### MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1) Which of the following is main the reason why organizations constantly monitor the marketing

A) To capitalize on new of B) To limit the flow of in C) To estimate the human D) To curtail the weakness Answer: A	formation within the organic resource requirements	-	
2) Elements such as technolog	cical forces, regulatory for	ces, and demographic force	es constitute
A) organizational strength C) marketing environmen Answer: C		B) marketing intermedian D) microeconomic enviro	
B) continually acquiring i	tion to identify trends, str nformation on events occ tion to identify trends, op	engths, and weaknesses of a curring outside an organizat portunities, and threats to a nization	ion
<ul> <li>4) A SWOT analysis is</li> <li>A) Assessing how well a</li> <li>B) Both the internal factor</li> <li>C) Internal factors</li> <li>D) External factors</li> <li>Answer: A</li> </ul>		5	
5) A SWOT looks at the busin A) Six key areas that affect C) It's competition and de Answer: A	ct the business	B) It's socio-cultural force D) What other companies	
C) Strengths are positive and corp. Strength are positive and the corp.	opportunities, whereas the strate of the str	ey cannot build strengths.	
7) Characteristics such as age, A) economic Answer: B	gender, and occupation r B) demographic	refer to forces. C) regulatory	D) competitive

8)	is the term used to A) Generation Y	to describe people born be B) Generation Z	tween 1946 and 1965. C) Generation X	D) Baby boomer
	Answer: D			
9)	B) They are also referred C) They are increasingly	valid observation of baby ple born between 1965 and to as the echo boomers or using digital technology for ple born between 1975 and	d 1975. millennials. or communication.	
10)	Which of the following pro	ducts target baby boomers	exclusively?	
ŕ	A) Social networks		B) Retirement homes	
	C) Cosmetics		D) Bathroom accessories	
	Answer: B			
11)	Albert, a retired individual, anti-wrinkle creams and gree A) Generation X Answer: C	<u> </u>		
	roducts is a company that mes, packaged foods, detergent		•	•
12)	The company markets an ar likely target market of this	_	ets people aged 50 and abo	ove. Identify the
	A) Baby boomer Answer: A	B) Generation Y	C) Generation X	D) Millennial
13)	Baby products of the compa following is the target mark		ged between 25 and 35. W	hich of the
	A) Baby boomer		B) Prophet Generation	
	C) Generation X		D) Generation Y	
	Answer: D			
14)	The company launches toys will be the end users of this	_	n 5 and 10. Which of the fo	ollowing segments
	A) Millennial	B) Generation Z	C) Generation X	D) Baby boomer
	Answer: B			

15) Which of the following A) Baby boomers spen	nd more on consumer goo	baby boomers and Genera ods, whereas Generation Y	
<ul><li>B) Generation Y are h</li><li>C) Generation Y preference</li><li>social media.</li></ul>	ighly brand loyal, wherea er products such as video	games, whereas baby boon	ners are avid users of
D) Baby boomers pref Answer: A	er technological products	more than the Generation	Υ.
16) Generation X refers to t			1065
A) between 1966 and C) after generation Y		B) between 1946 and D) between 1972 and	
Answer: A	consumers	D) between 1972 and	1992
B) Baby boomers are C) Generation X cons	better educated than the c more self-reliant than the umers display more branc	en Generation X and Baby consumers from generation consumers from generation loyalty than baby boomer laterialism than baby boom	X. n X. s.
18) Which of the following	refers to the group of peo	ople born between 1972 and	1 1992?
A) Baby Boomers Answer: D	B) Generation X	C) Generation Z	D) Generation Y
19) Which of the following	groups of people are mos	tly children of baby boome	ers?
A) Generation Y	B) Generation X	C) Youth boomer	D) Net generation
Answer: A	·	·	
20) An Internet company lat 1985 and 1990. This con		ng website to attract young	people born between
A) Baby boomers Answer: D	B) Generation Z	C) Generation X	D) Generation Y
21) Which of the following	groups is referred to as th	ne pioneers of social media	?
A) Generation Y		B) Generation X	
C) Generation Z Answer: C		D) Baby boomer gene	eration
22) Generation Z consumers	s are the people born	·	
A) between 1993 and		B) before baby boom	ers
C) between 1975 and	1991	D) before generation	Y consumers
Answer: A			

