Name:		Class:	Date:
Access Mod	ule 02: Buildin	g a Database and Defining Table Relationsl	hips
1. The F6 key	toggles the Access	s table workspace between the Table Design grid ar	nd the Field Properties pane.
a. True			
b. False			
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES	S: Session 2.1 Vis	ual Overview	
2. All fields in	a database should	be contained in one table.	
a. True			
b. False			
ANSWER:	False		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES	S: Modifying Fiel	d Properties	
3. Data redund database.	lancy should be av	oided because it wastes storage space and might ca	ause inconsistencies within the
a. True			
b. False			
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES	S: Guidelines for	Designing Databases	
4. Access auto	matically assigns	the Number data type to all new fields.	
a. True			
b. False			
ANSWER:	False		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES	S: Guidelines for	Setting Field Properties	
5. Access does	not require a field	description for every field included in a table.	
a. True			
b. False			
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES	S: Creating a Tab	e in Design View	
6. Access does	not allow data to	be imported from sources other than another Acces	ss database.
a. True			
b. False			

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Access Modu	ıle 02: Building a Database	and Defining Table Relations	ships
ANSWER:	False		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Importing Data from an Excel	Worksheet	
7. The Data Typ Datasheet view.	·	ry of groups of fields using the Qui	ck Start selection, is only available in
a. True			
b. False			
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Adding Fields to a Table Usin	g the Data Type Gallery	
8. Field names i	in a table may only be changed i	n Design view.	
a. True			
b. False			
ANSWER:	False		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Modifying the Structure of an	Imported Table	
		field property, it is recommended the	nat the text be enclosed within quotation
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
	Setting the Default Value Prop	perty for a Field	
10. In order to d	lefine table relationships, each ta	able being joined must contain a co	mmon field.
a. True			
b. False			
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Defining Table Relationships		
11. <u>Relationship</u> either table is up		by Access to maintain consistency by	petween related tables when data in
ANSWER:	False - Referential integrity		
POINTS:	1		
	Defining Table Relationships		
12. The Address	s Quick Start selection adds a gr	oup of <u>relationships</u> related to an ac	ddress including Address, City, State,

Name:	Class:	Date:
Access Modu	le 02: Building a Database and Defining Table Relationships	
ANSWER:	False - fields	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Adding Fields to a Table Using the Data Type Gallery	
13. A key or corshortcut.	abination of keys that complete an action more efficiently than using the mouse is	called a(n) keyboard
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Adding Records to a New Table	
	not require a table to have a(n) <u>primary key</u> .	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Creating a Table in Design View	
15. In the <u>Datab</u>	ase Design grid, press the Enter key to move from one property to the next property	y.
ANSWER:	False - Table Design grid	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Session 2.1 Visual Overview	
16. The field nar	me displayed in database objects, including forms and reports, is determined by the	Caption property.
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Guidelines for Setting Field Properties	
	y data type is accurate up to 4 digits on the right side of the decimal point.	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:		
REFERENCES:	Guidelines for Setting Field Properties	
18. A primary ke <i>ANSWER</i> :	ey that consists of two or more fields is called a(n) <u>redundant key</u> . False - composite key	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Guidelines for Designing Databases	
19 is the d	efault name for a new table in an Access database. b. Table1	
c. ADB Tab	le d. TableA	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Session 2.1 Visual Overview	
20. The pro	operty allows the database designer to explain the purpose of a field or how a field	is used.

Name:		Class:	Date:
Access Modu	le 02: Building a	Database and Defining Table Relationships	
a. Data type c. Required ANSWER: POINTS: REFERENCES:		Design View	
a. produces c. meets the ANSWER: POINTS:	reports	is a useful tool only if it meets which of the following b. contains simple records d. meets the needs of the designer agning Databases	g criteria?
a. common c. composit ANSWER: POINTS:	b. primary	logically with another table is called a field.	
a. field nam c. field capt ANSWER: POINTS:	b. field prop		n which of the following?
a. include b b. use only c. describe d. use only ANSWER: POINTS:	ooth numbers and lett uppercase characters the content or purpos lowercase letters and c	se of the field I no spaces	
25. Which data a. Currency c. Memo ANSWER: POINTS:		st logical data type for a field named PaidDate?	
26. The default	character length for t	he Short Text data type is characters.	

