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1 were the first to recognize the need for sul	bmitting written requests.	
a. Sumerians		
b. Egyptians		
c. Persians		
d. Venetians		
ANSWER: b		
2 was the first to use witnesses in legal case	es.	
a. Hammurabi		
b. al-Farabi		
c. Cyrus		
d. Cato		
ANSWER: a		
3. Which of the following was al-Farabi's contribut	ion to management thought and prac	ctice?
a. Job descriptions		
b. Leadership traits		
c. Organizational structures		
d. Human relations		
ANSWER: b		
4. The first individual to list managerial traits was _		
a. al-Farabi		
b. Ghazali		
c. Sun Tzu		
d. Barbarigo		
ANSWER: b		
5. Which of the following is true of jobs and organi	izations during the Industrial Revolu	ution?
a. Jobs were performed in fields, homes, or sm	all shops.	
b. Managers realized the importance of custom	ner relations.	
c. Unskilled laborers running machines began	to replace high-paid, skilled artisans	J.
 d. Cottage laborers worked with each other out need management. 	of small homes that were often buil	It in a semicircle and did not
ANSWER: c		
6. Which of the following best defines scientific ma	anagement?	
a. It is the thorough studying and testing of dif complete a job.	•	best, most efficient way to
b. It is the set of moral principles or values tha	t defines right and wrong for a perso	on or a group.
c. It is the behavior that conforms to a society's	s accepted principles of right and wr	ong.
d. It is maintaining planning flexibility by mak	ing small, simultaneous investments	s in many alternative plans.
ANSWER: a		

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7. When workers deliberately slow the a. soldiering	ir pace or restrict their work output, it is know	n as
b. policing		
c. whistle-blowing		
d. accommodation		
ANSWER: a		
give the workers a raise. The workers s	manufacturing plant, wanted a raise. However started taking longer breaks and did little to no behavior of the workers is known as	
a. soldiering		
b. policing		
c. whistle-blowing		
d. accommodation		
ANSWER: a		
• • • •	ig Spokes, and the merger will result in layoffs waste their time by taking frequent breaks. In as	
d. accommodation		
ANSWER: a		
work they were given. In the context of a. soldiering b. policing c. whistle-blowing	working overtime but worked slower and delified scientific management, this behavior of the v	•
d. accommodation		
ANSWER: a		
they decided to rebel against the compa	vere unhappy with the new policies that were in any. The employees started coming late and lethis behavior of the employees is known as	eft before completing their shifts. In
b. policing		
c. whistle-blowing		
d. accommodation		
ANSWER: a		
12. The management of Won League I	Lotteries was planning to shut down one of its	offices. This shutdown was going to

result in layoffs, and the employees were not happy. The employees stopped picking up client calls and started leaving work before completing their eight-hour shifts. In the context of scientific management, this behavior of the employees is

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known as		
a. soldiering		
b. policing		
c. whistle-blowing		
d. accommodation		
ANSWER: a		
13. Clark wanted his workers to work for workers were not pleased with this and stathis behavior of the workers is known as _ a. soldiering	arted to work for only six hours a day. In	
b. policing		
c. whistle-blowing		
d. accommodation		
ANSWER: a		
AIVSWER: a		
14. A(n) is a group member whose a. rate buster	work pace is significantly faster than the	normal pace in his or her group.
b. soldier		
c. bureaucrat		
d. opinion leader		
ANSWER: a		
15. Jane always finishes the work assigneshe was working on different projects with considered a(n) a. rate buster		
b. soldier		
c. bureaucrat		
d. opinion leader		
ANSWER: a		
16. Temp Trove rewards the employee who r her basic pay as incentives. In this scen a. rate buster		
b. soldier		
c. bureaucrat		
d. opinion leader		
ANSWER: a		
17. Lenny finishes his work 30 percent far-	ster than his coworkers. In the context of	scientific management, Lenny is a(n)
a. rate buster		
b. soldier		
c hureaucrat		

