Chapter 02

# Expanded Tax Formula, Forms 1040A and 1040, and Basic Concepts

Tru	ue / False Questions
1.	The federal individual income tax returns are the 1040ES, 1040A and 1040.
	True False
2.	The tax code defines adjusted gross income (AGI) as gross income minus a list of permitted deductions.
	True False
3.	The amount of tax liability for a taxpayer depends on many factors, including the filing status of the taxpayer.
	True False
4.	A married couple can file a joint return only if both have earned income.
	True False
5.	A married couple in the process of obtaining a divorce cannot file a joint tax return.
	True False
6.	A taxpayer filing separately must show the name, address, and social security number of the spouse on the tax return.
	True False

7.	To qualify for head of household status, a taxpayer must maintain a household that is the princip place of abode of a qualifying person for more than half the year.	al
	True False	
8.	A taxpayer can qualify for head of household even though his or her parents are living in a separate household from that of the taxpayer (assume all other requirements are met).	
	True False	
9.	If a taxpayer's spouse dies during the tax year, the taxpayer must file as a qualifying widow(er).	
	True False	
10.	The exemption amount is subject to annual adjustment for inflation.	
	True False	
11.	The personal exemption for 2014 is \$3,950.	
	True False	
12.	A taxpayer can be claimed as a dependent on another return and still he or she can claim a personal exemption on his or her tax return.	
	True False	
13.	To be claimed as a dependent, a person must be a qualifying child or a qualifying relative.	
	True False	
14.	A qualifying child does not have to meet the support test in order to be claimed as a dependent	
	True False	

15.	•	ifying relative must be related to the taxpayer (as listed by the IRS), or be a member of the er's household for the entire year.
	True	False
16.	A taxp	ayer who either is 65 or older or blind can claim an additional standard deduction.
	True	False
17.	The sta	andard deduction in 2014 for a married couple, under 65 and not blind, is \$12,400.
	True	False
18.	In 2014 is \$1,20	1, the additional standard deduction for a single taxpayer, who is 65 or older and not blind 00.
	True	False
19.		the total of the itemized deductions is lower than the standard deduction, a taxpayer choose to itemize on his or her tax return.
	True	False
20.	The ta	x tables stop at taxable income of \$115,000.
	True	False
21.		axpayers make payments to the IRS through income tax withholdings and quarterly ted tax payments.
	True	False
22.	A taxp	ayer may request an automatic seven-month extension of time to file his or her tax return.
	True	False

23.	An ext	tension to file a tax return is an extension of time to file and an extension of time to pay.
	True	False
24.	The m	aximum penalty for failure to file a tax return that is not due to fraud is 25%.
	True	False
25.	The IR	S can impose a 75% penalty on any portion of understatement of tax that is attributable to ence.
	True	False
26.		le income (TI) is computed after subtracting from adjusted gross income (AGI), the standard tion or itemized deductions and personal and dependency exemptions.
	True	False
27.	When	a taxpayer's AGI exceeds certain levels, certain tax benefits are reduced or eliminated.
	True	False
28.	Marita	Il status of a taxpayer is determined on the last day of the tax year.
	True	False
29.	A cou	ole who is legally married on the last day of the tax year cannot file married filing separately.
	True	False
30.		hough the taxpayer is claimed as a dependent on another tax return, he or she can still e an exemption amount for himself or herself when filing his or her tax return.
	True	False

31.	In a multiple support agreement, the taxpayer who will receive the exemption must file all the forms 2120 with his or her tax return.
	True False
32.	The taxpayer's brother must live with the taxpayer for the entire year to meet the relationship or member of household test under qualifying relatives.
	True False
33.	If a married couple files separate returns and one of them itemizes, the other spouse must also itemize.
	True False
34.	A taxpayer who has income that is not subject to withholding is never required to make estimated payments during the year.
	True False
35.	If the taxpayer still owes tax after April 15, the IRS assesses interest based on the remaining amoun owed.
	True False
36.	Many deductions and credits are determined with reference to adjusted gross income (AGI).
	True False
37.	A taxpayer must be married to claim Head of Household status.
	True False
38.	Personal exemptions are for the taxpayer and spouse.
	True False

39.	The amount of the standard deduction increases for people who are age 62 and have retired.
	True False
40.	The accuracy-related penalty applies when negligence or any substantial understatement occurs
	True False
Μι	ultiple Choice Questions
41.	A single taxpayer is 43 years old and has wages only of \$16,000. Which is the simplest form this person can file?
	A. 1040A.
	B. 1040ES.
	C. 1040.
	D. 1040EZ.
42.	A 36-year-old taxpayer with a dependent child and claiming head of household status has received \$29,000 in alimony payments and earned wages of \$44,000. Which is the simplest forn this person can file?
	A. 1040.
	B. 1040A.
	C. 1040ES.
	D. 1040EZ.

43.	A taxpayer is married with a qualifying child (dependent), but she has been living separate from her spouse for the last five months of the year. However, she paid for more than half of the cost of keeping up the household. Her spouse does not want to file jointly. What filing status must she use when filing her tax return? She wants to obtain the maximum legal benefit.
	A. Single.  B. Married Filing Separately.
	C. Qualifying Widow(er).  D. Head of Household.
44.	The taxpayer's spouse died at the beginning of 2013. He has no qualifying child. Which status should the taxpayer select when filing his tax return for 2014?
	A. Single.
	B. Married Filing Separately.
	C. Married Filing Jointly.
	D. Qualifying Widow(er).
45.	A legally divorced taxpayer maintains a household for himself and maintains a separate household that is the principal place of abode of his dependent widowed mother. What filing status should he use when filing his tax return?
	A. Married Filing Separately.
	B. Single.
	C. Qualifying widow(er).
	D. Head of Household.

46.	For tax purposes, marital status is determined as of the day of the year.
	A. first B. third C. last
47	D. None of these
47.	What was the amount of the personal exemption for 2014?
	A. \$3,900. B. \$3,950. C. \$3,975. D. \$3,800.
48.	Lisa is 21 years of age and a full-time student living with her parents. She had wages of \$680 (\$70 of income tax withholding) for 2014. Can Lisa claim her exemption on her return even though her parents will claim her as a dependent on their tax return?
	<ul><li>A. Lisa and her parents can both claim the exemption.</li><li>B. No one can claim the exemption for Lisa.</li><li>C. Yes, Lisa can claim the exemption.</li><li>D. No, Lisa cannot claim the exemption.</li></ul>
49.	A taxpayer can deduct a(an) amount from AGI for each dependent.
	A. Deduction B. Exemption C. Itemized D. Adjustment

50.	Mirtha is 21 years of age and a full-time student living by herself. She had wages of \$23,000 for 2014. Can Mirtha claim the exemption for herself on her tax return?
	<ul><li>A. Mirtha's parents can claim the exemption.</li><li>B. Both, Mirtha and her parents can claim the exemption.</li><li>C. Yes, Mirtha can claim the exemption.</li><li>D. No one can claim the exemption for Mirtha.</li></ul>
51.	To be a qualifying child, the taxpayer must meet three general tests and five specific tests. Which one is <i>not</i> part of the five specific tests?
	<ul><li>A. Gross income test.</li><li>B. Relationship test.</li><li>C. Residency test.</li><li>D. Special test for qualifying child of more than one taxpayer.</li></ul>
52.	To be a qualifying child, the taxpayer must meet three general tests and five specific tests. What are the three general tests?
	<ul><li>A. Relationship test, residency test and gross income test.</li><li>B. Support test, age test and relationship test.</li><li>C. Dependent taxpayer test, relationship test and citizen or resident test.</li><li>D. Dependent taxpayer test, joint return test and citizen or resident test.</li></ul>
53.	To be a qualifying relative, the taxpayer must meet three general tests and four specific tests. Which one is <i>not</i> part of the four specific tests?
	<ul><li>A. Relationship test or member of household test.</li><li>B. Age test.</li><li>C. Support test.</li><li>D. Gross income test.</li></ul>