23) Andrew was born in 1996. Which of the following state A) He will rarely use product offerings such as sociated B) He is likely to be brand loyal to most products. C) He will be objective in his purchases. D) He belongs to the least disruptive generation.  Answer: C	•
24) An animation company develops a game that is aimed Identify this company's target market.	d to attract children aged 15 or younger.
A) Baby boomer generation	B) Generation Y
C) Generation X	D) Generation Z
Answer: D	
<ul> <li>25) Which of the following refers to the problem of big c</li> <li>A) Big cities in the country lag behind the other citi</li> <li>B) Population growth has been declining in big citie</li> <li>C) Population of women is greater in urban areas th</li> <li>D) Most Canadians live in urban areas or their subu</li> <li>Answer: D</li> </ul>	es in growth rates. es of Canada. an in rural areas.
<ul> <li>26) Which of the following is a valid observation of socio</li> <li>A) It is easy to identify societal and cultural shifts in</li> <li>B) Socio-cultural changes can be monitored clearly.</li> <li>C) Straightforward statistical data is available on so</li> <li>D) Socio-cultural changes tend to be gradual in natu</li> <li>Answer: D</li> </ul>	n attitudes
27) Identify the term that refers to cultural values, ideas, a beliefs.	and attitudes, as well as society's morals and
A) Demographic forces	B) Socio-cultural forces
C) Neutral forces Answer: B	D) Internal forces
28) Marketers are responding to socio-cultural changes in	what areas?
A) Unstable markets	B) Group attitudes
C) Communications and the media Answer: C	D) Financial slowdown
29) What role does the media play in socio-cultural forces A) Consumers find that there is too much clutter in B) Consumers have taken the reins of the communi C) Consumers no longer listen to marketing messag D) Consumers choose one device to receive their messages. Answer: B	the communication channel. cation channel. ges.

A) Is very active physica B) Is able to spend holida C) Relies on electronic c D) Prefers face to face co	ays without electronic con ommunication	nmunication		
B) Female membership i C) Women are working j	a valid observation about ore involved in household in public schools has declipart-time to perform house increased vastly in recent	duties. ned. ehold duties.	n Canada?	
32) Identify the product whose A) Entertainment C) Automobiles Answer: C	business is most likely to	be affected by an econom B) Vegetables D) Home cooked meals	ic slowdown.	
33) Identify the product whose A) sweaters Answer: D	business is most likely to B) flour	be affected by an econom C) clothing	ic slowdown.  D) smart phones	
34) Which of the following processory?	34) Which of the following products is likely to do better business in a poor economy than in a strong			
A) automobiles Answer: C	B) luxury apparel	C) flour	D) packaged food	
A) disposable income C) variable cost Answer: D	an example of a macroeco	nomic force?  B) fixed cost  D) inflation		
36) Which of the following ter A) microeconomic forces C) regulatory forces Answer: D		country's economy as a wh B) nominal economic fo D) macroeconomic force	rces	
37) is a period when	n the cost to produce and b	ouy products and services g	gets higher as prices	
A) Biflation Answer: B	B) Inflation	C) Depression	D) Recession	

30) In Canada, we find a society that:

labour. This is an exam		- 1.0	
A) recession	B) depression	C) biflation	D) inflation
Answer: D			
	~	a time of slow economic a	activity with two
consecutive periods o			
A) recession	B) deflation	C) inflation	D) stagflation
Answer: A			
describes a scenario in  A) The company's sa  B) Fluctuating exch  C) The company has	n which a microeconomic ales have declined sharply ange rates exposed the co s a production plant in Ja	res electronic appliances. Ver force is affecting the come y after it increased the pricompany's business to uncerpan and Japan is undergoin loyees' demand for higher	pany's business? es of its products. tain revenue projections. ng a recession.
41) Anderson's family ear	ns \$150,000 a year includ	ling taxes. This amount is	referred to as the family's
A) gross income		B) variable income	•
C) disposable incom	ne	D) net income	
Answer: A	-	, 1.50 11.5 51.15	
_	=	ennifer earns \$200,000 a ye 60,000. What is the gross (C) \$290,000	_
43) Which of the following and savings?	g is used to define the af	ter-tax income that consun	ners have left for spending
A) variable income		B) discretionary in	come
C) disposable incom	ne	D) gross income	
Answer: C			
total amount of money that spends \$15,000 to buy nece	•	\$100,000. He pays incom	e tax \$18,000 and other taxes of
44) What is Robert's gross	s income?		
A) \$67,000	B) \$82,000	C) \$100,000	D) \$76,000
Answer: C			
45) What is Robert's dispo	osable income?		
A) \$82,000	B) \$67,000	C) \$76,000	D) \$100,000
Answer: C			