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d. opinion leader		
ANSWER: a		
18. Bill manages to complete every proje Bill can be considered a(n) a. rate buster	ect he is involved in before its deadline. In the	he context of scientific management,
b. soldier		
c. bureaucrat		
d. opinion leader		
ANSWER: a		
the context of scientific management, He	cheduled end date so that he can help his colodge is a(n)	leagues who are lagging behind. In
a. rate buster		
b. soldier		
c. bureaucrat		
d. opinion leader		
ANSWER: a		
	very first year of his service. His managers stality of his work was "second to none." In the	
b. soldier		
c. bureaucrat		
d. opinion leader		
ANSWER: a		
21. In the context of scientific management a. Jasmine, who completes her work	ent, who among the following is a rate buston before its due date	er?
b. Samantha, who is always the first	one to reach her workplace	
c. Jamie, who is the most sociable n	nember in his team	
d. Peter, who is the most experience	d member of his team	
ANSWER: a		
22. In the context of Frederick W. Taylo difference between the first principle and	r's four principles of scientific management, d the third principle?	, which of the following is a
	e instructed to cooperate with employees to he third principle, managers are required to d workers.	
b. The first principle is to develop a	science for each element of work, whereas	the third principle instructs

managers to cooperate with employees to ensure that scientific principles are actually implemented.

c. In the first principle, managers are required to scientifically select, train, teach, and develop workers to help them reach their full potential, whereas in the third principle, managers are required to determine the best way

to do work.

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d. The first principle is to divide work an third principle guides managers to scie their full potential.	nd responsibility equally between mana entifically select, train, teach, and deve	
ANSWER: b		
23. Which of the following is a similarity bet a. They both used film cameras to analy.b. They both developed time study.c. They both proposed giving workers load. They both strove to simplify work.	ze jobs.	Gilbreth?
ANSWER: d		
24. One of the objectives of the motion studya. extend the duration of time required tob. increase the number of motions requirec. foster soldiering among workers.d. improve the productivity of workers.	o complete a task.	eth was to:
ANSWER: d		
25 invented the microchronometer.a. Chester Barnardb. Frank Gilbrethc. Elton Mayod. Max Weber ANSWER: b		
26. Which of the following statements is true a. It is based on the belief that managem b. It allows political connections to deter c. It allows people to lead by virtue of the d. It relies on scheduled, periodic correct <i>ANSWER</i> : c	ent can be taught to others. rmine an individual's power base within heir rational-legal authority.	n organizations.
27. Which of the following is true of bureauca. Tasks, responsibilities, and authority ab. Promotion within a company is based c. The owners of an organization managed. Employees are hired on the basis of the ANSWER: d	on who one knows. e or supervise the organization.	
28. According to the elements of bureaucratic employees? a. Relationship with the managers b. Physical appearance	c organizations, which of the following	g should be a criterion for promoting

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c. Experience or achievement		
d. Political influence		
ANSWER: c		
29. In, managers are supposed to inflicompliance or noncompliance with organization as bureaucracies		arding or punishing employees for
b. anarchies		
c. monarchies		
d. aristocracies		
ANSWER: a		
30. Unlike a monarchy, the aim of bureaucra a. protect the authority of royal leaders.	•	
b. assign positions to leaders by virtue of		
c. achieve an organization's goals in the	e most efficient way possible.	
d. promote individuals based on their po	ersonal or family connections.	
ANSWER: c		
31. Unlike patriarchal organizations, bureau	_	
a. do not have a grievance redressal sys	- ·	
b. promote employees based on who the		
c. hire people based on their technical t	raining or education.	
d. do not have a chain of command.		
ANSWER: c		
32. Unlike monarchical organizations, burea	nucratic organizations:	
a. promote employees based on their ex	•	
b. prefer company owners over professi	• •	
c. vest authority in people rather than ir	-	
d. hire people because of their family or	political connections.	
ANSWER: a		
33. Which of the following is true of the cha		icracy?
a. People in lower positions are protected	•	
b. Organizational owners have the right		
c. Organizational owners decide on who	-	
d. Tasks and responsibilities are clearly	defined and divided.	
ANSWER: a		
34. According to bureaucratic management, a. creditors	should supervise an organizatio	n to reduce favoritism.
b. business partners		
c. professional managers		

