Answers to Review Questions Chapter 3

```
1.
     cin >> age >> pay >> section;
2.
     A) cin >> description;
     B) getline (cin, description);
     iostream and iomanip
3.
4.
     5, 22, 20, 6, 46, 30, 0, 3, 16
5.
     a = 12 * x;
     z = 5 * x + 14 * y + 6 * k;
     y = pow(x, 4);
     g = (h + 12) / (4 * k);
     c = pow(a, 3) / (pow(b, 2) * pow(k, 4));
6.
     С
7.
     В
8.
     unitsEach = static cast<double>(qty) / salesRep;
9.
     const int RATE = 12;
10.
     x += 5;
     total += subtotal;
     dist /= rep;
     ppl *= period;
     inv -= shrinkage;
     num %= 2;
11.
     east = west = north = south = 1;
12.
     cout << setw(8) << fixed << showpoint</pre>
           << setprecision(2) << divSales;
13.
     cout << setw(12) << fixed</pre>
           << setprecision(4) << totalAge;
14.
     cout << setw(12) << left << showpoint</pre>
           << setprecision(8) << population;
15.
     COS
16.
     sin
17.
     tan
18.
     exp
19.
     fmod
20.
     log
21.
     log10
22.
     pow
23.
     sqrt
24.
     cmath
25.
     Display "Enter the customer's maximum amount of credit: ".
     Read maxCredit.
     Display "Enter the amount of credit the customer has used: ".
     Read creditUsed.
     availableCredit = maxCredit - creditUsed.
```

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```
Display "The customer's available credit is $".
Display availableCredit.
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
     double maxCredit, creditUsed, availableCredit;
     cout << "Enter the customer's maximum amount of credit: ";
     cin >> maxCredit;
     cout << "Enter the amount of credit used by the customer: ";
     cin >> creditUsed;
     availableCredit = maxCredit - creditUsed;
     cout << "The customer's available credit is $";
     cout << availableCredit << endl;
     return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
26. Display "Enter the amount of the sale: ".
Read saleAmount.
Display "Enter the sales tax rate : ".
Read taxRate.
salesTax = saleAmount * taxRate.
saleTotal = saleAmount + salesTax.
Display "The sales tax is $".
Display salesTax.
Display salesTax.
Display saleTotal.
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
      double saleAmount, taxRate, salesTax, totalSale;
      cout << "Enter the amount of the sale: ";</pre>
      cin >> saleAmount;
      cout << "Enter the sales tax rate: ";</pre>
      cin >> taxRate;
      salesTax = saleAmount * taxRate;
      totalSale = saleAmount + salesTax;
      cout << "The sales tax is $" << salesTax << endl;</pre>
      cout << "The sale total is $" << totalSale << endl;</pre>
      return 0;
}
27.
      Display "Enter the bowler's score for the 1st game: ".
      Read score1.
```

Display "Enter the bowler's score for the 2nd game: ". Read score2. Display "Enter the bowler's score for the 3rd game: ".

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```
Read score3.
      averageScore = (score1 + score2 + score3)/3.
      Display "The bowler's average score is : ".
      Display averageScore.
      #include <iostream>
      using namespace std;
      int main()
      {
           int score1, score2, score3, averageScore;
           cout << "Enter the bowler's score for the 1st game: ";</pre>
           cin >> score1;
           cout << "Enter the bowler's score for the 2nd game: ";</pre>
           cin >> score2;
           cout << "Enter the bowler's score for the 3rd game: ";</pre>
           cin >> score3;
           averageScore = (score1 + score2 + score3) / 3;
           cout << "The bowler's average score is :";</pre>
           cout << averageScore << endl;</pre>
           return 0;
      }
28.
      #include <iostream> is missing.
      Each cin and cout statement starts with capital C.
      The << operator is mistakenly used with cin.
      The assignment statement should read:
             sum = number1 + number2;
      The last statement should have << after cout.
      The last statement is missing a semicolon.
29.
      The first cin statement should read:
             cin >> number1 >> number2;
      The assignment statement should read:
             quotient = static cast<float>(number1) / number2;
      The last statement is missing a semicolon.
30.
      The variables should not be declared const.
      The last statement is missing a semicolon.
31.
      There shouldn't be a semicolon after the #include directive.
      The function header for main should read:
             int main()
      The combined assignment operators improperly used.
      Those statements should be:
             number1 *= 50;
             number2 *= 50;
```

32. There shouldn't be a semicolon after the #include directive. The function header for main should read:

int main()

The first two cout statements should end with a semicolon.

The variable number1 is used, but never defined.

The combined assignment operator is improperly used. The statement should read:

half /= 2;

There is also a logical error in the program. The value divided by 2 should be number1, not half.

The following statement:

```
cout << fixedpoint << showpoint << half << endl;
should read:
    cout << fixed << showpoint << half << endl;</pre>
```

33. There shouldn't be a semicolon after the #include directive.

```
name should be declared as an array.
The following statement:
    cin.getline >> name;
should read:
    cin >> name;
```

- 34. Your monthly wages are 3225.000000
- 35. 6312
- 36. Hello George Washington
- 37. Minutes: 612002.0000 Hours: 10200.0332 Days: 425.0014 Months: 13.9726 Years: 1.1644