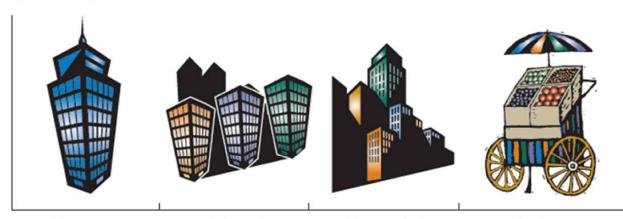
46) What is Robert's discre	tionary income?		
A) \$100,000	B) \$82,000	C) \$61,000	D) \$76,000
Answer: C			
47) Brad has \$50,000 after	-tax income left after pay	ying for necessities such a	s food, shelter, and
clothing. This amount	refers to his		
A) disposable income	3	B) discretionary in	come
C) variable income		D) gross income	
Answer: B			
B) Discretionary inco C) Discretionary inco before-tax income D) Unlike disposable a necessity. Answer: D  49) Sunshine Vacations is a following statements, i	income, discretionary income will always be more ome refers to the after-tage.  income, discretionary in a firm that offers holiday f true, will weaken the firm	than disposable income.  It income, whereas disposate to customers in packages to customers in	able income refers to the rchases that are not deemed a Canada. Which of the
B) Necessities such a C) Consumers' dispo D) The government of Answer: D	as rent and clothing have sable income has increas of Canada raised income	become cheaper in Canac sed in the recent past. tax rates in the previous r	la. nonth.
50) Which of the following income is very low?	; is an item that people a	re less likely to purchase,	if their discretionary
A) movie Answer: A	B) sweater	C) flour	D) milk
51) Which of the following research?  A) market forces C) technological force		nnovations that stem from  B) competitive for  D) pioneering force	ces
B) install application C) use technologies t	ograms on the Internet w software in a variety of hat are considered unsta	ithout owning the softwar operating systems ble for commercial purpose mputer without obtaining a	ses

- 53) Which of the following is an application that uses cloud computing?
  - A) WinZip
- B) MS Word
- C) Adobe Acrobat
- D) Google Drive

Answer: D

The visual below shows the four basic types of competition as identified by economists.

#### Types of competitions



Monopoly
One firm
Example: local cable service providers

Oligopoly Few firms Example: airlines

Monopolistic Competition Many firms, similar products Example: electricity companies

Perfect Competition Many firms, identical products Example: apple farmers

- 54) Which of the following refers to the type of competition that occurs when only one company dominate a market?
  - A) duopoly

B) oligopoly

C) monopoly

D) monopolistic competition

- Answer: C
- 55) Four banks dominate the banking sector in the United Kingdom. This market is an example of
  - A) monopoly

B) duopoly

C) perfect competition

D) oligopoly

Answer: D

- 56) The telecommunication industry of a country is characterized by intense competition. Many competitors are present in the market and they offer products that are similar. Which type of competition exists in this market?
  - A) oligopoly

B) monopoly

C) perfect competition

D) monopolistic competition

Answer: D

57) Which of the following is a type of compet	ition where there are many sellers with nearly identical
products and little differentiation?	
A) monopsony	B) perfect competition
C) oligopoly	D) monopoly
Answer: B	
58) Alternative products that can satisfy a spec	ific market's needs are called
A) competitive forces	B) direct forces
C) social forces	D) fundamental forces
Answer: A	
59) Direct competitors refer to  A) products that are used by the same cus B) very similar products sold in the same C) dissimilar products that compete in the D) products that have the shortest life cyc Answer: B	e category e same market
<ul> <li>A) contend for a different segment of cus</li> <li>B) compete for a different segment of cus</li> <li>C) compete for the same buying dollar in</li> <li>D) are very similar and compete in the sa</li> <li>Answer: C</li> </ul>	tomers in the same category stomers in different categories a slightly different category
61) The postal system is run by the government an example of a(n)	t with competition forbidden by law in a country. This is
A) monopoly	B) duopoly
C) monopolistic competition	D) oligopoly
Answer: A	, 81 1
<ul> <li>62) Which of the following is a valid observation</li> <li>A) A monopoly exists when there is only</li> <li>B) The effect of substitute products is proceed.</li> <li>C) Monopolies are an illegal form of busing</li> <li>D) This is the most common form of man Answer: A</li> </ul>	one company selling in the market. ominent in a monopoly. iness in most countries including Canada.
63) Which of the following refers to the type of market?	f competition that occurs when a few companies control a
A) monopolistic competition	B) monopoly
C) oligopoly	D) duopoly
Answer: C	, 1 ,

Charcos Oil is an oil marketing company. The company has only three competitors in the country where it operat formed an agreement with the competitors to fix the prices of their offerings. This move was essential because of sensitivity of the oil market.