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d. shareholders
ANSWER: c
 35. When viewed in historical context, Max Weber's ideas about bureaucracy show that: a. arbitrary decision making supplanted logical rules and procedures in organizations. b. personal gain scored over efficiency in organizations. c. fairness supplanted favoritism in organizations. d. political connections were given preference over merit for promotions in organizations.
ANSWER: c
36. Which of the following is a bureaucratic organization? a. UJeans, which hires people based on their qualifications and skills b. Chilled Diner, which promotes employees based on their social connections c. Joni's Jumpers, where the owner manages and supervises the company d. PaintedOn Inc., where organizational rules and procedures are changed every day ANSWER: a
 37. Reginald is part of the sales team of his company. His team members listen to his instructions and look up to him because he has been with the company for five years and has been consistent in meeting his sales targets every month. Which of the following does Reginald lead by to control his teammates? a. Synergy b. Coercion c. Bureaucracy d. Monarchy
ANSWER: c
38. Ron is the head of the finance department of his company. He has worked with many companies and has handled numerous accounts. His team members never question his decisions and approach him when they need guidance. Which of the following does Ron lead by to control his teammates? a. Synergy b. Coercion c. Bureaucracy d. Monarchy
ANSWER: c
39. Betty worked in the accounts department of her company for four years. Her company started a risk management team and asked Betty to join the team. Everyone in the team, apart from Betty, was either new to the company or fairly inexperienced. When her team members learned more about Betty's qualification and the number of years she has been with the company, they automatically started following her lead and did as she asked them to. Which of the following does Betty lead by to control his teammates? a. Bureaucracy
b. Coercion
c. Synergy
d. Patriarchy
ANSWER: a

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40. Jameson and Harrison were both eligible Harrison because he had been with the correct of the following did Patrick lead by to produce a. Bureaucracy b. Coercion c. Synergy d. Patriarchy ANSWER: a	npany for six years and was a more cor	
41. Peter and Mary applied for a job at Ber Mary was better qualified and had experies even though Peter was referred by the own a. Bureaucracy b. Coercion c. synergy d. patriarchy	nce working at another restaurant. The	recruiting manager decided to hire Mary
ANSWER: a		
42. Which of the following organizations is a. Trollies Inc., where employees do responsible to the b. Crokers, where the owner decides we calculate the control of the con	not have a reporting manager whom to hire and dismiss orts to an employee at a higher position	n
43. Prince&Princess Clothing has clear-cu every employee has someone he or she repa. bureaucratic organization b. flat organization c. monarchy d. patriarchy ANSWER: a	* •	* •
44. Chandler is the owner of a book manufand has hired several managers to manage Chandler's book manufacturing company in a. bureaucratic organization b. flat organization c. monarchy d. patriarchy ANSWER: a	the various departments of the compar	
45. Jason's manager was making him work approached the director of the company an		

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Jason's manager, reduced Jason's work hou information, Jason's company is most likel a. bureaucratic organization		nad earlier put in. Based on the given
b. flat organization		
•		
c. monarchy		
d. patriarchy		
ANSWER: a		
46. Samson is an engineer at Ket Technologies the performance of the team leader to Macy, the technical lead of the confection of the conf	to Jasmine, the area manager. Jasmine	reports the performance of every team
a. bureaucratic		
b. flat		
c. favoritism		
d. patriarchy		
ANSWER: a		
47. Kevin owns a restaurant. He does not he chefs and other workers. Tasks and respongiven information, Kevin's restaurant is a	sibilities of every employee are well de	
a. bureaucratic organization		
b. flat organization		
c. low-key organization		
d. patriarchy organization		
ANSWER: a		
48 developed the 14 principles of r	management.	
a. Henri Fayol		
b. Max Weber		
c. Frank Gilbreth		
d. Elton Mayo		
ANSWER: a		
49. Identify a true statement about Henry I	Fayol.	
a. He believed that management can a	and should be taught to others.	
b. He developed time study to what co	ould be considered a fair day's work.	
c. He proposed the idea of bureaucrat	ic organizations.	
d. He invented the microchronometer.		
ANSWER: a		
50. According to Henri Fayol's principles or receive orders from just one boss to avoid a. unity of direction b. centralization		each employee should report to and

