Chapter 2

Understanding Human Sexuality: Theory and Research

MULTIPLE	CHOICE
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1.	 All of the following are criticisms of Freud's theory EXCEPT: a. The unconscious is extremely difficult to study. b. The theory is unscientific. c. Freud studies mainly "sick" people. d. He relied on correlational methods. 						
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	DIF:	Conceptual	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
2.	boys; if he responds this demonstrate? a. Psychoanalytic			ceives a	n electric shoc Humanistic	•	t shows the man pictures of th theoretical perspective does
	b. Behavioral			d.	Cognitive		
	ANS: B	PTS:	1	DIF:	Applied	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
3.	Which theory empha a. Psychoanalytic b. Behavioral	sizes th	e structure of t	he perso c. d.	Social Learni		ous nature of sexuality?
	ANS: A	PTS:	1	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
4.	If Freud is correct, so a. Oral b. Anal	exual ur	ges are LEAST	c.	ant while a chi Phallic Latency	ld is in	which stage?
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	DIF:	Conceptual	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
5.	 5. What did Freud believe takes place during the phallic stage of development? a. Girls develop penis envy. b. Boys go through the Electra Complex c. The id begins to develop. d. It is the final stage of sexual development. 						
	ANS: A	PTS:	1	DIF:	Applied	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
6.	Which theorists wou a. Psychoanalysts b. Behaviorists	ld recor	nmend treating	c.	disorders by re Biologists Feminists	ewardin	g desired behaviors?
	ANS: B	PTS:	1	DIF:	Conceptual	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
				3	19		

7.	Which type of theora. Humanistic	rist would	state that the big	-	sexual organ is Social Learning		in?
	b. Cognitive				Evolutionary	···6	
	ANS: B	PTS:	1 D	IF:	Conceptual	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
8.	Behavioral theory is a. Psychosexual d b. Aversion therap	evelopmer		c.	anistic theory Self-actualiza Physiology		
	ANS: C	PTS:	1 D	IF:	Applied	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
9.	Which theorist wou our genes"?	ld most lik	cely say "how one	e beh	aves as a man	or a wo	man is controlled primarily by
	a. Sociologicalb. Cognitive				Biological Humanistic		
	ANS: C	PTS:	1 D	IF:	Conceptual	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
10.	According to evolutea. Fulfill societal ofb. Exert power ovc. Receive physicald. Pass on our gen	expectation er another al gratifica	ns to marry and s person.		_	0:	
	ANS: D	PTS:	1 D	IF:	Conceptual	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
11.	The influence of law stressed most by wha. Sociological b. Behavioral	_	_	c.	economic con Humanistic Queer	ditions	on sexual behaviors are
	ANS: A	PTS:	1 D	IF:	Factual	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
12.	According to sociol right or wrong? a. Peer pressure b. Family	ogical theo	ory, what is the fi	c.	ctor that influer Cultural exper Media		r values about what is sexually
	ANS: B	PTS:	1 D	IF:	Factual	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
13.	b. Women are noc. Sexuality is gov	truction of longer seen verned by l	f sexuality is base n as subordinate biological gender	and s r diffe	ubmissive in cerences more the		
	u. The social cons	truction of	f sexuality is base	eu on	the media.		

14.	What statement besa. It is important fb. Sexuality educac. Sexual orientatid. Research findin	For research to unation should focularities leading to the control of the control	ncover the caus us on teaching g ead to limited vi	gender differen ews of sexual	nces. ity.		
	ANS: C	PTS: 1	DIF:	Applied	REF:	Theories About Sexual	lity
15.	Who conducted mo a. Biologists b. Sociologists	st sexuality rese	c.	19 th century? Physicians Psychoanaly	rsts		
	ANS: C REF: Sexuality Re	PTS: 1 esearch : Philoso	DIF: opher, Physician	Factual ss, and Sexolo	gists		
16.	What was the prima a. Women and org b. Male sexual res	gasms	c.	he 19 th centur Contraceptic Atypical and	on devel		
	ANS: D REF: Sexuality Re	PTS: 1 esearch : Philoso		Factual s, and Sexolo	gists		
17.	What was the religiona. Islam b. Jewish	ous background	c.	early sexualit Christianity Agnostic	y resear	chers?	
	ANS: B REF: Sexuality Re	PTS: 1 esearch : Philoso	DIF: opher, Physician	Factual s, and Sexolo	gists		
18.	pathological?					l homosexual behavior a	ıs
	a. Magnus Hirschb. Richard von Kr			Katharine Be Clelia Mosh		avis	
	ANS: B	PTS: 1	DIF:	Conceptual	REF:	Sexuality Researchers	
19.	Which researcher for argued for the repeat a. Magnus Hirschib. Richard von Kr	al of laws agains feld	st homosexuality		lity? lis	omosexuality was genet	ic,
	ANS: A	PTS: 1	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Sexuality Researchers	

