Illustrated Course Guide Microsoft Office 365 and Access 2016 Introductory 1st Edition Frie

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# Access 2016 - Module 2: Building and Using Queries

- 1. A query allows the selection of a subset of fields and records from one or more tables, then presents the selected data as a single datasheet.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 28

Use the Query Wizard

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.022 - Describe the purpose for a query

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- 2. You enter and edit data in a query datasheet in the same way you do in a table datasheet.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 28

Use the Query Wizard

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.022 - Describe the purpose for a query

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- 3. In Access, the Save As command allows you to save either the entire database or the current object with a new name.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 32

Use Query Design View

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

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- 4. Query criteria are not case sensitive.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

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POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 32

Use Query Design View

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

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- 5. To delete records from a query datasheet, click the record selector button to the left of the record, click the Home tab, click the Delete button in the Records group, and click Yes.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 30

Work with Data in a Query

*QUESTION TYPE:* True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.023 - Delete records in a query

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- 6. To add, delete, or change fields in a query, you use Query Design View.
  - a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 32

Use Query Design View

*QUESTION TYPE:* True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.024 - Work in Query Design View

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- 7. Deleting a field from a query also deletes it from the underlying table.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 34

Sort and Find Data

*QUESTION TYPE:* True / False

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HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.025 - Find and replace data in a query

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- 8. The asterisk (\*) is the wildcard used to represent one and only one character in criteria.
  - a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 36

Filter Data

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.026 - Use wildcards in criteria

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- 9. The question mark (?) is the wildcard character which stands for any single character in criteria.
  - a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 36

Filter Data

*QUESTION TYPE:* True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.026 - Use wildcards in criteria

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- 10. The easiest way to filter the records for an exact match is to use the Filter By Form feature.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 36

Filter Data

*QUESTION TYPE:* True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.027 - Apply and remove filters in a query

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- 11. To filter for comparative data, use the Filter By Selection feature.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 36

Filter Data

*QUESTION TYPE:* True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.027 - Apply and remove filters in a query

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- 12. Filters are used to select a subset of records in a datasheet.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 36

Filter Data

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.027 - Apply and remove filters in a query

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- 13. A filter can be used to create calculated fields.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 37

Filter Data

*QUESTION TYPE:* True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.027 - Apply and remove filters in a query

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- 14. A query can be used to create calculated fields.
  - a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True

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Access 2016 - Module	2: Buil	ding and Usi	ng Queries		
POINTS:	1				
REFERENCES:	Access Filter I				
QUESTION TYPE:	True /	False			
HAS VARIABLES:	False				
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA	.FRIE.16.027 -	Apply and remov	ve filters in a query	
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15. By copying a query before a. True b. False	ore starti	ing to make mo	odifications to it, y	ou can avoid changing the	original query by mistake.
ANSWER:	True				
POINTS:	1				
REFERENCES:	_	Access 40			
REFERENCES.		OR Criteria			
QUESTION TYPE:		Γrue / False			
HAS VARIABLES:	False				
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA	ENHA.FRIE.16.028 - Rename a query			
DATE CREATED:		2/26/2016 8:14 PM			
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16. Enter OR criteria on dif a. True b. False	ferent C	riteria rows in t	the query design g	grid.	
ANSWER:	True				
POINTS:	1				
REFERENCES:	Access				
OHECTION TYPE		Apply OR Criteria			
QUESTION TYPE:	True / False				
HAS VARIABLES:	False	EDJE 16 020	E ( OD :		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:			Enter OR criteria	in a query	
DATE CREATED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM				
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17. SQL stands for a. Structured Query Lin	ngo	b. Standard (	Query Lingo		
c. Standard Query Lang	-		Query Language		
ANSWER:	d				
POINTS:	1				
REFERENCES:	Access	s 28			

QUESTION TYPE:

Use the Query Wizard

Multiple Choice

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Access 2016 - Module 2	2: Building and Using Queries
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.022 - Describe the purpose for a query
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18. A query datasheet is son	netimes called a of the data.
a. logical view b	duplicate copy
c. table simulator d	. warehouse
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 28
	Use the Query Wizard
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
	ENHA.FRIE.16.022 - Describe the purpose for a query
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19. In large datasheets, you	may want to certain fields so that they remain on the screen at all times.
a. fix b. post	•
c. freeze d. view	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 31
	Work with Data in a Query
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
${\it LEARNING~OBJECTIVES:}$	ENHA.FRIE.16.030 - Edit records in a query
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20. You use Query Design	View to add to limit the number of records shown in the resulting datasheet.
a. criteria b. pos	
c. versioning d. ind	ices
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 32 Use Query Design View
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.031 - Add criteria to a query

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21. Query Design V	iew pre	sents the fields you can use for a query in small windows called field.	
a. glossaries	b. lists	- · ·	
c. links	d. cata	logs	
ANSWER:		b	
POINTS:		1	
REFERENCES:		Access 32 Use Query Design View	
QUESTION TYPE:		Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:		False	
LEARNING OBJEC	TIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.024 - Work in Query Design View	
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	autor	matically as you move from record to record.	
	_	e above	
ANSWER:		a	
POINTS:		1	
REFERENCES:		Access 32 Use Query Design View	
QUESTION TYPE:		Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:		False	
LEARNING OBJEC	TIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.024 - Work in Query Design View	
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23. Use the co a. Datasheet	mmand b. Vie	to save the current object with a new name.	
c. Save As	d. Sav	e	
ANSWER:		c	
POINTS:		1	
REFERENCES:		Access 32 Use Query Design View	
QUESTION TYPE:		Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:		False	
LEARNING OBJEC	TIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.024 - Work in Query Design View	
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24. A join line is als			
a. query	b. lin	k	
c. connection	d. obj	jectivity	
ANSWER:		h	

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Access 2016 - Module 2	2: Building and Using Queries
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 32 Use Query Design View
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.024 - Work in Query Design View
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a. field selector b. f	uery design grid, click its, and then drag it left or right.
c. field string d. f.	-
ANSWER:	a
POINTS: REFERENCES:	Access 34 Sort and Find Data
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.032 - Apply sort orders to a query
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26. When you double-click a. deleted from the que	a field in a field list in Query Design View, it is ry
b. added to the next ava	silable position in the query design grid
c. used as the first sort	order
d. set as the primary ke	y field
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 34 Sort and Find Data
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.032 - Apply sort orders to a query
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27. A(n) is a temporar a. filter b. query	y view of the data that is removed when you close the datasheet.
c. grid d. sort	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 36

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	Filter Data
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.027 - Apply and remove filters in a query
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28. The wildcard character t	hat stands for any group of characters is the
a. period (.) b. ser	
c. asterisk (*) d. plu	as sign (+)
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 36 Filter Data
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.026 - Use wildcards in criteria
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29 To sort records based on	the selected field in the order Z to A, use the button.
a. Down b. Descen	
c. Z to A d. Reverse	-
ANSWER: b	
POINTS: 1	
REFERENCES: Access	: 35
	nd Find Data
QUESTION TYPE: Multip	le Choice
HAS VARIABLES: False	
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30. The wildcard character t	hat stands for any single character is the
a. ampersand (&)	b. question mark (?)
c. exclamation mark (!)	d. caret (^)
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 36 Filter Data
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
	ENHA.FRIE.16.026 - Use wildcards in criteria

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31. A(n) is a saved of	piect within the datasheet.	
a. query b. filter	<b>J</b>	
c. find d. union		
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 36 Filter Data	
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES	: ENHA.FRIE.16.027 - Apply and remove filters in a query	
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a. Values b. Select		e a filter.
c. Filter d. Advar	nced	
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 37 Filter Data	
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES	: ENHA.FRIE.16.027 - Apply and remove filters in a query	
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	records that equal, do not equal, or are otherwise compared with the	e current value.
•	Selection	
1	Advanced	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 37 Filter Data	
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
	: ENHA.FRIE.16.027 - Apply and remove filters in a query	
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34. Criteria is the terma. Syntax b. Form	n for rules by which criteria must be entered in a query.	