54.	For a qualifying relative to be claimed as a dependent, this person must either be related to the taxpayer, or be a member of the taxpayer's household for the entire year. Select the relative who must be part of the taxpayer's household for the entire year.
	A. Mother.
	B. Sister.
	C. Cousin.
	D. Son-in-law.
55.	The taxpayer must provide over of the qualifying relative's support to be able to claim a dependency exemption.
	A. 49%
	B. 50%
	C. 51%
	D. 75%
56.	Which of the following items would not be considered as <i>support</i> for a dependency exemption?
	A. medical insurance premiums.
	B. food.
	C. clothing.
	D. life insurance premiums.
57.	Robert, Fred and Lucas are supporting their mother who lives in a separate apartment. Their contributions towards her support are 10%, 40% and 50%, respectively. In a multiple support agreement, who would be entitled to claim the mother as a dependent?
	A. Robert.
	B. Fred or Lucas.
	C. Robert, Fred or Lucas.
	D. None of these.

58.	The basic standard deduction in 2014 for a <i>single</i> taxpayer, under 65 and not blind, is:
	A. \$6,100. B. \$3,950.
	C. \$9,100. D. \$6,200.
59.	The basic standard deduction in 2014 for a taxpayer, under 65 and not blind, filing <i>married filing jointly</i> is:
	A. \$12,000.
	B. \$12,200.
	C. \$12,400.
	D. \$9,100.
60.	The basic standard deduction in 2014 for a taxpayer, 67 and not blind, filing <i>head of household</i> is:
	A. \$10,650.
	B. \$7,400.
	C. \$1,550.
	D. \$9,100.
61.	When a taxpayer can be claimed as a dependent on the tax return of another individual, the basic standard deduction for the taxpayer is limited to the greater of (a), or (b) the taxpayer's earned income plus \$350, but not more than the amount of the basic standard deduction.
	A. \$950
	B. \$900
	C. \$1,000
	D. \$350

62.	Luisa's parents can claim her as a dependent on their tax return. In 2014, her only source of income was a part-time job as a medical clerk where she earned \$2,500 during the year. What is Luisa's standard deduction?
	A. \$2,500.
	B. \$3,950.
	C. \$1,000.
	D. \$2,850.
63.	Ed's parents can claim him as a dependent on their tax return. In 2014, his only source of income was \$1,050 of interest income received from Global Bank. What is Ed's standard deduction?
	A. \$1,000.
	B. \$1,050.
	C. \$3,900.
	D. \$350.
64.	What is the amount of the social security wage limitation for 2014?
	A. \$106,800.
	B. \$110,100.
	C. \$113,700.
	D. \$117,000.
65.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a married couple having taxable income of \$153,500? All
	answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	A. \$38,375.
	B. \$30,227.
	C. \$30,233.
	D. \$23,025.

66.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a single person having taxable income of \$59,200? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	A. \$10,656. B. \$9,100. C. \$10,663. D. \$14,800.
67.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a head of household person having taxable income of \$87,573? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	A. \$16,306. B. \$13,136. C. \$12,498. D. \$16,398.
68.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a qualifying widow(er) with a dependent child and having taxable income of \$18,355? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	A. \$1,836. B. \$2,331. C. \$2,149. D. \$1,849.
69.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a qualifying widow(er) with a dependent child and having taxable income of \$121,600? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	A. \$25,234. B. \$22,113. C. \$30,400. D. \$27,665.

70.	Failure to make required estimated payments will subject the taxpayer to a potential underpayment penalty plus interest. However, if the difference between the tax shown on the return and the amount of tax withheld for wages is less than, the taxpayer will not be assessed a penalty.
	A. \$1,250 B. \$500 C. \$850 D. \$1,000
71.	The interest charged by the IRS for the first three months of 2014 was:
	A. 3%. B. 5%. C. 4%. D. 6%.
72.	John forgot to file his tax return by April 15. He did not file an extension. John finally filed his tax return on June 30 and had a remaining tax liability of \$1,500. What is John's failure to file penalty? Assume he made all his payments on time.
	A. \$375. B. \$225. C. \$233. D. \$300.

73.	The failure to file penalty is of the tax shown on the return for each month (or fraction of
	month) the tax return is not filed, up to a maximum of 25%.
	A. 0.25%
	B. 0.5%
	C. 5.0%
	D. 5.5%
74.	The IRS can impose a penalty on any portion of understatement of tax that is attributable
	to fraud.
	A. 25%
	B. 75% C. 50%
	D. 5%
	D. 3%
75.	Criminal penalties only apply to:
	A. Careless disregard for tax authority.
	B. Willful failure to file a return.
	C. Tax evasion.
	D. Willful failure to file a return and tax evasion.
76.	A single taxpayer is 35 years old and has only wages of \$14,000. Which is the simplest form this person can file?
	A. 1040A.
	B. 1040ES.
	C. 1040.
	D. 1040EZ.

а

77.	The early withdrawal penalty is a <i>for AGI deduction</i> . Which form can the taxpayer use to claim this benefit?
	A. 1040EZ.
	B. 1040A.
	C. 1040.
	D. 1040A or 1040.
78.	A 37-year-old taxpayer with a dependent child and claiming head of household status has received \$21,000 in child support payments and earned wages of \$46,000. Which is the simplest form this person can file?
	A. 1040A.
	B. 1040.
	C. 1040ES.
	D. 1040EZ.
79.	The taxpayer's spouse died at the beginning of 2014. He has no qualifying child. Which status should the taxpayer select when filing his tax return?
	A. Single.
	B. Qualifying Widow(er).
	C. Married Filing Separately.
	D. Married Filing Jointly.

80.	Which condition listed below is not required for a taxpayer to qualify as a qualifying widow(er) with dependent child?
	A. The household was the principal place of abode for the entire year of both the taxpayer and his or her child.
	B. Taxpayer must remarry before the end of the tax year in question.
	C. Taxpayer paid more than half the cost of keeping up a household.
	D. Taxpayer was eligible to file a joint return in the year the spouse died.
81.	What is the amount of the personal and dependency exemption for 2014?
	A. \$3,900.
	B. \$6,200.
	C. \$3,950.
	D. \$3,975.
82.	George is 21 years of age and a full-time student living with his parents. He had wages of \$1,350 (\$130 of income tax withholding) for 2014. Can George claim his exemption on his return even though his parents will claim him as a dependent on their tax return?
	A. No, George cannot claim the exemption.
	B. George and his parents can both claim the exemption.
	C. No one can claim the exemption for George.
	D. Yes, George can claim the exemption.
83.	To be a qualifying relative, the taxpayer must meet three general tests and four specific tests. Which one is <i>not</i> part of the three general tests?
	A. Citizen or resident test.
	B. Dependent taxpayer test.
	C. Support test.
	D. Joint return test.

