McWay_Chapter02

MULTIPLE CHOICE

- 1. Personal jurisdiction refers to:
 - a. authority over parties involved.
 - b. authority over questions at issue.

ANS: A PTS: 1

- c. locations where trials are conducted.
- d. locations where trial parties reside.
- 2. Cases that have subject matter jurisdiction and that are limited by the U.S. Constitution and statute have _____ jurisdiction.

c. general

d. supreme

- a. diversity
- b. federal question

ANS: B PTS: 1

- 3. Diversity jurisdiction is specific to:
 - a. authority over the question at issue that resulted in a case.
 - b. citizens of different states as well as the federal courts.
 - c. general jurisdiction, which does not limit subject matter.
 - d. state citizens where amounts in controversy are over \$75,000.

ANS: B PTS: 1

- 4. The jurisdiction for medical malpractice cases:
 - a. always falls to state courts.
 - b. could be either state or federal.
 - c. depends on the defendant's citizenship.
 - d. is dependent on the plaintiff's citizenship.

ANS: B PTS: 1

- 5. Which statement is true of a supreme court, except in New York State?
 - a. The supreme court is a court of last resort.
 - b. Any party dissatisfied with a decision may take their course to the supreme court.
 - c. The supreme court must hear any case requested.
 - d. Supreme court judges are nominated and confirmed by Congress.

ANS: A PTS: 1

- 6. According to the constitution, which branch has been granted the power to establish lower federal courts?
 - a. Congress c. Senate
 - b. House of Representatives d. Supreme Court

ANS: A PTS: 1

- 7. Trial courts in the federal system are called _____.
 - a. Appellateb. Criminalc. Districtd. Supreme

ANS: C PTS: 1

8. The U.S. Supreme court decides which cases to hear:

- a. According to severity of decision.
- b. By a writ of certiorari.

- c. Based on a lottery.
- d. On a first come basis.

ANS: B PTS: 1

- 9. State supreme courts (except in New York State):
 - a. decide which cases to hear via writ of certiorari.
 - b. hear appeals from the intermediate appellate courts.
 - c. maintain guidelines concerning the type of cases.
 - d. try appeals from state courts involving the Constitution.

ANS: B PTS: 1

- 10. The admissibility of the health record into evidence is guided by Federal:
 - c. Civil Procedure Rules of Evidence.
 - b. CFR 21. d. HIPAA statutes and regulations.

ANS: C PTS: 1

a. Bill of Rights

- 11. Article X of the Evidence Rules allows
 - a. An exact duplicate copy to serve as evidence in lieu of an original.
 - b. Allows for expert testimony to be presented during the court case.
 - c. For exceptions to attorney-client privilege during a hearing.
 - d. The family to testify as witnesses during depositions and court cases.

ANS: A PTS: 1

- 12. The person who initiates a lawsuit is the _____.
 - a. Attorney c. Plaintiff
 - b. Defendant d. Surrogate

ANS: C PTS: 1

- 13. The defendant's reply to the allegations of a lawsuit is called the _____.
 - a. Answerb. Complaintc. Counterclaimd. Summons

ANS: A PTS: 1

- 14. Devices or tools used by one side to obtain facts and information about the case:
 - a. Investigation c. Wire tapping
 - b. Discovery d. Motions

ANS: B PTS: 1

15. A deposition is a:

a. Deposition.

- a. Formal request for information from another entity.
- b. Request for specific documents from a health care facility.
- c. Testimony provided under oath outside of the courtroom.
- d. Written questions presented to a party to obtain admissions of certain fact(s).

ANS: C PTS: 1

- 16. The questions presented to a party used to gather evidence are part of a(n):
 - c. Mental examination.
 - b. Interrogatory. d. Request for admission.

