

Chapter 3: Suffixes Test Bank

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. Amniocentesis:
 - a. Incision of the abdomen
 - b. Paracentesis
 - c. Surgical puncture to remove fluid from the abdomen
 - d. Puncture of the chest region
 - e. Surgical puncture to remove fluid from the sac around the embryo

ANS: E REF: 76 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

2. Inflammation of lymph tissue in the throat:
 - a. Bronchitis
 - b. Laryngitis
 - c. Pharyngeal
 - d. Tonsilitis
 - e. Tonsillitis

ANS: E REF: 78 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

3. Falling, drooping, prolapse:
 - a. -pathy
 - b. -ptosis
 - c. -trophy
 - d. -plasty
 - e. -plasm

ANS: B REF: 81 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

4. Blood is held back from an area:
 - a. Thrombocyte
 - b. Anemia
 - c. Ischemia
 - d. Hematoma
 - e. Hemolysis

ANS: C REF: 81 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

5. Death:
 - a. neur/o
 - b. nephro
 - c. neutr/o
 - d. nucle/o
 - e. necr/o

ANS: E REF: 75 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

6. Acromegaly:

- a. Exocrine disorder of bone enlargement
- b. Enlargement of extremities after puberty due to pituitary gland problem
- c. Abnormal growth of bones before puberty
- d. Endocrine gland problem in young children
- e. Fear of extremities (heights)

ANS: B REF: 79 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

7. Pain in the ear:
- a. Pleurodynia
 - b. Otitis
 - c. Otalgia
 - d. Osteitis
 - e. Neuralgia

ANS: C REF: 76 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

8. Continuing over a long period of time:
- a. Chronic
 - b. Acute
 - c. Chronic
 - d. Relapse
 - e. Remission

ANS: A REF: 83 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

9. Small artery:
- a. Capillary
 - b. Arteriole
 - c. Venule
 - d. Lymph vessel
 - e. Blood vessel leading from the heart

ANS: B REF: 82 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

10. Instrument to visually examine:
- a. -scope
 - b. -scopy
 - c. -opsy
 - d. -stasis
 - e. -tomy

ANS: A REF: 81 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

11. Hernia of the urinary bladder:
- a. Rectocele
 - b. Inguinal hernia
 - c. Hiatal hernia
 - d. Rectalgia
 - e. Cystocele

ANS: E REF: 84 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

12. Tumor of bone marrow (cancerous):

- a. Myosarcoma
- b. Multiple myeloma
- c. Osteogenic sarcoma
- d. Adenocarcinoma
- e. Metastasis

ANS: B

REF: 79

OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

13. X-ray record of the spinal cord:

- a. Electroencephalogram
- b. Bone scan
- c. Myogram
- d. Myelogram
- e. Electromyogram

ANS: D

REF: 75 |78

OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

14. Berry-shaped (spheroidal) bacteria:

- a. staphyl/o
- b. pneum/o
- c. -cele
- d. strept/o
- e. -cocci

ANS: E

REF: 76

OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

15. Neutrophil:

- a. Lymphocyte
- b. Polymorphonuclear leukocyte
- c. Monocyte
- d. Mononuclear agranulocyte
- e. Platelet

ANS: B

REF: 79

OBJ: Identify functions of blood cells.

16. Instrument to record:

- a. -gram
- b. -scopy
- c. -scope
- d. -graph
- e. -graphy

ANS: D

REF: 78

OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

17. Resembling:

- a. -osis
- b. -eal
- c. lith/o
- d. -oid
- e. -ic

ANS: D REF: 83 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

18. An eosinophil is a/an:
- a. Erythrocyte
 - b. Leukocyte
 - c. Mononuclear cell
 - d. Platelet
 - e. Lymphocyte

ANS: B REF: 85 OBJ: Identify functions of blood cells.