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c. Sorting d. Filter l	y Form		
ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 38 Apply AND Criteria		
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice		
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.033 - Define cri	teria syntax	
DATE CREATED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM		
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a. Criteria b. Filters	•	which records will be selected in a fil	ter or query.
c. Queries d. none of	f the above		
ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 38 Apply AND Criteria		
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice		
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.034 - Enter ANI	O criteria in a query	
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36. To find all records wher a. <> 0 b. Is Not Nu c. *=* d. *<>*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ven if the entry is 0, which criteria sho	ould you use?
ANSWER:	b		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 39 Apply AND Criteria		
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice		
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.035 - Use comp	arison operators with criteria	
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37 will find all record a. Like b. Is Null c. And d. Is Not Nu	s where there is any entry in the f	ield, even if the entry is 0.	
ANSWER:	d		

1

Access 39

POINTS:

REFERENCES:

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Apply AND Criteria

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.035 - Use comparison operators with criteria

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38. Which of the following comparison operators means "not equal to"?

a. +=+ b. =/= c. <<>> d. <>

ANSWER: d
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 39

Apply AND Criteria

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.035 - Use comparison operators with criteria

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39. To find numbers greater than or equal to 500, use which comparison operator?

a. <> b. <= c. >> d. >=

ANSWER: d POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 39

Apply AND Criteria

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.035 - Use comparison operators with criteria

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40. Which of the following comparison operators means "greater than"?

a. > b. >= c. < d. <=

ANSWER: a POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 39

Apply AND Criteria

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.035 - Use comparison operators with criteria

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41. Which of the following a. > b. >=	comparison operators means "less than	or equal to"?	
c. < d. <=			
ANSWER:	d		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 39		
0.1.000.01.01.000.00	Apply AND Criteria		
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice		
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
	ENHA.FRIE.16.035 - Use comparison	operators with criteria	
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42. A(n)	answers a question about the info	ormation in the database.	
ANSWER:	query		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 28		
	Use the Query Wizard		
QUESTION TYPE:	Completion		
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.022 - Describe the pur	pose for a query	
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43. One way to create a new create a new query.	query is with the	, which prompts you for th	e information it needs to
ANSWER:	Simple Query Wizard		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 28 Use the Query Wizard		
QUESTION TYPE:	Completion		
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.036 - Create a query v	with the Simple Query Wizard	
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44. In Query Design View, used with a query.	the query design	shows you the field names,	sort orders, and criteria
ANSWER:	grid		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 32		

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	Use Query Design View	
QUESTION TYPE:	Completion	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.024 - Work in Query Design View	
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45	are limiting conditions you set in the query design grid.	
ANSWER:	Criteria	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 32 Use Query Design View	
QUESTION TYPE:	Completion	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.031 - Add criteria to a query	
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46. To add a table's field list the Design tab.	t to the upper pane of Query Design View, click the	Table button on
ANSWER:	Show	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 33	
	Use Query Design View	
QUESTION TYPE:	Completion	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.024 - Work in Query Design View	
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-	nery grid, drag the field	
ANSWER:	selector	
POINTS:		
REFERENCES:	Access 34 Sort and Find Data	
QUESTION TYPE:	Completion	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.032 - Apply sort orders to a query	
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48. Filter By	is a fast and easy way to filter records for an exact match.	
ANSWER:	Selection	
POINTS:	1	

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REFERENCES:	Access 36 Filter Data		
QUESTION TYPE:	Completion		
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECT	TIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.	027 - Apply and remove filters in a	query
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49	a table or query	datasheet temporarily displays only	those records that match given criteria.
ANSWER:	Filtering		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 36 Filter Data		
QUESTION TYPE:	Completion		
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECT	TIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.	027 - Apply and remove filters in a	query
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	attern, you can use a(n) _ formation that matches yo		a symbol you can use as substitute for
ANSWER:	wildcard	out time criteria.	
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 36		
	Filter Data		
QUESTION TYPE:	Completion		
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECT	TIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.	026 - Use wildcards in criteria	
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51. The	button prov	ides filter features such as Filter By	Form, and Clear All Filters.
ANSWER:	Advanced		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 37 Filter Data		
QUESTION TYPE:	Completion		
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
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		nd all records where no entry has be	een made in the field.
ANSWER:	Null		
POINTS.	1		

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REFERENCES: Access 38

Apply AND Criteria

QUESTION TYPE: Completion

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.035 - Use comparison operators with criteria

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#### 53. Discuss adding or deleting a table in a query.

