Name: $\qquad$ Class: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Excel Module 01: Getting Started with Excel

1. The name of the active workbook appears in the status bar of the Excel window. $\qquad$
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: False
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Session 1.1 Visual Overview
2. The formula bar displays the value or formula of the active cell. $\qquad$
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Session 1.1 Visual Overview
3. The sheets in a workbook are identified in the sheet tabs at the top of the workbook window. $\qquad$
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: False
POINTS: $\quad 1$
REFERENCES: Session 1.1 Visual Overview
4. The AutoComplete feature automatically completes an entry based on previous entries in a column. $\qquad$
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Entering Text, Dates, and Numbers
5. A ScreenTip is a box with descriptive text about a command that appears when you point to a button on the ribbon. $\qquad$
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
POINTS: $\quad 1$
REFERENCES: Introducing Excel and Spreadsheets
6. Speed Fill enters text based on patterns it finds in the data. $\qquad$

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a. True
b. False

ANSWER: False
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Using Flash Fill
7. The worksheet is organized into individual cells. $\qquad$
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
POINTS: $\quad 1$
REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
8. An adjacent range is a collection of separate ranges.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: False
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
9. Numeric data is any number that can be used in a mathematical calculation.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Entering Text, Dates, and Numbers
10. AutoFit changes the column width or row height to display the longest or tallest entry within the column or row. $\qquad$
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Resizing Columns and Rows
11. Column width is expressed in terms of the number of characters a column can contain or the size of the column in points.
ANSWER: False - pixels
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Resizing Columns and Rows
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

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12. A keyboard shortcut is a key or combination of keys that you press to access a feature or perform a command.

| ANSWER: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| True |  |
| POINTS: | 1 |

REFERENCES: Introducing Excel and Spreadsheets
13. A common business practice is to include a worksheet named Documentation that contains a description of the workbook, the name of the person who prepared the workbook, and the date it was created.

| ANSWER: | True |
| :--- | :--- |
| POINTS: | 1 |

REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
14. When text wraps within a cell, the column width increases so that all of the text within the cell is displayed.

ANSWER: False - row height
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Resizing Columns and Rows
15. A formula is written using operands that combine different values, resulting in a single value that is then displayed in the cell.
ANSWER: False - operators
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Performing Calculations with Formulas
16. Every function follows a set of rules, or syntax, which specifies how the function should be written.

| ANSWER: | True |
| :--- | :--- |
| POINTS: | 1 |
| REFERENCES: | Simplifying Formulas with Functions |

17. Cutting moves the selected content, whereas copying duplicates the selected content.

ANSWER: True
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Modifying a Worksheet
18. When you insert a new row, the existing rows are shifted down and the new row has the same width as the row above it.

| ANSWER: | False - height |
| :--- | :--- |
| POINTS: | 1 |

REFERENCES: Modifying a Worksheet
19. In the formula, $=2+6 * 2$, addition would be calculated after multiplication.

ANSWER: True
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Simplifying Formulas with Functions
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

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20. Normal view shows how the worksheet will appear when printed. $\qquad$
ANSWER: False - Page Layout
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Printing a Workbook
21. The advantage of an electronic $\qquad$ is that the content can be easily edited and updated to reflect changing financial conditions.
a. database
b. spreadsheet
c. expression
d. formula

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Introducing Excel and Spreadsheets
22. Keyboard $\qquad$ can help you work faster and more efficiently because you can keep your hands on the keyboard.
a. KeyTips
b. ScreenTips
c. ShortTips
d. shortcuts

ANSWER: d
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Introducing Excel and Spreadsheets
23. In $\qquad$ , the ribbon increases in height, the buttons are bigger, and more space appears around each button so you can more easily use your finger or a stylus to tap the button you need.
a. Touch Mode
b. Click Mode
c. Tap Mode
d. Normal Mode

ANSWER: a
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Introducing Excel and Spreadsheets
24. "AZ" is an example of a $\qquad$ -.
a. column heading
b. row heading
c. cell reference
d. Name box

ANSWER: a
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
25. To go to column A of the current row, press $\qquad$ -
a. $\mathrm{Ctrl}+\mathrm{Home}$
b. Home
c. Shift + Tab
d. Tab + Enter

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
26. An Excel worksheet can have a maximum of $\qquad$ columns in a worksheet.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

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a. 156
b. 256
c. 16,384
d. 17 million

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
27. To make A1 the active cell, you should press which of the following keys?
a. Page Up
b. Page Down
c. Home
d. $\mathrm{Ctrl}+$ Home

ANSWER: d
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
28. You can move to the previous or next sheet by pressing the $\qquad$ keys.
a. Alt + Page Up or Alt + Page Down
b. Ctrl + Page Up or Ctrl + Page Down
c. Tab + Page Up or Tab + Page Down
d. F4 + Page Up or F4 + Page Down

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
29. Each range is identified with a range reference that includes the cell reference of the upper-left cell of the rectangular block and the cell reference of the lower-right cell separated by a $\qquad$ _.
a. semi-colon
b. period
c. colon
d. comma