19. Removal of the voice box:
- a. Laryngectomy
 - b. Pharyngotomy
 - c. Pharynostomy
 - d. Laryngectomy
 - e. Tracheotomy

ANS: D REF: 77 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

20. Angioplasty means:
- a. Pertaining to fat
 - b. Fear of extremities
 - c. Therapy with chemicals
 - d. Surgical puncture of a blood vessel
 - e. Surgical repair of a blood vessel

ANS: E REF: 80 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

21. A blood cell that produces antibodies:
- a. Erythrocyte
 - b. Platelet
 - c. Lymphocyte
 - d. Monocyte
 - e. Basophil

ANS: C REF: 85 OBJ: Identify functions of blood cells.

22. The opposite of -malacia is:
- a. -megaly
 - b. -sclerosis
 - c. -emia
 - d. -plasia
 - e. -lysis

ANS: B REF: 80 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

23. Excessive development:
- a. Hypoplasia
 - b. Dystrophy
 - c. Achondroplasia
 - d. Morphology

e. Hypertrophy

ANS: E

REF: 82

OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

24. Treatment:

- a. -therapy
- b. -genic
- c. -plasty
- d. -osis
- e. -stasis

ANS: A

REF: 81

OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

25. Surgical creation of a permanent opening to the outside of the body:

- a. -stomy
- b. -tomy
- c. -ectomy
- d. Section
- e. Resection

ANS: A

REF: 81

OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

26. Beyond control (spread of a cancerous tumor):

- a. metastesis
- b. metastasis
- c. metastatis

ANS: B

REF: 81

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

27. Pertaining to the voice box:

- a. larnygeal
- b. laryngeal
- c. laryngel

ANS: B

REF: 83

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

28. Condition (disease) of the lung:

- a. pneumonia
- b. pneumoneia
- c. pnuemonia

ANS: A

REF: 82

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

29. Hernia of the urinary bladder:

- a. cytocele
- b. cystocele
- c. cystosele

ANS: B

REF: 84

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

30. Deficiency in white blood cells:

- a. leukopenia
- b. luekopenia

c. lucopeina

ANS: A REF: 75 |79 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

31. Excessive development:

- a. hypertropy
- b. hypertrophy
- c. hypertrofe

ANS: B REF: 82 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

32. Pertaining to the groin:

- a. inguinal
- b. ingiuinal
- c. ingwanal

ANS: A REF: 83 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

33. Clotting cell:

- a. platelete
- b. platlet
- c. platelet

ANS: C REF: 85 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

34. Incision of a vein:

- a. pilbotomy
- b. phlebotomy
- c. plebotomy

ANS: B REF: 81 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

35. Small vein:

- a. venule
- b. vanule
- c. venuel

ANS: A REF: 82 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

Select the correct meaning for the following suffixes.

36. -cele:

- a. softening
- b. cell
- c. hernia

ANS: C REF: 76 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

37. -coccus:

- a. inflammation
- b. berry-shaped bacterium
- c. breakdown, destruction, separation

ANS: B REF: 76 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

38. -centesis:
a. formation
b. softening
c. surgical puncture to remove fluid
ANS: C REF: 76 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.
39. -genesis:
a. condition of producing, forming, formation
b. surgical puncture to remove fluid
c. breakdown, destruction, separation
ANS: A REF: 78 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.
40. -graphy:
a. process of recording
b. instrument for recording
c. record
ANS: A REF: 78 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.
41. -emia:
a. condition of producing, forming, formation
b. blood condition
c. enlargement
ANS: B REF: 77 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.
42. -pathy:
a. disease condition
b. process of recording
c. to view
ANS: A REF: 79 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.
43. -lysis:
a. blood condition
b. softening
c. breakdown, destruction, separation
ANS: C REF: 78 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.
44. -penia:
a. pain
b. enlargement
c. deficiency
ANS: C REF: 79 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.
45. -malacia:
a. drooping, sagging, prolapse
b. softening

c. hardening

ANS: B

REF: 78

OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

46. -megaly:
a. softening
b. deficiency
c. enlargement

ANS: C

REF: 79

OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

Select the correct suffix for the following descriptions.