ANS: B PTS: 1

17. Electronically stored information (ESI) includes all forms of electronic data, and it is the principal subject matter for c. early case assessment

d. electronic discovery

c. Non-preservation

d. Spoliation

- a. acquisition of digital media
- b. computer database management

PTS: 1 ANS: D

18. When records are modified or destroyed, it is referred to as:

- a. Destruction
- b. Non-native format

ANS: D PTS: 1

- 19. In addition to supplying the record, the person who possesses the record could be compelled to deliver it at a certain time and place if the request is accompanied by a:
 - a. request for production.
 - b. judicial process of health information.
 - c. rule of civil procedure.
 - d. subpoena duces tecum.

ANS: D PTS: 1

- 20. The authority by which courts and judicial officers may hear and decide a case is called .
 - a. authority c. mediation
 - b. jurisdiction d. sovereignty

ANS: B PTS: 1

- 21. The three main types of jurisdiction involves _____ authority.
 - a. alternative dispute resolution, arbitration, and mediation
 - b. dualism, monolism, pluralism
 - c. global, international, and universal
 - d. personal, subject matter and territorial

ANS: D PTS: 1

- 22. A federal court that has subject-matter jurisdiction to hear a civil case involving a plaintiff who allegedly violated the Constitution also has _____ jurisdiction. a. diversity c. special
 - b. federal question d. supplemental

ANS: B PTS: 1

- 23. Diversity jurisdiction includes is a form of subject-matter jurisdiction whereby US district courts (e.g., trial courts of general jurisdiction in the federal judiciary) have the power to hear a _____ case where the parties are "diverse" in citizenship, indicating that they are citizens of different states or non-U.S. citizens.
 - a. civil c. criminal b. contract d. customs

ANS: A PTS: 1

24. The stages through which a lawsuit passes is called the _____ process. a. appeal c. interrogatory

	b. complaint	d.	legal
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
25.	The person being sued is called the a. court clerk b. defendant		judge plaintiff
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
26.	The written document that describes the ground relief is called the a. appeal		f jurisdiction, plaintiff's claim, and demand for decision
	b. complaint		interrogatory
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
27.	The answer to a complaint that is made by the a. appeal b. decision	c.	ndant is called the interrogatory written response
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
28.	Which is the name of the process used by the defendant (or plaintiff) to obtain facts and information about the case from the plaintiff (or defendant)?		
	a. appealb. discovery		legal process trial
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
29.	stored electronically in any medium, which is a	calle	
	a. court orderb. e-discovery		metadata subpoena duces tecum
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
30.	when the document was created?		common text files, such as that which can indicate
	a. data dictionaryb. data virtualization		hypermapping metadata
	ANS: D PTS: 1		
31.	What term refers to the actions of a party who destructions and preserve electronically stored a. court order	data	
	b. litigation hold		subpoena duces tecum
	ANS: B PTS: 1		
32.	Which is a letter sent by an adversary in a cour evidence?		
	a. legal holdb. notice of preservation	c. d.	subpoena duces tecum temporary court order
	ANS: B PTS: 1		

- 33. An order of preservation results in _____.
 - a. Alteration of evidence
 - b. Failure to protect data

- c. Preservation of electronic data
- d. Wrongful destruction of data

ANS: C PTS: 1

- 34. Spoliation of evidence occurs as a result of _____
 - a. claims that had been injured by a defective product, which was discarded or lost
 - b. negative evidentiary inference that is *irrelevant* to an ongoing legal proceeding
 - c. unconsciousness of guilt or lack of motivation to prevent evidence from being used
 - d. wrongful destruction or alteration of evidence and/or failure to preserve data

ANS: D PTS: 1

- 35. When parties to a dispute come together to present evidence in court, the formal setting with authority to adjudicate claims or disputes is called a bench or jury _____.
 - a. appellate proceeding c. trial
 - b. hearing d. warrant

ANS: C PTS: 1

- 36. Which is associated with satisfying the judgment?
 - a. Alternative dispute resolution
 - b. Authority by which courts decide a case
 - c. Diversity jurisdiction
 - d. When the winning party is paid

ANS: D PTS: 1

- 37. Methods of dispute resolution to resolve conflicts and disagreements are called _____.
 - a. Alternative dispute resolution
- c. Subject-matter jurisdiction

b. Diversity jurisdiction

d. Satisfying the judgment

ANS: A PTS: 1

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