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
30. The characters,,+- , and / are examples of $\qquad$ .
a. formulas
b. values
c. arithmetic operators
d. calculations

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Excel Formulas and Functions
31. An Excel formula always begins with a(n) $\qquad$ .
a. parentheses
b. equals sign
c. plus sign
d. colon

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Performing Calculations with Formulas
32. The formula used to multiply cell A1 by cell C 1 is $\qquad$ .
a. $=\mathrm{A} 1 * \mathrm{C} 1$
b. $\mathrm{C} 1 * \mathrm{~A} 1$

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c. $=\mathrm{A} 1 / \mathrm{C} 1$
d. $\mathrm{A} 1 * \mathrm{C} 1$

ANSWER: a
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Simplifying Formulas with Functions
33. A(n) $\qquad$ is a group of cells in a rectangular block.
a. cluster b. adjunct
c. selection
d. range

ANSWER: d
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Session 1.1 Visual Overview
34. When you insert a new column, the existing columns are shifted to the $\qquad$ and the new column has the same width as the column directly to its left
a. right
b. up
c. down
d. left

ANSWER: a
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Modifying a Worksheet
35. If you want to create a new line within a cell, press the $\qquad$ keys to move the insertion point to the next line within the cell.
a. Ctrl + Enter
b. Alt + Enter
c. Alt +E
d. $\mathrm{Ctrl}+\mathrm{E}$

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Resizing Columns and Rows
36. What is the result of the expression $=50+20 / 10 * 5$ ?
a. 60
b. 1
c. 25
d. 50

ANSWER:
a
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Performing Calculations with Formulas
37. To change the order of operations, enclose part of the formula in $\qquad$ .
a. brackets
b. italics
c. parentheses
d. quotation marks

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Performing Calculations with Formulas
38. Excel makes reading formulas simpler by $\qquad$ each cell reference in the formula and its corresponding cell in the worksheet.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

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| a. color coding | b. bolding |
| :--- | :--- |
| c. highlighting | d. italicizing |

ANSWER: a
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Performing Calculations with Formulas
39. To switch to $\qquad$ mode, you double-click the cell.
a. Insert b. Copy
c. Edit
d. Paste

ANSWER: c
POINTS: $\quad 1$
REFERENCES: Entering Text, Dates, and Numbers
40. To change a column width, you can click $\qquad$ on the Column submenu to make the column(s) as wide as the longest entry of the cells in the column.
a. QuickFit
b. AutoFit
c. Full Column
d. Longest

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Resizing Columns and Rows
41. $\qquad$ makes it easier to enter repetitive text in cells.
a. Editing mode
b. AutoFit
c. AutoComplete
d. AutoFill

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Entering Text, Dates, and Numbers
42. Which of the following takes precedence over multiplication?
a. division
b. exponentiation
c. addition
d. subtraction

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Performing Calculations with Formulas
43. $\qquad$ enters text based on patterns it finds in the data.
a. AutoComplete
b. Flash Fill
c. AutoFit
d. Fill

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Modifying a Worksheet
44. In $\qquad$ orientation, a page is taller than it is wide.
a. natural
b. landscape
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

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c. portrait
d. basic

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Printing a Workbook
45. $\qquad$ displays the location of the different page breaks within the worksheet.
a. Normal
b. Page Preview
c. Page Break Preview
d. Page Break Layout

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Printing a Workbook
46. You can $\qquad$ the width or the height of the printout so that all of the columns or all of the rows fit on a single page.
a. shrink b. size
c. scale
d. scroll

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1

## REFERENCES: Printing a Workbook

47. According to the order of operation in Excel:
a. Excel performs exponentiation, then multiplication and division, then addition, and subtraction.
b. Excel performs multiplication, then exponentiation, then division, then addition, and then subtraction.
c. Excel performs exponentiation, then multiplication, then division, then subtraction, and then addition.
d. Excel performs multiplication, then division, then exponentiation, then addition, and then subtraction.

ANSWER: a
POINTS: $\quad 1$
REFERENCES: Performing Calculations with Formulas
48. To move the active cell up one row, press $\qquad$ .
a. Shift + Enter
b. $\mathrm{Ctrl}+\mathrm{Tab}$
c. Shift + Tab
d. Ctrl + Enter

ANSWER: a
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Modifying a Worksheet
49. Which of the following will not change the location of the active cell?
a. drag and drop
b. scrolling
c. clicking another cell
d. clicking a column heading
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { ANSWER: } & \mathrm{b} \\ \text { POINTS: } & 1\end{array}$
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
50. When you copy a selection of cells using drag and drop, which appears before you release the mouse button?
a. an outline of the new location of the selected range

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$\qquad$
$\qquad$

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b. the range
c. a cell reference of the old location
d. shortcut tip