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c. remuneration		
d. unity of command		
ANSWER: d		
51. According to Henri Fayol's principles of		is true of unity of direction?
a. All employees should report to and re	-	
b. Employees must put the organization's	·	1.
c. There should be no overlapping respo		
d. One person and one plan should be us <i>ANSWER</i> : d	ed in deciding the activities to be car	ried out.
52. According to Henri Fayol's principles of satisfactory to both the employees and the or a. initiative		ompensation should be fair and
b. centralization		
c. equity		
d. remuneration		
ANSWER: d		
53. According to Henri Fayol's fourteen princa a. promoting individuals based on their p	-	chieved in an organization by:
b. resolving conflicts through the proces	s of compromise.	
c. having a place for everyone and having	g everyone in his or her place.	
d. completely centralizing the process of	decision making.	
ANSWER: c		
54. Mary Parker Follett believed that the best	t way to deal with conflict was	
a. integration		
b. domination		
c. coercion		
d. compromise		
ANSWER: a		
55 is an approach to dealing with con the other party's desires and objectives.	flict in which one party satisfies its d	lesires and objectives at the expense of
a. Resolution		
b. Integration		
c. Domination		
d. Negotiation		
ANSWER: c		
56. Two companies operating from the same employees. They fail to come to a conclusion		

number of employees loses the conflict, and it is forced to stop using the parking facilities. In the given scenario, which of

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the following methods did the company use to resolve the conflict?

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a. Integration		
b. Domination		
c. Accommodation		
d. Mediation		
ANSWER: b		
57. Two companies that operate from the They fail to resolve the conflict, and the c company is forced to ask its employees to a. integration	ompany that pays more rent gets the ber	nefit of basement parking. The other
b. domination		
c. accommodation		
d. mediation		
ANSWER: b		
58. The management of Krane Software no of productivity. The management does no Which of the following concepts does the	t pay the employees for the overtime and	
a. Integration		
b. Domination		
c. Accommodation		
d. Mediation		
ANSWER: b		
59. The management of Telsey Corp. give Funds are not given to other teams even we exemplify?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
a. Integration		
b. Domination		
c. Accommodation		
d. Mediation		
ANSWER: b		
60. Two companies that operate from the have lunch during lunch hours in the build rent gets the benefit of using the cafeteria cafeteria outside of lunch hours. This scena. integration	ling's cafeteria. They fail to resolve the during lunch hours. The other company	conflict, and the company that pays more
b. domination		
c. accommodation		
d. mediation		
ANSWER: b		
61. The management at Yellow Wheels be when they no longer add value to the com		

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raise, they got laid off and the company hire Yellow Wheels is known as a. mediation	ed new employees to replace them. In the	his scenario, the approach used by
b. domination		
c. integration		
d. collaboration		
ANSWER: b		
62. Two managers in a company have a commanagers want all the top-performing employment they equally share the number of top did the managers use to resolve the conflict	oyees of the firm to work in their project-performing employees. In the given sc	cts. Eventually, they arrive at a decision
a. Domination		
b. Coercion		
c. Compromise		
d. Mediation		
ANSWER: c		
63. Two teams in a company have a conflic on the project. Eventually, they decide to w scenario, which of the following methods d a. Domination	ork together on the project and share th	ne credit for its completion. In the given
b. Coercion		
c. Compromise		
d. Mediation		
ANSWER: c		
64. The workers at a furniture manufacturin The workers went on strike when the managed decided to give the workers a 15 percent rai Which of the following concepts does this sa. Domination	gement refused to meet their demands. se and one additional day off every mo	After two days, the management
b. Compromise		
c. Despotism		
d. Repression		
ANSWER: b		
65. The sales department of Trade Fort was of its new projects. Both teams came to an a some members of the marketing team helpe requirements but not meet them entirely. Was Domination	agreement in which the sales department of the sales team with its project. Both the	nt lent funds to the marketing team and teams managed to get close to their
b. Compromise		
-		
c. Despotismd. Repression		
u. Repression		