64) The market in which Charcos Oil competes	s exemplifies .
A) oligopoly	B) monopoly
C) perfect competition	D) duopoly
Answer: A	
65) Which of the following is likely to occur if A) Some of the competitors will stop bus B) The company's profitability will increa C) The market will become a monopoly. D) Competitors will also follow the price Answer: D	ase.
(C) Wikish of the fellowing towns of sometities	un in anitiained formulas an Harrian 9
66) Which of the following types of competition  A) perfect competition	B) differentiated competition
C) monopoly	D) oligopoly
Answer: D	D) oligopoly
67) Which of the following is a type of compete other and offer customers substitute product A) monopolistic competition C) monopoly Answer: A	cition where a large number of sellers compete with each ets with product differentiation?  B) oligopoly D) monopsony
B) Companies that sell commodities are	price competition rather than differentiation. in a monopolistic competition. h each other in monopolistic competition.
69) Which of the following types of products is A) cars B) grains	s most likely to instigate perfect competition in a market C) packaged foods D) cell phones
Answer: B	
70) Which of the following is the reason why r A) to protect consumers from unscrupulo B) to prevent monopolistic competition in C) to promote product differentiation in r D) to maximize the profitability of individuals.	ous business practices n markets markets

	ving agencies is primarily reset and the Consumer Packagin	•	ration and enforcement of
A) Canadian R-T	_	B) Canadian Marke	eting Association
C) Competition E	Bureau	D) Better Business	_
Answer: C			
A) monitoring dig B) establishing pe C) endorsing mar	ving is a basic function of the gital information available to erfect competition in Canadia keting performance in Canad	customers an markets la	
D) curtailing false Answer: D	e and misleading representati	ons to sell products	
Advertising Initiation A) The Canadian Canadian gove B) It covers only C) The initiative of	Children's Food and Beverag	ge Advertising Initiative is rected to children. e 10 years of age.	<u> </u>
74) refers to	the dissemination of unsolicity	ited electronic messages t	o recipients.
A) Spam	B) Cookie	C) Spoofing	D) Virus
Answer: A			
A) gather data B) ensure that pro C) brainstorm	mental scans are conducted rooducts stay relevant to the con	_	·
76) A marketing enviro A) annually C) every quarter y Answer: A	onmental scan will often be co	onducted  B) every 2 years  D) monthly	
77) How many stone or	e in an environmental scan?		
A) 8 steps	B) 12 steps	C) 3 steps	D) 6 steps
Answer: C	2) 12 steps	C) 5 510ps	2) 0 steps

78) The starting point of	an environmental scan	is?	
A) Conduct compet	titive reviews	B) Gather data	a and information
C) Brainstorm on n	narketing ideas	D) Cluster the	information into facts
Answer: B			
79) How many factors ar	e there in an environme	ental scan?	
A) 10	B) 3	C) 7	D) 6
Answer: D			
80) Why should marketer environment scan?	rs be aware of changes	and developments in eac	ch area of a marketing
A) to get ahead of t	heir competitors		
_	ompany should be direc	ting their energies	
_	ere and when further ar	_	
D) to understand w	hat a company needs to	do	
Answer: C			
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the sta	tement is true and 'F' if th	ne statement is false.	
81) Demographic forces	are a key area that affec	ets the marketing enviror	nment of businesses.
Answer: 🧔 True	False		
82) A marketing environments threats to a business.	mental scan is performe	ed to identify trends and	pinpoint opportunities and
Answer: O True	False		
83) Albert, who was born	n in 1978, is a baby boo	mer.	
Answer: True 🧿	False		
84) Generation X is the g	roup of people born be	tween 1972 and 1992 an	d referred to as millennials.
Answer: True 💿	False		
85) Generation Z consum	ners are considered to b	e pioneers of social med	ia.
Answer: O True	False	-	
86) Socio-cultural forces a group of people.	refer to cultural values	, ideas, and attitudes that	t are learned and shared among
Answer: O True	False		
87) Marketers have noted	I that consumers have to	aken the reins of the con	nmunication channel.
Answer:   True	False	Temb of the con	
		4. 1	1 1
88) Macroeconomic force		country's economy as a	whole.
Answer: O True	False		