47. Instrument to visually examine:
a. -graphy
b. -scope
c. -scopy

ANS: B

REF: 81

OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

48. Fear:
a. -penia
b. -phobia
c. -plasia

ANS: B

REF: 79

OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

49. Enlargement:
a. -megaly
b. -ptosis
c. -penia

ANS: A

REF: 79

OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

50. Falling, drooping, prolapse:
a. -stomy
b. -megaly
c. -ptosis

ANS: C

REF: 80

OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

51. Separation, destruction:
a. -malacia
b. -lysis
c. -ptosis

ANS: B

REF: 78

OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

52. Softening:
a. -malacia
b. -ptosis
c. -lysis

ANS: A

REF: 78

OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

53. Incision:
a. -trophy
b. -scopy
c. -tomy

ANS: C REF: 81 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

54. Treatment:
a. -therapy
b. -trophy
c. -pathy

ANS: A REF: 81 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

55. Excision:
a. -centesis
b. -ectomy
c. -dynia

ANS: B REF: 77 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

56. New opening:
a. -trophy
b. -stasis
c. -stomy

ANS: C REF: 81 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

Select the correct combining form for the following terms.

57. Liver:
a. hemat/o
b. hepat/o
c. hydr/o

ANS: B REF: 74 OBJ: Define and review combining forms.

58. Muscle:
a. my/o
b. myel/o
c. morph/o

ANS: A REF: 75 OBJ: Define and review combining forms.

59. Flesh:
a. splen/o
b. sacr/o
c. sarc/o

ANS: C REF: 75 OBJ: Define and review combining forms.

60. Nerve:

- a. neutr/o
- b. neur/o
- c. nephr/o

ANS: B

REF: 75

OBJ: Define and review combining forms.

Select the accented syllable in the following terms (for example: anemia = ne, diagnosis = no, endocrine = en).

61. Arteriole:

- a. ar
- b. ter
- c. ole

ANS: B

REF: 100

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

62. Hypertrophy:

- a. hy
- b. per
- c. tro
- d. phy

ANS: B

REF: 101

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

63. Osteomalacia:

- a. os
- b. teo
- c. ma
- d. la

ANS: D

REF: 102

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

64. Necrosis:

- a. ne
- b. cro
- c. sis

ANS: B

REF: 102

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

65. Carcinogenesis:

- a. car
- b. cin
- c. gen
- d. sis

ANS: C

REF: 100

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

66. Arteriosclerosis:

- a. ar
- b. ter
- c. scle
- d. ro

ANS: D REF: 100 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

67. Laparoscopy:

- a. lap
- b. pa
- c. ros
- d. scop

ANS: C REF: 101 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

68. Thrombocytopenia:

- a. throm
- b. bo
- c. cy
- d. pen

ANS: D REF: 103 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

69. Abdominocentesis:

- a. ab
- b. dom
- c. cen
- d. te

ANS: D REF: 100 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

70. Hydrotherapy:

- a. hy
- b. dro
- c. ther

ANS: C REF: 101 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

Spelling

71. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

- a. pericardeum
- b. pericardium

ANS: B REF: 82 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

72. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

- a. arteriosclerosis
- b. arteriosklerosis

ANS: A REF: 80 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

73. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

- a. myleogram
- b. myelogram

ANS: B REF: 75 |78 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

74. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

- a. hepatomeagaly
- b. hepatomegaly

ANS: B

REF: 96

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

75. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

- a. tonsillitis
- b. tonsilitis

ANS: A

REF: 78

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

76. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

- a. trachostomy
- b. tracheostomy

ANS: B

REF: 81

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

77. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

- a. abdominocentesis
- b. adbominocentesis

ANS: A

REF: 76

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

78. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

- a. ploorodinia
- b. pleurodynia

ANS: B

REF: 77

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

79. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

- a. ophthalmology
- b. ophthalmology

ANS: A

REF: 78

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

80. Select the term that is spelled correctly:

- a. staphylococci
- b. staphlococci

ANS: A

REF: 76

OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

MATCHING

Match the terms with their correct meanings.

