True / False Questions

1. Prefixes modify the meaning of a word part. True False
2. Prefixes can attach at the beginning or at the middle of a word. True False
3. Suffixes can only form nouns. True False
4. Suffixes attach at the end of words. True False
5. Medical terms do not necessarily have a word root. True False
6. Word roots can appear in a combining form. True False
7. All terms use combining vowels. True False

Multiple Choice Questions

8. The prefix meaning without is: A. a- B. de- C. contra- D. cata-
9. The prefix meaning away from is: A. ante- B. anti- C. apo- D. ab-
10. The prefix meaning toward is: A. ex- B. re- C. ad- D. an-
11. The prefix meaning both is: A. co- B. ambi- C. dia- D. ana-
12. The prefix meaning up is: A. ana- B. apo- C. sub- D. post-

13. The prefix meaning before is: A. anti- B. ante- C. peri- D. bi-
14. The prefix meaning against is: A. anti- B. brady- C. peri- D. syl-
15. The prefix meaning separate is: A. auto- B. supra- C. super- D. apo-
16. The prefix meaning self is: A. auto- B. hemi- C. semi- D. brachy-
17. The prefix meaning twice is: A. tri- B. bi- C. quadri- D. de-

18. The prefix meaning short is: A. brady- B. peri- C. brachy- D. dia-
19. The prefix meaning slow is: A. brachy- B. oligo- C. meso- D. brady-
20. The prefix meaning down is: A. cata- B. di- C. contra- D. auto-
21. The prefix meaning around is: A. dia- B. circum- C. ex- D. pro-
22. The prefix meaning against is: A. contra- B. dia- C. ex- D. peri-

23. The prefix meaning through is: A. dia- B. ex- C. peri- D. auto-
24. The prefix meaning abnormal is: A. inter- B. dys- C. post- D. ud. ltra-
25. The prefix meaning outside is: A. ecto- B. hypo- C. peri- D. infra-
26. The prefix meaning within is: A. inter- B. endo- C. auto- D. multi-
27. The prefix meaning over is: A. iso- B. mal- C. epi- D. hypo-

28. The prefix meaning good is: A. eu- B. mal- C. mono- D. poly-
29. The prefix meaning out of is: A. retro- B. iso- C. infra- D. ex-
30. The prefix meaning external is: A. exo- B. intra- C. endo- D. post-
31. The prefix meaning outside of is: A. meta- B. para- C. extra- D. intra-
32. The prefix meaning half is: A. meso- B. hemi- C. iso- D. poly-

33. The prefix meaning above normal is: A. hyper- B. hypo- C. mega- D. sub-
34. The prefix meaning below normal is: A. hyper- B. pre- C. mesd. D. hypo-
35. The prefix meaning positioned beneath is: A. supra- B. infra- C. inter- D. re-
36. The prefix meaning between is: A. inter- B. intra- C. extra- D. meta-
37. The prefix meaning within is: A. supra- B. meta- C. intra- D. inter-

A. iso-B. meta-C. ana-D. extra-
39. The prefix meaning bad is: A. auto- B. mal- C. meso- D. trans-
40. The prefix meaning large is: A. mega- B. meso- C. supra- D. ultra-
41. The prefix meaning middle is A. hemi-B. semi-C. meso-D. meta-
42. The prefix meaning after is: A. meta- B. apo- C. cata- D. extra-

43. The prefix meaning small is: A. poly- B. micro- C. macro- D. multi-
44. The prefix meaning single is: A. mono- B. poly- C. tri- D. bi-
45. The prefix meaning many is: A. post- B. multi- C. iso- D. pro-
46. The prefix meaning few is: A. multi- B. mega- C. oligo- D. pluri-
47. The prefix meaning several is: A. poly- B. pluri- C. mono- D. multi-

48. The prefix meaning many is: A. poly- B. mega- C. mono- D. post-
49. The prefix meaning before is: A. ex- B. post- C. endo- D. pre-
50. The prefix meaning four is: A. quadri- B. bi- C. tri- D. mono-
51. The prefix meaning fast is: A. brady- B. brachy- C. mega- D. tachy-
52. The prefix meaning one is: A. uni- B. tri- C. bi- D. quadri-