20.	 What is TRUE about Evelyn Hooker's research? a. There was an unusually high rate of STIs among lesbian subjects in her study. b. Her research confirmed that homosexuality was a mental illness. c. She found no fundamental psychological differences between gay and straight men. d. She did the first comprehensive study of bisexuality in women. 						
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Sexuality Researchers
21.	Which researcher so and masturbation we			primari	ly to study sexu	ality ar	nd reported that homosexuality
	 a. Alfred Kinsey 			c.	Albert Moll		
	b. Katherine Bemer	nt Davis	S		Havelock Elli	is	
	ANS: D	PTS:	1	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Sexuality Researchers
22.				sexual i c.		for ple	or, finding in his/her study that asure and reproduction?
	ANS: A	PTS:	1	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Sexuality Researchers
23.	"Women have sexua appetites." Which re a. Magnus Hirschft b. Katherine Beme	searchei ield	r would agree r	nost stre c.		stateme ad	need men to satisfy those ent?
	ANS: B	PTS:	1	DIF:	Applied	REF:	Sexuality Researchers
24.	According to your te a. Havelock Ellis b. Clelia Mosher	ext, who	is considered t	c.	4.10 1.771	У	cher of the 20 th century?
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Sexuality Researchers
25.	How did Alfred Kins a. Laboratory obse b. Interviews	-		c.	~	/S	
	ANS: B	PTS:	1	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Sexuality Researchers
26.	Where were Morton a. Government repub. Playboy		findings on sex		Cosmopolitar	1	Os published?
	ANS: B	PTS:	1	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Sexuality Researchers

27.	questions were easy The student might h		e student vont in a studon c.	was assured all y done by whi	respon ch resea l Martii	n Weinberg
	ANS: B	PTS: 1	DIF:	Applied	REF:	Sexuality Researchers
28.	has sex while hooke lubrication. This con a. William Master		nstruments participar on c.	s to measure ch nts in a study d	nanges i one by l Martii	n Weinberg
	ANS: A	PTS: 1	DIF:	Applied	REF:	Sexuality Researchers
29.		What challenge would bility	d this pose c.		rom the	a term paper or participating in survey?
	ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF:	Applied		
30.	b. Women are capc. Vaginal orgasm	from Masters and Jo minishes significantl able of multiple orga is are more intense the likely to experience	y in old ag sms. an clitoral	ge. orgasms.		
	ANS: B	PTS: 1	DIF:	Conceptual	REF:	Sexuality Researchers
31.	b. His study includec. He only include	unt's research results ded only adolescents. ded only heterosexual ed students enrolled in ed people with listed p	l males. n his cours	es.	zable?	
	ANS: D	PTS: 1	DIF:	Factual	REF:	Sexuality Researchers
32.	Kinsey's work seventa. It used written to b. The sample was c. It used better sa		d of partici er geograp	pant-observati		ave improved results from nods.
	ANS: C REF: Large-Scale	PTS: 1 Sexuality Research	DIF:	Factual		

	a. Questionnaireb. Interviewc.d.	Experiment Observation
	ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: REF: Sex Research Methods and Considerations	Applied
34.	What is a major limitation of the case study metho a. The results cannot be generalized to a larger g b. It is impossible to get informed consent from t c. Researchers cannot guarantee anonymity. d. They are the most costly of all research metho	roup of people. he subjects.
	ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: REF: Sex Research Methods and Considerations	Conceptual
35.	 What is a disadvantage of correlational research? a. The results cannot be generalizable to a larger b. It is difficult to get informed consent. c. It provides no information about causation. d. It is the most time-consuming of all research research 	
	ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: REF: Sex Research Methods and Considerations	Conceptual
36.		nter manipulate? Intervening variable Dependent variable
	ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: REF: Sex Research Methods and Considerations	Factual
37.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: REF: Sex Research Methods and Considerations	Applied
38.	sexuality class to get participants. What sample me a. 100% sampling c.	ethod is the researcher using?
	ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Research	Applied REF: Problems and Issues in Sex

