# TEST BANK

for

# **DEVITO**

# INTERPERSONAL MESSAGES

## **FOURTH EDITION**

by

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# **PEARSON**

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10987654321

ISBN 10: 0-13-420433-6 ISBN 13: 978-0-13-420433-8

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### **Chapter 1: Foundations of Interpersonal Communication**

### **Multiple Choice Questions**

1.	What are	the two	major	benefits	of interpersonal	communication?

- a) intellectual and practical
- b) connection and consciousness
- c) educational and professional
- d) personal/social and professional

	Answer:	d
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Learning Objective: 1.1 Explain the personal and professional benefits of the study of

interpersonal communication.

Topic: Why Study Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

- 2. In a survey of 1,001 individuals, 53 percent cited \_\_\_\_\_ as the major cause of marriage failure.
- a) insufficient income
- b) in-law interference
- c) lack of effective communication
- d) debt

Answer: c

Learning Objective: 1.1 Explain the personal and professional benefits of the study of interpersonal communication.

Topic: Why Study Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate Skill Level: Remember the Facts

- 3. The objective of the text, *Interpersonal Messages*, is to . .
- a) provide a formula for behavior
- b) improve your interpersonal skills
- c) focus on relevant theory
- d) allow you to analyze others' behavior

Answer: b

Learning Objective: 1.1 Explain the personal and professional benefits of the study of interpersonal communication.

Topic: Why Study Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Easy

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

4. Communication may be
a) synchronous and asynchronous
b) only asynchronous
c) androgynous
d) synchronous and androgynous
Answer: a Learning Objective: 1.2 Define <i>interpersonal communication</i> . Topic: The Nature of Interpersonal Communication Difficulty Level: Easy Skill Level: Remember the Facts
<ul> <li>5. In a linear view of communication,</li> <li>a) the speaker speaks and the listener listens</li> <li>b) speaking and listening are simultaneous</li> <li>c) speaker and listener are interdependent</li> <li>d) the speaker is addressing himself</li> </ul>
Answer: a Learning Objective: 1.2 Define interpersonal communication. Topic: The Nature of Interpersonal Communication Difficulty Level: Moderate Skill Level: Understand the Concepts
6. The transactional view of interpersonal communication  a) is an exchange of money  b) is static c) involves interdependency d) has a clear-cut end
Answer: c Learning Objective: 1.2 Define interpersonal communication. Topic: The Nature of Interpersonal Communication Difficulty Level: Moderate Skill Level: Understand the Concepts
7. Which of the following is a major element of interpersonal communication? a) cell phones b) context c) empathy d) clothing

Answer: b

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source–receiver,

messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate Skill Level: Remember the Facts

- 8. In every interpersonal interaction that Edward has, he is presented with \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- a) challenging moments
- b) crisis communication
- c) image concerns
- d) choice points

Answer: d

Learning Objective: 1.5 Define communication competence and explain the essential

interpersonal communication competencies.

Topic: Interpersonal Competence

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Apply What You Know

- 9. Which of the following is an encoder?
- a) writer
- b) listener
- c) reader
- d) audience

Answer: a

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source—receiver, messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Easy

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

- 10. When Juan introduces information about messages before he sends the message, it is
- a) feedback
- b) decoding
- c) feedforward
- d) psychological noise

Answer: c

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source–receiver,

messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Apply What You Know

- 11. Channels in communication
- a) are the media through which message signals pass
- b) are usually used independently of one another
- c) put ideas into words
- d) may be physical, psychological, and semantic

Answer: a

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source—receiver, messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

- 12. Physical noise is \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) external to the speaker and receiver
- b) psychological
- c) semantic
- d) internal to the speaker and receiver

Answer: a

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source—receiver, messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

- 13. You can hear the growling of the stomach of the student seated next to you. This is an example of which kind of noise from where you are seated?
- a) physical
- b) psychological
- c) semantic
- d) temporal

Answer: a

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source—receiver, messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

### Skill Level: Apply What You Know

- 14. Context is the environment that \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- a) influences the form of communication
- b) is always nonverbal
- c) includes eight dimensions
- d) is universal throughout all cultures

Answer: a

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source–receiver, messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

- 15. Which type of noise is created by barriers within the sender or receiver and includes impairments such as loss of vision and hearing?
- a) physical
- b) physiological
- c) psychological
- d) semantic

Answer: b

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source—receiver, messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

- 16. Ezra is from England; when he thinks of a lift, he thinks of an elevator. However, his American roommate, Allen, thinks a lift means to give someone a ride somewhere. This is an example of \_\_\_\_\_\_ noise.
- a) physical
- b) physiological
- c) psychological
- d) semantic

Answer: d

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source—receiver, messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Apply What You Know

- 17. Technostress is defined as \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) rude e-mails that require additional time to respond to because the receiver is stressed
- b) spam e-mails that crash computer systems in the workplace
- c) fear and concern of older adults about how to use technology
- d) anxiety over the amount of information and the inability to manage it in the time available

Answer: d

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source—receiver, messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Easy

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

- 18. Sheila can't hear a thing that her teacher is saying because there is a noisy classmate next to her. This is an example of \_\_\_\_\_\_ noise.
- a) physical
- b) physiological
- c) psychological
- d) semantic

Answer: a

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source—receiver, messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Apply What You Know

- 19. Lisa is a technology teacher at the local college. Colleagues come to her with questions about their technology issues. In the eyes of the colleagues, what type of power does Lisa have?
- a) legitimate
- b) expert
- c) reward
- d) coercive

Answer: b

Learning Objective: 1.4 Explain the principles of interpersonal communication, and give examples of each.