55. The suffix meaning killing is: Acele Bcide Cemesis Dgen
56. The suffix meaning protein is: Acele Bmegaly Copsia Dglobin
57. The suffix meaning breaking is: Aectomy Bclasis Clysis Diasis

53. The suffix meaning pain is:

54. The suffix meaning immature is:

A. -astherniaB. -algiaC. -esthesiaD. -cide

A. -blast B. -clasis C. -cele D. -ema

60. The suffix meaning expansion is: Aecstasis Balgia Cmalacia Dphagy
61. The suffix meaning removal of is: Alysis Bclasis Cecstasis Dectomy
62. The suffix meaning swelling is: Aedema Bema Cblast Dphaged

58. The suffix meaning cell is:

59. The suffix meaning skin is:

A. -cyte B. -emia

C. -oma D. -edema

A. -edema B. -desis C. -derma D. -esthesia

Apara Bema Cpheresis Dpoiesis
64. The suffix meaning blood is: Aemia Bema Ccele Dblast
65. The suffix meaning sensation is: Aform Bgen Cesthesia Dparesis
66. The suffix meaning in the shape of is: Aform Boma Cgen Dad
67. The suffix meaning producing is: Aiasis Bcele Cgenic Demic

63. The suffix meaning condition is:

69. The suffix meaning pathological condition is Aecstasis Bemia Ctrophy Diasis
70. The suffix meaning inflammation is: Aitis Biasis Cpathy Dphagy
71. The suffix meaning movement is: Apheresis Bparesis Cdesis Dkinesis
72. The suffix meaning condition of is: Aparesis Bdesis Clepsy Dkinesis

68. The suffix meaning a recording instrument is:

A. -meter

B. -graph C. -logy

D. -gen

Alogy Bclastic Cphilia Dplasty
74. The suffix meaning destruction of is: Amania Bparesis Ckinesis Dlysis
75. The suffix meaning softening is: Alysis Bclasis Cmalacia Dpheresis
76. The suffix meaning measuring device i Agraph Bgram Cgraphy Dmeter
77. The suffix meaning like is: Aoid Bad Cic Ditis

73. The suffix meaning practice is:

Apexy Boma Cparous Dpathy
79. The suffix meaning vision is: Aoma Bedema Copsia Demia
80. The suffix meaning state is: Aosis Bdesis Clogy Dpathy
81. The suffix meaning slight paralysis is: Aplegia Bparesis Cpepsia Dpexy
82. The suffix meaning bearing is: Aparesis Bgenic Cparous Dparesis

78. The suffix meaning tumor is:

Apathy Bphagy Cclasis Dosis
84. 84. The suffix meaning deficiency is: Apathy Bopsia Cpepsia Dpenia
85. The suffix meaning digestion is: Apepsia Bpexy Cdynia Dglobin
86. The suffix meaning devouring is: Aphilia Bphage Clysis Dclasis
87. The suffix meaning attraction is: Aphage Bphilia Cphoria Dpexy

83. The suffix meaning disease is:

Bpheresis Cphobia Dphilia
89. The suffix meaning carrying is: Aform Blogist Cphoresis Dopsy
90. The suffix meaning formation is: Aplasm Bform Cphonia Dmegaly
91. The suffix meaning surgical repair is: Aplasia Bplasty Cectomy Dtomy
92. The suffix meaning paralysis is: Alysis Bclasis Cpexy Dplegia

88. The suffix meaning fear is:

A. -algia

94. The suffix meaning heavy discharge is: Arrhagia Brrhaphy Cclastic Dplegia
95. The suffix meaning surgical suturing is: Arrhea Brrhagia Crrhaphy Dplasty
96. The suffix meaning a flowing is: Arrhea Brrhaphy Crrhexis Dsomnia
97. The suffix meaning an instrument is: Agraphy Bmetry Clogy Dscope

93. The suffix meaning breath is:

A. -plegia
B. -pnea
C. -poiesis
D. -pheresis

99. The suffix meaning contraction is Aspasm Bstasis Cstenosis Dtropia
100. The suffix meaning constant is: Astalsis Bstasis Cplasm Dtropy
101. The suffix meaning narrowing is Astasis Bstenosis Cdesis Dclasis
102. The suffix meaning opening is: Atomy Bectomy Cstomy Dtrophy