84.	Jane, Joseph and John are supporting their father who lives in a separate apartment. Their contribution towards his support is 10%, 35% and 55%, respectively. In a multiple support agreement, who would be entitled to claim the father as a dependent?
	A. Jane.
	B. Joseph or John.
	C. Jane, Joseph or John.
	D. None of these.
85.	Which of the following items would not be considered as <i>support</i> for a dependency exemption?
	A. shelter.
	B. food.
	C. medical and dental care.
	D. life insurance premiums.
86.	Which amount represents the standard deduction for a taxpayer who is single and 68 years of age?
	A. \$6,200.
	B. \$7,750.
	C. \$6,100.
	D. \$7,400.
87.	The additional standard deduction amount for a taxpayer who is 65, single and blind is:
	A. \$3,100.
	B. \$2,400.
	C. \$2,700.
	D. \$3,000.

Robin's parents can claim him as a dependent on their tax return. In 2014, his only source of income was a part-time job as a supermarket clerk where he earned \$3,200 during the year. What is Robin's standard deduction?
A. \$1,000.
B. \$3,550.
C. \$3,200.
D. \$6,200.
The basic standard deduction in 2014 for a taxpayer, 69 and not blind, filing <i>head of household</i> is:
A. \$6,200.
B. \$9,100.
C. \$10,650.
D. \$10,300.
What is the amount of the tax liability for a head of household person having taxable income of \$122,500? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
A. \$30,625.
B. \$27,796.
C. \$34,300.
D. \$25,038.
What is the amount of the tax liability for a single person having taxable income of \$55,300? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
A. \$9,688.
B. \$9,754.
C. \$8,295.
D. \$9,681.

92.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a married couple having taxable income of \$96,843? Al answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	A. \$14,526. B. \$13,656. C. \$15,919. D. \$15,923.
93.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a married person filing a separate return and having taxable income of \$115,715? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	A. \$26,435. B. \$26,133. C. \$32,400. D. \$26,138.
94.	The IRS can impose a penalty on any portion of understatement of tax that is attributable to fraud.
	A. 20% B. 25% C. 75% D. 5%
95.	Peter forgot to file his tax return by April 15. He did not file an extension. Peter finally filed his tax return on July 31 and had a remaining tax liability of \$3,500. What is Peter's failure to file penalty? Assume he made all his payments on time.
	A. \$875. B. \$525. C. \$350. D. \$700.

96.	A head of household taxpayer with a dependent child had wages of \$47,200. Which is the simplest form this person can file?
	A. 1040EZ.
	B. 1040ES.
	C. 1040A.
	D. 1040.
97.	The taxpayer's spouse died at the beginning of 2014. She has a qualifying child. Which status should the taxpayer select when filing her tax return for 2014?
	A. Single.
	B. Married Filing Jointly.
	C. Head of Household.
	D. Qualifying Widow(er).
98.	On December 31, 2014, a taxpayer received the notification that he was legally divorced. However, he lived with his spouse for 8 months during 2014. He has no dependent children. What status should he select when filing his tax return for 2014?
	A. Married Filing Separately.
	B. Head of Household.
	C. Married Filing Jointly.
	D. Single.
99.	What is the total amount of personal exemptions a taxpayer and spouse can claim for 2014?
	A. \$7,900.
	B. \$9,100.
	C. \$3,950.
	D. \$12,400.

100. Severin, who is 20 years old and a full-time student, is claimed by his parent as a dependent. However, in 2014, he earned \$5,400. What is the amount of the personal exemption that he can claim on his tax return?
A. \$3,950. B. \$1,000. C. \$0. D. \$5,400.
101. To be a qualifying child, the taxpayer must meet three general tests and five specific tests. Which one is <i>not</i> part of the three general tests?
<ul><li>A. Joint return test.</li><li>B. Citizen or resident test.</li><li>C. Dependent taxpayer test.</li><li>D. Support test.</li></ul>
102. To be a qualifying relative, the taxpayer must meet three general tests and four specific tests.  Which one is part of the four specific tests?
A. Gross income test.  B. Age test. C. Citizen or resident test. D. Residency test.  103. A qualifying relative must earn less than \$ for the year 2014.
A. 1,000  B. 6,200  C. 9,100  D. 3,950

104. The basic standard deduction in 2014 for a <i>single</i> taxpayer who is 67 years old and not blind is:
A. \$7,400.
B. \$6,200.
C. \$7,750.
D. \$1,550.
105. The basic standard deduction in 2014 for a <i>Head of Household</i> taxpayer who is 41 years old and not blind is:
A. \$6,200.
В. \$8,950.
C. \$12,400.
D. \$9,100.
106. What is the limit on the social security amount for 2014?
A. \$117,000.
B. \$106,800.
C. \$113,700.
D. \$110,100.
107. The tax liability for a married couple with taxable income of \$141,325 is:
A. \$35,331.
B. \$27,044.
C. \$20,329.
D. \$21,199.

108. The tax liability for a single taxpayer with taxable income of \$67,350 is:
A. \$12,700.
B. \$10,103.
C. \$12,861.
D. \$12,694.
109. The tax liability for a head of household taxpayer with taxable income of \$124,225 is:
A. \$25,701.
B. \$31,056.
C. \$34,783.
D. \$25,469.
110. The IRS can impose a penalty on the tax due on a return where there is negligence.
A. 5%
B. 75%
C. 20%
D. 25%
Short Answer Questions

111. Why is the concept of "Adjusted Gross Income (AGI)" important?
112. What is the simplest tax return form a taxpayer should file if he or she has only \$41,000 in wages and is claiming head of household with a dependent child?
113. David and Martha were divorced on December 31, 2014. Can they file their 2014 income tax return using married filing jointly? Why or Why not? What other filing status choices do they have, if any?

114. What qualifications are necessary to file as <i>qualifying widow(er)</i> ?
115. How many personal exemptions can the taxpayer claim? What is the amount of the personal exemption for 2014?
116. Can Erick, who is a full-time student and earns \$1,575 working as a clerk, claim an exemption for himself on his tax return? Assume his parents are claiming him as a dependent.

117. A taxpayer can claim a dependency exemption if the person is a <i>qualifying child or a qualifying relative</i> and the person meets three tests. List the three tests this person must meet.
118. List and describe the five tests that a person must meet to qualify as a <i>qualifying child</i> .
119. List and describe the four tests that a person must meet to qualify as a <i>qualifying relative</i> .

120. Determine the amount of the standard deduction for each of the following taxpayers for tax year 2014.	
<ol> <li>Leo and Mary who are under 65 and filing a joint return. They have no dependents.</li> <li>Sergio who is single.</li> <li>Peter who is over 65 and single.</li> <li>Anna who is 38 and filing as head of household with a dependent child.</li> <li>Frank who is 45 and blind and is filing as married filing separately.</li> </ol>	
121. What is the amount of the standard deduction for Evelyn who is a full-time student and claimed as a dependent by her parents? She earned \$2,700 in wages in 2014.	

122. What does the withholding amount on a taxable payment made to the taxpayer represent?
123. Using the appropriate tax tables or tax rate schedules, determine the amount of tax liability in each of the following instances. All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
<ol> <li>A single person with taxable income of \$103,500.</li> <li>A married couple filing jointly with taxable income of \$37,700.</li> <li>A head of household with taxable income of \$87,925.</li> <li>A person filing married filing separately with taxable income of \$64,000.</li> <li>A married couple filing jointly with taxable income of \$144,600.</li> </ol>

124. Can the taxpayer avoid the failure to pay on time penalty by just filing an automatic extension to file his or her tax return?
125. The IRS can assess criminal penalties if fraud is found on a tax return. Name and describe at least two of those criminal penalties.