ANSWER: b

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66. The marketing team of Kyns Technolog products. The research and development tea decided to split the company's funds so that concepts does this scenario illustrate? a. Domination	am also needed funds to improve the co	ompany's existing products. The teams
b. Compromise		
c. Despotism		
d. Repression		
ANSWER: b		
67. According to Mary Parker Follett, in the a. domination	e context of constructive conflict and c	coordination, involves invention.
b. integration		
c. coercion		
d. compromise		
ANSWER: b		
68. Raonic Inc. and Svet Corp. were combined the other. This resulted in the newly formed concepts does this scenario illustrate? a. Domination		
b. Compromise		
c. Despotism		
d. Integration		
ANSWER: d		
69. Third Major Corp. lost a lot of its employees and the company complete the company's projects and helped exemplifies a. domination	decided to combine the teams to form	a new team. The new team managed to
b. compromise		
c. despotism		
d. integration		
ANSWER: d		
70. Unlike domination, integrative conflict a. making one party wait for the other party wait.	•	
b. making both parties work together to		ds of both.
c. making both parties reach a compror		
d. allowing one party to influence the o	• •	
ANSWER: b	,	

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71. Which of the following statements is true of Mary Parker Follett?

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a. She believed that giving orders in	volves discussing instructions and dealin	g with resentment.
b. She emphasized that the best way	_	s with resemment.
c. She cast power as "over" rather th		
_	from position rather than from job knowl	ledge and experience
ANSWER: a		areas and onponents.
72. The Hawthorne Studies showed how	can influence work.	
a. organizational codes of ethics		
b. workers' feelings		
c. work quotas		
d. merit-based promotions		
ANSWER: b		
73. The Hawthorne Studies showed that		
a. the workplace is much simpler that		
b. financial incentives are the most i	-	
c. workers' feelings and attitude do		
d. work performance is affected by	group dynamics	
ANSWER: d		
	theorists provided managers with a bette etion have on individual and group perform	
b. Max Weber		
c. Elton Mayo		
d. Chester Barnard		
ANSWER: c		
75 proposed a comprehensive the a. Max Weber	eory of cooperation in formal organization	ns.
b. Mary Parker Follett		
c. Elton Mayo		
d. Chester Barnard		
ANSWER: d		
76 According to Chapter Dormard in the	e context of cooperation and acceptance o	fauthority, which of the following
statements is true of a zone of indifference a. In this zone, managerial directive	ce?	if authority, which of the following
	s are inconsistent with the organization's	purpose.
c. In this zone, managerial authority		•
d. In this zone, managerial authority	· -	
ANSWER: c	<i>5</i>	
77. According to Chester Bernard, peopl	le will be indifferent to managerial directi	ives or orders if they:

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a. come from a peer rather than a senior.b. are consistent with the purpose of an orc. are incompatible with the people's persd. cannot be carried out by those people. ANSWER: b	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
ANSWER. U		
78. Referring to the "fiction of superior author a. Chester Barnard	ity," believed that workers ul	timately grant managers their authority.
b. Max Weber		
c. Charles Clinton Spaulding		
d. Elton Mayo ANSWER: a		
79 is the amount and number of raw materials. Throughput	aterials, parts, and finished products	s that a company has in its possession.
b. Cabotage		
c. Contingency		
d. Inventory		
ANSWER: d		
80. Jek's WoodWorks is a furniture company. and other materials used in manufacturing fur WoodWorks uses the warehouse to store its _	niture in a warehouse. In the context	•
a. throughput		
b. information systems		
c. contingency systems		
d. inventory		
ANSWER: d		
81. Polyton Fabrics uses a variety of raw mate clothes. In the context of operations managem a. throughput		
b. information systems		
c. contingency systems		
d. inventory		
ANSWER: d		
82. Shroden is a consumer goods manufacture operations management, the goods manufactu a. throughput		, toothpaste, and soap. In the context of
b. information systems		
c. contingency systems		
d. inventory		
ANSWER: d		