89) Inflation is a period in which product prices rise without an increase in the cost of production.  Answer: True False
90) A recession is a time of slow economic activity with two consecutive periods of negative growth.
Answer: True False
91) Greg has \$60,000 left annually for spending after paying all the taxes. Greg's gross income is \$60,000.
Answer: True • False
92) Disposable income is the after-tax income a consumer has left after paying for necessities.  Answer: True False
93) A consumer has \$100,000 left for spending and savings after paying his taxes. This sum amounts to his disposable income.
Answer: True False
94) Cloud computing refers to the ability to access and use programs from a personal computer.  Answer: True False
95) Competitive forces refer to alternative products that can satisfy a specific market's needs.
Answer: True False
96) Direct competitors refer to products that compete for the same buying dollar in a slightly different category.
Answer: True • False
97) Oligopoly is a type of competition that occurs when few companies control a market.  Answer: True False
98) A locality has only one cable service provider. The locality experiences monopolistic competition in the cable service market.
Answer: True 👨 False
99) Products such as grains and vegetables cannot function in an environment where perfect competition exists.
Answer: True • False
100) Regulations refer to the restrictions placed on marketing practices by government and industry associations.
Answer: True False
101) The Advertising Standards Canada is a self-regulatory non-government association run by advertising, media, and marketing professionals.
Answer: True False

102) The Canadian Marketing Association provides guidelines for its members through its Code of Ethics and Standards of Practice.

Answer: True False

103) A company introduces a contest that requires a mix of chance and skill. This contest will be illegal in Canada.

Answer: True False

#### ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

104) Explain the purpose of conducting a SWOT analysis.

Answer: SWOT analysis is performed to assess how well a company is servicing its business and target consumers by assessing an organization's internal strengths and weaknesses, as well as its external opportunities and threats.

105) Pick a company of your choice and conduct a SWOT analysis.

Answer: The students have to select a company of their choice and perform SWOT analysis to identify the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats. Student answers will vary for this question.

106) Briefly explain the main generational groups of consumers that marketers consider.

Answer: Baby boomers are the main reason for the greying of North America. During the baby boom (be 1946 and 1964), families had an average of 4 children versus the current average of 1.54. Generation X is the group of people born after the baby boomers, between 1965 and 1974. Generation Y is the group of people born between 1975 and 1991. These are mostly children of boomers, and are also referred to as the echo boom or millennials. Generation Z is the group of people born between 1992 and 2010. They have grown up with the

and as pioneers of social media are considered the most disruptive of the generations.

107) Explain big city dwelling in Canada.

Answer: Canada is one of the most urbanized nations in the world. Most Canadians live in urban areas or their suburbs. Statistics indicate that cities are growing much more quickly than rural areas, which lag behind the rest of the country in growth rates.

108) Explain the types of non-traditional families that a marketer is faced with in modern times.

Answer: Family size has decreased, with families having one or two children versus three or four (or more) in previous generations. The structure of the family has also changed, with evidence of more common-law relationships, single-parent families, and blended families. Over the last few years, same-sex marriages have also surfaced.

109) What are socio-cultural forces?

Answer: Socio-cultural forces refer to cultural values, ideas, and attitudes that are learned and shared among a group of people. This also includes society's morals and beliefs and is demonstrated through behaviour common among the socio-cultural group.

110) Consider an industry of your choice. Explain how macroeconomic forces affect that industry.

Answer: Macroeconomic forces refer to the state of a country's economy as a whole. A country's key economic indicators are its inflation rate, its unemployment rate, and its economic growth rate. Students should consider the impact of these factors in the industry that they have selected. Student answers will vary for this question.

111) Explain the concepts of recession and inflation.

Answer: One key economic indicator is inflation, a period when the cost to produce and buy products and services gets higher as prices rise. A recession is a time of slow economic activity with two consecutive periods of negative growth. During recessions, production levels decline, unemployment levels rise, and many consumers have less money to spend.

112) Compare and contrast microeconomic forces with macroeconomic forces.