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Access Modu	ıle 02	2: Building a Database and Defining Table Relationships	
a. 55 b.	. 255		
c. 64 d.	. 15		
ANSWER:	b		
POINTS:	1		
	: Gui	delines for Setting Field Properties	
27. Which data	type a	allows both positive and negative numbers as field values?	
a. Number		b. Date/Time	
c. AutoNui	nber	d. Short Text	
ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES.	: Gui	delines for Setting Field Properties	
28. The data typ	e tha	allows both sequential and random numbering is the data typ	e.
a. Number		b. Currency	
c. AutoNui	nber	d. Long Date	
ANSWER:	c		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES.	: Gui	delines for Setting Field Properties	
	ata ty _l	be only allows a field length of 1 character and is used to indicate the	e presence or absence of a
condition. a. AutoNur	mhar	b. Short Text	
	noer		
c. Yes/No		d. Long Text	
ANSWER:	C		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES.	: Gui	delines for Setting Field Properties	
30. Which of th a. Hyperlin		owing is the most logical data type to use if a field will contain long b. Short Text	comments or explanations?
c. Memo	IK		
	a a	d. Long Text	
ANSWER:	d		
POINTS: REFERENCES.	1 : Gui	delines for Setting Field Properties	
21 Wileigh data	4	allows the designants define the Field Cine growth?	
a. Long Te		allows the designer to define the Field Size property? b. Hyperlink	
_		• •	
c. Memo	A	d. AutoNumber	
ANSWER:	d 1		
POINTS:	1 . Gui	delines for Catting Field Properties	
K <i>EF EKENCES.</i>	Gui	delines for Setting Field Properties	
_	_	y specifies the number of decimal places displayed to the right of th	e decimal point.
 a. Decimal 	Place	s b. Input Mask	

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Access Modu	ıle 02: Building a Databas	se and Defining Table Relationsh	nips
c. Default	Value d. Format		
ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	1		
	: Creating a Table in Design	View	
33. Which sym	bols would be used to create a	custom date format that would display	July 4, 2016 as 7/04/16?
a. mm/dd/y	yyyy b. m/ddd/yy		
c. mmm/d/	yyyy d. m/dd/yy		
ANSWER:	d		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES	: Creating a Table in Design V	View	
34. A custom da. July 4, 2		field that contains the symbols mmm/	dd/yy would display the date as
c. 7/4/2016	d. Jul/04/16		
ANSWER:	d		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES	: Creating a Table in Design	View	
	type would be most logical to b. Memo	use for a field named BillPaid to indic	eate if an invoice has been paid?
a. Yes/No			
c. Text	d. AutoNumber		
ANSWER: POINTS:	a 1		
	1 . Creating a Table in Design I	V:	
KEFEKENCES	: Creating a Table in Design V	v iew	
36. A field in a	n Access database table that ha	as no value is determined by Access to	have a value.
a. custom	b. zero		
c. null	d. number		
ANSWER:	c		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES	: Creating a Table in Design	View	
37. Changing th	ne order of fields in a database	table is an example of changing a tabl	e's
a. purpose	b. structure		
	d. value		
ANSWER:	b		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES	: Creating a Table in Design V	View	
38. Formatting	Date/Time fields changes only	y the way data is displayed, not the fiel	d
a. values	b. letters		
c. numbers	d. mask		
ANSWFR	я		