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•	cturer, has a storage facility to store sugar the context of operations management, Kr	
ANSWER: d		
	arts in a storage facility near its assembly s uses the storage facility to hold its	
ANSWER: d		
85. The is derived from theoretica a. information approach to management b. systems approach to management c. contingency approach to management d. operations approach to management and approach to management approach to management and approach to management and approach to management approach to management d. operations approach d. operations approach d. operations approach d. operations d. operatio	ment	y developed in the 1950s and 1960s.
ANSWER: D		
86. In the context of organizational syste a. multi-agent systems b. meta-systems c. subsystems d. transcendental systems ANSWER: c	ms, are smaller systems that operat	e within the context of a larger system.
convenience foods, and detergents—and Europe. In the context of the systems appa. suprasystems b. nonfunctional systems c. subsystems d. closed systems	duct divisions—fragrances, baby care, batt three marketing divisions—one for North broach to management, these ten divisions	America, one for Asia, and one for
ANSWER: c		
increase production. Each team produced teams into one, they found that the numb	rs, the employees were divided into two te d 100 containers per day. When the manager of containers produced per day was 300 g the employees. This approach is an exan	gers of the company integrated the two 0. This was due to the increased

a. dominance

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b. synergy
c. anarchy
d. compromise
ANSWER: b
89. Fresnas Inc. is a company that manufactures bottles. Initially, the employees were divided into two teams to make it easier for the company to manage them. Each team produced 200 bottles per day. When the managers of the company integrated the two teams into one, the number of bottles produced per day was 500. This was due to the better coordination among the employees. This approach is an example of a. dominance
b. synergy
c. anarchy
d. compromise
ANSWER: b
90. Jeff's Pizzeria can handle 30 orders during the day. It wanted to increase this number, so it started making its delivery boys do minor chores in the kitchen when they were not out for delivery and made some of the chefs pick up customers' calls. This doubled the number of orders Jeff's Pizzeria could handle. This approach is an example of a. dominance
b. synergy
c. anarchy
d. compromise
ANSWER: b
91. Ortein, a shoe manufacturing company, wanted to cut costs and hence laid off half its employees from two of its departments. It then made the departments share free resources with each other. This sharing of resources led to the company improving the overall productivity of the two departments, and it also helped in reducing costs. This approach is an example of
a. dominance
b. synergy
c. anarchy
d. compromise
ANSWER: b
92. A software company had to lay off many of its employees across the world in order to cut overhead costs. After the layoffs, the available resources among all the departments of the organization were globally shared. This led to the company improving its overall productivity. This approach is an example of a. dominance
b. synergy
c. anarchy
d. compromise
ANSWER: b
93. The marketing team of Kreshmart was not happy with the employees that the recruitment team was hiring. The higher management of the company decided to let a few members from the marketing team sit in for the interviews and give their

input on the applicants. This reduced the workload of the recruitment team and allowed the marketing team to pick better

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members. This approach is an example of	•	
a. dominance		
b. synergy		
c. anarchy		
d. compromise		
ANSWER: b		
94. In the context of systems management	t, unlike open systems, closed systems:	
a. interact with and depend on their e		
b. use synergy to communicate with t	their external environments.	
c. can function without interacting wi	ith their environments.	
d. can function as a whole without the		
ANSWER: c	C	
95. Which of the following statements is t	rue of a systems view of organizations?	
•	n managing the daily production of goods	s and services rather than on better
b. The systems approach makes mana more than enough to ensure surviv	agers acutely aware that good internal ma al.	anagement of an organization is
c. The systems approach encourages parts.	managers to view one part of an organiza	ation as separate from the other
 d. It forces managers to view their or technological, and legal/regulatory 	ganizations as part of and subject to the c forces in their environments.	competitive, economic, social,
ANSWER: d		
96. Unlike operations management, a syst	ems view of organizations:	
 a. forces managers to view their orgatechnological, and legal/regulatory 	nizations as independent of the competition forces in their environments.	ve, economic, social,
 b. makes managers acutely aware tha ensure survival. 	t good internal management of the organi	ization is more than enough to
c. forces managers to be aware of how	w the environment affects specific parts of	of their organizations.
d. makes managers involve themselve	es in the management of the daily produc	etion of goods and services.
ANSWER: c		
97. Which of the following is true of a sys	stems view of organizations?	
	ffect of group social interactions on indiv	vidual performance.
b. It helps managers understand that §	good internal management of an organiza	ation is enough to ensure survival.
c. It encourages managers to focus or	n better communication and cooperation v	within an organization.
d. It forces managers to view their or	ganization as separate, unrelated parts.	
ANSWER: c	- .	
98. According to the, the most effethat managers are facing at a particular time. scientific management approach		s on the kinds of problems or situations