ANSWER: a
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Starting a New Workbook
51. What is the syntax for a SUM formula adding the values of cell F6 to F9?
a. /SUM(F9:F6)
b. $=\operatorname{SUM}(\mathrm{F} 6 / \mathrm{F} 9)$
c. $=\mathrm{END}(\mathrm{F} 6: \mathrm{F} 9)$
d. $=\operatorname{SUM}(\mathrm{F} 6: F 9)$

ANSWER: d
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Excel Formulas and Functions
52. $\mathrm{Ctrl}+\mathrm{G}$ is used to access the $\qquad$ .
a. Go to Next worksheet command
b. G column
c. Go to a location in the worksheet command
d. formula view

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Introducing Excel and Spreadsheets
53. mm/dd/yyyy is known as $\qquad$ _.
a. a text string
b. text data
c. a date format
d. number data

ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Entering Text, Dates, and Numbers
54. Whenever you click the Save button on the Quick Access Toolbar or press the $\qquad$ keys, the workbook file is updated to reflect the latest content.
a. $\mathrm{Ctrl}+\mathrm{V}$
b. $\mathrm{Ctrl}+\mathrm{G}$
c. $\mathrm{Ctrl}+\mathrm{C}$
d. $\mathrm{Ctrl}+\mathrm{S}$
ANSWER: d
POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: Introducing Excel and Spreadsheets
55. To move or copy a range of cells, select the correct order:

1. Move the pointer over the border of the selection until the pointer changes shape.
2. Select the cell or range you want to move or copy.
3. To move the range, click the border and drag the selection to a new location, or to copy the range, hold down the Ctrl key and drag the selection to a new location.
a. 1,2,3
b. 3,2,1

Name: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

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c. 1,3,2
d. 2,1,3

ANSWER: d
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Modifying a Worksheet
56. A(n) $\qquad$ is a grouping of text and numbers in a rectangular grid or table.
ANSWER: spreadsheet
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Introducing Excel and Spreadsheets
57. Keyboard $\qquad$ can help you work faster and more efficiently because you can keep your hands on the keyboard.
ANSWER: shortcuts
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Introducing Excel and Spreadsheets
58. The active cell is highlighted with a thick green border, its cell reference appears in the $\qquad$ , and the corresponding column and row headings are highlighted.
ANSWER: Name Box
POINTS: $\quad 1$
REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
59. The range reference for $\mathrm{a}(\mathrm{n})$ $\qquad$ range includes the range reference to each range, separated by a semicolon.
ANSWER: nonadjacent
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
60. When you $\qquad$ a workbook, a dialog box might open, asking whether you want to save the workbook.
ANSWER: close
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Closing a Workbook
61. A(n) $\qquad$ is a named operation that replaces the arithmetic expression in a formula.
ANSWER: function
POINTS: $\quad 1$
REFERENCES: Excel Formulas and Functions
62. A(n) $\qquad$ of the original range is placed in the new location without removing the original range from the worksheet.
ANSWER: copy
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Modifying a Worksheet

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63. The $\qquad$ function will not include any cell in the range containing a non-numeric value in the final tally.
ANSWER: COUNT
POINTS: $\quad 1$
REFERENCES: Modifying a Worksheet
64. A(n) $\qquad$ includes a series of questions that help you think about the purpose of the workbook and how to achieve your desired results.
ANSWER: planning analysis sheet
POINTS: $\quad 1$
REFERENCES: Planning a Workbook
65. $\qquad$ removes the data from the row or column as well as removes the row or column itself.
ANSWER: Deleting
POINTS: 1
REFERENCES: Modifying a Worksheet
Identify the letter of the choice that best matches the phrase or definition.
a. function
b. Name box
c. worksheet
d. range
e. order of operations
f. sheet tabs
g. Ctrl
h. Normal view
i. minimize button
j. template

REFERENCES: Exploring a Workbook
Performing Calculations with Formulas
Modifying a Worksheet
Excel Formulas and Functions
Session 1.1 Visual Overview
The Excel Workbook
Printing a Workbook
Introducing Excel and Spreadsheets
66. Contains a grid of rows and columns into which you can enter text, numbers, dates, and formulas, and display charts. ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1
67. Multiplication before addition

ANSWER: e
POINTS: 1
68. When you copy a range of cells, you must press this key while you drag the selection to its new location.
$\qquad$ Class: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

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ANSWER: ..... g
POINTS: ..... 1
69. A named operation that replaces the arithmetic expression in a formula
ANSWER: a
POINTS: ..... 1
70. A group of worksheet cells
ANSWER: d
POINTS: ..... 1
71. Hides a window so that only its program button is visible on the taskbar.
ANSWER:
POINTS: ..... 1
72. Displays the cell reference of the active cell.
ANSWER: b
POINTS: ..... 1
73. Shows the contents of the worksheet.
ANSWER: h
POINTS: ..... 1
74. Displays the name of the sheets in the workbook.
ANSWER: f
POINTS: 1
75. A preformatted workbook with many design features and some content already filled in.
ANSWER: j
POINTS: ..... 1