33. Freud is to case study as Masters and Johnson are to:

39.	A researcher doing in-depth interviews often asks the same questions in different ways during the interview to assure accurate and honest responses. How does this impact the results? a. It reduced volunteer bias. b. It reduces interviewer bias. c. It increases validity. d. It increases reliability.
	ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Conceptual REF: Sex Research Methods and Considerations
40.	 What is a potential advantage of Internet-based sexuality research? a. Informed consent is not necessary. b. Participants might be more truthful because of anonymity. c. Volunteer bias is eliminated. d. Participants can submit multiple responses to a survey.
	ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Conceptual REF: Sex Research Methods and Considerations
41.	Which person below is MOST likely to participate in a sexuality research study? a. Jacob, who is sexually experienced but somewhat conservative b. Anna, who is sexually experienced and more liberal c. Joshua, who is sexually experienced and more liberal d. Melissa, who has had oral sex and is more liberal
	ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Applied REF: Problems and Issues in Sex Research
42.	 Which of the following best fits the findings of cross-cultural studies? a. Those with a written language have the lowest rates of masturbation. b. Sexual intercourse is most common when couples wake up in the morning. c. Women usually initiate foreplay in heterosexual relationships. d. Female orgasmic ability differs significantly from culture to culture.
	ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Conceptual REF: Sexuality Research Across Cultures
43.	What best describes the most recent U.S. approach to sex research? a. Problem driven and underfunded b. Theory driven and underfunded c. Theory driven and adequately funded d. Problem driven and adequately funded
	ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Factual REF: Sex Research in the Future: Beyond Problem-Driven Research
44.	Which group conducted a well-known global study of sexuality? a. Kinsey Institute c. Pfizer Pharmaceuticals b. Margaret Sanger Foundation d. Cosmopolitan magazine
	ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Factual REF: Sexuality Research Across Cultures

45.	 What best describes findings from the 2010 National Survey of Sexual Health and Behavior? a. Rates of vaginal intercourse among young teens have increased dramatically. b. Partnered sex is more common than masturbation during old age. c. Few men reported that their partner had orgasm during their most recent sexual interaction. d. A high percentage of sexually active male teenagers reported using condoms the last time they engaged in sexual behavior.
	ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Factual REF: Large-Scale Sexuality Research
46.	 Why are findings from the National College Health Assessment possibly not generalizable? a. The study was conducted during the 1970s. b. Only schools from the Midwest are included. c. Only students who utilize student health services are included. d. Schools pay to participate in the study.
	ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Conceptual REF: Large-Scale Sexuality Research
47.	If someone filled out an in-school questionnaire when they were in 8 th grade and have been interviewed four more times throughout adulthood, what is the name of the study they most likely participated in? a. The Youth Risk Behavior Survey b. The National Survey of Sexual Health and Behavior c. The National Survey of Family Growth d. The National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent Health
	ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Factual REF: Large-Scale Sexuality Research
48.	In what area(s) is there currently a lack of sexuality research? a. Development of sexual identity c. What makes couples happy long term b. Childhood sexual development d. All of these
	ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Factual REF: Sex Research in the Future: Beyond Problem-Driven Research
49.	 Which of the following best describes a goal of future sexuality research? a. Improved collaboration between researchers of various disciplines b. Less involvement from the federal government c. More focus on the physiological and biological aspects of sexuality d. Less reliance on studies conducted from university counseling programs
	ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Factual REF: Sex Research in the Future : Beyond Problem-Driven Research
50.	Which of the following best describes the present-day field of sexuality research? a. A mature science