98. The suffix meaning sleep is:

A. -desis B. -somnia

C. -scopy D. -rrhea

104. The suffix meaning nutrition is: Atrophy Btropy Cstomy Dstasis
105. The suffix meaning a turning toward is: Atrophy Bpheresis Cphoresis Dtropy
106. The suffix meaning urine is: Auria Brrhea Crrhexis Drrhagia
107. The suffix meaning turning is: Atrophy Bstasis Cversion Dosis

103. The suffix meaning cutting operation is:

A. -ectomy

B. -stomy C. -phage

D. -tomy

True / False Questions

1. (p. 22) Prefixes modify the meaning of a word part.

TRUE

Prefixes change the meaning of word parts.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.3

2. (p. 22) Prefixes can attach at the beginning or at the middle of a word.

FALSE

Prefixes attach to the beginning of word.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.3

3. (p. 23) Suffixes can only form nouns.

FALSE

Suffixes can form nouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.3

4. (p. 27) Suffixes attach at the end of words.

TRUE

Suffixes appear at the end of terms.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.3

5. (p. 33) Medical terms do not necessarily have a word root.

FALSE

Medical terms have a word root.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.3

6. (p. 33) Word roots can appear in a combining form.

TRUE

Combining forms are word roots with or without a combining vowel.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Moderate LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.3

7. (p. 33) All terms use combining vowels.

FALSE

Not all terms use combining vowels.

BLOOMS: Application Difficulty: Moderate LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.3

Multiple Choice Questions

8. $(p. 24)$ The prefix meaning without is: A. a-
B. de-
C. contra-
D. cata-
2.000
The prefix a- means without.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
9. (p. 24) The prefix meaning away from is: A. ante-
B. anti-
C. apo-
<u>D.</u> ab-
_
The prefix ab- means away from.
The prefix ab- means away from. BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1 10. (p. 24) The prefix meaning toward is: A. ex- B. re-
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1 10. (p. 24) The prefix meaning toward is: A. ex- B. re- C. ad-
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1 10. (p. 24) The prefix meaning toward is: A. ex- B. re-
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1 10. (p. 24) The prefix meaning toward is: A. ex- B. re- C. ad-
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1 10. (p. 24) The prefix meaning toward is: A. ex- B. re- C. ad- D. an-

A. co-
B. ambi-
C. dia-
D. ana-
2.0
The prefix ambi- means both.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
12. (p. 24) The prefix meaning up is: A. ana- B. apo- C. sub- D. post-
The prefix ana- means up.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
13. (p. 24) The prefix meaning before is: A. anti- B. ante- C. peri- D. bi-
The prefix ante- means before.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1

11. (p. 24) The prefix meaning both is:

A. anti- B. brady- C. peri- D. syl-
The prefix anti- means against.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
15. (p. 24) The prefix meaning separate is: A. auto-B. supra-C. super- D. apo-
The prefix apo- means separate.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
16. (p. 24) The prefix meaning self is: A. auto- B. hemi- C. semi- D. brachy-
The prefix auto- means self.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1

14. (p. 24) The prefix meaning against is:

17. (p. 24) The prefix meaning twice is: A. tri- B. bi- C. quadri- D. de-
The prefix bi- means twice.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
18. (p. 24) The prefix meaning short is: A. brady- B. peri- C. brachy- D. dia-
The prefix brachy- means short.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
19. (p. 24) The prefix meaning slow is: A. brachy-B. oligo-C. meso- D. brady-
The prefix brady- means slow.

