financial condition of an accounting entity as of a particular date.
- 8. Details the inflows and outflows of cash during a specified period of time.
- 9. Summarizes the results of operations for a particular period of time.
- 10. Links the balance sheet to the income statement.
- 11. Used to present additional information on items included in the financial statements and to present additional financial information.

7. ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis

TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 5 min.

8. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

#### Financial Statement Analysis 13th Edition Gibson Test Bank

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 5 min.

9. ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 5 min.

10. ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 5 min.

11. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Difficulty: Easy

NAT: BUSPROG: Analytic

STA: AICPA: FN: Measurement | ACBSP: Financial Statements | IMA: Financial Statement Analysis TOP: The Financial Statements KEY: Bloom's: Comprehension

NOT: Time: 5 min.