- a. acrophobia
- b. angiogenesis
- c. biopsy
- d. blepharoptosis
- e. cardiomyopathy
- f. cystocele
- g. electroencephalogram
- h. hemolysis

- i. hydronephrosis
- j. inguinal
- k. ischemia
- l. laparotomy
- m. laryngeal
- n. mastectomy
- o. metastasis
- p. necrosis
- q. otalgia
- r. peritoneal
- s. thrombocytopenia
- t. tracheostomy

1. Pertaining to the groin
2. Prolapse of an eyelid
3. Disease of heart muscle
4. Resection of a breast
5. Ear pain
6. Pertaining to the voice box
7. Formation of blood vessels
8. Pertaining to the membrane surrounding the abdomen
9. Destruction of blood (RBCs)
10. Incision of the abdomen
11. Spread of a malignant tumor
12. Holding back blood from tissues
13. Fear of heights
14. New opening of the windpipe to the outside of the body
15. Abnormal condition of death of cells
16. Hernia of the urinary bladder
17. Record of the electricity in the brain
18. Deficiency of clotting cells (platelets)
19. Removal of living tissue and examination under a microscope
20. Abnormal condition of fluid (water) in the kidney

1. ANS: J	REF: 83	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
2. ANS: D	REF: 80	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
3. ANS: E	REF: 79	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
4. ANS: N	REF: 77	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
5. ANS: Q	REF: 76	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
6. ANS: M	REF: 83	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
7. ANS: B	REF: 78	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
8. ANS: R	REF: 83	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
9. ANS: H	REF: 78	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
10. ANS: L	REF: 81	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
11. ANS: O	REF: 81	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
12. ANS: K	REF: 81	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
13. ANS: A	REF: 79	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.
14. ANS: T	REF: 81	OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

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| 15. ANS: P | REF: 79 | OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms. |
| 16. ANS: F | REF: 76 | OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms. |
| 17. ANS: G | REF: 78 | OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms. |
| 18. ANS: S | REF: 79 | OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms. |
| 19. ANS: C | REF: 79 | OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms. |
| 20. ANS: I | REF: 79 | OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms. |

Match the terms that describe blood cells with their correct meanings.

- a. erythrocyte
 - b. eosinophil
 - c. thrombocyte
 - d. neutrophil
 - e. monocyte
 - f. lymphocyte
21. A clotting cell; platelet
 22. A red blood cell
 23. A granulocytic white blood cell that destroys cells by engulfing and digesting them; polymorphonuclear leukocyte
 24. A mononuclear leukocyte that is a phagocyte
 25. A mononuclear leukocyte that destroys foreign cells by making antibodies
 26. A leukocyte whose granules turn red with stain and whose numbers are elevated in allergic reactions

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| 21. ANS: C | REF: 77 | OBJ: Identify functions of blood cells. |
| 22. ANS: A | REF: 77 | OBJ: Identify functions of blood cells. |
| 23. ANS: D | REF: 79 | OBJ: Identify functions of blood cells. |
| 24. ANS: E | REF: 85 | OBJ: Identify functions of blood cells. |
| 25. ANS: F | REF: 85 | OBJ: Identify functions of blood cells. |
| 26. ANS: B | REF: 85 | OBJ: Identify functions of blood cells. |

Match the meanings with their correct suffixes.

- a. falling, drooping, prolapse
 - b. surgical repair
 - c. nourishment or development
 - d. fear
 - e. blood condition
 - f. formation
 - g. enlargement
 - h. softening
 - i. disease condition
 - j. deficiency
27. -malacia
 28. -phobia
 29. -plasia
 30. -ptosis
 31. -pathy
 32. -plasty

- | | | | |
|-------------|---------|----------------------------------|--|
| 33. -emia | | | |
| 34. -penia | | | |
| 35. -trophy | | | |
| 36. -megaly | | | |
| 27. ANS: H | REF: 78 | OBJ: Define and review suffixes. | |
| 28. ANS: D | REF: 79 | OBJ: Define and review suffixes. | |
| 29. ANS: F | REF: 80 | OBJ: Define and review suffixes. | |
| 30. ANS: A | REF: 80 | OBJ: Define and review suffixes. | |
| 31. ANS: I | REF: 79 | OBJ: Define and review suffixes. | |
| 32. ANS: B | REF: 80 | OBJ: Define and review suffixes. | |
| 33. ANS: E | REF: 77 | OBJ: Define and review suffixes. | |
| 34. ANS: J | REF: 79 | OBJ: Define and review suffixes. | |
| 35. ANS: C | REF: 82 | OBJ: Define and review suffixes. | |
| 36. ANS: G | REF: 79 | OBJ: Define and review suffixes. | |

OTHER

Give meanings for the following suffixes.