b. systems approach to management

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c. administrative management ap	pproach	
d. contingency approach to man	agement	
ANSWER: d		
99. Which of the following is a pract	ical implication of the contingency approach t	to management?
a. Managers can develop quantit	ative approaches to solve organizational prob	lems.
b. Managers need to spend more	time analyzing problems before taking action	n to fix them.
c. Managers need to group all pr	oblems in the same category.	
d. Managers can develop a unive	ersal management theory to solve all problems	s.
ANSWER: b		
100. An implication of the contingen	cy approach to management is that:	
 a. managers need to spend less to them. 	ime analyzing problems, situations, and emplo	oyees before taking action to fix
b. a company's problems can be	quickly and easily solved if its management to	akes a few simple steps.
c. most management ideas and p	ractices are universal.	
 d. managers need to look for key situation or problems. 	possibilities that differentiate today's situation	on or problems from yesterday's
ANSWER: d		
101. For most of humankind's history a. True	y, people have commuted to and from their pla	ace of work.
a. True b. False		
ANSWER: False		
102. A major change that took place low-skilled laborers.	during the Industrial Revolution was that high	nly skilled artisans took over the jobs of
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
103. Frank and Lillian Gilbreth used	motion-picture films to analyze jobs.	
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: True		
104. Motion study involved timing h	ow long it took good workers to complete eac	ch part of their jobs.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False

105. A Gantt chart indicates informal communication paths.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False

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106. A Gantt chart shows tasks on the x-a:	xis and time in various units on y-axis.	
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
107. Gantt charts were revolutionary in the information they provided.	e era of seat-of-the-pants management b	because of the detailed planning
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: True		
108. In his work with companies, Henry C trained first.	Santt found that workers achieved their b	pest performance levels if they were
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: True		
109. The Hawthorne Studies demonstrated	I that financial incentives were the most	important motivator for workers.
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
110. In general, operations management uquality, and manage or reduce costly investigations.		to increase productivity, improve
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
111. Contingency is the amount and numb possession.	per of raw materials, parts, and finished p	products that a company has in its
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
112. One of the most commonly used open understand the psychology of the workers		napping, which is used to better
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
113. For most of recorded history, informa	ation has been costly, difficult to obtain,	and slow to spread.
b. False		
ANSWER: True		

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114. One of the first technologies to tra. Trueb. False	ruly revolutionize the business use of informa	ntion was a stone tablet.
ANSWER: False		
115. Chester Barnard invented the prina. True b. False	nting press.	
ANSWER: False		
116. Businesses have always looked for a. True b. False	or information technologies that would speed	l access to timely information.
ANSWER: True		
117. A systems approach to managem a. True b. False	ent encourages managers to view each division	on as a separate, vital entity.
ANSWER: False		
118. Nearly all organizations should be for survival. a. True	be viewed as open systems that interact with the	heir environments and depend on them
b. False		
ANSWER: True		
119. The contingency approach to mana. Trueb. FalseANSWER: False	nagement clearly states that all management i	ideas or practices are universal.
120. One of the practical implications than it looks. a. True	of the contingency approach to management	is that management is much harder

b. False

ANSWER: True