Answer: Macroeconomic forces refer to the state of a country's economy as a whole. It affects many firms. Microeconomic forces directly refer to the supply of and demand for goods and services and how supply and demand are affected by individual, household, and company decisions to purchase. Microeconomic forces could be specific to single company. It refers to aspects such as consumer buying power.

113) Compare and contrast direct competitors and indirect competitors.

Answer: Any changes made by a major competitor in the areas of product, price, place, and promotion a routinely noted and detailed analyses are conducted to determine the impact on business results head-to-head competitors are called direct competitors and refer to very similar products sold it same category.

Indirect competitors are those products that compete for the same buying dollar but in a slightly different category.

114) Describe the areas under which the Advertising Standards Canada (ASC) encourages truth in advertising

Answer: Advertising Standards Canada (ASC) encourages truth in advertising through a Code that provi guidelines under these areas:

- (1) Accuracy and clarity
- (2) Disguised advertising techniques
- (3) Price claims
- (4) Bait and switch
- (5) Guarantees
- (6) Comparative advertising
- (7) Testimonials
- (8) Professional or scientific claims
- (9) Imitation
- (10) Safety
- (11) Superstition and fears
- (12) Advertising to children
- (13) Advertising to minors
- (14) Unacceptable depictions and portrayal
- 115) Explain the role of the Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission.

Answer: The Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission (CRTC) is a government agency that sets guidelines and enforces a clear set of regulations on Canadian businesses. It administers the Broadcasting Act and Telecommunications Act, among others, setting guidelines for broadcast standards. It also adjudicates on the ownership of media companies to ensure that monopolies do not exist and approves broadcast licences for TV and radio stations. It also sets guidelines on the broadcast of Canadian content and sets the number of minutes of advertising permitted hourly on TV.

116) Briefly describe the role of the Advertising Standards of Canada (ASC).

Answer: ASC is a self-regulatory non-government association run by advertising, media and marketing professionals with the purpose of setting and regulating standards of professional practice in the advertising industry. The industry has agreed to abide by its leadership, code, process, and rulings. Advertising Standards Canada sets and regulates advertising guidelines, monitored through a consumer complaint process. A single complaint will trigger a review of advertising places in the Canadian media, what the eventual withdrawal of the ad if changes are required and need to be made. The ASC also provides advice and pre-clearance services for advertisers.

117) Illustrate the significance of PIPEDA guidelines in an online environment.

Answer: PIPEDA signify privacy guidelines for an online environment. In an online environment, privacy policies must be clearly posted on all websites and detail what personal information is collected, how it is collected, how it is used and protected, whether information is disclosed to outside parties, and whether the company complies with Canadian privacy legislation and anti-spam laws. The policy needs to be honest, clear, and regularly reviewed.

- 1) A
- 2) C
- 3) B
- 4) A
- 5) A
- 6) D
- 7) B
- 8) D
- 9) C
- 10) B
- 11) C
- 12) A
- 13) D
- 14) B
- 15) A
- 16) A
- 17) D
- 18) D
- 19) A
- 20) D
- 21) C
- 22) A
- 23) C
- 24) D
- 25) D
- 26) D
- 27) B
- 28) C
- 29) B
- 30) C
- 31) A
- 32) C
- 33) D
- 34) C
- 35) D
- 36) D 37) B
- 38) D
- 39) A
- 40) A
- 41) A 42) D
- 43) C
- 44) C
- 45) C
- 46) C 47) B
- 48) D
- 49) D
- 50) A

- 51) C
- 52) A
- 53) D
- 54) C
- 55) D
- 56) D
- 57) B
- 58) A
- 59) B
- 60) C
- 61) A
- 62) A
- 63) C
- 64) A
- 65) D
- 66) D
- 67) A
- 68) C
- 69) B
- 70) A
- 71) C
- 72) D
- 73) D
- 74) A
- 75) B
- 76) A
- 77) C 78) B
- 79) D
- 80) C
- 81) TRUE
- 82) TRUE
- 83) FALSE
- 84) FALSE
- 85) TRUE
- 86) TRUE
- 87) TRUE
- 88) TRUE
- 89) FALSE
- 90) TRUE
- 91) FALSE
- 92) FALSE
- 93) TRUE
- 94) FALSE
- 95) TRUE
- 96) FALSE
- 97) TRUE
- 98) FALSE
- 99) FALSE
- 100) TRUE

- 101) TRUE
- 102) TRUE
- 103) FALSE
- 104) SWOT analysis is performed to assess how well a company is servicing its business and target consumers by assessing an organization's internal strengths and weaknesses, as well as its external opportunities and threats.
- 105) The students have to select a company of their choice and perform SWOT analysis to identify the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats. Student answers will vary for this question.
- 106) Baby boomers are the main reason for the greying of North America. During the baby boom (between 1946 1964), families had an average of 4 children versus the current average of 1.54.