1. -cele: _____

ANS:
hernia

REF: 76 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

2. -coccus: _____

ANS:
berry-shaped bacterium

REF: 76 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

3. -centesis: _____

ANS:
surgical puncture to remove fluid

REF: 76 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

4. -genesis: _____

ANS:
formation

REF: 78 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

5. -graphy: _____

ANS:

process of recording

REF: 78 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

6. -emia: _____

ANS:
blood condition

REF: 77 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

7. -lysis: _____

ANS:
separation
destruction

REF: 78 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

8. -pathy: _____

ANS:
disease condition

REF: 79 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

9. -penia: _____

ANS:
deficiency

REF: 79 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

10. -malacia: _____

ANS:
softening

REF: 78 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

11. -megaly: _____

ANS:
enlargement

REF: 79 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

12. -phobia: _____

ANS:
fear

REF: 79 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

13. -plasty: _____

ANS:
surgical repair

REF: 80 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

14. -stasis: _____

ANS:
stop
control

REF: 81 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

15. -plasia: _____

ANS:
formation

REF: 80 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

16. -sclerosis: _____

ANS:
hardening

REF: 80 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

17. -ptosis: _____

ANS:
falling
drooping
prolapse

REF: 80 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

18. -stomy: _____

ANS:
new opening

REF: 81 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

19. -tomy: _____

ANS:
incision

REF: 81 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

20. -ule: _____

ANS:
small
little

REF: 82 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

21. -genic: _____

ANS:
pertaining to producing

REF: 83 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

22. -trophy: _____

ANS:
nourishment
development

REF: 82 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

23. -oid: _____

ANS:
resembling

REF: 83 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

24. -ole: _____

ANS:
small
little

REF: 82 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

25. -opsy: _____

ANS:
to view

REF: 79 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

26. -ectomy: _____

ANS:
removal

REF: 77 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

27. -centesis: _____

ANS:
surgical procedure to remove fluid

REF: 76 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

28. -dynia: _____

ANS:
pain

REF: 77 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

29. -stasis: _____

ANS:
stopping
controlling

REF: 81 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

30. -plasty: _____

ANS:
surgical repair

REF: 80 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

31. -genesis: _____

ANS:
condition of producing
forming

REF: 78 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

32. -cyte: _____

ANS:
cell

REF: 77 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

33. -penia: _____

ANS:
deficiency

REF: 79 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

34. -trophy: _____

ANS:
development
nourishment

REF: 82 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

35. -emia: _____

ANS:
blood condition

REF: 77 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

36. -graphy: _____

ANS:
process of recording

REF: 78 OBJ: Define and review suffixes.

Using the following combining forms and your knowledge of suffixes, build medical terms for the following definitions.

amni/o
cyst/o
laryng/o
myel/o
thorac/o
angi/o
isch/o
my/o
staphyl/o

37. Record of the spinal cord: _____

ANS:
myelogram

REF: 75 |78 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

38. Process of recording blood vessels: _____

ANS:
angiography

REF: 78 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

39. Pain of a muscle: _____

ANS:
myalgia

REF: 76 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

40. Surgical puncture to remove fluid from the chest: _____

ANS:
thoracocentesis

REF: 76 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

41. Berry-shaped (spheroidal) bacteria in clusters: _____

ANS:
staphylococci

REF: 76 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

42. Resection of the voice box: _____

ANS:
laryngectomy

REF: 77 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

43. Holding back of blood (from cells): _____

ANS:
ischemia

REF: 77 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

44. Hernia of the urinary bladder: _____

ANS:
cystocele

REF: 76 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

Using the following combining forms and your knowledge of suffixes, build medical terms for the following definitions.