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Access Module	e 02: Building a Database and Defining Table Relationships	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES: 0	Creating a Table in Design View	
a. key icon	field between two tables in the Relationship window is indicated by a(n) b. field name d. infinity symbol	
, and the second	c	
	1	
	Modified Visit table in Datasheet view	
database might far		eet to an Access
	o relationship between tables and Access caption property values to do not match	
	vas entered incorrectly	
	s field names and the Excel worksheet column headings do not match	
	d	
	1	
	Importing Data from an Excel Worksheet	
41. To begin impo	oorting data from an Excel spreadsheet, click on the tab on the ribbon. b. Database Tools	
c. External D	Data d. Home	
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES: 1	Importing Data from an Excel Worksheet	
42. By choosing t	the Definition Only option in the Import Objects dialog box, the of a table is i	mported, but not the
a. data, struct	ture b. data type, structure	
c. structure, d	data d. structure, data type	
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES: 0	Creating a Table by Importing an Existing Table or Table Structure	
	n the Field Properties pane that appears in a field automatically is the for the fi	ield.
a. entered val	č	
c. default val	lue d. permanent value	
	c .	
	1	
KEFERENCES:	Modifying the Structure of an Imported Table	
	It that data being imported from a text file into Access are separated by a character, text file as a(n) text file.	such as a comma,

Name:		Class:	Date:
		and Defining Table Relation	onships
•	b. readable		
c. delimited	d. external		
ANSWER: c			
POINTS: 1			
REFERENCES: Add	ding Data to a Table by Imp	orting a Text File	
	I table, and at least one reco		ord in the first table and zero, one, or many at most one record in the first table, is
a. One-to-One	b. One-to-Many		
c. One-to-Most	d. Many-to-One		
ANSWER: b			
POINTS: 1			
REFERENCES: Det	Fining Table Relationships		
Case-Based Critica	Thinking Questions		
	ase contains the following t		ployees, as well as activity sessions and
if each participant ha	s paid for the activity. The		ctivities. Their supervisor needs to know luded in the report. Which data type will
c. Yes/No	d. Currency		
ANSWER: c			
POINTS: 1			
REFERENCES: Gu	delines for Setting Field Pr	operties	
TOPICS: Cri	tical Thinking		
displayed on the report. V	ort are hard to read. For exauchich field property should		Santana decides some of the field names herMobilePhone to be displayed as Mother name display on the report?
a. Input Mask	b. Default Value		
c. Format	d. Caption		
ANSWER: d			
POINTS 1			

TOPICS:

REFERENCES: Guidelines for Setting Field Properties

Critical Thinking

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Access Modu	le 02: Building a Database and Defining Table Rel	lationships
of a relationship <i>ANSWER:</i>	is that Access prevents the primary of a matching record exists in a related table.	y key from being changed in the primary table
POINTS:	1 Defining Table Relationshing	
REFERENCES:	Defining Table Relationships	
49. Performing a	a(n) is the process of relating table	es in a database based on a common field.
ANSWER:	join	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Defining Table Relationships	
50	is the process that allows data to be copied to a	an Access database table from a source without
having to open t		
ANSWER:	Import Importing	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Importing Data from an Excel Worksheet	
51. The "one" ta	able in a one-to-many relationship is the	table.
ANSWER:	•	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Defining Table Relationships	
	display in database objects such as datasheets, forms, and re property.	ports is determined by the
ANSWER:		
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Guidelines for Setting Field Properties	
53. The	Field Size property of a Number field stor	res positive and negative numbers to precisely
seven decimal p	laces in four bytes.	
ANSWER:	Single	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Guidelines for Setting Field Properties	
	maximum storage size is defined by the Field Size property only.	for the data types including Short Text,
ANSWER:	AutoNumber	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Guidelines for Setting Field Properties	
55 The	data type is not subject to round-off error	when calculated unlike the Number data type
with decimal val		men carearated, annike the ratinger data type
ANSWER:	Currency	
POINTS:	1	