20. (p. 24) The prefix meaning down is: A. cata- B. di- C. contra- D. auto-
The prefix cata- means down.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
21. (p. 24) The prefix meaning around is: A. dia- B. circum- C. ex- D. pro-
The prefix meaning around is circum
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
22. (p. 24) The prefix meaning against is: A. contra- B. dia- C. ex- D. peri-
The prefix contra- means against.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1

A. dia-B. ex-C. peri-D. auto-
The prefix dia- means through.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
24. (p. 25) The prefix meaning abnormal is: A. inter- B. dys- C. post- D. ud. ltra-
The prefix dys- means abnormal.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
25. (p. 25) The prefix meaning outside is: A. ecto- B. hypo- C. peri- D. infra-
The prefix ecto- means outside.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1

A. inter-
B. endo-
C. auto-
D. multi-
The prefix endo- means within.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
27. (p. 25) The prefix meaning over is: A. iso- B. mal- C. epi- D. hypo-
The prefix epi- means over.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
28. (p. 25) The prefix meaning good is: A. eu- B. mal- C. mono- D. poly-
The prefix eu- means good.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1

26. (p. 25) The prefix meaning within is:

29. (p. 25) The prefix meaning out of is: A. retro- B. iso- C. infra- D. ex-
The prefix ex- means out of.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
30. (p. 25) The prefix meaning external is: A. exo- B. intra- C. endo- D. post-
The prefix exo- means external.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
31. (p. 25) The prefix meaning outside of is: A. meta-B. para-C. extra-D. intra-
The prefix extra- means outside of.

B. hemi-
C. iso-
D. poly-
The prefix hemi- means half.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
33. (p. 25) The prefix meaning above normal is: A. hyper- B. hypo- C. mega- D. sub-
The prefix hyper- means above normal.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
34. (p. 25) The prefix meaning below normal is: A. hyper-B. pre-C. mesd. D. hypo-
The prefix hypo- means below normal.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1

32. (p. 25) The prefix meaning half is:

A. meso-

B. infra-
C. inter-
D. re-
<i>D</i> . 10
The prefix infra- means positioned beneath.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
36. (p. 25) The prefix meaning between is:
A. inter-
B. intra-
C. extra-
D. meta-
The prefix inter- means between.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
37. (p. 25) The prefix meaning within is:
A. supra-
B. meta-
C. intra- D. inter-
D. IIICI-
The prefix intra- means within.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1

35. (p. 25) The prefix meaning positioned beneath is:

A. supra-

38. (p. 25) The prefix meaning equal is: A. iso-
B. meta- C. ana-
D. extra-
The prefix iso- means equal.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
39. (p. 25) The prefix meaning bad is: A. auto- B. mal- C. meso- D. trans-
The prefix mal- means bad.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
40. (p. 25) The prefix meaning large is: A. mega- B. meso- C. supra- D. ultra-
The prefix mega- means large.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1

A. hemi-
B. semi-
<u>C.</u> meso-
D. meta-
The prefix meso- means middle.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
42. (p. 25) The prefix meaning after is: A. meta- B. apo- C. cata- D. extra-
The prefix meta- means after.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
43. (p. 26) The prefix meaning small is: A. poly- B. micro- C. macro- D. multi-
The prefix micro means small.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1

41. (p. 25) The prefix meaning middle is:

44. (p. 26) The prefix meaning single is: A. mono-B. poly-C. tri-D. bi-
The prefix mono- means single.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
45. (p. 26) The prefix meaning many is: A. post- B. multi- C. iso- D. pro-
The prefix multi- means many.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
46. (p. 26) The prefix meaning few is: A. multi- B. mega- C. oligo- D. pluri-
The prefix oligo- means few.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1

47. (p. 26) The prefix meaning several is: A. poly- B. pluri- C. mono- D. multi-
The prefix pluri- means several.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
48. (p. 26) The prefix meaning many is: A. poly- B. mega- C. mono- D. post-
The prefix poly- means many.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
49. (p. 26) The prefix meaning before is: A. ex- B. post- C. endo- D. pre-
The prefix pre- means before.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1

50. (p. 26) The prefix meaning four is:
A. quadri-
B. bi-
C. tri-
D. mono-
The prefix quadri- means four.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
51. (p. 27) The prefix meaning fast is: A. brady- B. brachy- C. mega- D. tachy-
The prefix meaning fast is tachy
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1
52. (p. 27) The prefix meaning one is: A. uni- B. tri- C. bi- D. quadri-
The prefix uni- means one.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.1