		Hindered by a la Still in its early s		ppropriate rese	arch met	thods
	ANS REF		PTS: earch:			Conceptual ans, and Sexologists
TRU	E/FA	LSE				
1.		search process is re of the phenom		_	, princip	les and methods that help a research understand the
	ANS	: F	PTS:	1	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
2.	Early	•	rchers f	From the 19 th c	entury co	oncentrated on the healthy and positive aspects of
	ANS REF		PTS: search:		Physicia	ans, and Sexologists
3.	_	aund Freud belies of life.	ved tha	t our basic per	sonality	is formed by events that happen to us in the first six
	ANS	: T	PTS:	1	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
4.	Beha	vioral theorists	commo	nly use aversion	on therap	by to change unwanted sexuality related behaviors.
	ANS	: Т	PTS:	1	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
5.		ological theorist ity is formed.	s analyz	ze gender roles	s as the n	nost significant way that an individual's sexuality
	ANS	: F	PTS:	1	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
6.	Quee	er theory support	ts slow,	steady social	change.	
	ANS	: F	PTS:	1	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
7.	Sexu	ality research ha	as becor	ne fragmented	l over the	e last few decades.
	ANS REF		PTS: earch:		Physicia	uns, and Sexologists
8.		s studies from th	e 1950s	s, Kinsey found	d that the	e majority of heterosexual couples only had sex in the

b. Mostly conducted by medical doctors

	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	Sexuality Researchers
9.	Masters and Johnson	gathere	ed sexuality dat	a prima	rily through case studies.
	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	Sexuality Researchers
10.	In the 2010 National intercourse among he				Behavior, findings showed that the rate of vaginal rapidly.
	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	Large-Scale Sexuality Research
11.	Researchers using me easy among college s			ation fi	nd that getting participants for their studies is fairly
	ANS: F	PTS:	1	REF:	Sex Research Methods and Considerations
12.	The main limitation of	of a corr	elational study	is that	it doesn't provide any information about cause.
	ANS: T	PTS:	1	REF:	Sex Research Methods and Considerations
13.	Conservative politicia	ans havo	e repeatedly be	en succ	essful in eliminating funding for sexuality research.
	ANS: T REF: Sexuality Rese	PTS: earch:		Physicia	ans, and Sexologists
14.	Female orgasmic abil	ity vari	es greatly from	culture	e to culture.
	ANS: T	PTS:	1	REF:	Sexuality Research Across Cultures
15.	The National Survey Americans than amor			Behavio	or found condom use was higher among African
	ANS: T	PTS:	1	REF:	Large-Scale Sexuality Research
SHO	RT ANSWER				
1.	Discuss the strengths	and we	aknesses of Fro	eud's p	sychoanalytic theory.
	ANS: Not provided.	PTS:	1	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
2.					es using sexuality related examples: behavioral, evolutionary, or sociological, feminist, or queer.
	ANS: Not provided.	PTS:	1	REF:	Theories About Sexuality
3.	Contrast the different towards studying chil				heorists and evolutionary theorists would take

ANS: Not provided. PTS: 1 REF: Theories About Sexuality

4. List two sexuality researchers discussed in your text and explain two contributions to the field of sexuality made by each of them.

ANS: Not provided. PTS: 1 REF: Sexuality Researchers

5. Explain how sexuality research has been problem driven and give two examples.

ANS: Not provided. PTS: 1 REF: varies

6. Describe steps that Kinsey took with his choice of sampling and data collection methods to avoid bias in his findings.

ANS: Not provided. PTS: 1 REF: Sexuality Researchers

7. Explain how the Internet can be used in sexuality research. What are some of the specific benefits and drawbacks of this method?

ANS: Not provided. PTS: 1 REF: Sexuality Research Methods and Considerations

8. Identify the advantages and disadvantages of using interviews and questionnaires in sexuality related research?

ANS: Not provided. PTS: 1 REF: Sexuality Research Methods and Considerations

9. What are four common problems to be considered when conducting sexuality research? For each discuss how it is a specific problem related to sexuality related research.

ANS: Not provided. PTS: 1 REF: Problems and Issues in Sex Research

10. Identify two findings from Marshall and Suggs' large-scale cross-cultural study of sexuality, one of the largest cultural studies ever done on sexuality?

ANS: Not provided. PTS: 1 REF: Sexuality Research Across Cultures