Topic: Principles of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Apply What You Know

a) every aspect of behavior communicates b) with effort you can avoid communication c) in every interaction, someone is strong enough to force another to communicate d) you can drop out of a communication situation Answer: a Learning Objective: 1.4 Explain the principles of interpersonal communication, and give examples of each. Topic: Principles of Interpersonal Communication Difficulty Level: Easy Skill Level: Understand the Concepts 21. Saying that communication is irreversible means we \_\_\_\_\_\_. a) need to monitor our commitment messages b) have to choose carefully the messages we wish to withdraw c) cannot withdraw a message d) sometimes need to defend or justify our behavior Answer: c Learning Objective: 1.4 Explain the principles of interpersonal communication, and give examples of each. Topic: Principles of Interpersonal Communication Difficulty Level: Easy Skill Level: Understand the Concepts 22. Your interpersonal competence is \_\_ a) your knowledge of all the relevant theory b) your ability to communicate effectively c) your ability to put thoughts and feelings into a code d) a special type of message Answer: b Learning Objective: 1.5 Define communication competence and explain the essential interpersonal communication competencies. Topic: Interpersonal Competence Difficulty Level: Easy Skill Level: Understand the Concepts 23. One way to increase mindfulness is to \_\_\_ a) look around the room when others are speaking

20. What does the statement "We cannot *not* communicate" mean?

- b) be open to new information and points of view
- c) rely heavily on first impressions
- d) be close-minded when it comes to new points of view

Answer: b

Learning Objective: 1.5 Define communication competence and explain the essential

interpersonal communication competencies.

Topic: Interpersonal Competence

Difficulty Level: Easy

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

- 24. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the study of what is morally right and wrong.
- a) Ethics
- b) Social rules
- c) Interpersonal competence
- d) Context

Answer: a

Learning Objective: 1.5 Define *communication competence* and explain the essential interpersonal communication competencies.

Topic: Interpersonal Competence

Difficulty Level: Easy

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

- 25. Interpersonal interaction involves the exchange of both verbal and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ messages.
- a) spoken
- b) nonverbal
- c) oral
- d) uttered

Answer: b

Learning Objective: 1.2 Define interpersonal communication.

Topic: The Nature of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Easy

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

#### **True/False Questions**

26. Interpersonal communication is communication that only takes place between two people with an intimate relationship.

Answer: False

Learning Objective: 1.2 Define interpersonal communication.

Topic: The Nature of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Easy

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

27. Interpersonal communication is a transactional process in which all elements are interdependent.

Answer: True

Learning Objective: 1.2 Define interpersonal communication.

Topic: The Nature of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Easy

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

28. For interpersonal communication to occur, meanings must be encoded and decoded.

Answer: True

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source–receiver,

messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

29. One of the problems with information overload is that it absorbs an enormous amount of time for workers only at the higher levels of management.

Answer: False

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source—receiver,

messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

30. Feedforward is when we plan our remarks before we make them.

Answer: False

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source–receiver,

messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Easy

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

31. The tag line after your name on your social media site is an example of feedforward.

Answer: True

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source–receiver,

messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate Skill Level: Remember the Facts

32. "Noise" is always physical disruption of a message.

Answer: False

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source–receiver,

messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

33. The four types of noise discussed in the text are semantic, physical, emotional, and psychological.

Answer: False

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source–receiver,

messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate Skill Level: Remember the Facts

34. The temporal or time dimension has to do with where a particular message fits into a sequence of communication events.

Answer: True

Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source—receiver,

messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements.

Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

35. One of the purposes of communication is *to play*.

Answer: True

Learning Objective: 1.4 Explain the principles of interpersonal communication, and give

examples of each.

Topic: Principles of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Easy

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

36. An ambiguous message is a communication that can be interpreted as having only one meaning.

Answer: False

Learning Objective: 1.4 Explain the principles of interpersonal communication, and give

examples of each.

Topic: Principles of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

37. Some employers and colleges ask candidates to open their social networking accounts during the interview.

Answer: True

Learning Objective: 1.4 Explain the principles of interpersonal communication, and give

examples of each.

Topic: Principles of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Easy

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

38. Communication is irreversible.

Answer: True

Learning Objective: 1.4 Explain the principles of interpersonal communication, and give

examples of each.

Topic: Principles of Interpersonal Communication

Difficulty Level: Easy

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

39. Communications that prove effective in one culture will by definition prove effective in another culture.

Answer: False

Learning Objective: 1.5 Define *communication competence* and explain the essential

interpersonal communication competencies.

Topic: Interpersonal Competence

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

Difficulty Level: Moderate

Fill-in-the-Blank Questions 40. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the verbal and nonverbal interaction between two interdependent people. Answer: Interpersonal communication Learning Objective: 1.1 Explain the personal and professional benefits of the study of interpersonal communication. Topic: Why Study Interpersonal Communication Difficulty Level: Easy Skill Level: Remember the Facts 41. \_\_\_\_\_ communication occurs in real time; \_\_\_\_\_ communication occurs at different times. Answer: Synchronous; asynchronous Learning Objective: 1.2 Define interpersonal communication. Topic: The Nature of Interpersonal Communication Difficulty Level: Moderate Skill Level: Understand the Concepts 42. Your ability to communicate effectively is your interpersonal \_\_\_\_\_\_. Answer: competence Learning Objective: 1.5 Define *communication competence* and explain the essential interpersonal communication competencies. Topic: Interpersonal Competence Difficulty Level: Moderate Skill Level: Understand the Concepts 43. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ is a message about another message. Answer: metamessage Learning Objective: 1.3 Diagram a model of communication containing source–receiver, messages, channel, noise, and context, and define each of these elements. Topic: The Elements of Interpersonal Communication Difficulty Level: Moderate Skill Level: Understand the Concepts