The suffix –algia means pain.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
54. (p. 27) The suffix meaning immature is: Ablast Bclasis Ccele Dema
The suffix –blast means immature.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
55. (p. 27) The suffix meaning killing is: Acele Bcide Cemesis Dgen
The suffix –cide means killing.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

53. (p. 27) The suffix meaning pain is:

A. -asthernia

B. -algia C. -esthesia

D. -cide

57. (p. 28) The suffix meaning breaking is:
Aectomy
B. -clasis
Clysis
Diasis
The suffix –clasis means breaking.
BLOOMS: Knowledge
Difficulty: Easy
LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
58. (p. 28) The suffix meaning cell is:
Acyte
Bemia
Coma
Dedema
The suffix –cyte means cell.

56. (p. 29) The suffix meaning protein is:

The suffix –globin means protein.

A. -cele
B. -megaly
C. -opsia
D. -globin

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
60. (p. 28) The suffix meaning expansion is: Aecstasis Balgia Cmalacia Dphagy
The suffix –ecstasis means expansion.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
61. (p. 28) The suffix meaning removal of is: Alysis Bclasis Cecstasis Dectomy
The suffix –ectomy means removal.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

59. (p. 28) The suffix meaning skin is:

The suffix –derma means skin.

A. -edema
B. -desis
C. -derma
D. -esthesia

The suffix –edema means swelling.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
63. (p. 28) The suffix meaning condition is: Apara Bema Cpheresis Dpoiesis
The suffix –ema means condition.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
64. (p. 28) The suffix meaning blood is: Aemia Bema Ccele Dblast
The suffix –emia means blood.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

62. (p. 28) The suffix meaning swelling is:

A. -edema B. -ema

C. -blast D. -phaged

Bgen Cesthesia Dparesis
The suffix –esthesia means sensation.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
66. (p. 28) The suffix meaning in the shape of is: Aform Boma Cgen Dad
The suffix –form means in the shape of.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
67. (p. 28) The suffix meaning producing is: Aiasis Bcele Cgenic Demic
The suffix –genic means producing.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

65. (p. 28) The suffix meaning sensation is:

68. (p. 29) The suffix meaning a recording instrument is:

The suffix –graph means a recording instrument.

A. -meter

B. -graph C. -logy

D. -gen

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
69. (p. 29) The suffix meaning pathological condition is: Aecstasis Bemia Ctrophy Diasis
The suffix –iasis means pathological condition.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
70. (p. 29) The suffix meaning inflammation is: Aitis Biasis Cpathy Dphagy
The suffix –it is means inflammation.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
72. (p. 29) The suffix meaning condition of is: Aparesis Bdesis Clepsy Dkinesis
The suffix –lepsy means condition of.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
73. (p. 29) The suffix meaning practice is:
Alogy Bclastic
Cphilia
Dplasty
The suffix —logy means practice.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

71. (p. 29) The suffix meaning movement is:

The suffix -kinesis means movement.

A. -pheresis

B. -paresis C. -desis

D. -kinesis

The suffix –lysis means destruction of.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
75. (p. 29) The suffix meaning softening is: Alysis Bclasis Cmalacia Dpheresis
The suffix –malacia means softening.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
76. (p. 29) The suffix meaning measuring device is: Agraph Bgram Cgraphy Dmeter
The suffix –meter means measuring device.

74. (p. 29) The suffix meaning destruction of is:

A. -mania

B. -paresis C. -kinesis

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

D. -lysis

77. (p. 30) The suffix meaning like is:

78. (p. 30) The suffix meaning tumor is:

The suffix -oid means like.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy

A. -pexy
B. -oma
C. -parous
D. -pathy

LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

A. -oid
B. -ad
C. -ic
D. -itis

The suffix –oma means tumor.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
79. (p. 30) The suffix meaning vision is: Aoma Bedema Copsia Demia
The suffix –opsia means vision.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

<u>A.</u> -osis
Bdesis
Clogy
Dpathy
-
The suffix —osis means state.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
81. (p. 30) The suffix meaning slight paralysis is: A. -plegia
Bparesis
Cpepsia
Dpexy
Dpexy
The suffix –paresis means slight paralysis.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
82. (p. 30) The suffix meaning bearing is:
Aparesis
Bgenic
=
Cparous
Dparesis
The suffix –parous means bearing.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
ELIMANIO COT COME. 2.2