  Generation X is the group of people born after the baby boomers, between 1965 and 1974.

  Generation Y is the group of people born between 1975 and 1991. These are mostly children of baby boomers also referred to as the echo boom or millennials.
  - Generation Z is the group of people born between 1992 and 2010. They have grown up with the Internet, ar pioneers of social media are considered the most disruptive of the generations.
- 107) Canada is one of the most urbanized nations in the world. Most Canadians live in urban areas or their suburbs. Statistics indicate that cities are growing much more quickly than rural areas, which lag behind the rest of the country in growth rates.
- 108) Family size has decreased, with families having one or two children versus three or four (or more) in previous generations. The structure of the family has also changed, with evidence of more common-law relationships, single-parent families, and blended families. Over the last few years, same-sex marriages have also surfaced.
- 109) Socio-cultural forces refer to cultural values, ideas, and attitudes that are learned and shared among a group of people. This also includes society's morals and beliefs and is demonstrated through behaviour common among the socio-cultural group.
- 110) Macroeconomic forces refer to the state of a country's economy as a whole. A country's key economic indicators are its inflation rate, its unemployment rate, and its economic growth rate. Students should consider the impact of these factors in the industry that they have selected. Student answers will vary for this question.
- 111) One key economic indicator is inflation, a period when the cost to produce and buy products and services gets higher as prices rise. A recession is a time of slow economic activity with two consecutive periods of negative growth. During recessions, production levels decline, unemployment levels rise, and many consumers have less money to spend.
- 112) Macroeconomic forces refer to the state of a country's economy as a whole. It affects many firms. Microeconomic forces directly refer to the supply of and demand for goods and services and how supply and demand are affected by individual, household, and company decisions to purchase. Microeconomic forces could be specific to single company. It refers to aspects such as consumer buying power.
- 113) Any changes made by a major competitor in the areas of product, price, place, and promotion are routinely detailed analyses are conducted to determine the impact on business results. These head-to-head competitor called direct competitors and refer to very similar products sold in the same category.

  Indirect competitors are those products that compete for the same buying dollar but in a slightly different category.

- 114) Advertising Standards Canada (ASC) encourages truth in advertising through a Code that provides guidelin these areas:
  - (1) Accuracy and clarity
  - (2) Disguised advertising techniques
  - (3) Price claims
  - (4) Bait and switch
  - (5) Guarantees
  - (6) Comparative advertising
  - (7) Testimonials
  - (8) Professional or scientific claims
  - (9) Imitation
  - (10) Safety
  - (11) Superstition and fears
  - (12) Advertising to children
  - (13) Advertising to minors
  - (14) Unacceptable depictions and portrayal
- 115) The Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission (CRTC) is a government agency that sets guidelines and enforces a clear set of regulations on Canadian businesses. It administers the Broadcasting Act and Telecommunications Act, among others, setting guidelines for broadcast standards. It also adjudicates on the ownership of media companies to ensure that monopolies do not exist and approves broadcast licences for TV and radio stations. It also sets guidelines on the broadcast of Canadian content and sets the number of minutes of advertising permitted hourly on TV.
- 116) ASC is a self-regulatory non-government association run by advertising, media and marketing professionals with the purpose of setting and regulating standards of professional practice in the advertising industry. The industry has agreed to abide by its leadership, code, process, and rulings. Advertising Standards Canada sets and regulates advertising guidelines, monitored through a consumer complaint process. A single complaint will trigger a review of advertising places in the Canadian media, what the eventual withdrawal of the ad if changes are required and need to be made. The ASC also provides advice and pre-clearance services for advertisers.
- 117) PIPEDA signify privacy guidelines for an online environment. In an online environment, privacy policies must be clearly posted on all websites and detail what personal information is collected, how it is

  Warkerina replected shows it is used and protected what her information is disclosed to outside parties, and whether the company complies with Canadian privacy legislation and anti-spam laws. The policy needs to be honest, clear, and regularly reviewed.