acr/o

cardi/o

morph/o

myel/o

blephar/o

chondr/o

my/o

sarc/o

45. Fear of heights (extremities): _____

ANS:
acrophobia

REF: 79 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

46. Flesh (malignant) tumor of muscle: _____

ANS:
myosarcoma

REF: 79 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

47. Study of the shape (of cells): _____

ANS:
morphology

REF: 78 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

48. Inflammation of an eyelid: _____

ANS:
blepharitis

REF: 92 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

49. Softening of cartilage: _____

ANS:
chondromalacia

REF: 78 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

50. Tumor of bone marrow: _____

ANS:
myeloma

REF: 79 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

51. Disease of heart muscle: _____

ANS:
cardiomyopathy

REF: 79 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

Complete the following terms from their definitions.

52. Tumor of bone marrow: _____ oma

ANS:
myel

REF: 79 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

53. Berry-shaped (spheroidal) bacteria in twisted chains: _____ cocci

ANS:
strepto

REF: 84 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

54. Hernia of the urinary bladder: _____ cele

ANS:
cysto

REF: 76 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

55. New opening from the colon to the outside of the body: colo _____

ANS:
stomy

REF: 81 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

56. Berry-shaped (spheroidal) bacteria in clusters: staphylo _____

ANS:
cocci

REF: 76 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

57. Fear of heights: _____ phobia

ANS:
acro

REF: 79 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

58. Study of the eye: _____ ology

ANS:
ophthalm

REF: 78 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

59. Small vein: _____ ule

ANS:
ven

67. Lung: _____

ANS:
pulmon/o

REF: 75 OBJ: Define and review combining forms.

Give the accented syllable in the following terms (for example: anemia = ne, diagnosis = no, endocrine = en).

68. Arteriole: _____

ANS:
ter

REF: 100 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

69. Hypertrophy: _____

ANS:
per

REF: 101 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

70. Osteomalacia: _____

ANS:
la

REF: 102 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

71. Necrosis: _____

ANS:
cro

REF: 102 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

72. Carcinogenesis: _____

ANS:
gen

REF: 100 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

73. Laparoscopy: _____

ANS:
ros

REF: 101 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

74. Arteriosclerosis: _____

ANS:
ro

REF: 100 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

75. Thrombocytopenia: _____

ANS:
pen

REF: 103 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

76. Abdominocentesis: _____

ANS:
te

REF: 100 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

77. Hydrotherapy: _____

ANS:
ther

REF: 101 OBJ: Spell and pronounce terms.

Select the term that is spelled correctly and give its meaning.

78. A. pericardeum
B. pericardium
A or B: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
B, lining (membrane) surrounding the heart

REF: 82 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

79. A. arteriosclerosis
B. arteriosklerosis
A or B: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:
A, hardening of arteries

REF: 80 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

80. A. myleogram
B. myelogram
A or B: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:

B, record (x-ray image) of spinal cord

REF: 75 |78 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

81. A. hepatomeagaly
B. hepatomegaly
A or B: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:

B, enlargement of the liver

REF: 96 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

82. A. trachostomy
B. tracheostomy
A or B: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:

B, new opening of the trachea to the outside of the body

REF: 81 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

83. A. tonsillitis
B. tonsilitis
A or B: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:

A, inflammation of the tonsils

REF: 78 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

84. A. abdominocentesis
B. adbominocentesis
A or B: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:

A, surgical puncture to remove fluid from the abdomen (paracentesis)

REF: 76 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

85. A. ploorodinia
B. pleurodynia
A or B: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:

B, pain of the pleura (chest wall muscles)

REF: 77 OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

86. A. ophthalmology

B. ophthalmology

A or B: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:

A, study of the eyes

REF: 78

OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

87. A. staphylococci

B. staphlococci

A or B: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:

A, berry-shaped bacteria in clusters

REF: 76

OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

Write the suffixes of the following terms and give the meaning of each term.

88. Pulmonary:

suffix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:

ary, pertaining to the lungs

REF: 83

OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

89. Necrotic:

suffix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:

tic, pertaining to death

REF: 83

OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.

90. Inguinal:

suffix: _____ meaning: _____

ANS:

al, pertaining to the groin

REF: 83

OBJ: Use suffixes to build and define terms.