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	le 02: Building a Database and Defining Tabl	le Relationships	
REFERENCES:	Guidelines for Setting Field Properties		
56. In a single ta ANSWER:	ble, all must be unique with field names	in that table.	
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Guidelines for Setting Field Properties		
57. The way fiel	d values are stored, displayed, and processed in an Ad	ccess database is determined	l by the
ANSWER:	field properties		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Modifying Field Properties		
	view allows the database designer to ent	er both the field names and	define the field
properties. ANSWER:	Design		
POINTS:	1		
	Session 2.1 Visual Overview		
59. The default I	Field Size for the Short Text data type is	characters.	
ANSWER:	255		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Guidelines for Setting Field Properties		
	ey field from one table that is also a field in another ta) in the second table.	able and is used to create a re	elationship between the
ANSWER:	foreign key		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Creating a Table in Design View		
	values are never allowed by Access in the	ne primary key field.	
ANSWER:	Duplicate		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Creating a Table in Design View		
62. The "many" line.	side of a one-to-many relationship is represented by t	:he	at the end of the join
ANSWER:	infinity symbol		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Modified Visit table in Datasheet view		
63. List six guid	elines for designing databases.		
ANSWER:	 Identify all the fields needed to produce the require Organize each piece of data into its smallest usefue Group related fields into tables. 		

4. Determine each table's primary key.

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Access Module 02: Building a Database and Defining Table Relationships

- 5. Include a common field in related tables.
- 6. Avoid data redundancy.

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Guidelines for Designing Databases

TOPICS: Critical Thinking

64. Discuss at least three advantages of including a primary key in a table.

ANSWER:

Students should include at least three of these five advantages in the answer to this question. As a part of the discussion of these advantages, students might note that Access does not require a table to have a primary key.

- 1. A primary key uniquely identifies each record in a table.
- 2. Access does not allow duplicate values in the primary key field.
- 3. When a primary key has been specified, Access forces the user to enter a value for the primary key field in every record in the table.
- 4. By default, Access displays records in order of the primary key's field values regardless of the order or when the records were added to the table.
- 5. Database requests are returned faster when requests for specific records are based on the primary key.

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Creating a Table in Design View

TOPICS: Critical Thinking

65. Explain how a one-to-many relationship is created using an Access database with two or more tables. Why is it useful to create a relationship between tables?

ANSWER:

A one-to-many relationship exists between two tables when one record in the first table matches zero, one, or many records in the second table, and when one record in the second table matches at most one record in the first table. Here, the Owner and Animal tables have a one-to-many relationship because an Owner can own many animals, and each animal is associated with only one owner. The two tables are still separate tables, but because they are joined, you can use the data in them as if they were one table.

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Session 2.2 Visual Overview

TOPICS: Critical Thinking

Identify the letter of the choice that best matches the phrase or definition.

- a. Cascade Update Related Fields Option
- b. Cascade Delete Related Records Option
- c. Composite key
- d. data redundancy
- e. Data Type gallery
- f. Design
- g. orphaned record
- h. propagate
- i. Quick Start selection
- j. referential integrity

REFERENCES: Defining Table Relationships

Guidelines for Designing Databases

Name:		Class:	Date:
Access M	Iodule 02: Building a Databas	e and Defining Table Relations	hips
	Adding Fields to a Table Usi Session 2.1 Visual Overview Modifying the Structure of an		
66. A prim ANSWER: POINTS:		e fields in a table.	
67. A grouj ANSWER:	p of fields added all at once using th	ne Data Type gallery.	
POINTS:	1		
•	tions tool is used to update the entir	scription (Optional) property is chang re database everywhere the field is us	ged in Design View and the Property ed, including forms and reports.
POINTS:	1		
69. The Ac ANSWER:		s to define or modify a table structure	e or field properties in a table.
POINTS:	1		
70. A recoi ANSWER:	-	ary table but has no matching record	established with the primary table.
POINTS:	1		
	in the related table.	n the value of the primary key in a tab	ole and changes the appropriate foreign
POINTS:	1		
72. An Acc same time.	cess feature available from the FIEL	DS tab that allows the user to add a	group of related fields to a table at the
ANSWER:			
POINTS:	1		
73. A set of ANSWER:		consistency between related tables w	when data is updated in a database.
POINTS:	1		
	oreign key values.	the primary table and also deletes all	records in related tables that have
POINTS:	1		
75 The ter	m used when the same data is store.	d in more than one place which can o	rausa inconsistancias in the database

ANSWER: d

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POINTS: 1