# Chapter 02 Expanded Tax Formula, Forms 1040A and 1040, and Basic Concepts Answer Key

# True / False Questions

1. The federal individual income tax returns are the 1040ES, 1040A and 1040.

# **FALSE**

The three forms are the 1040EZ, 1040A and 1040.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and

Form 1040.

Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A

2. The tax code defines adjusted gross income (AGI) as gross income minus a list of permitted deductions.

# **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and

Form 1040.

Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A

3. The amount of tax liability for a taxpayer depends on many factors, including the filing status of the taxpayer.

# **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

e proper filing status

Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status.

Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

4. A married couple can file a joint return only if both have earned income.

# **FALSE**

For tax purposes, it does not matter if only one spouse earns all of the income.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status. Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

5. A married couple in the process of obtaining a divorce cannot file a joint tax return.

# **FALSE**

If the taxpayers still are legally married on the last day of the tax year, a joint tax return can be filed.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 1 Easy
EA: Yes
Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status.
Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

6. A taxpayer filing separately must show the name, address, and social security number of the spouse on the tax return.

#### **FALSE**

The address of the spouse is not required.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status.

Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

7. To qualify for head of household status, a taxpayer must maintain a household that is the principal place of abode of a qualifying person for more than half the year.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 1 Easy
EA: Yes
Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status.
Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

8. A taxpayer can qualify for head of household even though his or her parents are living in a separate household from that of the taxpayer (assume all other requirements are met).

# **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 1 Easy
EA: Yes
Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status.
Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

9. If a taxpayer's spouse dies during the tax year, the taxpayer must file as a qualifying widow(er).

#### **FALSE**

The year the spouse dies, the surviving taxpayer can file a joint return if the couple was married on the date of death and has not remarried as of December 31 of the tax year.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 1 Easy
EA: Yes
Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status.
Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

10. The exemption amount is subject to annual adjustment for inflation.

# **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions.

Topic: Personal Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8)

11. The personal exemption for 2014 is \$3,950.

# **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions.

Topic: Personal Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8)

12. A taxpayer can be claimed as a dependent on another return and still he or she can claim a personal exemption on his or her tax return.

#### **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.

Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

13. To be claimed as a dependent, a person must be a qualifying child or a qualifying relative.

# **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.

Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

14. A qualifying child does not have to meet the support test in order to be claimed as a dependent.

#### **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions. Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

15. A qualifying relative must be related to the taxpayer (as listed by the IRS), or be a member of the taxpayer's household for the entire year.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.
Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

16. A taxpayer who either is 65 or older or blind can claim an additional standard deduction.

#### TRUE

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions. Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)

17. The standard deduction in 2014 for a married couple, under 65 and not blind, is \$12,400.

# **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions.

Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)

18. In 2014, the additional standard deduction for a single taxpayer, who is 65 or older and not blind, is \$1,200.

#### **FALSE**

The additional standard deduction is \$1,550.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 1 Easy
EA: Yes
Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions.
Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)

19. Even if the total of the itemized deductions is lower than the standard deduction, a taxpayer should choose to itemize on his or her tax return.

# **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 1 Easy
EA: Yes
Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions.
Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)

20. The tax tables stop at taxable income of \$115,000.

#### **FALSE**

The tables stop at taxable income of less than \$100,000.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 1 Easy
EA: Yes
Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
Topic: Tax Due to IRS

21. Most taxpayers make payments to the IRS through income tax withholdings and quarterly estimated tax payments.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

Topic: Tax Due to IRS

22. A taxpayer may request an automatic seven-month extension of time to file his or her tax return.

# **FALSE**

The extension is for six months.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

Topic: Tax Due to IRS

23. An extension to file a tax return is an extension of time to file and an extension of time to pay.

### **FALSE**

Extending the time to file the return does not extend the time to pay the applicable tax.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

Learning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are

applicable.

Topic: Interest and Penalties

Topic: Tax Due to IRS

24. The maximum penalty for failure to file a tax return that is not due to fraud is 25%.

### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are applicable.

Topic: Interest and Penalties

25. The IRS can impose a 75% penalty on any portion of understatement of tax that is attributable to negligence.

#### **FALSE**

The penalty attributable to negligence is 20%.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are applicable.

Topic: Interest and Penalties

26. Taxable income (TI) is computed after subtracting from adjusted gross income (AGI), the standard deduction or itemized deductions and personal and dependency exemptions.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and

Form 1040.

Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A

27. When a taxpayer's AGI exceeds certain levels, certain tax benefits are reduced or eliminated.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and

Form 1040.

Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A

28. Marital status of a taxpayer is determined on the last day of the tax year.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy
Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status.

Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

29. A couple who is legally married on the last day of the tax year cannot file married filing separately.

## **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status. Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

30. Even though the taxpayer is claimed as a dependent on another tax return, he or she can still receive an exemption amount for himself or herself when filing his or her tax return.

### **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 2 Medium
Learning Objective: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions.
Topic: Personal Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8)

31. In a multiple support agreement, the taxpayer who will receive the exemption must file all the forms 2120 with his or her tax return.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.

32. The taxpayer's brother must live with the taxpayer for the entire year to meet the relationship or member of household test under qualifying relatives.

### **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.

Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

33. If a married couple files separate returns and one of them itemizes, the other spouse must also itemize.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions.

Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)

34. A taxpayer who has income that is not subject to withholding is never required to make estimated payments during the year.

### **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

Topic: Tax Due to IRS

35. If the taxpayer still owes tax after April 15, the IRS assesses interest based on the remaining amount owed.

#### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are applicable.

36. Many deductions and credits are determined with reference to adjusted gross income (AGI).

### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and

Form 1040.

Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A

37. A taxpayer must be married to claim Head of Household status.

# **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status.

Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

38. Personal exemptions are for the taxpayer and spouse.

### **TRUE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions.

Topic: Personal Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8)

39. The amount of the standard deduction increases for people who are age 62 and have retired.

### **FALSE**

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions.

Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)

40.	The accuracy-related penalty applies when negligence or any substantial understatement occurs.
	TRUE
Lean	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 2 Medium ning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are applicable. Topic: Interest and Tax Penalties
Multi	ole Choice Questions
41.	A single taxpayer is 43 years old and has wages only of \$16,000. Which is the simplest form this person can file?
	<ul><li>A. 1040A.</li><li>B. 1040ES.</li><li>C. 1040.</li><li>D. 1040EZ.</li></ul>
Le.	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation  Difficulty: 1 Easy  EA: Yes  arning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and  Form 1040.  Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A

42.	A 36-year-old taxpayer with a dependent child and claiming head of household status has received \$29,000 in alimony payments and earned wages of \$44,000. Which is the simplest form this person can file?
	<ul><li>A. 1040.</li><li>B. 1040A.</li><li>C. 1040ES.</li><li>D. 1040EZ.</li></ul>
	Alimony is reported on Form 1040.
43.	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and Form 1040. Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A  A taxpayer is married with a qualifying child (dependent), but she has been living separate from
	her spouse for the last five months of the year. However, she paid for more than half of the cost of keeping up the household. Her spouse does not want to file jointly. What filing status must she use when filing her tax return? She wants to obtain the maximum legal benefit.
	<ul> <li>A. Single.</li> <li>B. Married Filing Separately.</li> <li>C. Qualifying Widow(er).</li> <li>D. Head of Household.</li> </ul>
	The taxpayer must have lived apart from her spouse for at least the last six months of the year to qualify for the Head of Household status.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status.

Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

44.	The taxpayer's spouse died at the beginning of 2013. He has no qualifying child. Which status
	should the taxpayer select when filing his tax return for 2014?