ANSWER: You might want to add a table's field list to the upper pane of Query Design View to select

fields from that table for the query. To add a new table to Query Design View, drag it from the Navigation Pane to Query Design View, or click the Show Table button on the Design tab, then add the desired table(s). To delete an unneeded table from Query Design View,

click its title bar, then press [Delete].

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 33

Use Query Design View

QUESTION TYPE: Essay HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.024 - Work in Query Design View

TOPICS: Critical Thinking
DATE CREATED: 2/26/2016 8:14 PM
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#### 54. Compare the capabilities of queries and filters.

ANSWER: \* Queries are saved as objects in the database. Filters are not.

- \* Both can be used to select a subset of records in a datasheet.
- \* Only queries are used to select a subset of fields in a datasheet.
- \* The resulting datasheet from both filters and queries can be used to enter and edit data.

  \* The resulting datasheet from both filters and queries can be used to sort, filter, and find

records.

- \* Queries but not filters are commonly used as the source of data for a form or report.
- \* Queries but not filters can be used to create calculations across records.
- \* Oueries but not filters can be used to create calculated fields.

POINTS:

REFERENCES: Access 37

Filter Data

QUESTION TYPE: Essay HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.027 - Apply and remove filters in a query

TOPICS: Critical Thinking
DATE CREATED: 2/26/2016 8:14 PM
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#### 55. Explain the difference between AND and OR criteria.

Name:	Class:	Date:
Access 2016 - Module	2: Building and Using Queries	
ANSWER:	AND: All criteria must be true in order for the criteria are entered on the same row of the quer OR: Any single criterion must be true in order entered on different rows of the query grid.	ry grid.
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 38 Access 40 Apply AND Criteria Apply OR Criteria	
QUESTION TYPE:	Essay	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.037 - Enter AND criteria in a	query, Enter OR criteria in a query
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking	
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56. You can enter, edit, and	navigate data in a query datasheet just like a(n)	report datasheet.
ANSWER:	False - table	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 28 Use the Query Wizard	
QUESTION TYPE:	Modified True / False	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.022 - Describe the purpose for	r a query
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57. SQL is the acronym for	"Simple Query Language."	
ANSWER:	False - Structured Query Language	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 28 Use the Query Wizard	
QUESTION TYPE:	Modified True / False	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.022 - Describe the purpose for	r a query
DATE CREATED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM	
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58. The record selector butt	on is to the right of a record in a datasheet.	
ANSWER:	False - left	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 30	

Work with Data in a Query

Name:		Class:	Date:
Access 2016 - Mo	odule 2: Building and U	sing Queries	
QUESTION TYPE:	Modified True / Fal	se	
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECT	TIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.03	0 - Edit records in a query	
DATE CREATED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM	• •	
DATE MODIFIED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM		
59. In Query Design	View, <u>record</u> selectors are t	hin gray bars above the field name	es in the query grid.
ANSWER:	False - field		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 34		
	Sort and Find Data		
QUESTION TYPE:	Modified True / Fal	se	
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECT	TIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.02	5 - Find and replace data in a query	y
DATE CREATED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM		
DATE MODIFIED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM		
		criteria for fields with a Date/Time	e data type
	False - Short Text, short tex	xt	
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 33		
OHECTION TYPE	Use Query Design View		
~	Modified True / False		
HAS VARIABLES:			
DATE CREATED:			
DATE MODIFIED:	4/10/2016 8:57 AM		
61. If, for example, a	find-and-replace effort doe	es not work correctly, click the <u>Unc</u>	do button to cancel the changes.
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 34		
	Sort and Find Data		
QUESTION TYPE:	Modified True / Fal	se	
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECT	TIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.03	8 - Undo edits in a query	
DATE CREATED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM		
DATE MODIFIED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM		
62. As you add rows datasheet.	of OR criteria to the query	design grid, you decrease the num	ber of records selected for the resulting
ANSWER:	False - increase		
POINTS:	1		

