TEST BANK - Chapter 2

- 1. The regular pulse in music is called the
- a. beat
- b. meter
- c. tempo
- d. rhythm
- e. measure

ANS: a. beat

- 2. Meter is the
- a. speed of the music
- b. regularity of the beats
- c. pattern of the beats
- d. pattern of the notes
- e. length of a rhythmic pattern

ANS: c. the pattern of the beats

- 3. The basic ratio on which the notation of rhythm is based is
- a. 2:1
- b. 3:1
- c. 4:1
- d. 5:1
- e. 6:1

ANS: a. 2:1

- 4. Syncopation occurs when
- a. the meter changes
- b. the tempo changes
- c. two rhythmic patterns are heard at the same time
- d. the emphasis of the rhythm is placed where it is not expected
- e. there is no sound for a complete beat

ANS: d. the emphasis of the rhythm is placed where it is not expected

- 5. The terms that indicate tempo in music are usually in
- a. German
- b. English
- c. French
- d. Italian
- e. Spanish

ANS: d. Italian

- 6. A feature of the rhythm in African music is
- a. a strongly felt regular beat
- b. a strongly felt irregular beat
- c. two or more rhythmic patterns occurring at the same time
- d. the extensive use of 3/4 meter
- e. the extensive use of 2/4 meter

ANS: c. two or more rhythmic patterns occurring at the same time

7. Because every piece of music moves through time, every piece of music has some type of rhythm.

ANS: T

- 8. Tempo refers to the
- a. speed of the beats
- b. pattern of the beats
- c. length of the beats
- d. lack of beats
- e. number of beats

ANS: a. speed of the beats

9. Sensing rhythm in music is basically an intellectual process.

ANS: F

- 10. [Image] Number 1 in the above example is pointing to the [music notation to be supplied]
- a. meter signature
- *b. quarter note
- c. quarter rest

ANS: b. quarter note

- 11. [Image] Number 2 in the above example is pointing to the [music notation to be supplied]
- a. treble clef
- b. meter signature
- *c. tempo marking

ANS: tempo marking

- 12. [Image] Which of these measures contains syncopation? [music notation to be supplied]
- a. The first one

- *b. The second one
- c. The third one

ANS: b. The second one

- 13. Polyrhythms are a feature of the music from which part of the world?
- a. Latin America
- b. Middle East
- c. Asia and India
- d. Africa
- e. Europe

ANS: d. Africa

14. Even if all the beats in a steady series are equally loud, the tendency of listeners is to think of them in small groups of twos or threes.

ANS: T

- 15. The beat during this piece of music (TB2-a, CD 1, Track 4, 0:00-0:16)
 - a. becomes gradually faster
 - b. becomes gradually slower
 - c. remains steady
 - d. becomes irregular

ANS: c. remains steady

- 16. What is the meter of this example (same clip as TB2-a)
 - a. two- or four beat
 - b. three beat
 - c. five beat
 - d. irregular

ANS: a. two- or four beat