A. Single.

- B. Married Filing Separately.
- C. Married Filing Jointly.
- D. Qualifying Widow(er).

The surviving spouse usually can file a joint return in the year the spouse dies and qualifying widow(er) for the two years following the death of the spouse but only if there is a qualifying child.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 1 Easy
EA: Yes
Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status.
Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

45. A legally divorced taxpayer maintains a household for himself and maintains a separate household that is the principal place of abode of his dependent widowed mother. What filing status should he use when filing his tax return?

- A. Married Filing Separately.
- B. Single.
- C. Qualifying widow(er).
- D. Head of Household.

The taxpayer's parents can live in a separate household.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 1 Easy
EA: Yes
Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status.
Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

46.	For tax purposes, marital status is determined	as of the	_ day of the year.
	A. first		
	B. third		
	<u>C.</u> last		
	D. None of these		
			Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
			Difficulty: 1 Easy
		Lagraina Objective: 0	EA: Yes 2-02 Determine the proper filing status.
			z-oz Determine the proper hing status. Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5,
47.	What was the amount of the personal every	tion for 20142	
47.	What was the amount of the personal exempt	11011 101 2014:	
	A. \$3,900.		
	<u>B.</u> \$3,950.		
	C. \$3,975.		
	D. \$3,800.		
			Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
			Difficulty: 1 Easy
			EA: Yes
			e: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions. ons (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8,
		горге, г стэонаг Елетірис	טרט נו טרווט וטדטח מוומ וטדט, בוווכז טריט,

48.	Lisa is 21 years of age and a full-time student living with her parents. She had wages of \$680 (\$70 of income tax withholding) for 2014. Can Lisa claim her exemption on her return even though her parents will claim her as a dependent on their tax return?
	A. Lisa and her parents can both claim the exemption.
	B. No one can claim the exemption for Lisa.
	C. Yes, Lisa can claim the exemption.
	<u>D.</u> No, Lisa cannot claim the exemption.
	Lisa cannot claim the exemption for herself because she is a dependent of her parents.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 2 Medium
	EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions.
	Topic: Personal Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8)
49.	A taxpayer can deduct a(an) amount from AGI for each dependent.
	A. Deduction
	B. Exemption
	C. Itemized
	D. Adjustment
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 1 Easy
	EA: Yes
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.  Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

- 50. Mirtha is 21 years of age and a full-time student living by herself. She had wages of \$23,000 for 2014. Can Mirtha claim the exemption for herself on her tax return?
  - A. Mirtha's parents can claim the exemption.
  - B. Both, Mirtha and her parents can claim the exemption.
  - C. Yes, Mirtha can claim the exemption.
  - D. No one can claim the exemption for Mirtha.

Mirtha can claim the exemption because she provided more than half of her support.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions. Topic: Personal Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8)

- 51. To be a qualifying child, the taxpayer must meet three general tests and five specific tests. Which one is *not* part of the five specific tests?
  - **A.** Gross income test.
  - B. Relationship test.
  - C. Residency test.
  - D. Special test for qualifying child of more than one taxpayer.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions. Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

52.	To be a qualifying child, the taxpayer must meet three general tests and five specific tests. Wh	nat
	are the three general tests?	

- A. Relationship test, residency test and gross income test.
- B. Support test, age test and relationship test.
- C. Dependent taxpayer test, relationship test and citizen or resident test.
- **D.** Dependent taxpayer test, joint return test and citizen or resident test.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 1 Easy
EA: Yes
Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.
Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

- 53. To be a qualifying relative, the taxpayer must meet three general tests and four specific tests. Which one is *not* part of the four specific tests?
  - A. Relationship test or member of household test.
  - **B.** Age test.
  - C. Support test.
  - D. Gross income test.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions. Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

taxpayer, or be a member of the taxpayer's household for the entire year. Select the relative who must be part of the taxpayer's household for the entire year.
A. Mother.
B. Sister.
<u>C.</u> Cousin.
D. Son-in-law.
Cousins are not listed as relatives for this IRS section.
Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 2 Medium EA: Yes
Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.
Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)
The taxpayer must provide over of the qualifying relative's support to be able to claim a dependency exemption.
A. 49%
A. 49% <b>B.</b> 50%
A. 49% <u>B.</u> 50%  C. 51%
<u>B.</u> 50%
<ul><li>B. 50%</li><li>C. 51%</li><li>D. 75%</li></ul>
<b>B.</b> 50% C. 51%
<ul><li>B. 50%</li><li>C. 51%</li><li>D. 75%</li></ul> Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

56.	Which of the following items would not be considered as <i>support</i> for a dependency exemption?
	<ul><li>A. medical insurance premiums.</li><li>B. food.</li><li>C. clothing.</li><li>D. life insurance premiums.</li></ul>
	Life insurance premiums are not considered support under this IRS section.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions. Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)
57.	Robert, Fred and Lucas are supporting their mother who lives in a separate apartment. Their contributions towards her support are 10%, 40% and 50%, respectively. In a multiple support agreement, who would be entitled to claim the mother as a dependent?
	<ul> <li>A. Robert.</li> <li>B. Fred or Lucas.</li> <li>C. Robert, Fred or Lucas.</li> <li>D. None of these.</li> </ul> Robert is not contributing more than 10% of his mother's support.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 2 Medium EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions. Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

58.	The basic standard deduction in 2014 for a <i>single</i> taxpayer, under 65 and not blind, is:
	A. \$6,100.
	B. \$3,950.
	C. \$9,100.
	<u>D.</u> \$6,200.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 1 Easy
	EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions. Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40,
59.	The basic standard deduction in 2014 for a taxpayer, under 65 and not blind, filing married
	filing jointly is:
	A. \$12,000.
	B. \$12,200.
	<u>C.</u> \$12,400.
	D. \$9,100.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 1 Easy
	EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions.
	Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40,

60.	is:
	<b>A.</b> \$10,650.
	<del>-</del> ,
	B. \$7,400. C. \$1,550.
	D. \$9,100.
	D. \$9,100.
	Standard deduction of \$9,100 plus the additional amount of \$1,550.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes
	Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40,
61.	When a taxpayer can be claimed as a dependent on the tax return of another individual, the
	basic standard deduction for the taxpayer is limited to the greater of (a), or (b) the
	taxpayer's earned income plus \$350, but not more than the amount of the basic standard deduction.
	A. \$950
	В. \$900
	<u>C.</u> \$1,000
	D. \$350
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 1 Easy
	EA: Yes
	Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40,

62.	Luisa's parents can claim her as a dependent on their tax return. In 2014, her only source of income was a part-time job as a medical clerk where she earned \$2,500 during the year. What is Luisa's standard deduction?
	A. \$2,500.
	B. \$3,950.
	C. \$1,000.
	<u>D.</u> \$2,850.
	Earned income of \$2,500 plus \$350.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 2 Medium
	EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions. Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)
63.	Ed's parents can claim him as a dependent on their tax return. In 2014, his only source of income was \$1,050 of interest income received from Global Bank. What is Ed's standard deduction?
	<b>A.</b> \$1,000.
	B. \$1,050.
	C. \$3,900.
	D. \$350.
	Ed has zero earned income.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 2 Medium
	EA: Yes
	Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions. Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)

	A. \$106,800.
	В. \$110,100.
	C. \$113,700.
	<u>D.</u> \$117,000.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 1 Easy
	EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
	Topic: Tax Due to IRS
65.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a married couple having taxable income of \$153,500?
	All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	A. \$38,375.
	<u>B.</u> \$30,227.
	C. \$30,233.
	D. \$23,025.
	(\$153,500 - \$148,850) × 28% plus \$28,925
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 3 Haro  EA: Yes
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
	Topic: Tax Due to IRS

What is the amount of the social security wage limitation for 2014?