Name:	Class:	_ Date:
Access 2016 - Module 2	2: Building and Using Queries	
REFERENCES:	Access 40	
	Apply OR Criteria	
QUESTION TYPE:	Modified True / False	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.029 - Enter OR criteria in a query	
DATE CREATED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM	
DATE MODIFIED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM	
63. To make a page wider th	nan it is tall, use <u>landscape</u> orientation	_
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 42	
	Format a Datasheet	
QUESTION TYPE:	Modified True / False	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.039 - Change page orientation	
DATE CREATED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM	
DATE MODIFIED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM	
54. By default, the printout	of a datasheet contains the object name and current date in the <u>footer</u> .	
ANSWER:	False - header	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 42	
	Format a Datasheet	
QUESTION TYPE:	Modified True / False	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.040 - Zoom in print preview	
DATE CREATED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM	

# **Critical Thinking Questions**

DATE MODIFIED:

#### **Case 2-1**

Daniel Arno owns a lawn and landscape business with many customers. Occasionally, he wants to filter the data about his customers in various ways.

65. Daniel uses a one-character code to indicate which day of the week certain customers of his have their lawns cut. Which of the following wildcard characters could he use to search for a single character (e.g., F for Friday)?

a. \* c. ? d. %

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ANSWER: C
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 36
Filter Data

QUESTION TYPE: Subjective Short Answer

Name: Class:	Date:
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HAS VARIABLES: False

PREFACE NAME: case 2-1-12968

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.027 - Apply and remove filters in a query

TOPICS: Critical Thinking
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66. Daniel wants to make even more use of wildcard characters. Which operator is he most apt to use in these searches?

a. Findb. Likec. Searchd. Near

ANSWER: B
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 36

Filter Data

QUESTION TYPE: Subjective Short Answer

HAS VARIABLES: False

PREFACE NAME: case 2-1-12968

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.027 - Apply and remove filters in a query

TOPICS: Critical Thinking
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67. Daniel lives in Oxford and he would like to find all customers who do not live in Oxford. Which comparison operator should he use?

a. = b. #=#

c. <> d. <=>

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Access 39

Apply AND Criteria

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

PREFACE NAME: case 2-1-12968

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Match each term with the statement that best describes it.

- a. Is Null
- b. wildcard
- c. sorting
- d. query
- e. datasheet
- f. filter

Name:	Class:
Access 2016 - Module 2	2: Building and Using Queries
g. criteria	
h. query grid	
REFERENCES:	Access 28 Access 32 Access 35 Access 36 Access 39 Access 42 Use the Query Wizard Use Query Design View Sort and Find Data Filter Data Apply AND Criteria Format a Datasheet
QUESTION TYPE:	Matching
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.022 - Describe the purpose for a query ENHA.FRIE.16.024 - Work in Query Design View ENHA.FRIE.16.026 - Use wildcards in criteria ENHA.FRIE.16.027 - Apply and remove filters in a query ENHA.FRIE.16.032 - Apply sort orders to a query ENHA.FRIE.16.035 - Use comparison operators with criteria ENHA.FRIE.16.041 - Format a datasheet
DATE CREATED:	2/26/2016 8:14 PM
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68. Creates a datasheet of se <i>ANSWER:</i> d <i>POINTS:</i> 1	elected fields and records from one or more tables
69. The lower pane in Query ANSWER: h POINTS: 1	y Design View
70. Limiting conditions used	d to narrow the number of records on a datasheet
ANSWER: g	
POINTS: 1	
71. Putting records in ascend ANSWER: c POINTS: 1	ding or descending order based on a field's values
72. Used to search for a patt <i>ANSWER</i> : b	ern

POINTS: 1

\_\_\_\_ Date:\_\_\_\_\_

Name:	Class:	Date:
Access 2016 - Module 2: Bu	ilding and Using Queries	
ANSWER: f		
POINTS: 1		
74. Criterion that finds all records	s where no entry has been made in the field	
ANSWER: a	•	
POINTS: 1		

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gridlines *ANSWER:* e *POINTS:* 1