80. (p. 30) The suffix meaning state is:

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
84. (p. 30) 84. The suffix meaning deficiency is: Apathy Bopsia Cpepsia Dpenia
The suffix –penia means deficiency.
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85. (p. 30) The suffix meaning digestion is: Apepsia Bpexy Cdynia Dglobin
The suffix –pepsia means digestion.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

83. (p. 30) The suffix meaning disease is:

The suffix –pathy means disease.

A. -pathy
B. -phagy
C. -clasis

D. -osis

The suffix –phage means devouring.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
87. (p. 30) The suffix meaning attraction is: Aphage Bphilia Cphoria Dpexy
The suffix –philia means attraction.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
88. (p. 30) The suffix meaning fear is: Aalgia Bpheresis Cphobia Dphilia
The suffix –phobia means fear.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

86. (p. 30) The suffix meaning devouring is:

A. -philia

B. -phage C. -lysis D. -clasis

Blogist Cphoresis Dopsy
The suffix –phoresis means carrying.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
90. (p. 31) The suffix meaning formation is: Aplasm Bform Cphonia Dmegaly
The suffix –plasm means formation.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
91. (p. 31) The suffix meaning surgical repair is: Aplasia Bplasty Cectomy Dtomy
The suffix –plasty means surgical repair.

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89. (p. 30) The suffix meaning carrying is:

A. -form

The suffix –plegia means paralysis.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
93. (p. 31) The suffix meaning breath is: Aplegia Bpnea Cpoiesis Dpheresis
The suffix –pnea means breath.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
94. (p. 31) The suffix meaning heavy discharge is: Arrhagia Brrhaphy Cclastic Dplegia
The suffix -rrhagia means heavy discharge.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

92. (p. 31) The suffix meaning paralysis is:

A. -lysis
B. -clasis
C. -pexy
D. -plegia

Brrhagia <u>C.</u> -rrhaphy Dplasty
The suffix –rrhaphy means surgical suturing.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
96. (p. 31) The suffix meaning a flowing is: Arrhea Brrhaphy Crrhexis Dsomnia
The suffix –rrhea means a flowing.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
97. (p. 32) The suffix meaning an instrument is: Agraphy Bmetry Clogy Dscope
The suffix –scope means an instrument.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

95. (p. 31) The suffix meaning surgical suturing is:

A. -rrhea

The suffix –somnia means sleep.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
99. (p. 32) The suffix meaning contraction is: Aspasm Bstasis Cstenosis Dtropia
The suffix –spasm means contraction.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
100. (p. 32) The suffix meaning constant is: Astalsis Bstasis Cplasm Dtropy
The suffix –stasis means constant.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

98. (p. 32) The suffix meaning sleep is:

A. -desis

B. -somnia C. -scopy D. -rrhea

B. -stenosis Cdesis
Dclasis
The suffix –stenosis means narrowing.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
102. (p. 32) The suffix meaning opening is: Atomy Bectomy Cstomy Dtrophy
The suffix –stomy means opening.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
103. (p. 32) The suffix meaning cutting operation is: Aectomy Bstomy Cphage Dtomy
The suffix –tomy means cutting operation.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

101. (p. 32) The suffix meaning narrowing is:

A. -stasis

Dstasis
The suffix –trophy means nutrition.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
105. (p. 32) The suffix meaning a turning toward is: Atrophy Bpheresis Cphoresis Dtropy
The suffix –tropy means a turning toward.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2
106. (p. 32) The suffix meaning urine is: Auria Brrhea Crrhexis Drrhagia
The suffix –uria means urine.
BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2

104. (p. 32) The suffix meaning nutrition is:

A. -trophy
B. -tropy
C. -stomy

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107. (p. 32) The suffix meaning turning is:

A. -trophy

B. -stasis

C. -version

D. -osis

The suffix –version means turning.

BLOOMS: Knowledge Difficulty: Easy

LEARNING OUTCOME: 2.2