64.

66.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a single person having taxable income of \$59,200? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	<ul> <li>A. \$10,656.</li> <li>B. \$9,100.</li> <li>C. \$10,663.</li> <li>D. \$14,800.</li> </ul>
	Look up \$59,200 under the tax tables for a single person.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 3 Hara EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Topic: Tax Due to IRS
67.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a head of household person having taxable income of \$87,573? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	<ul> <li>A. \$16,306.</li> <li>B. \$13,136.</li> <li>C. \$12,498.</li> <li>D. \$16,398.</li> </ul> Look up \$87,573 under the tax tables for a head of household person.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 3 Hara EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Topic: Tax Due to IRS

68.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a qualifying widow(er) with a dependent child and having taxable income of \$18,355? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	<ul> <li>A. \$1,836.</li> <li>B. \$2,331.</li> <li>C. \$2,149.</li> <li>D. \$1,849.</li> </ul>
	Look up \$18,355 under the tax tables for married filing jointly (this column also is used for qualifying widow(er).
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 3 Haro EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Topic: Tax Due to IRS
69.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a qualifying widow(er) with a dependent child and having taxable income of \$121,600? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	A. \$25,234. <u>B.</u> \$22,113.  C. \$30,400.  D. \$27,665.
	(\$121,600 - \$73,800) × 25% plus \$10,162.50.  **Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 3 Haro EA: Yes
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).  Topic: Tax Due to IRS

70. Failure to make required estimated payments will subject the taxpayer to a potential underpayment penalty plus interest. However, if the difference between the tax shown on the return and the amount of tax withheld for wages is less than, the taxpayer will not be assessed a penalty.	ie
A. \$1,250 B. \$500 C. \$850 D. \$1,000	
Learning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penaltie applic	1 Easy A: Yes es are cable.
71. The interest charged by the IRS for the first three months of 2014 was:	valties
<ul><li>A. 3%.</li><li>B. 5%.</li><li>C. 4%.</li><li>D. 6%.</li></ul>	
Accessibility: Keyboard Navig Difficulty: 1 EA Learning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penaltie applic Topic: Interest and Pena	1 Easy A: Yes es are cable.

72.	John forgot to file his tax return by April 15. He did not file an extension. John finally filed his tax return on June 30 and had a remaining tax liability of \$1,500. What is John's failure to file
	penalty? Assume he made all his payments on time.
	A. \$375.
	<u>B.</u> \$225.
	C. \$233.
	D. \$300.
	$($1,500 \times 5\%)$ multiplied by 3 months.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 2 Medium
Loar	EA: Yes ning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are
Lear	applicable.
	Topic: Interest and Penalties
73.	The failure to file penalty is of the tax shown on the return for each month (or fraction of a month) the tax return is not filed, up to a maximum of 25%.
	A. 0.25%
	B. 0.5%
	<u>C.</u> 5.0%
	D. 5.5%
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes
Lear	EA. Tes ning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are
	applicable.
	Topic: Interest and Penalties

74.	The IRS can impose a penalty on any portion of understatement of tax that is attributable to fraud.  A. 25%  B. 75%  C. 50%  D. 5%
l par	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes ning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are
Lear	applicable.  Topic: Interest and Penalties
75.	Criminal penalties only apply to:
	A. Careless disregard for tax authority.
	B. Willful failure to file a return.
	C. Tax evasion.
	<u>D.</u> Willful failure to file a return and tax evasion.
Lear	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes ning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are applicable. Topic: Interest and Penalties

76.	A single taxpayer is 35 years old and has only wages of \$14,000. Which is the simplest form this person can file?
	<ul><li>A. 1040A.</li><li>B. 1040ES.</li><li>C. 1040.</li><li>D. 1040EZ.</li></ul>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and Form 1040. Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A
77.	The early withdrawal penalty is a <i>for AGI deduction</i> . Which form can the taxpayer use to claim this benefit?
	A. 1040EZ. B. 1040A. C. 1040. D. 1040A or 1040.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and Form 1040. Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A

78.	A 37-year-old taxpayer with a dependent child and claiming head of household status has received \$21,000 in child support payments and earned wages of \$46,000. Which is the simplest form this person can file?
	<ul><li>A. 1040A.</li><li>B. 1040.</li><li>C. 1040ES.</li><li>D. 1040EZ.</li></ul>
Lea	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy arning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and Form 1040 Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A
79.	The taxpayer's spouse died at the beginning of 2014. He has no qualifying child. Which status should the taxpayer select when filing his tax return?
	<ul> <li>A. Single.</li> <li>B. Qualifying Widow(er).</li> <li>C. Married Filing Separately.</li> <li>D. Married Filing Jointly.</li> </ul>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status. Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5,

- 80. Which condition listed below is not required for a taxpayer to qualify as a qualifying widow(er) with dependent child?
  - A. The household was the principal place of abode for the entire year of both the taxpayer and his or her child.
  - B. Taxpayer must remarry before the end of the tax year in question.
  - C. Taxpayer paid more than half the cost of keeping up a household.
  - D. Taxpayer was eligible to file a joint return in the year the spouse died.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status. Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

- 81. What is the amount of the personal and dependency exemption for 2014?
  - A. \$3,900.
  - В. \$6,200.
  - **C.** \$3,950.
  - D. \$3,975.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 1 Easy
Learning Objective: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions.
Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.
Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8)
Topic: Personal Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8)

- 82. George is 21 years of age and a full-time student living with his parents. He had wages of \$1,350 (\$130 of income tax withholding) for 2014. Can George claim his exemption on his return even though his parents will claim him as a dependent on their tax return?
  - A. No, George cannot claim the exemption.
  - B. George and his parents can both claim the exemption.
  - C. No one can claim the exemption for George.
  - D. Yes, George can claim the exemption.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Objective: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions.

Topic: Personal Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8)

- 83. To be a qualifying relative, the taxpayer must meet three general tests and four specific tests. Which one is *not* part of the three general tests?
  - A. Citizen or resident test.
  - B. Dependent taxpayer test.
  - C. Support test.
  - D. Joint return test.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.

Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

84.	Jane, Joseph and John are supporting their father who lives in a separate apartment. Their
	contribution towards his support is 10%, 35% and 55%, respectively. In a multiple support
	agreement, who would be entitled to claim the father as a dependent?
	A. Jane.
	B. Joseph or John.
	C. Jane, Joseph or John.
	D. None of these.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 2 Mediun
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions
	Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C
85.	Which of the following items would not be considered as <i>support</i> for a dependency
	exemption?
	A. shelter.
	B. food.
	C. medical and dental care.
	D. life insurance premiums.
	<u>=-</u>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 1 Eas, Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions
	Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C
86.	Which amount represents the standard deduction for a taxpayer who is single and 68 years of
	age?
	A. \$6,200.
	<del>-</del>
	C. \$6,100.
	D. \$7,400.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

- 87. The additional standard deduction amount for a taxpayer who is 65, single and blind is:
  - **A.** \$3,100.
  - B. \$2,400.
  - C. \$2,700.
  - D. \$3,000.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions.

Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)

- 88. Robin's parents can claim him as a dependent on their tax return. In 2014, his only source of income was a part-time job as a supermarket clerk where he earned \$3,200 during the year. What is Robin's standard deduction?
  - A. \$1,000.
  - **B.** \$3,550.
  - C. \$3,200.
  - D. \$6,200.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions.

Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)

89.	The basic standard deduction in 2014 for a taxpayer, 69 and not blind, filing <i>head of household</i> is:
	A. \$6,200.
	В. \$9,100.
	<b>C.</b> \$10,650.
	D. \$10,300.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions.
	Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)
90.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a head of household person having taxable income of
	\$122,500? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	A. \$30,625.
	В. \$27,796.
	C. \$34,300.
	<u>D.</u> \$25,038.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 3 Haro
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).  Topic: Tax Due to IRS
91.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a single person having taxable income of \$55,300? All
<i>3</i> 1.	answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	<u>A.</u> \$9,688.
	B. \$9,754.
	C. \$8,295.
	D. \$9,681.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 3 Haro
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

92.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a married couple having taxable income of \$96,843? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	A. \$14,526. B. \$13,656.
	<b>C.</b> \$15,919.
	D. \$15,923.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 3 Haro
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
	Topic: Tax Due to IRS
93.	What is the amount of the tax liability for a married person filing a separate return and having taxable income of \$115,715? All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
	A. \$26,435.
	B. \$26,133.
	C. \$32,400.
	<u>D.</u> \$26,138.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 3 Haro
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).  Topic: Tax Due to IRS
94.	The IRS can impose a penalty on any portion of understatement of tax that is attributable to fraud.
	A. 20%
	B. <b>25%</b>
	<u>C.</u> 75%
	D. 5%

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are applicable.

Topic: Interest and Tax Penalties

- 95. Peter forgot to file his tax return by April 15. He did not file an extension. Peter finally filed his tax return on July 31 and had a remaining tax liability of \$3,500. What is Peter's failure to file penalty? Assume he made all his payments on time.
  - A. \$875.
  - B. \$525.
  - C. \$350.
  - **D.** \$700.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are

applicable.

Topic: Interest and Tax Penalties

- 96. A head of household taxpayer with a dependent child had wages of \$47,200. Which is the simplest form this person can file?
  - A. 1040EZ.
  - B. 1040ES.
  - **C.** 1040A.
  - D. 1040.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 1 Easy

Learning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and

Form 1040.

Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A

97.	The taxpayer's spouse died at the beginning of 2014. She has a qualifying child. Which status should the taxpayer select when filing her tax return for 2014?
	A. Single.
	B. Married Filing Jointly.
	C. Head of Household.
	D. Qualifying Widow(er).
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 1 Easy
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status. Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)
98.	On December 31, 2014, a taxpayer received the notification that he was legally divorced.
	However, he lived with his spouse for 8 months during 2014. He has no dependent children.
	What status should he select when filing his tax return for 2014?
	A. Married Filing Separately.
	B. Head of Household.
	C. Married Filing Jointly.
	<u>D.</u> Single.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 2 Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status. Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)
99.	What is the total amount of personal exemptions a taxpayer and spouse can claim for 2014?
	<u>A.</u> \$7,900.
	В. \$9,100.
	C. \$3,950.
	D. \$12,400.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
	Difficulty: 1 Easy
	Learning Objective: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions.

100.	Severin, who is 20 years old and a full-time student, is claimed by his parent as a dependent.
	However, in 2014, he earned \$5,400. What is the amount of the personal exemption that he can
	claim on his tax return?

- A. \$3,950.
- B. \$1,000.
- <u>C.</u> \$0.
- D. \$5,400.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation

Difficulty: 2 Medium

Learning Objective: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions.

Topic: Personal Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8)

- 101. To be a qualifying child, the taxpayer must meet three general tests and five specific tests. Which one is *not* part of the three general tests?
  - A. Joint return test.
  - B. Citizen or resident test.
  - C. Dependent taxpayer test.
  - <u>D.</u> Support test.

Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation
Difficulty: 1 Easy
Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.
Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

102.	To be a qualifying relative, the taxpayer must meet three general tests and four specific tests.  Which one is part of the four specific tests?
	<u>A.</u> Gross income test.
	B. Age test.
	C. Citizen or resident test.
	D. Residency test.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.  Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)
103.	A qualifying relative must earn less than \$ for the year 2014.
	A. 1,000
	В. 6,200
	C. 9,100
	<u>D.</u> 3,950
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.  Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)
104.	The basic standard deduction in 2014 for a <i>single</i> taxpayer who is 67 years old and not blind is:
	A. \$7,400.
	В. \$6,200.
	<u>C.</u> \$7,750.
	D. \$1,550.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy
	Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions.
	Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)

105.	The basic standard deduction in 2014 for a <i>Head of Household</i> taxpayer who is 41 years old and not blind is:
	<ul> <li>A. \$6,200.</li> <li>B. \$8,950.</li> <li>C. \$12,400.</li> <li>D. \$9,100.</li> </ul>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions. Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)
106.	What is the limit on the social security amount for 2014?
	<ul><li>A. \$117,000.</li><li>B. \$106,800.</li><li>C. \$113,700.</li><li>D. \$110,100.</li></ul>
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 1 Easy Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Topic: Tax Due to IRS
107.	The tax liability for a married couple with taxable income of \$141,325 is:
	A. \$35,331. <u>B.</u> \$27,044.  C. \$20,329.  D. \$21,199.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 3 Haro Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Topic: Tax Due to IRS

108.	The tax liability for a single taxpayer with taxable income of \$67,350 is:
	<b>A.</b> \$12,700.
	B. \$10,103.
	C. \$12,861.
	D. \$12,694.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 3 Hard
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)  Topic: Tax Due to IRS
109.	The tax liability for a head of household taxpayer with taxable income of \$124,225 is:
	A. \$25,701.
	<ul><li>B. \$31,056.</li><li>C. \$34,783.</li></ul>
	<u>D.</u> \$25,469.
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation Difficulty: 3 Harc
	Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS)  Topic: Tax Due to IRS
110.	The IRS can impose a penalty on the tax due on a return where there is negligence.
	Λ ΓΟΥ
	A. 5%
	B. 75%
	<u>C.</u> 20% D. 25%
	Accessibility: Keyboard Navigation  Difficulty: 1 Easy
Lea	rning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are applicable

Topic: Interest and Tax Penalties

### **Short Answer Questions**

111. Why is the concept of "Adjusted Gross Income (AGI)" important?

The concept of "Adjusted Gross Income (AGI)" is important because many deductions and credits reported on the tax return are computed based on the amount shown as AGI. Furthermore, when a taxpayer's AGI exceeds certain levels, certain tax benefits are reduced or eliminated.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and Form 1040.

Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A

112. What is the simplest tax return form a taxpayer should file if he or she has only \$41,000 in wages and is claiming head of household with a dependent child?

The simplest tax return form he or she should file is the 1040A. A form 1040EZ can only be filed if the taxpayer is single or married filing jointly.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-01 Describe the expanded tax formula and the components of the major sections of Form 1040A and

Form 1040.

Topic: Form 1040 and 1040A

113. David and Martha were divorced on December 31, 2014. Can they file their 2014 income tax return using married filing jointly? Why or Why not? What other filing status choices do they have, if any?

No, David and Martha must file as single because they were divorced on December 31. According to the IRS, marital status is determined as of the last day of the tax year. They might be able to file as head of household if certain qualifications are met, including maintaining a household that is the principal place of abode of a qualifying person for more than half the year.

