1.	The first type of protomodern book, which used sheets of parchment sewn together along one edge, then bound with thin pieces of wood and covered with leather, was			
	C)	papyrus parchment codex vellum		
2.	A) B) C)	es of punctuation, capitalization, and spacing of words were developed during the Middle Ages by priests and monks in 1452 by printer Johannes Gutenberg in the 1500s for the publication of <i>Canterbury Tales</i> in the ninth century by Wang Chieh for the <i>Diamond Sutra</i>		
3.	were A) B) C)	by books from the Middle Ages were called <i>illuminated manuscripts</i> because they element. elaborately decorated with colorful illustrations printed using reflective ink burned in castle fireplaces to honor God read aloud in the town square by scholars who explained, or illuminated, the text		
4.	A) B) C)	oldest dated block-printed book still in existence is the Gutenberg Bible Canterbury Tales the Diamond Sutra Plato's Republic		
5.	pape A) B)	right to use the contents of a book in another form, such as a mass market erback or movie script, is called royalties residuals subsidiary rights an advance		
6.	A) B)	division of the book industry that makes the most money is trade books textbooks religious books mass market paperbacks		

7.	According to a survey by the National Association of College Stores, the number of			
	students who prefer course materials is slowly growing.			
	A) digital			
	B) custom			
	C) print			
	D) audio			
0	The heat colling heat of all time is			
0.	The best-selling book of all time is A) various versions of the Bible			
	A) various versions of the BibleB) Better Homes and Gardens Cookbook			
	,			
	C) Baby and Child Care by Dr. Benjamin SpockD) Peyton Place by Grace Metalious			
	D) Feylon Flace by Grace Metallous			
9.	In 2015, the greatest estimated U.S. book revenue was generated by which market?			
	A) Pre-K–12 education			
	B) Trade books			
	C) Religious books			
	D) Professional books			
10.	Numerous books have become best-sellers after they were selected for			
	A) Inside Edition			
	B) Oprah's Book Club			
	C) C-Span's <i>Booknotes</i> program			
	D) 20/20			
11.	Many older books are deteriorating because			
	A) there is too much humidity in the library buildings			
	B) the ink used in printing the books is eating through the paper			
	C) the glue holding the books together is drying out			
	D) the books were printed on acid-based paper			
12	For hundreds of years, books were the only mass medium.			
12.	A) True			
	B) False			
13.	The Chinese were printing books using block printing long before Gutenberg printed his			
	Bible using movable type.			
	A) True			
	B) False			

	B) False	
15.	Pulp fiction was another name for the popular paperbacks and dime novels of 1800s.A) TrueB) False	of the late
16.	Book publishing is dominated by a handful of giant corporations. A) True B) False	
17.	With the rise of electronic and digital publishing, book formats have expand print. A) True B) False	ed beyond
18.	The publishing industry produces titles in a wide variety of categories. A) True B) False	
19.	Trade books refers to the category of books sold to the general reader.A) TrueB) False	
20.	Professional books are sold mostly through mail order, the Internet, or sales representatives knowledgeable about the various subject areas. A) True B) False	
21.	Professional books are subdivided into the areas of law, business, medicine, technology-science. A) True B) False	and

14. In the late 1400s and early 1500s books were so inexpensive and modest that they were primarily sold to the middle and lower classes.

A) True

22.	books by blockbuster authors such as Stephen King and Veronica Roth, and are generally priced low (under \$10). A) True B) False
23.	Sales of religious books have dropped substantially over the past twenty years. A) True B) False
24.	University presses often publish scholarly works for small groups of readers interested in specialized areas. A) True B) False
25.	Amazon introduced an e-book reader—the Kindle—in 2007. A) True B) False
26.	Brick-and-mortar stores include traditional bookstores, department stores, drugstores, used-book stores, and toy stores. A) True B) False
27.	When a book becomes a movie or a television program, book sales soar. A) True B) False
28.	In the publishing industry, advance money is an up-front payment to an author that's subtracted from royalties later earned from book sales. A) True B) False
29.	Distribution costs include maintaining the inventory of books to be sold and fulfilling orders (shipping books to commercial outlets or college bookstores). A) True B) False

30.	One of the first substances to hold written language and symbols, was obtained from plants found along the Nile River.
31.	The was a protomodern book made by sewing sheets of parchment together along one edge and binding it with thin pieces of wood covered with leather.
32.	A printing technique developed by early Chinese innovators, involved hand-carving characters and illustrations into wood.
33.	Sometimes identified as pulp fiction, were cheaply produced and low-priced books popular in the United States beginning in the 1860s.
34.	is a technology introduced in the 1880s that enabled printers to set type mechanically using a typewriter-style keyboard.
35.	The process of promotion and sale of different versions of a media product across the various subsidiaries of a media conglomerate is called
36.	editors seek out and sign authors to contracts.
37.	In book publishing, editors provide authors with feedback, make suggestions for improvements, and solicit advice from reviewers.
	are sold off racks in drugstores, supermarkets, and airports as well as in bookstores.
39.	Why was the printing press such an important and revolutionary development?
40.	Why did publishing houses develop? What has happened to them today?
41.	How is convergence transforming the publishing industry?
42.	What have been the major contributions of books to democratic life?

43. Discuss the challenges that threaten to dilute the impact of books as a mass medium.

Answer Key

- 1. C
- 2. A
- 3. A
- 4. C
- 5. C
- 6. A
- 7. A
- 8. A
- 9. A
- 10. B
- 11. D
- 12. A
- 13. A
- 14. B
- 15. A 16. A
- 17. A
- 18. A
- 19. A
- 20. A
- 21. A 22. A
- 23. B
- 24. A
- 25. A
- 26. A
- 27. A
- 28. A
- 29. A
- 30. papyrus
- 31. codex
- 32. block printing
- 33. dime novels
- 34. Linotype
- 35. synergy
- 36. Acquisitions
- 37. developmental
- 38. Mass market paperbacks
- 39.
- 40.
- 41.
- 42.
- 43.