Difficulty: 2 Medium EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status. Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

114. What qualifications are necessary to file as *qualifying widow(er)*?

The qualifications necessary to file as qualifying widow(er) are:

- 1. Taxpayer was eligible to file a joint return in the year the spouse died.
- 2. Taxpayer did not remarry before the end of the tax year in question.
- 3. Taxpayer paid more than half the cost of keeping up a household.
- 4. The household was the principal place of abode for the entire year (except for temporary absences) of both the taxpayer and a child, stepchild, or adopted child who can be claimed as a dependent by the taxpayer.

Difficulty: 1 Easy
EA: Yes
Learning Objective: 02-02 Determine the proper filing status.
Topic: Filing Status (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 1-5)

115.	How many personal exemptions can the taxpayer claim? What is the amount of the personal exemption for 2014?
	The taxpayer can only claim a personal exemption for himself or herself and his or her spouse (if married). The amount for 2014 is \$3,950 for each personal exemption.
	Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes
	LA. Tes Learning Objective: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions. Topic: Personal Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8,
116.	Can Erick, who is a full-time student and earns \$1,575 working as a clerk, claim an exemption for himself on his tax return? Assume his parents are claiming him as a dependent.
	No. If a taxpayer is claimed as a dependent on another return, no personal exemption is allowed on the return of the taxpayer.
	Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-03 Calculate personal exemptions. Topic: Personal Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Lines 6A-8,
117.	A taxpayer can claim a dependency exemption if the person is a <i>qualifying child or a qualifying</i> relative and the person meets three tests. List the three tests this person must meet.
	The three tests that this person must meet to be claimed as a dependent are:
	1. Dependent taxpayer test.
	2. Joint return test.
	3. Citizen or resident test.

Difficulty: 1 Easy EA: Yes 118. List and describe the five tests that a person must meet to qualify as a qualifying child.

To be a *qualifying child*, the person must meet five tests:

- 1. Relationship test.
- 2. Age test.
- 3. Residency test.
- 4. Support test.
- 5. Special test for *qualifying child* of more than one taxpayer.

The relationship test is met if the dependent is one of the following: child or descendant of child; stepchild; eligible foster child; or brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, stepbrother, or stepsister, or a descendant of them.

The age test is met if, at the end of the year, the child is under the age of 19, under the age of 24 and a full-time student, or totally and permanently disabled regardless of age. After 2008, the child must be younger than the person claiming the dependency.

The residency test is met if the child lived with the taxpayer for more than half of the year. The support test is met if the child did not provide more than half of his or her support. The special test for *qualifying child* of more than one taxpayer applies if the child meets the other four tests and can be the qualifying child for more than one taxpayer. In this case, only one individual can claim the exemption.

Difficulty: 2 Medium EA: Yes Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions. Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C) 119. List and describe the four tests that a person must meet to qualify as a qualifying relative.

To be a *qualifying relative*, the person must meet four tests:

- 1. Not a qualifying child test.
- 2. Relationship or member of household test.
- 3. Gross income test.
- 4. Support test.

The *not a qualifying child* test refers to a child who is the taxpayer's *qualifying child or the qualifying child of another person,* who cannot be claimed as a *qualifying relative* by the taxpayer.

The relationship or member of household test is met if the person is related to the taxpayer (child or descendant; stepchild; eligible foster child; brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, stepbrother, stepsister or descendant; father, mother; brother or sister of parents, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law) or a member of the taxpayer's household for the entire year.

The gross income test is met if this person does not have income equal to or greater than the amount of the exemption (\$3,950 for 2014).

The support test is met if the taxpayer provides over 50 percent of this person's support.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-04 Calculate dependency exemptions.

Topic: Depending Exemptions (Forms 1040A and 1040, Line 6C)

- 120. Determine the amount of the standard deduction for each of the following taxpayers for tax year 2014.
  - 1. Leo and Mary who are under 65 and filing a joint return. They have no dependents.
  - 2. Sergio who is single.
  - 3. Peter who is over 65 and single.
  - 4. Anna who is 38 and filing as head of household with a dependent child.
  - 5. Frank who is 45 and blind and is filing as married filing separately.
  - 1. \$12,400.
  - 2. \$6,200.
  - 3. \$7,750 (\$6,200 plus the additional amount of \$1,550).
  - 4. \$9,100.
  - 5. \$7,400 (\$6,200 plus the additional amount of \$1,200).

Difficulty: 2 Medium

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions.

Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)

121. What is the amount of the standard deduction for Evelyn who is a full-time student and claimed as a dependent by her parents? She earned \$2,700 in wages in 2014.

Evelyn's standard deduction is \$3,050. When a taxpayer can be claimed as a dependent on another return, the basic standard deduction for the taxpayer is limited to the greater of (a) \$1,000, or (b) the taxpayer's earned income plus \$350, but not more than the amount of the basic standard deduction.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-05 Determine the standard deductions. Topic: Standard Deduction (Form 1040A, Line 24, or Form 1040, Line 40)

122. What does the withholding amount on a taxable payment made to the taxpayer represent?

The withheld amount represents an estimate of the amount of income tax that would be due for the year on the taxable payment. The IRS credits withholdings to the account of the appropriate taxpayer. Withholdings serve to reduce the amount otherwise due the IRS on the due date of the return.

Difficulty: 1 Easy

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

Topic: Tax Due to IRS

- 123. Using the appropriate tax tables or tax rate schedules, determine the amount of tax liability in each of the following instances. All answers should be rounded to the nearest dollar.
  - 1. A single person with taxable income of \$103,500.
  - 2. A married couple filing jointly with taxable income of \$37,700.
  - 3. A head of household with taxable income of \$87,925.
  - 4. A person filing married filing separately with taxable income of \$64,000.
  - 5. A married couple filing jointly with taxable income of \$144,600.
  - 1. \$22,156. (\$103,500 89,350) × 28% plus \$18,193.75.
  - 2. \$4,751. Look up \$37,700 under the tax tables for married filing jointly.
  - 3. \$16,394. Look up \$87,925 under the tax tables for head of household.
  - 4. \$11,863. Look up \$64,000 under the tax tables for married filing separately.
  - 5. \$27,863. (\$144,600 \$73,800) × 25% plus \$10,162.50.

Difficulty: 3 Haro

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

Topic: Tax Due to IRS

124.

Can the taxpayer avoid the failure to pay on time penalty by just filing an automatic extension to file his or her tax return?

A taxpayer can file an automatic six-month extension of time to file his or her tax return, but this extension will not extend the time to pay the applicable tax. If the taxpayer filing an extension determines that he or she owes additional tax, the payment must accompany the extension request (Form 4868).

Difficulty: 2 Medium

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-06 Compute the amount of tax due to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

Learning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are applicable.

Topic: Interest and Penalties

Topic: Tax Due to IRS

- 125. The IRS can assess criminal penalties if fraud is found on a tax return. Name and describe at least two of those criminal penalties.
  - 1. Any person who willfully attempts to evade or defeat any tax. The charge is a felony punishable by fines of not more than \$100,000 or imprisonment of not more than five years or both.
  - 2. Any person who fails to collect, account for, and pay over any tax. The charge is a felony punishable by fines of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment of not more than five years or both.
  - 3. Any person who willfully fails to pay estimated tax or other tax or file a return. The charge is a misdemeanor punishable by fines of not more than \$25,000 or imprisonment of not more than one year or both.

Difficulty: 2 Medium

EA: Yes

Learning Objective: 02-07 Determine what interest and penalties the IRS can assess and in what instances certain penalties are applicable.

Topic: Interest and Penalties